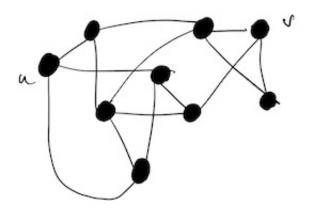
Graph Theory Practice Sheet for Midterm 2

This sheet is not meant to be exhaustive, but rather as a supplement to the problems from the homework since the last exam.

- 1. This is a problem in the direction of Vizing's Theorem. Show that for a graph G, you can always color it using at most $2\Delta-1$ colors. As a hint, you should think about the simple vertex coloring algorithm and how it worked.
- 2. This problem is the direction of Brook's Theorem. Suppose that G is a graph, v is a cut vertex and G_1, G_2, \ldots, G_k are the components of G-v. Show that if $\chi(G)$ is less than $\Delta(G)+1$ for each I, then we will also have $\Gamma(G) = 1$.
- 3. Can you draw a graph with $\xi(G)=4$ and with the graph containing no triangles? If you can, do it. If not, say why not.
- 4. Draw a graph with $\kappa(G)=2, \lambda(G)=2$ and $\delta(G)=3$ (or show no such graph exists).
- 5. In the graph shown below, exhibit a minimum u-v vertex cut and a minimal u-v vertex cut which isn't minimum. How can you tell that your minimum vertex cut is actually minimum?



6. Find all cut vertices and blocks in the graph below:

