Index shifts

C complex define C[p]:

Chain complex C[p]n = Cn+p

Cachain complex C[p]n = cn-p

Cachain complex C[p]n = cn-p

Canes

Mappy come

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X & y Cq = CX II y

CX = X × I / X × 203

The control of the cont

Det: Let f: B. - C. nop et chain conglexes core (f) to be the conglex at cone(f)  $n = B_{n-1} \oplus C_n$  w = 2(b,c) = (-2(b),c) $\begin{bmatrix} -ds & 0 \\ -f & de \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\mathcal{B}}{\oplus} \frac{-d}{\oplus} \stackrel{\mathcal{B}}{\oplus} \frac{B_{n-2}}{\oplus}$ Cn Cn-1 Remark; re lice exact sed. 0 -> C --> core(f) --> B[-1] -> 0 Lem in associated LES for I the boundary map Hn(C.) < Hn+1 (BC-1]) Hn(t.) Hn(B.)

bt: f is a visom (=> Hn (cone (f)) In perticular i.e. cane(f) acystic. Back tobalancy for fext Gren A & Mode BapMod Chara prj. resolutions PhrA i. Q frB P, -P, E A

Consider A&Q, P&B, tot P&Q Ln(A&\_)(B) 11 Hn(A&Q) Gaal: Show that we have AGQ - Tot (P&G) - P&R A&Q2 (- P0 & Q2 - P1 & Q2 - P1 & Q1 - P1 & Q1 - P1 & Q0 Big double camplex (al AQQ.) call C.,.

P&Q

Tot 
$$(P \otimes Q)_n = \bigoplus_{p \in S = n} P_p \otimes Q_q$$
  $(x,y)_{p,q}$ 

$$Tot(P \otimes Q) \longrightarrow A \otimes Q.$$

$$A \otimes Q_n \qquad E(x) \otimes y_p = 0$$