

Brumer-Main, part 3: Computing the Brauer group of varieties (over \mathbb{Q}).

$$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Br}(F) &= H^2(G_{\mathrm{al}}(F^{\mathrm{sep}}/F), (F^{\mathrm{sep}})^{\times}) \\ &= H^2(F, G_m) = H^2_{\mathcal{A}^1}(F, G_m) \end{aligned}$$

$$B_r(X) = H_{\partial T}^2(X, G_m)$$

What is étale cohomology?

Galois
Cahom.

Analytic
chem.

$$\mathrm{Br}(X) \hookrightarrow \mathrm{Br}(\mathbb{C}(X))$$

ex: if $F = \mathbb{C}$, $H_{\text{ét}}^2(X, \mathbb{C}) = H^2(X, \mathcal{O}_X^*)$
 X proj smooth v.a.
 sheaf cohom of "units"
 w/r to the standard
 analytic topology on
 the complex pts of X .

let's compute this:

$$0 \rightarrow 2\pi i \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{\exp} \mathcal{O}_X^* \rightarrow 1$$

$$H^2(X, \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow H^2(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \xrightarrow{\quad} H^2(X, \mathcal{O}_X^*)$$

$$\searrow \quad \quad \quad \hookrightarrow H^3(X, \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow H^3(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$$

recall: $H^2(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$ is part of $H^2(X, \mathbb{C})$

$$H^2(X, \mathbb{C}) = H^{2,0}(X, \mathbb{C}) \oplus H^{1,1}(X, \mathbb{C}) \oplus H^{0,2}(X, \mathbb{C})$$

$$\text{---} H^2(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \text{---} \quad H^1(X, \Omega_X) \quad H^0(X, \Lambda^2 \Omega_X)$$

$H^{1,1}$ = image of $\text{Pic } X$
 "easy part of Hodge conj."

$$0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} H^2(X, \mathbb{C})^{\text{trans}} \rightarrow \text{Br}(X) \rightarrow H^3(X, \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow H^3(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \downarrow H^3(X, \mathbb{C})$$

If not over \mathbb{C} , general F :

$$H^p(F, H^q(X_{F^{\text{sep}}}, G_m)) \Rightarrow H^{p+q}(X, G_m)$$

In the case X/\mathbb{Q} smooth proj. variety, this gives:

$$0 \rightarrow \overset{\text{Pic } X}{H^1(X, G_m)} \rightarrow H^0(F, \overset{(\text{Pic } X_F)^{G_F}}{H^1(X_F, G_m)})$$

$$\hookrightarrow H^2(F, G_m) \rightarrow H^2(X, G_m)$$

$$\text{Br } F$$

$$\text{Br } X \hookrightarrow \text{Br } (\mathbb{K}(X))$$

$$1 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X^* \rightarrow \mathcal{K}_X^* \rightarrow \mathcal{K}_X^*/\mathcal{O}_X^* \rightarrow 1$$

$$\Gamma(\mathcal{K}_X^*/\mathcal{O}_X^*) = \text{Div } X$$

$$\text{Div } X / \Gamma(\mathcal{K}_X^*) = \text{Cl}(X) = \text{Pic } X$$

$$0 \rightarrow \boxed{\phantom{H^1(X, \mathbb{G}_m)}} \rightarrow \frac{H^2(X, \mathbb{G}_m)}{\text{im}(H^2(F, \mathbb{G}_m))} \rightarrow H^2(X_{\bar{F}}, \mathbb{G}_m)^{G_F}$$

$$\ker \left[\underbrace{H^1(F, H^1(X_{\bar{F}}, \mathbb{G}_m))}_{\text{"}} \rightarrow \ker [H^3(F, \mathbb{G}_m) \rightarrow H^3(X, \mathbb{G}_m)] \right]$$

$$H^1(G_F, \text{Pic } X_{\bar{F}})$$

$$\text{Def } \bar{F} \cong F^{\text{sep}}$$

X smooth proj

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Pic}^0 X_{\bar{F}} \xrightarrow{\text{"}} \text{Pic } X_{\bar{F}} \xrightarrow{\text{"}} \text{Num}^1(X_{\bar{F}}) \xrightarrow{\text{"}} H^2(X_{\bar{F}}, \mathbb{C})$$

$\uparrow \cong \text{up to torsion}$
 $\text{NS}(X_{\bar{F}})$ alg. equiv.
 "
 f.s.-ab gp.

ab. variety

FACT: if $X_{\bar{F}}$ is rat'l then $\text{Pic}^0 X_{\bar{F}} = 0$

Case $\dim X = 2$

∃ "Classification of surfaces."

if X is geometrically rat'l, then can find birat'l model X' s.t. $-K_{X'}$ ample

⇒ can choose X' to be "del Pezzo"

wlog $X_{\bar{F}} = \text{Bl}_{p_1, \dots, p_r} \mathbb{P}^2 \quad r \leq 8$

nice thing here: Picard gps well studied,
can write down...

Want to understand $H^1(G_F, \text{Pic} X_{\bar{F}})$

$$X_{\bar{F}} = \mathbb{P}_{\bar{F}}^2 \Rightarrow \text{Pic} X_{\bar{F}} = \mathbb{Z}$$

$G_F \curvearrowright \mathbb{Z}$ ampleness preserved
⇒ trivial action

$$H^1(G_F, \mathbb{Z}) = \text{Hom}_{\mathbb{C}}(G_F, \mathbb{Z}) = 0$$

↗
 $\text{Hom}(\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F), \mathbb{Z}) = 0$

$$X \approx x^3 - ay^3 - az^3 + axyz \stackrel{?}{=}$$

$\sim N_{an}$ 3 dim'l subspace of $(a,b)_3$

$$\text{Bl}_p \mathbb{P}^2_F = X_F$$

$$\text{Pic } X_F = \mathbb{Z}H \oplus \mathbb{Z}E$$

$$G_F \subset \text{Pic } X_F$$

$$E^2 = -1$$

$$(aH + bE)^2 = a^2 - b^2 = -1$$

E fixed by G_F

so is H .

$$(a-b)(a+b) = -1$$

banzy.

$$\text{Bl}_{p_1, p_2} \mathbb{P}^2 = X_F$$

H

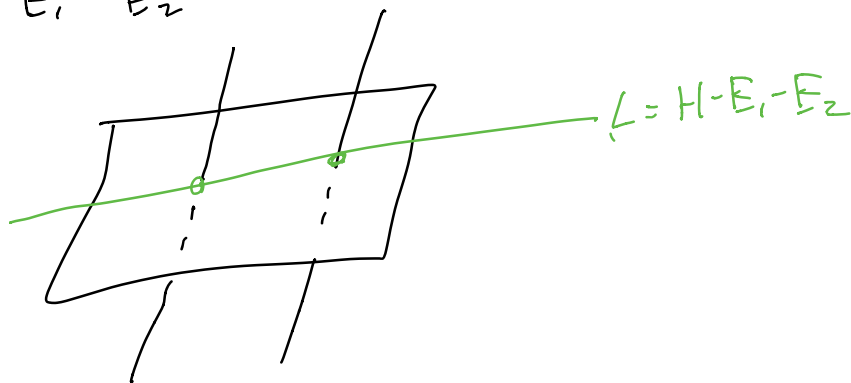
E_1

E_2

$$L = H - E_1 - E_2$$

$$G_F: H \rightarrow H$$

$$E_i \rightarrow E_j$$



$$H^1(G_F, \text{Pic } X_{\bar{F}}) = H^1(G_F, \mathbb{Z}H \oplus \mathbb{Z}E_1 \oplus \mathbb{Z}E_2)$$

$$= H^1(G_F, \mathbb{Z}H) \times H^1(G_F, \mathbb{Z}E_1 \times \mathbb{Z}E_2)$$

"

0

action comes from

$$G_F \rightarrow \text{Aut}(\sigma, \tau)$$

$$G_F \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \quad \text{if nontr.}$$

L/F quadratic.

↙