## Bestranget random variables

Binomial Random Variables w/ parametes (p,n)  $P(X=i) = \binom{n}{i} p^i (1-p)^{n-i} c=0,1,--,n$ 

Interpretation p prob et successes.

N # trab

E[X] = pn Var(X) = np(1-p)

(will device later)

Parsson Varible

X Paisson ul parement 1 means  $P(X=i) = e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^i}{i!}$ 

Interpretation: Suppose have radioactive materal
emitty on aways of a particles every second
madel of bonomial
ex:  $\lambda = 2$ 

eny hoth of a executed expect ~ & of a jurtale

X=# in one second 
$$\approx$$
 binomial  $p=\frac{1}{5}$   
as # subamismus  $\rightarrow \infty$   
get Paissan  $w = np$ 

$$E[x] = \lambda$$

$$Vor(x) = \lambda$$

$$vp(1-p) \leftrightarrow \lambda(1-\frac{\lambda}{n})$$

$$vp \leftrightarrow \lambda$$

$$vp \leftrightarrow \lambda$$

## Geometre Random Varible

$$P(X=i) = (1-p)^{i-1}p$$
  $X = 1,2,...$ 

$$E[X] = \frac{b}{l}$$
  $Aar(X) = \frac{b_5}{l-b}$ 

## Negatie Binomial Variable

X is a reg. Snomial variable of params 
$$(r,p)$$
if  $P(x=n) = \binom{n-1}{r-1} p(1-p)^{n-r}$ 

Intopreteturi

$$\frac{(r-1) \text{ successes}}{n-1} = \frac{s}{r-1} p^{r-1} (1-p) \cdot p$$

$$P(X=n) = \binom{n-1}{r-1} p^{r-1} (1-p) \cdot p$$

$$= \binom{r-1}{n-1} b_{1} (1-b)_{1}$$

$$E[X] = \frac{b}{b}$$

$$Var(X) = \frac{b^{2}}{(1-b)}$$