# SOAP implementation technologies

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## Why use a library?

- WSDL tooling
  - Make it quick and easy
- WS-\* extensions
  - WS-Security and related
  - Much less: WS-RM, WS-AT, WS-Addressing



## The two major toolkits

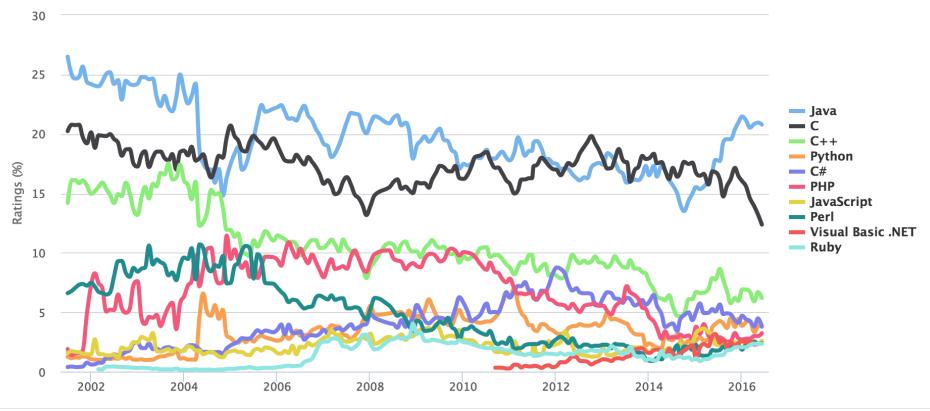
- .NET WCF
  - Two implementations
    - Windows
    - Mono
- JAX-WS
  - Multiple implementations
    - Sun, CXF, Axis2, etc



# Poor support in other languages is one reason for SOAP's decline

#### **TIOBE Programming Community Index**

Source: www.tiobe.com





### **JAX-WS Motivation**

- Java API for XML Web Services
  - Currently version 2.2
- Create a standard Java approach to creating and consuming SOAP/WSDL web services
- Based on annotations
- Work with WS-I Basic Profile
- Work with JAX-B (Java API for XML Binding)
- Replaced the (broken) JAX-RPC specification



## Two approaches

#### Code first:

- Create Java code, annotate
- Run Java2WS to create WSDL / XSD etc

#### Contract first:

- Create (or re-use) WSDL / XSD etc
- run WSDL2Java to create the Java artefacts



# Code first (annotated POJOs)

- Start with a Plain Old Java Object
- Create annotations that document the service definition, binding approach, etc



### **Common Annotations**

- @WebService
- @SOAPBinding
- @WebMethod
- @WebParam
- @OneWay
- @HandlerChain



### WebService

```
Applies to class or interface
All parameters are optional
@WebService
  (name = "OrderService",
  serviceName = "OrderProcess",
   portName = "OrderProcessPort".
  targetNamespace = "http://freo.me/
order".
  wsdlLocation="path to existing wsdl")
```



## WebService continued

@WebService(endpointInterface =
"me.freo.OrderProcess") applies to class
only

This allows you to create an interface defining the service/WSDL and a separate implementation. This is especially important for WSDL first operation



## **SOAPBinding**

Applies to class or interface
@SOAPBinding(
style=SOAPBinding.Style.DOCUMENT,
use=SOAPBinding.Use.LITERAL,
parameterStyle=
SOAPBinding.ParameterStyle.WRAPPED)

My hint: ALWAYS use Doc/Lit/Wrapped see <a href="http://pzf.fremantle.org/2007/05/handlign.html">http://pzf.fremantle.org/2007/05/handlign.html</a> Second hint: this is the default so don't use @SOAPBinding!



#### WebMethod

```
Applies to Method

@WebMethod(
action="MySOAPAction", //optional
operationName="myWSDLop",
exclude=true) // do NOT expose this
// inherited method
```



## OneWay

- Applies to a method that is marked @WebMethod
- Indicates that there is no response expected
- Assuming this is over HTTP, there should just be a HTTP 202 Accepted response
- Over JMS, no response message expected



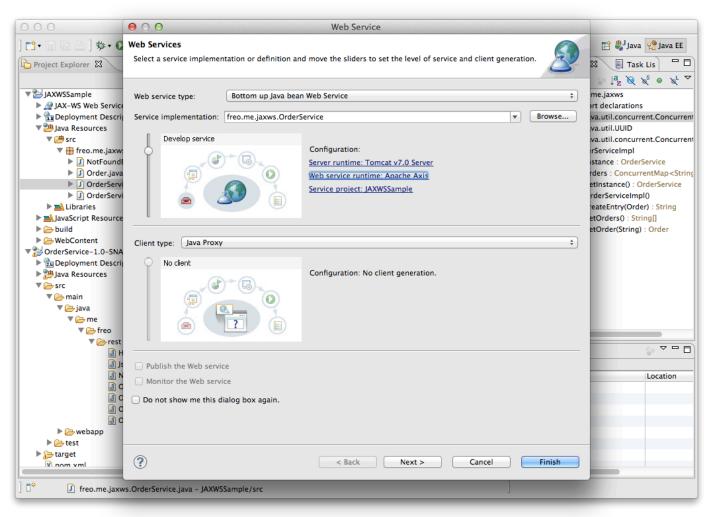
#### WebParam

 A way of defining the mapping between the XML/SOAP message and the Java Parameters

```
@WebParam(
    name="nameOfXMLElement",
    partName="nameOfWSDLPart",
    targetNamespace="xmlNamespace",
    mode="IN|OUT|INOUT",
    header=true|false)
```



## Eclipse Web Tools platform

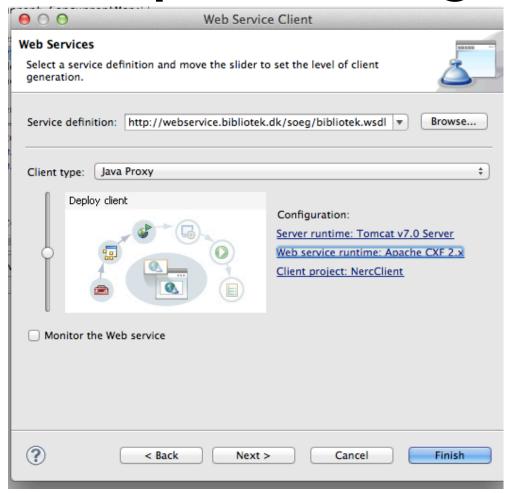


### **WSDL** first

- Again there is a tool for this
- You might want to create a service
  - Contract-first (design the WSDL, then implement)
  - Implement a standard WSDL
  - Re-architect an existing service
  - Copy a competitor's service (though this is a thorny issue!)
- Very likely you need to call a service



## **Eclipse tooling**





#### Resources

- The Labs
- The Spec
  - http://jcp.org/aboutJava/ communityprocess/mrel/jsr224/index3.html
- The CXF documentation
  - http://cxf.apache.org/docs/a-simple-jax-wsservice.html
- The Reference Implementation
  - http://jax-ws.java.net/

