

1. Java program to print all prime numbers in given array.

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class Prime {
```

```
    public static void main (String[] args) {
```

```
        int n;
```

```
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
int n;
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter no. of elements in array")
```

```
        n = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
        int arr[] = new int[n];
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
            arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
        }
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
            if (checkPrime(arr[i])) {
```

```
                System.out.print(arr[i]);
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public boolean checkPrime (int num) {
```

```
for (int i = 2;
```

```
        if (num == 0 || num == 1) {
```

```
            return false;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            for (int i = 2; i < num/2; i++) {
```

```
                if (num % i == 0) {
```

```
                    return false;
```

```
                }
```

```
            }
```

```
        } return true
```

```
    }
```

2. java program to multiply two given matrices and print the result in matrix form.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class MultiplyMatrix {
```

```
    public static void main (String[] argv) {
```

```
        int m, n, p, q, sum=0, i, j, k;
```

```
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter dimension of matrix m, n");
```

```
        m = s.nextInt();
```

```
        n = s.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("\n Enter dimension of second matrix p, q");
```

```
        p = s.nextInt();
```

```
        q = s.nextInt();
```

```
        if (n != p) {
```

```
            System.out.println(" Matrix cannot be multiplied  
                                n != p");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            int[][] f, s, m;
```

```
            f = new int[m][n];
```

```
            s = new int[p][q];
```

```
            m = new int[m][q];
```

```
            System.out.println("Enter first matrix");
```

```
            for (i=0; i<m; i++)
```

```
                for (j=0; j<n; j++)
```

```
                    f[i][j] = s.nextInt();
```

```
            System.out.println("Enter second matrix");
```

```
            for (j=0; j<p; j++)
```

```
                for (i=0; i<q; i++)
```

```
                    s[i][j] = s.nextInt();
```

```
            for (i=0; i<m; i++) {
```

```
                for (j=0; j<q; j++) {
```

```
                    for (k=0; k<p; k++) {
```

```
                        sum += f[i][k] * s[k][j]
```



```

    } m[i][j]
    m[i][j] = sum;
    sum = 0;
  }
}

System.out.println("Result matrix is :");
for (i=0; i<m; i++) {
    for (j=0; j<n; j++) {
        System.out.print(m[i][j] + "\t");
    }
    System.out.println("\n");
}
}

```

3. Java class to create queue with methods and delete.  
Use Constructor.

a.

~~public Queue~~

```

public class Queue {
    int[] q; int top = 0; int length;
    Queue (int length) {
        this.q = new int[length];
        this.length = length;
    }

```

```

    Queue public add addQueue (int element) {
        if (top < length) {

```

```

            top++;
            q[top] = element;
        } else {

```

```

            System.out.println("Error: Queue overflow");
        }
    }
}

```

```
public int deleteQueue () {
```

```
    if (top < length)
```

```
    if (top == -1) {
```

```
        System.out.println("Error: No elements in queue");
```

```
        return -1;
```

```
    } else if (top < length) {
```

```
System.out.print
```

```
        int element = q[top];
```

```
        top++;
```

```
        if (top == length) {
```

```
            top = 0;
```

```
        }
```

```
        return element;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```