

Laboratory 1: Random variables and probability distributions

Exercises for students

Exercise 1:

Suppose you roll an unfair die 50 times with the probability of obtaining “6” equal to 0.6 (i.e. we deal with binomial distribution with $n=50$ and $p=0.6$).

- Plot the probability density function for this distribution
- What is the probability of obtaining more than 40 times “6”?

Exercise 2:

A study on birds collects information such as the length of their eggs (in mm). Assume that the length is normally distributed with $\mu = 42.1\text{mm}$ and $\sigma^2 = 20.8^2$.

- What is the probability of finding an egg with a length greater than 50 mm?
- What is the probability of finding an egg between 30 and 40 mm in length?
- Generate probability distribution and cumulative distribution functions for this distribution and show graphically probabilities you calculated in points (a) and (b)

Exercise 3:

Generate 1000 random numbers from a standard normal distribution. Plot the empirical cumulative distribution function of your sample (use `ecdf` function). What is the value of the `ecdf` for the random number of 0? What does it mean?

Exercise 4:

Use the data on crime rates in the US that are available in R (`USArrests`).

- Plot the distribution of murders and rapes in the US
- Fit the distribution for these two variables. Try different distributions we covered during the class.