

# Inverse Laplace Transform using Partial Fraction

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## Definition

- If  $L[f(t)] = F(s)$ , then  $f(t)$  is the inverse Laplace transform of  $F(s)$  and is denoted by  $L^{-1}[F(s)] = f(t)$ .

- Linearity Property

$$L^{-1}[aF(s) + bG(s)] = aL^{-1}[F(s)] + bL^{-1}[G(s)]$$

- Shifting Property

$$\text{If } L[f(t)] = F(s), \text{ then } L^{-1}[F(s - a)] = e^{at}f(t)$$

## Table of Inverse Laplace Transforms

- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s}\right] = 1$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s^2}\right] = t$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s^{n+1}}\right] = \frac{t^n}{n!}, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s-a}\right] = e^{at}$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{a}{s^2+a^2}\right] = \sin at$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{s^2+a^2}\right] = \cos at$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{a}{s^2-a^2}\right] = \sinh at$
- $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{s^2-a^2}\right] = \cosh at$

## Methods of finding Inverse Transforms

There are six methods to inverse Laplace Transforms.

- Using Shifting Property
- Using Partial Fractions
- Using Derivatives
- Using Integration
- Using unit step function
- Using Convolution theorem

## Inverse Using partial fraction

Find the inverse Laplace Transform of  $\frac{s^2-10s+13}{s^3-4s^2+s+6}$

### Solution

$$\frac{s^2-10s+13}{s^3-4s^2+s+6} = \frac{s^2-10s+13}{(s+1)(s-2)(s-3)} = \frac{A}{s+1} + \frac{B}{s-2} + \frac{C}{s-3}$$

$$\implies s^2 - 10s + 13 = A(s-2)(s-3) + B(s+1)(s-3) + C(s+1)(s-2)$$

$$\text{Put } s = -1 \implies A = 2$$

$$\text{Put } s = 2 \implies B = 1$$

$$\text{Put } s = 3 \implies C = -2$$

$$\frac{s^2-10s+13}{s^3-4s^2+s+6} = \frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{1}{s-2} - \frac{2}{s-3}$$

$$L^{-1}\left[\frac{s^2-10s+13}{s^3-4s^2+s+6}\right] = 2e^{-t} + e^{2t} - 2e^{3t}$$

## Assignment Problems

1.  $\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2(s-2)}$

2.  $\frac{3s+2}{(s-1)(s^2+1)}$

3.  $\frac{5s+3}{(s-1)(s^2+2s+5)}$

4.  $\frac{s}{s^4+s^2+1}$

5.  $\frac{s^3}{s^4-a^4}$

# Thank You