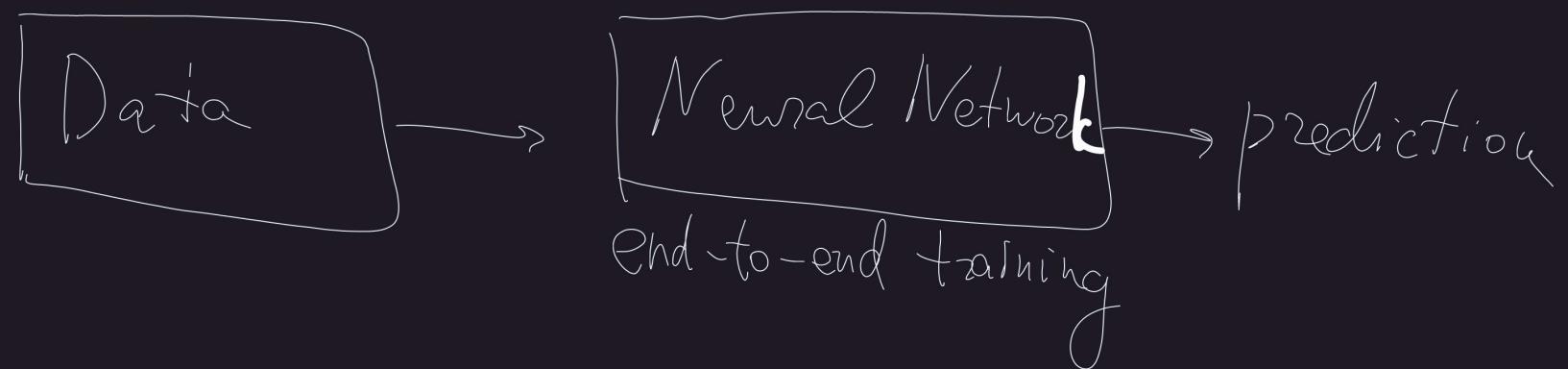


image: HoG, SIFT, texture-boost, ..



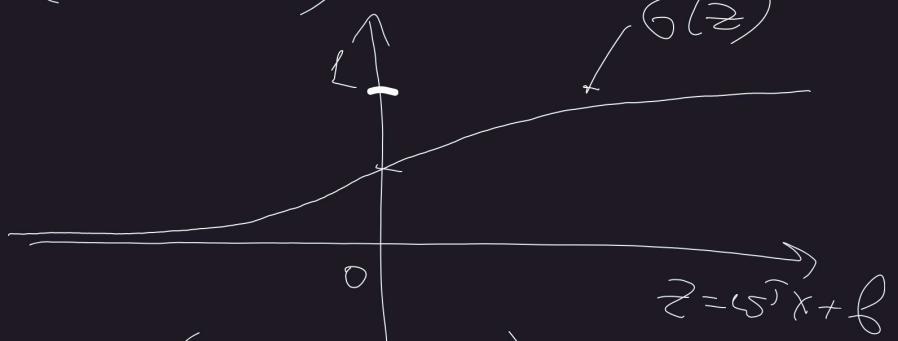
## Logistic Regression

$$\left\{ \mathbf{x}_i, y_i \right\}_{i=1}^N, \quad \mathbf{x}_i \in \mathbb{R}^d, \quad y_i \in \{-1, +1\}$$
$$y_i \in \{1, 2, \dots, K\}$$

inference:  $y(x) = \text{sign}(\mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{x} + b)$

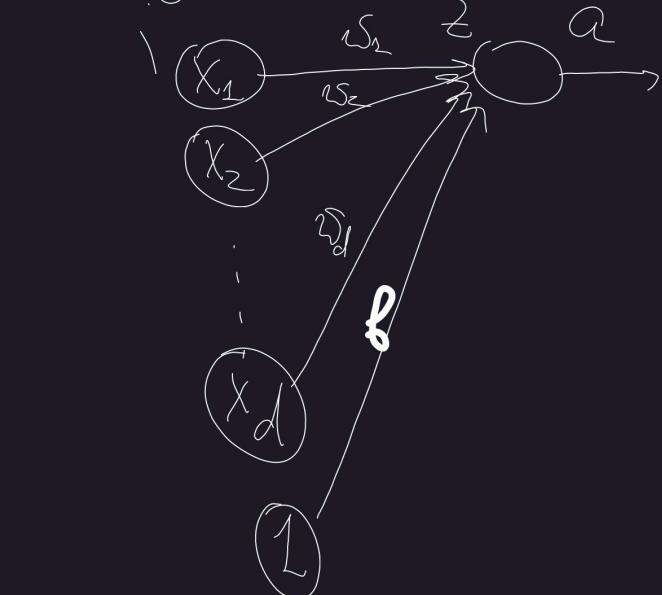
$$y(x) = \arg \max_{j \in \{1, \dots, K\}} (\mathbf{w}_j^\top \mathbf{x} + b_j)$$

$$p(y=+1 | \omega, x, b) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\omega^T x - b)} = \sigma(\omega^T x + b)$$



$$\begin{aligned} p(y=k | W, x, b) &= \\ &= \frac{\exp(\omega_k^T x + b_k)}{\sum_{j=1}^K \exp(\omega_j^T x + b_j)} = \text{SoftMax}(\omega^T x + b) \end{aligned}$$

$$P(y_1, \dots, y_N | x_1, \dots, x_N, w, b) = \prod_{i=1}^N P(y_i | x_i, w, b)$$

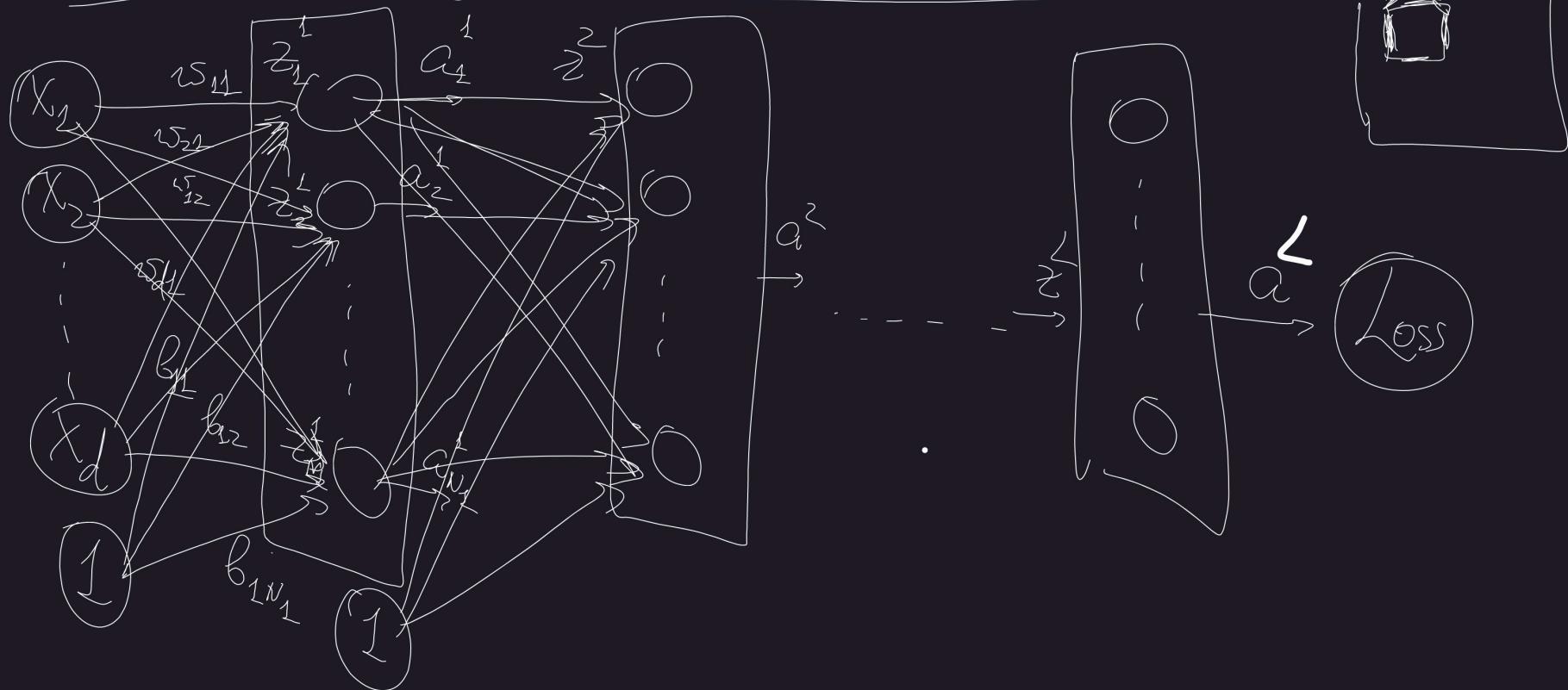


$$-\log p(y | X, w, b) = -\sum_{i=1}^N \log p(y_i | x_i, w, b) \xrightarrow[w, b]{} \max \quad \xleftarrow[w, b]{} \min.$$

$$z = w^T x + b$$

$$a = f(z)$$

# Multi-layer Perceptron (MLP)



$$\hat{a}^0 := x$$

for  $\ell = 1 \dots L$ :

$$z^\ell = W_a^{\ell-1} + b^\ell$$

$$a^\ell = \sigma(z^\ell)$$

Output  $\text{Loss}(a^L)$

$$\theta := \{W^1, b^1, W^2, b^2, \dots, W^L, b^L\}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \text{Loss}(y_i, a^L(x_i, \theta)) \rightarrow \min_{\theta}$$

$$f(x) \left[ a_i \leq x \leq a_{i+1} \right] =$$

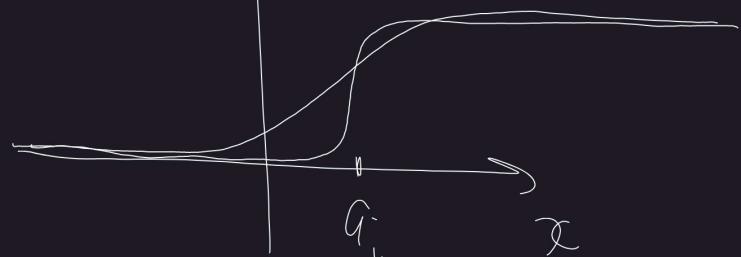
$$= \left[ [x \geq a_i] + [x \leq a_{i+1}] \geq \frac{3}{2} \right]$$

$x \rightarrow [x > a_1] \rightarrow [a_1 \leq x \leq a_2]$   
 $x \rightarrow [x > a_2] \rightarrow [a_2 \leq x \leq a_3]$   
 $\vdots \quad \vdots \quad \vdots \quad \vdots \quad \vdots \quad \vdots$   
 $\ell$

$$f(x) \approx \sum_i \left[ [a_i \leq x \leq a_{i+1}] f(a_i) \right]$$

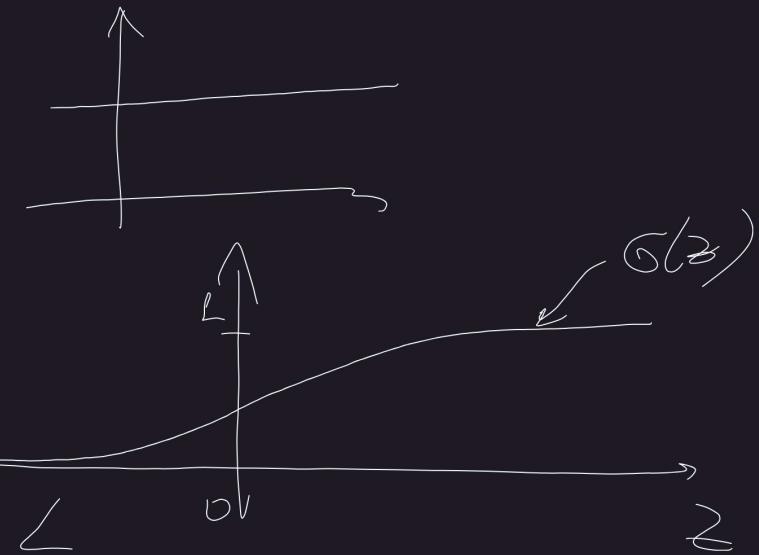
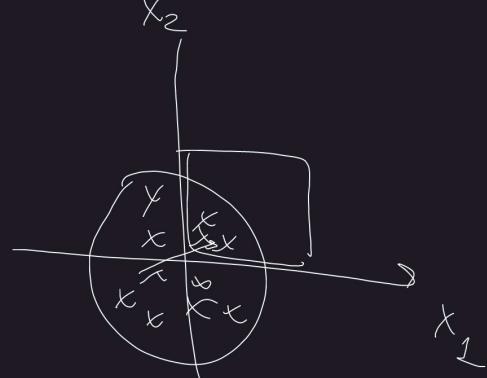
$$[x \geq a_i] \approx \delta(k(x - a_i))$$

$$[x \leq a_{i+1}] = [-[x \geq a_i]]^k \gg 1$$



# Activation functions

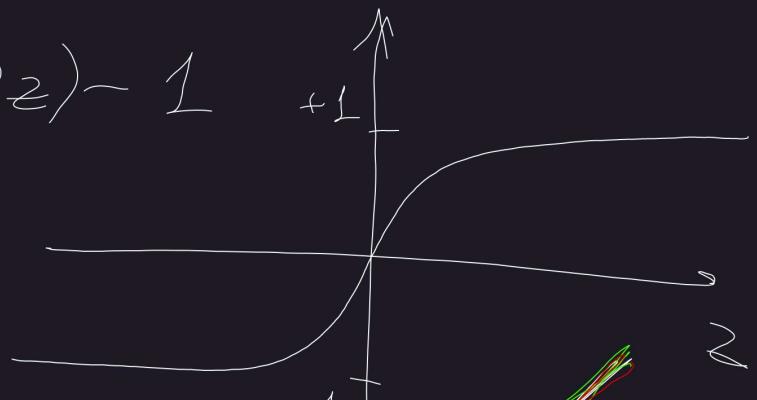
$$\textcircled{1} \quad a = \sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-z)}$$



$$\nabla_a^{\ell} \text{Loss} = \prod_{i=\ell+1}^L (W^i)^T \frac{\partial a_i}{\partial z_i} \cdot \nabla_a^L \text{Loss}$$

$$\left\| \nabla_a^{\ell} \text{Loss} \right\| \leq \prod_{i=\ell+1}^L \left\| W^i \right\| \cdot \left\| \frac{\partial a_i}{\partial z_i} \right\| \cdot \left\| \nabla_a^L \text{Loss} \right\| \text{diag}(\sigma'(z_i))$$

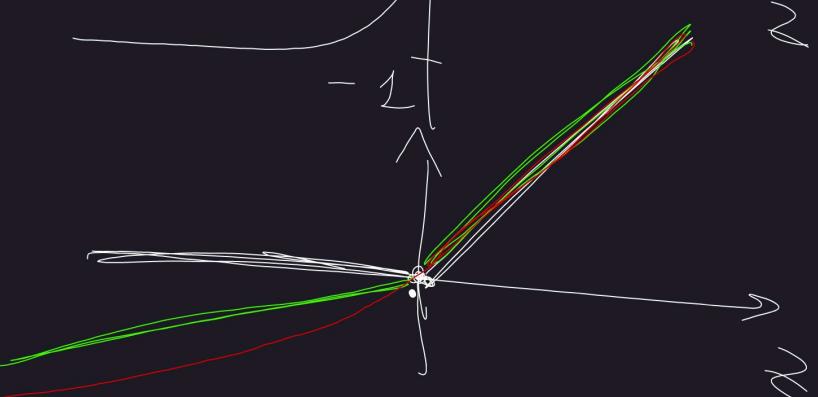
$$\textcircled{2} \quad a = \tanh(z) = 2\sigma(2z) - 1$$



$$\textcircled{3} \quad a = \text{ReLU}(z) = \max(0, z)$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad a = \text{Leaky ReLU}(z) =$$

$$= \begin{cases} z, & z \geq 0 \\ \alpha z, & z < 0 \end{cases} \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$



$$\textcircled{5} \quad a = \text{ELU}(z) = \begin{cases} z, & z \geq 0 \\ \alpha(\exp(z) - 1), & z \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

## Automatic Diff.

Given:  $f(x)$

Goal:  $\nabla f(x)$

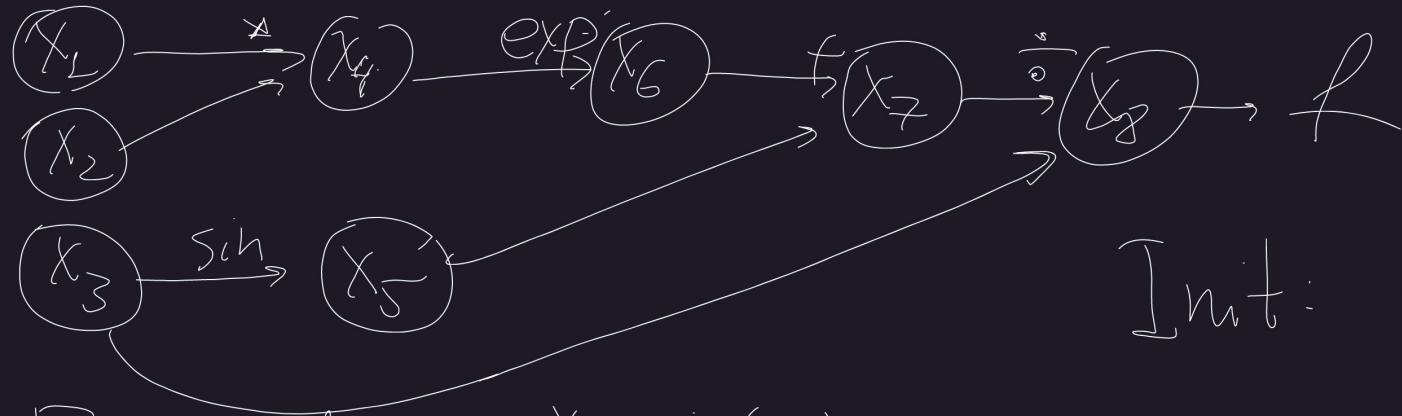
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \approx \frac{f(x + \varepsilon e_i) - f(x - \varepsilon e_i)}{2\varepsilon}$$

$\nearrow$        $\searrow$

$$[0 \dots 0 \underset{i^{\text{th}} \text{ pos.}}{1} 0 \dots 0]$$

$$\varepsilon = \varepsilon_m^{1/3}$$

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \frac{\exp(x_1 x_2) + \sin(x_3)}{x_3}$$



Forward

$$\frac{\partial x_j}{\partial x_1}, j = 1, 2, \dots, 9$$

$$x_5 = \sin(x_3)$$

$$\frac{\partial x_5}{\partial x_1} = \cos(x_3) \cdot \frac{\partial x_3}{\partial x_1}$$

$$x_4 = x_1 \cdot x_2$$

$$\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial x_1}$$

$$\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial x_1} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial x_1} = 0$$

Init:

$$\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial x_1} = 1, \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial x_1} = 0, \frac{\partial x_3}{\partial x_1} = 0$$

## Backward diff.

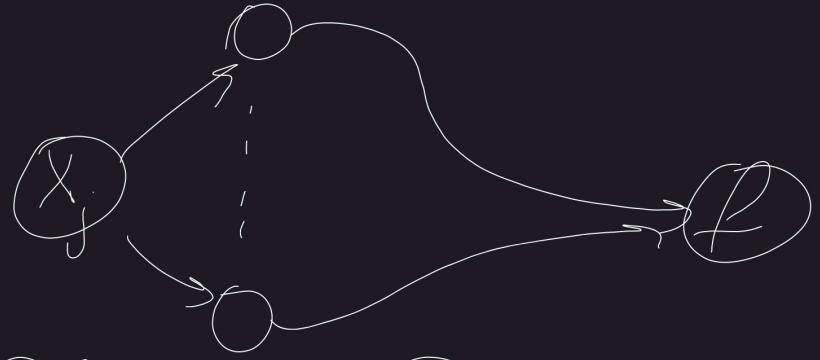
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_j}, j = 9, 8, \dots, 1$$

Init.  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_8} = 1$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_7} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_8} \cdot \frac{\partial x_8}{\partial x_7}$$

$$x_8 = \frac{x_7}{x_3}$$

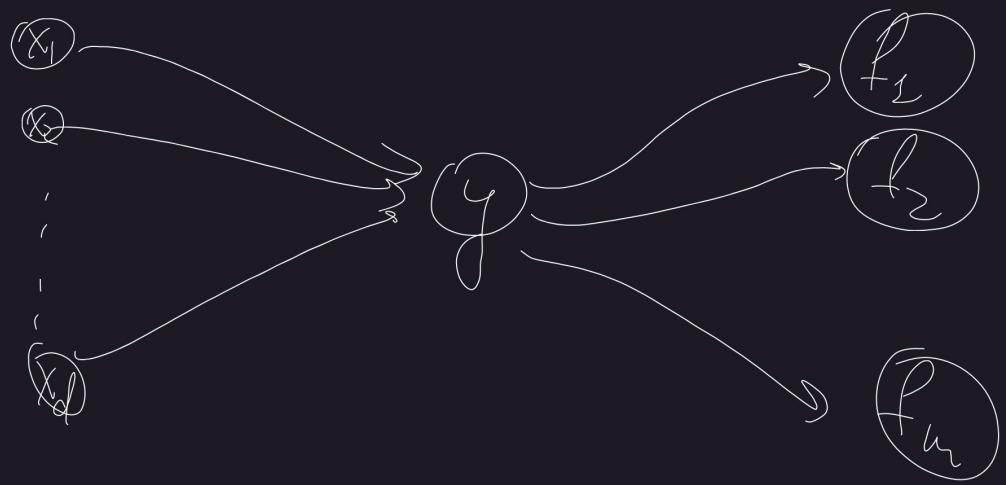
$$\frac{\partial x_8}{\partial x_7} = \frac{1}{x_3}$$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_j} = \sum_{i: (j,i) \in \Sigma} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \right) \left( \frac{\partial x_i}{\partial x_j} \right)$$

prev. it.      compute  
                  directly

Cross mode



$$\frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j}, i=1 \dots m, j=1 \dots d$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial x_j} \cdot \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j}$$

$$f(x) = \text{tr}(A\tilde{x}^T \beta) : \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\nabla f(x) - ?$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \text{tr}(A\tilde{x}^T \beta) = \text{tr}\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} A\tilde{x}^T \beta\right)$$

$$f: U \rightarrow V$$

differential

$$f(x+h) - f(x) = \underbrace{df(x)[h]}_{\text{linear op. w.r.t. } h} + \overline{o}(h)$$

**d** tensor

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad df = f'(x) dx$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad df = \nabla f(x)^T dx$$

linear

$f: \mathbb{R}^{n \times m} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$df = \text{tr}(\nabla f(x)^T dx)$$

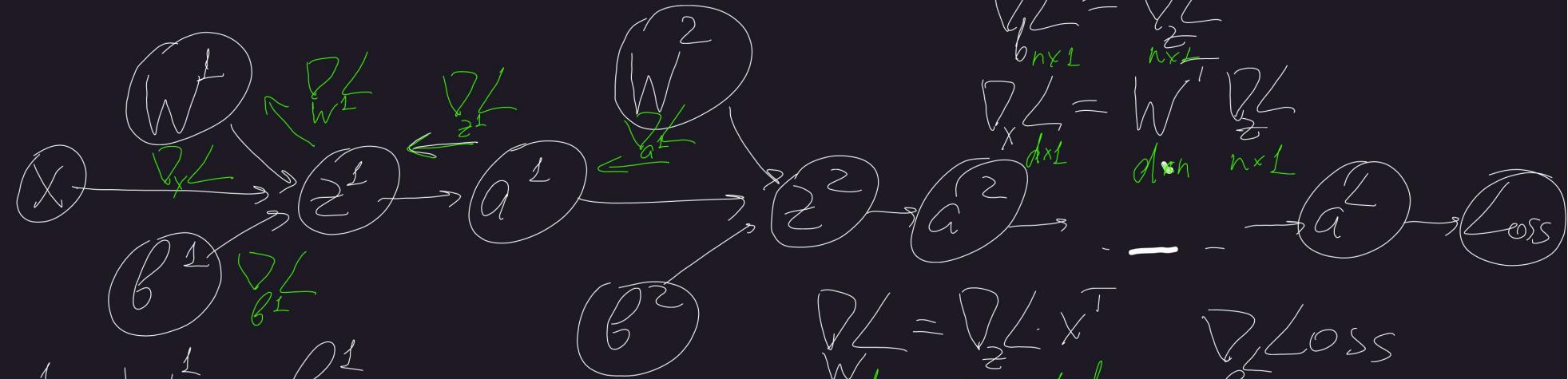
$$f(\chi) = t_2(A\chi' \beta)$$

$$df = t_2(d(A\chi' \beta)) = t_2(\underbrace{Ad\chi'}_{\substack{\parallel \\ \text{}}}\beta) =$$

$$= -t_2(\overbrace{A\chi' d\chi}^{\substack{\parallel \\ \text{}}}(x^{-1}\beta)) = -x^{-1}d\chi \cdot x^{-1}$$

$$= -t_2(x^{-1}\beta A\chi' d\chi)$$

$$\nabla f(\chi) = -\overbrace{X^T A^T B^T X^T}^{\substack{\parallel \\ \text{}}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} z^1 &= W^1 \cdot X + b^1 \\ a^1 &= g^1(z^1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} dz &= d(Wx + b) = \\ &= dWx + Wdx + db \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} dL &= \nabla_L \cdot dz = \text{tr}(\nabla_L^\top dW^1) + \\ &\quad + \nabla_L^\top dx + \nabla_L^\top db \\ dL &= \nabla_L^\top (dW^1 \cdot x + Wdx + db) = \\ &= (\nabla_L^\top dW^1) + \nabla_L^\top Wdx + \nabla_L^\top db \end{aligned}$$

$$a = g(z)$$

$$da = \frac{\partial a}{\partial z} \cdot dz$$

$$\text{diag}(g'(z))$$

$$dL = \nabla_a^T da = \underbrace{\nabla_a^T}_{\nabla_z^T} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a}{\partial z}}_{z} \cdot dz$$

$$\nabla_z^T = \left( \frac{\partial a}{\partial z} \right)^T \cdot \nabla_a^T$$