



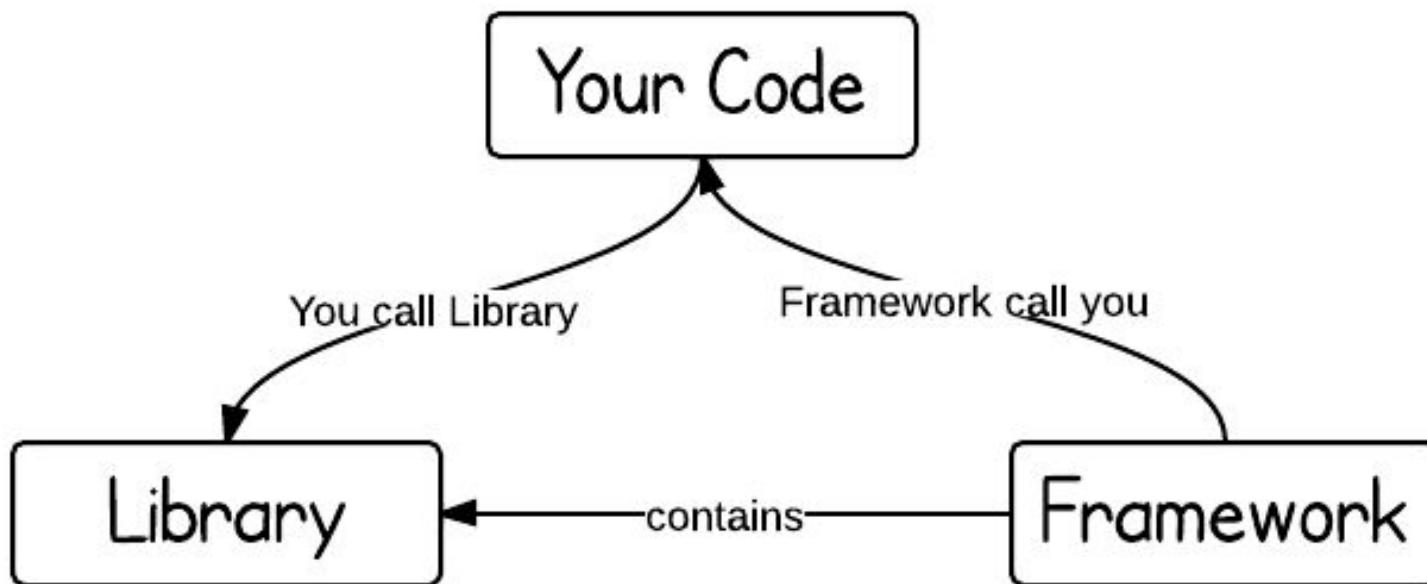
# ANGULAR 2 INTRO

## WHY TO USE HTML5 FRAMEWORKS

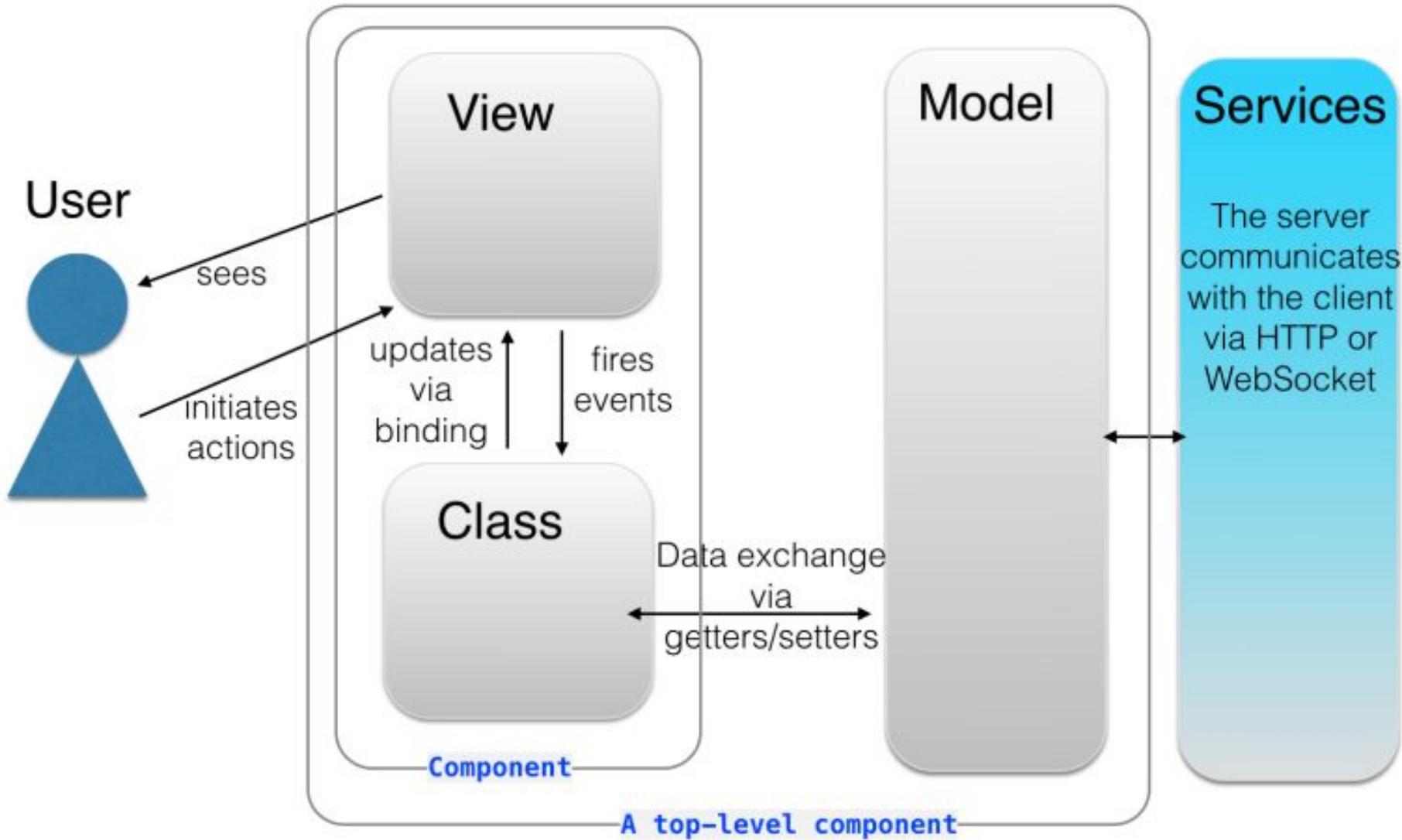
- Deal with cross-browser compatibility
- Make your application more structured
- May include reusable components
- Make programmers more productive
- Lower the amount of manually written code

## FRAMEWORKS VS. LIBRARIES

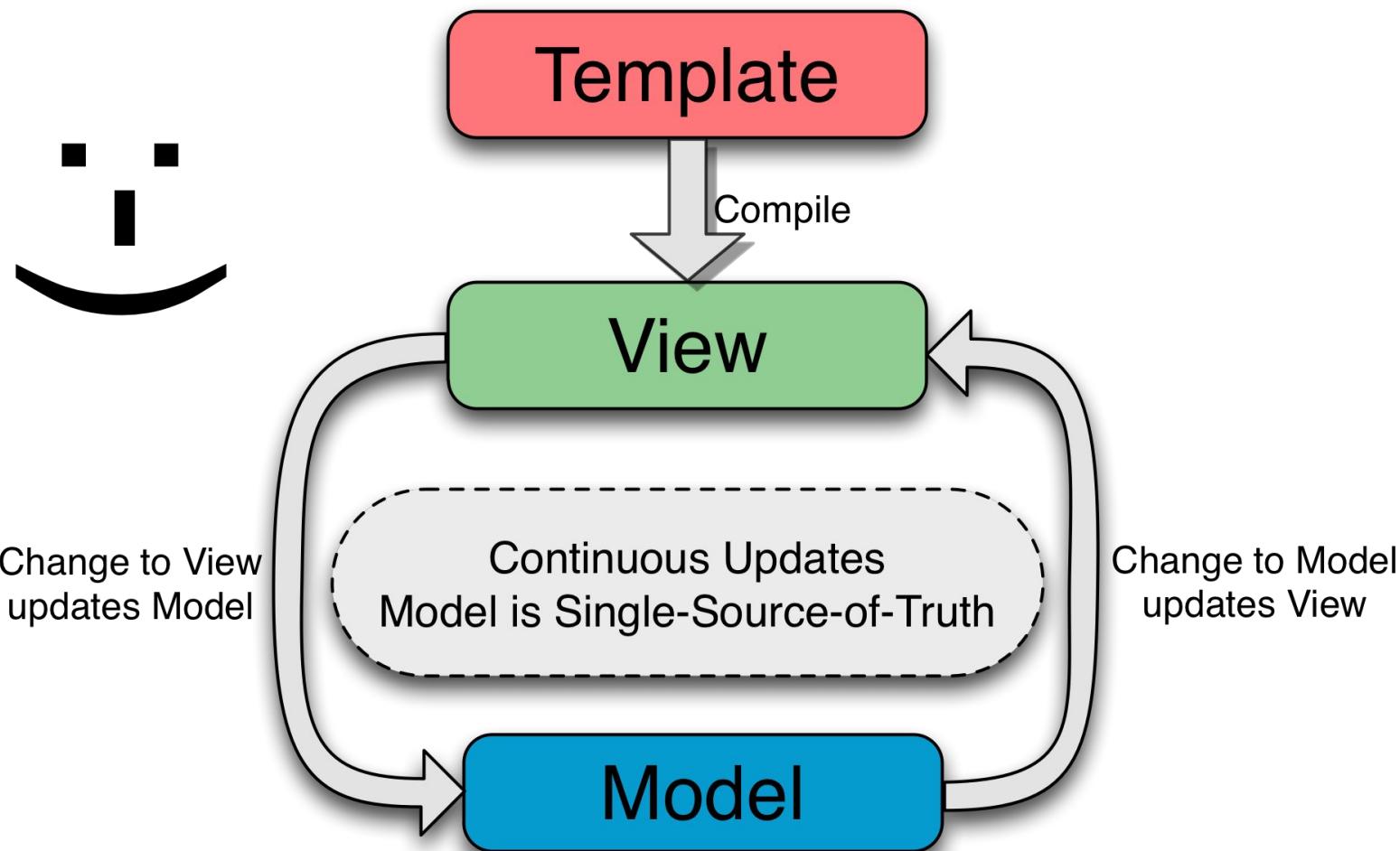
- Frameworks expect you to develop using well defined rules.
- Libraries just offer reusable components



# MVC model



# Two-way data binding



# TWO WAY DATA BINDING EXAMPLE

MODEL

```
name="John";
```



VIEW

Name:

ngModel="name"



VIEW

Name:

ngModel="name"

MODEL

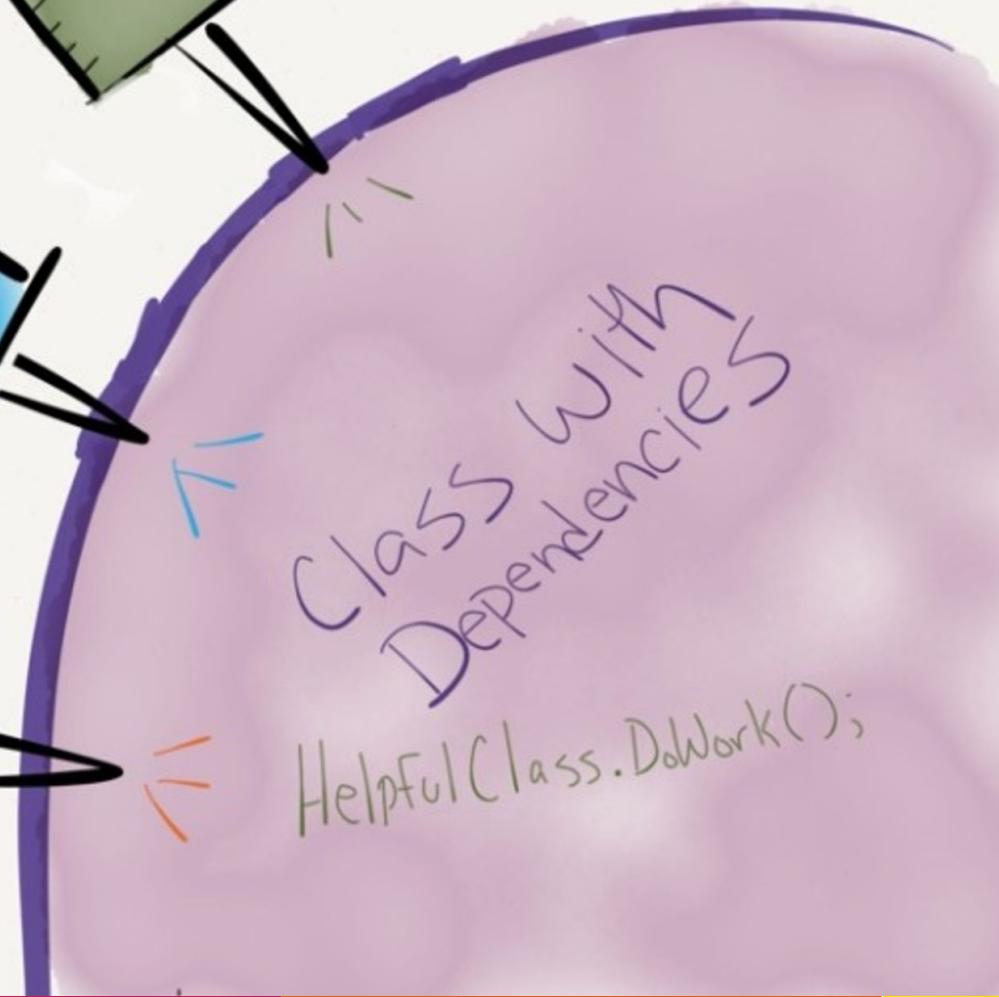
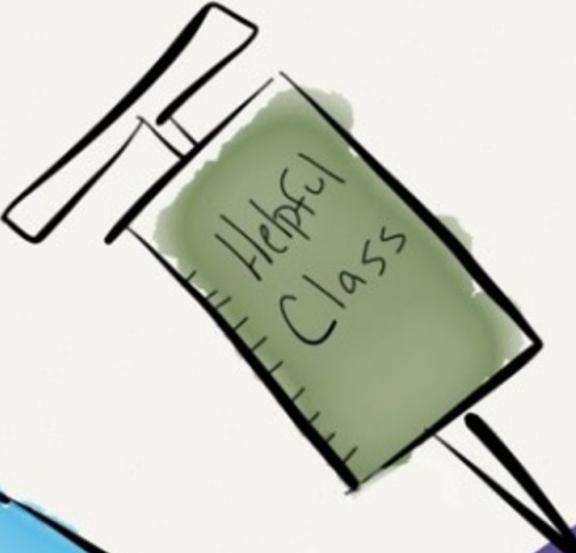
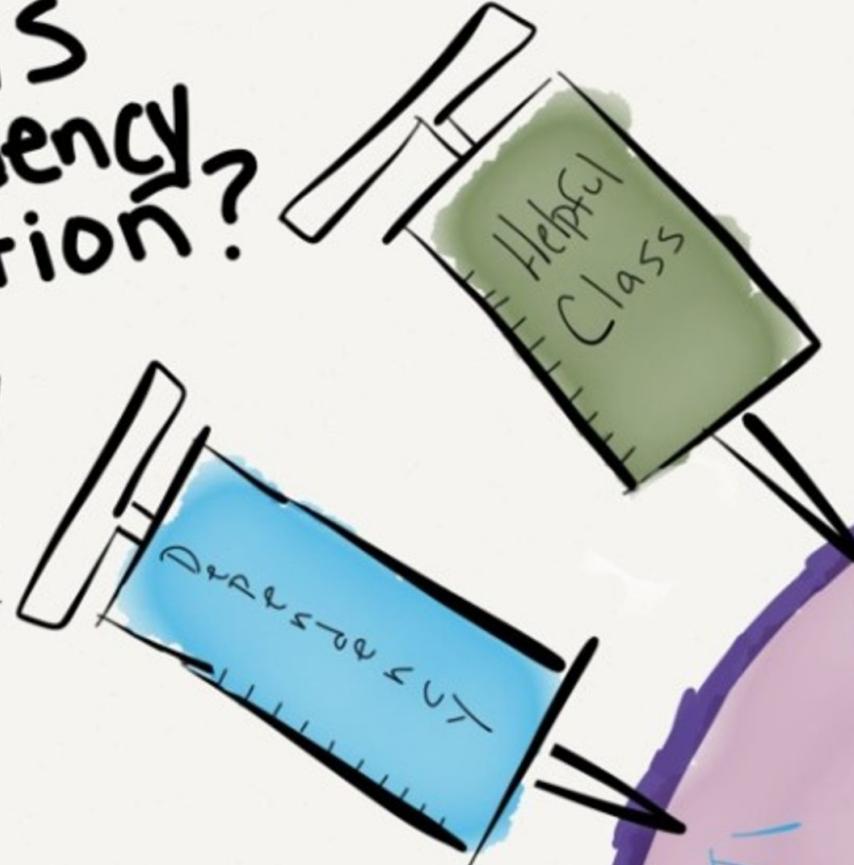
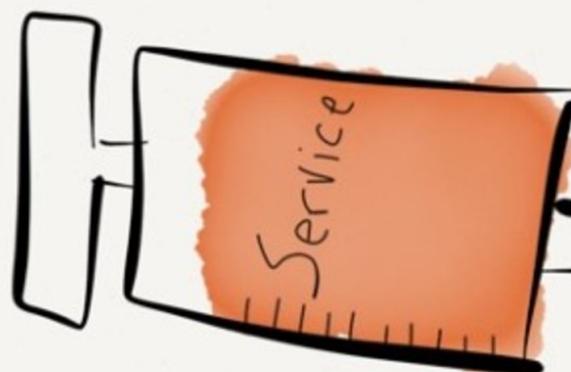
```
name=="John Smith";
```

# Dependency Injection

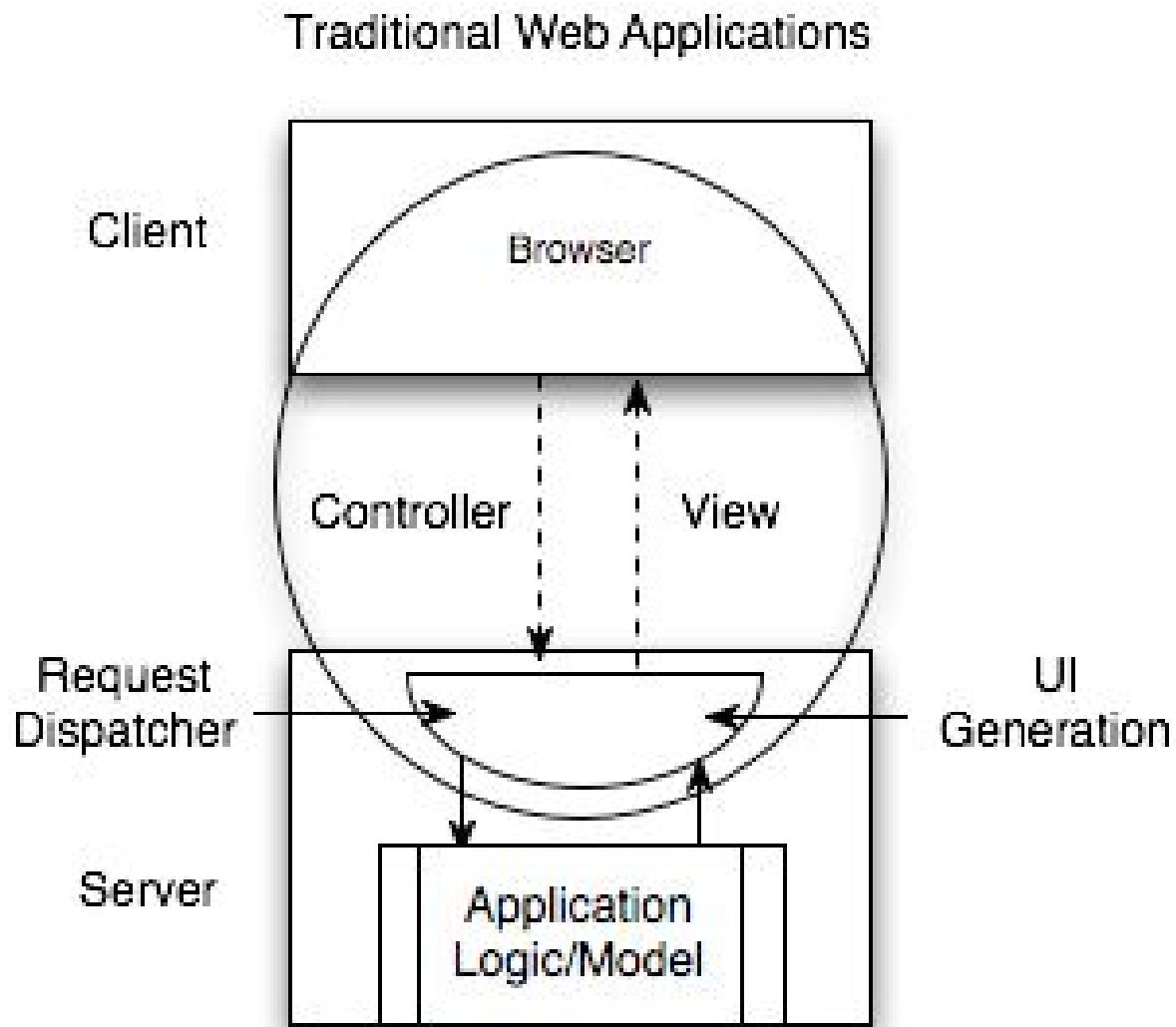


# What is Dependency Injection?

→ Why  
is it  
useful?



# Why use a JS MVC framework

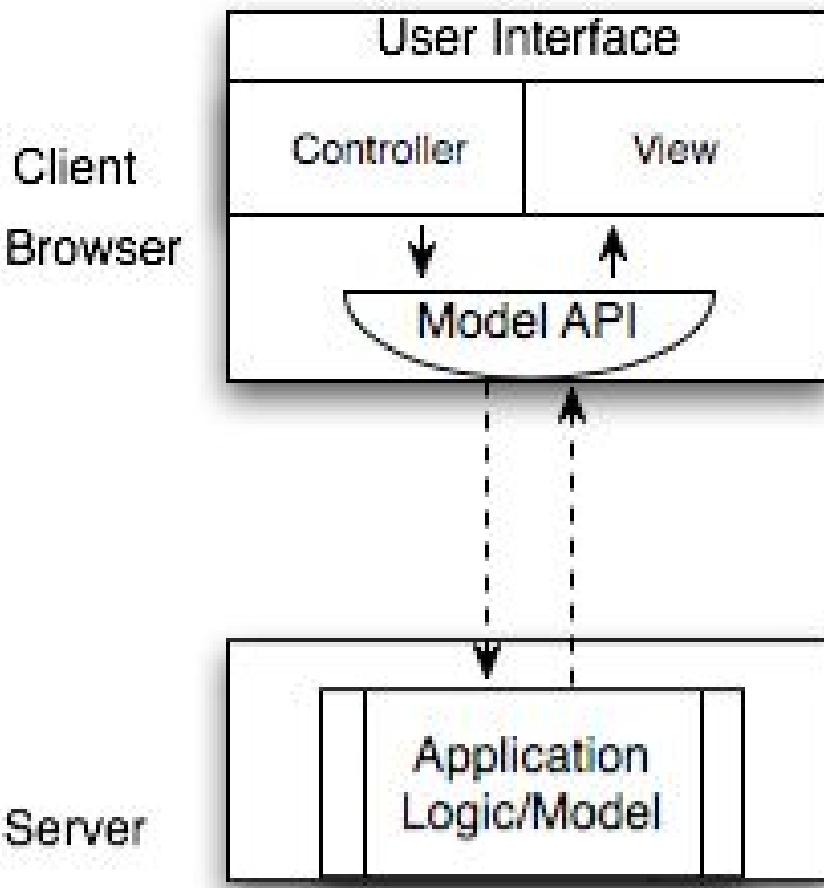


- **Poor distribution of processing** – With a large number of clients, doing all the processing on the server is inefficient.
  - High user response latency
  - Difficult programming model
  - Increased vector of attack
  - Heavy state management on the servers
  - Offline Difficulties
  - Reduced opportunity for interoperability

# Why use a JS MVC framework

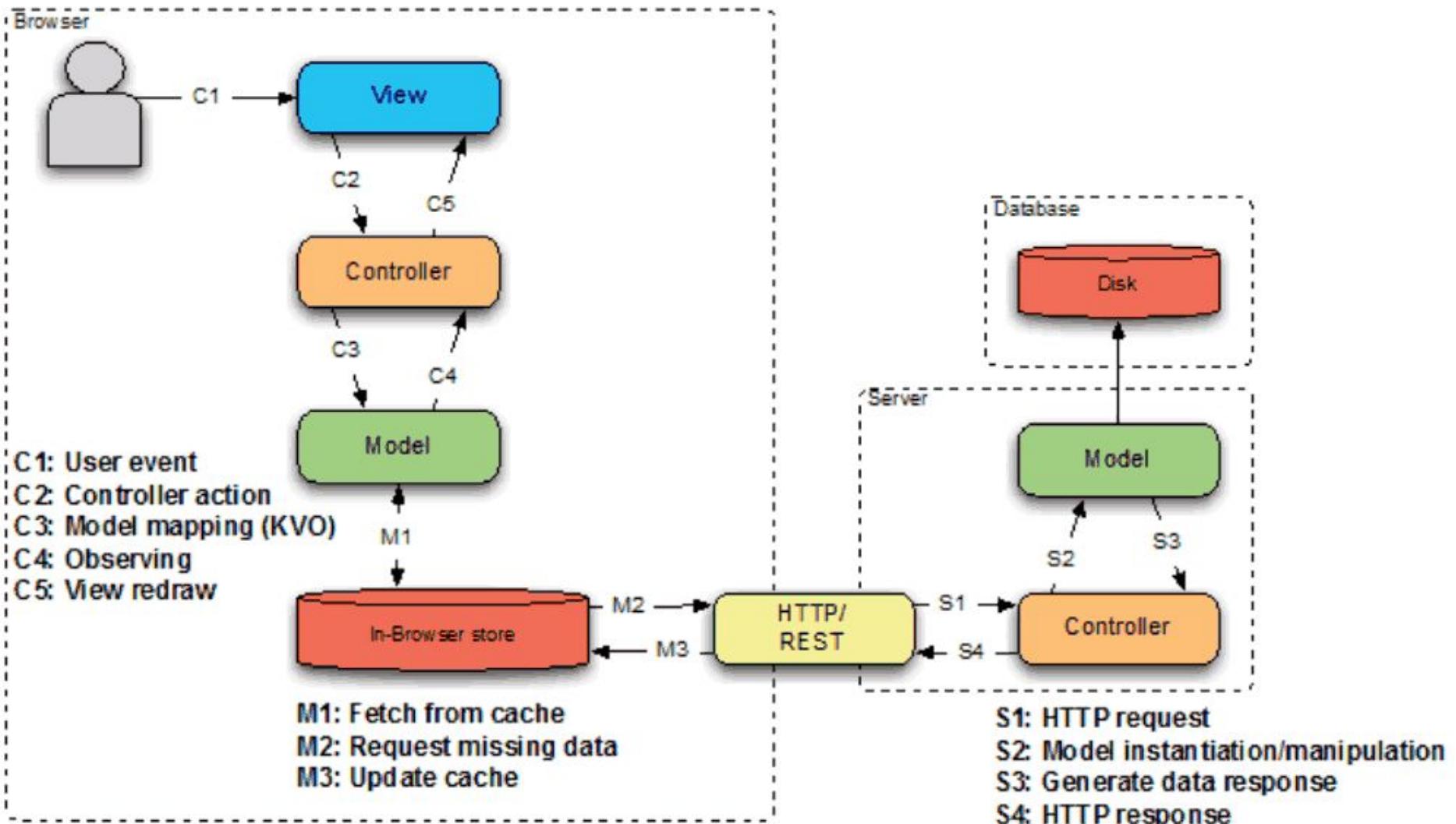
## JSMVC Web Applications

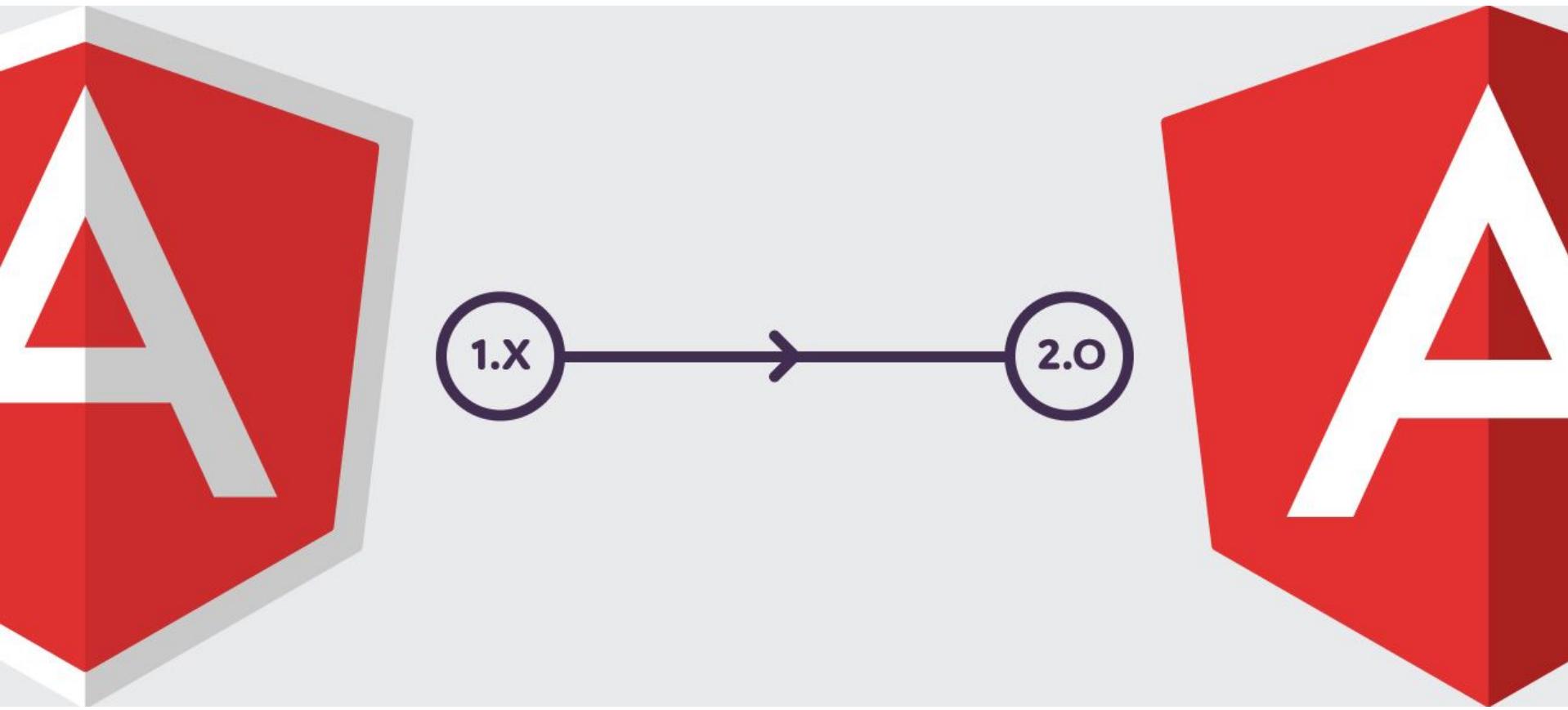
### Application Logic - UI Separation



- **Scalability** - The more clients that use an application, the more client machines that are available, whereas the server processing capabilities remain constant
- Immediate **user response**
- Organized **programming model**
- Client side **state management**
- **Offline applications**
- **Interoperability**

# Data Flow for modern web development





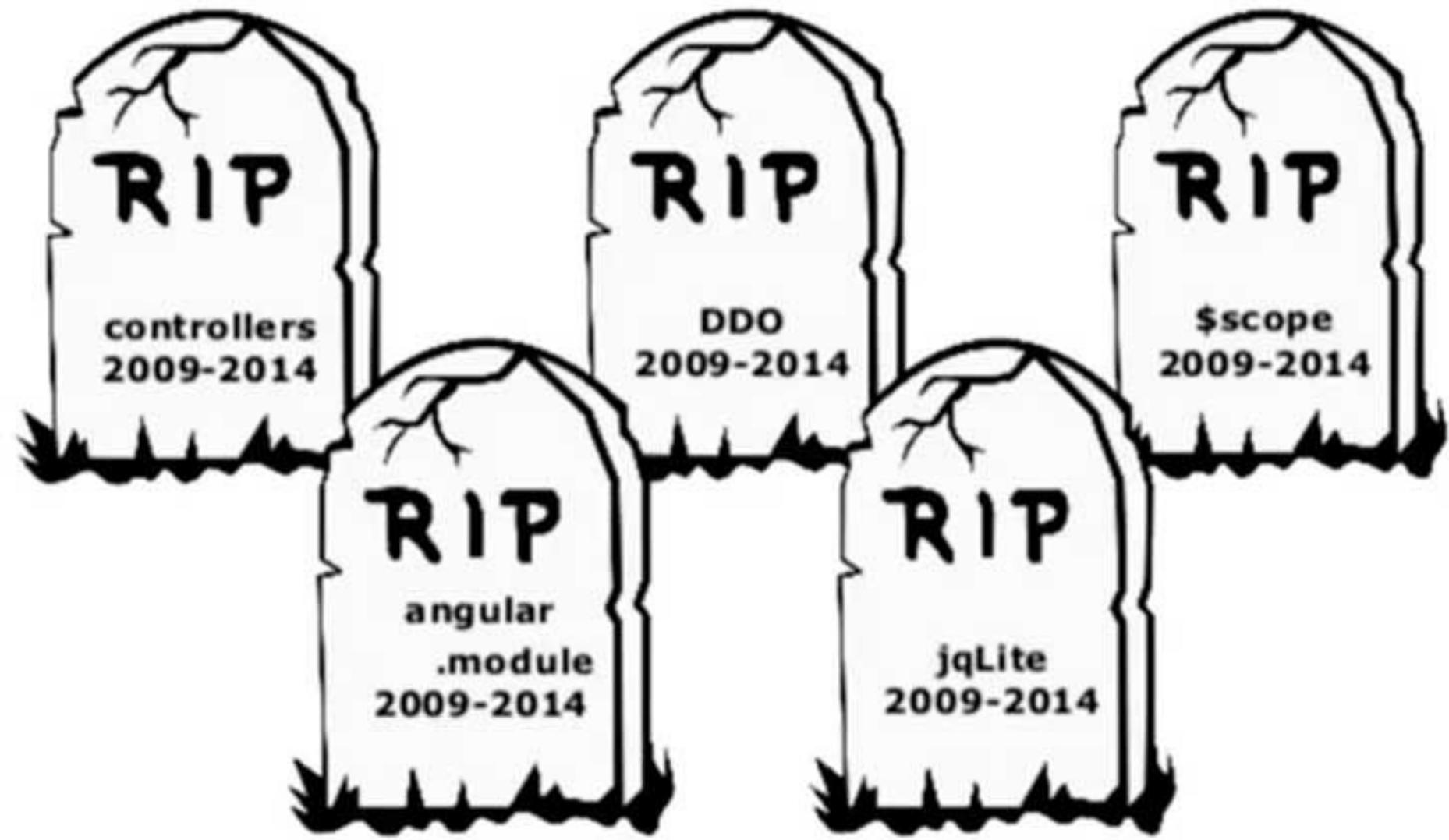


# ANGULAR 2 **VS** 1.X

- Goodbye \$scope
- No more controllers
- Component Based-UI
- 1-way data flow
- ES6 / Typescript
- New built-in directives

# ANGULAR 2 **VS** 1.X

- New DI system
- Performance
- Better Mobile Support
- Server side render e Native Script
- Embrace Flux and RxJS
- Change Detection System



# AN ANGULAR2 APPLICATION UI IS A COMPOSITION OF COMPONENTS

(reusable UI building blocks)



# Thinking in components

APP

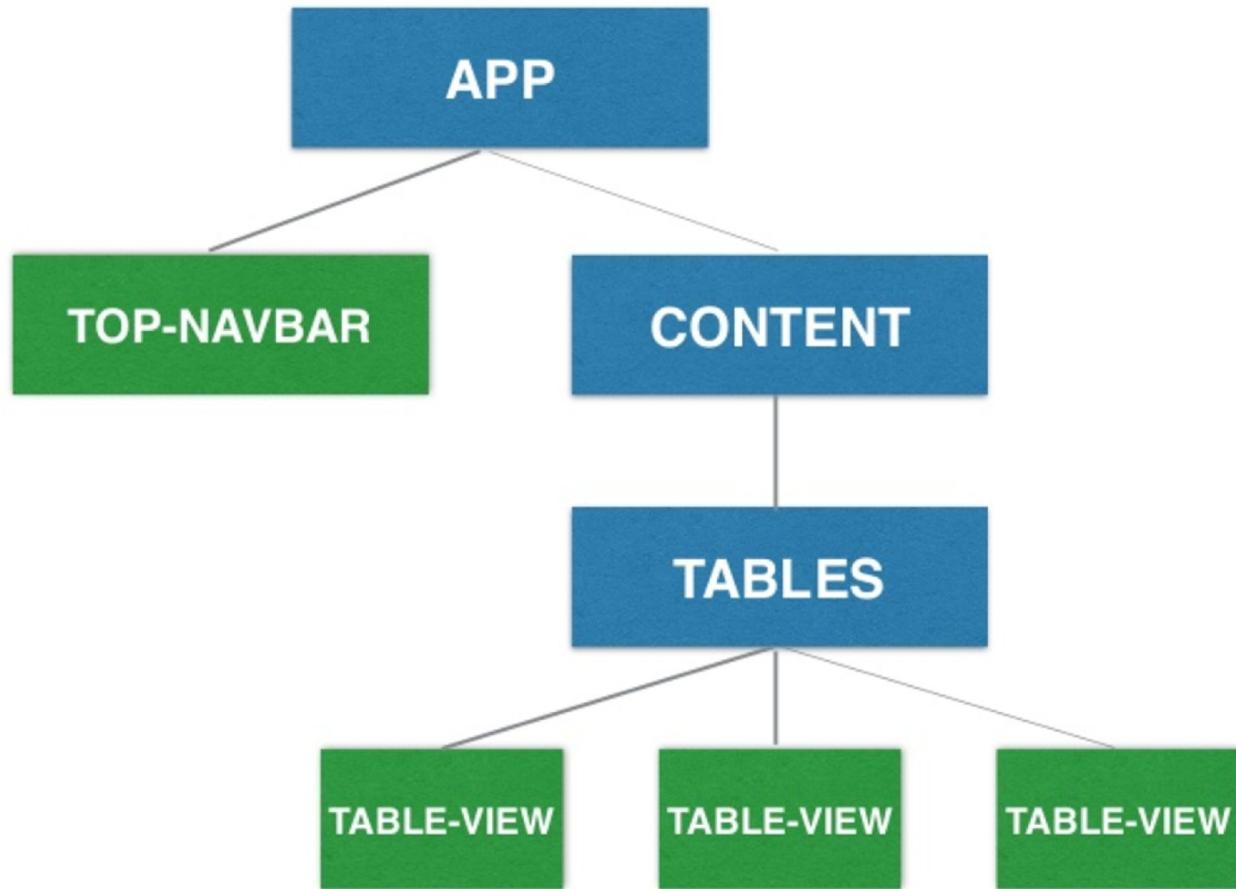
TOP-NAVBAR

CONTENT

TABLES

TABLE-VIEW

# Thinking in components



wrapper component

# MOST BASIC COMPONENT

In JavaScript

```
import { Component } from 'angular2/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'App',
  template: '<h1>Hello Component!</h1>'
})

class App {}
```

Use in HTML

```
<body>

<App></App>

</body>
```

# COMPONENT COMPOSITION

content.ts

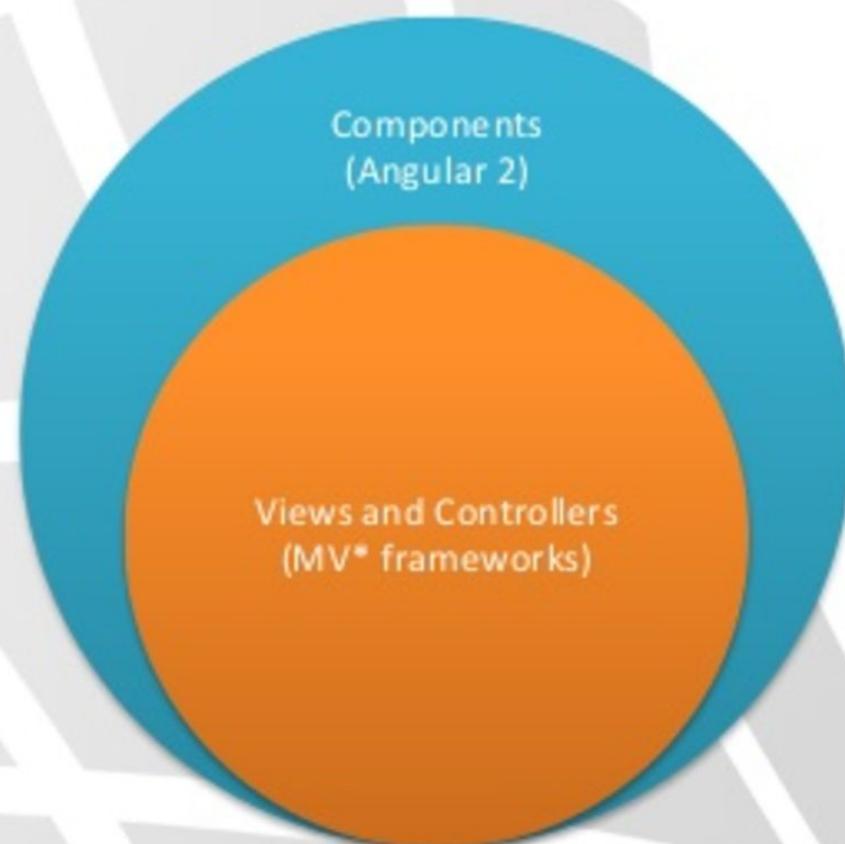
```
import {Component} from "angular2/core";  
  
@Component({  
    selector: 'content',  
    template: `<div class="container"></div>`  
})  
  
export class Content {}
```

app.ts

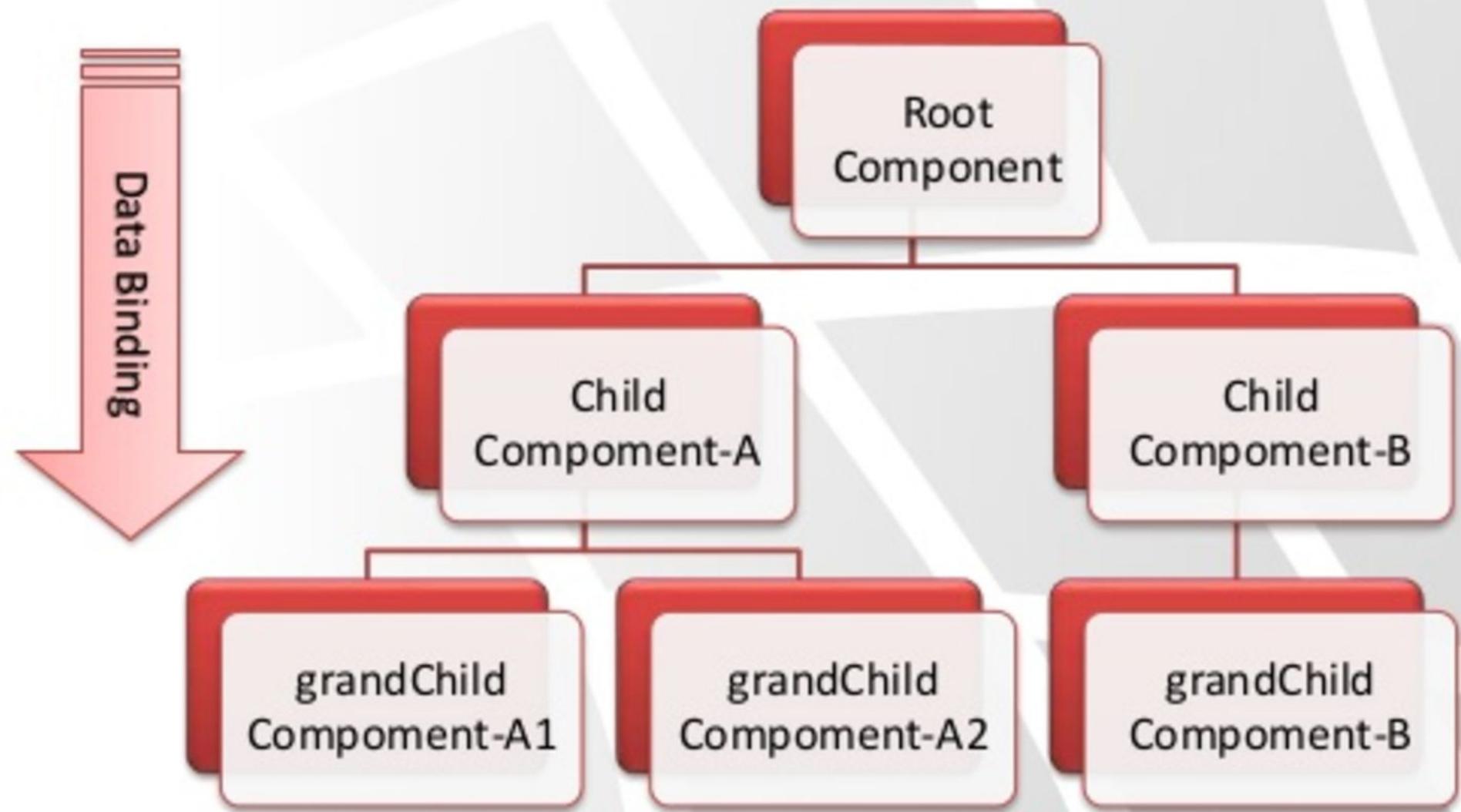
```
import {Component} from 'angular2/core';  
import {TopNavBar} from './top-navbar';  
import {Content} from './content';  
  
@Component({  
    selector: 'app',  
    directives: [Content, TopNavBar],  
    template:  
        `<top-navbar></top-navbar>  
        <content></content>  
`  
}  
  
export class App {}
```

# From MVC to Components

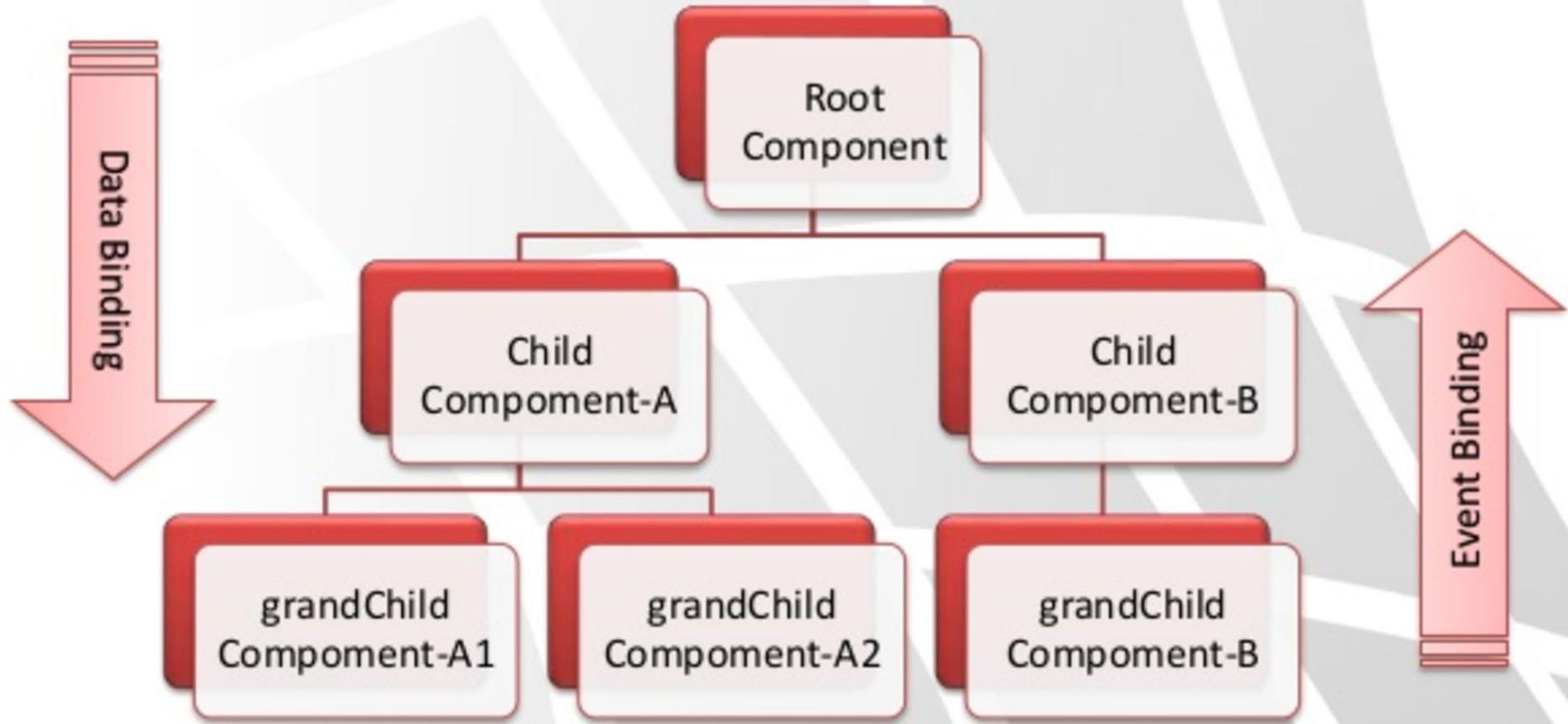
- ★ Components are a higher-level abstraction than MVC
- ★ MV\* Frameworks focuses on controllers
- ★ Angular 2 focuses on components
  - ★ Component classes implement logic
  - ★ Controllers and views are metadata



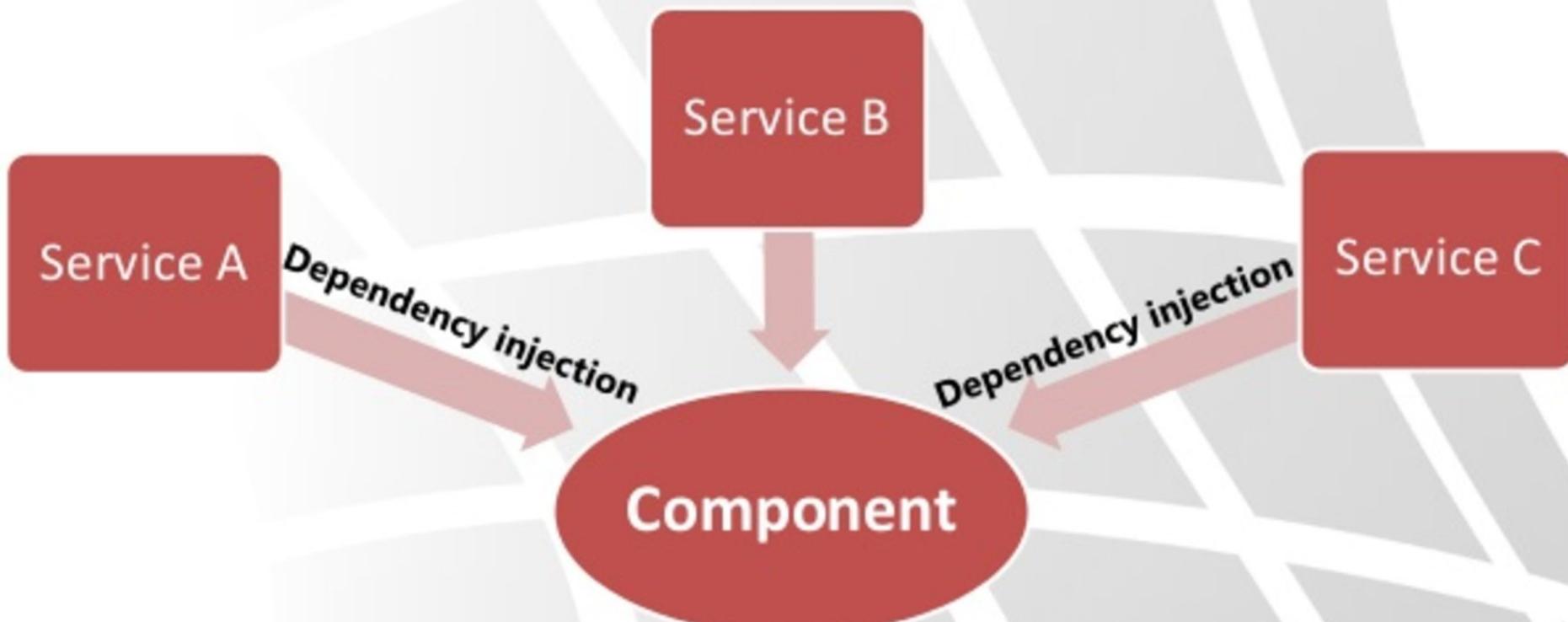
# ★ Data is Flowing downwards.



# ★ Events are Flowing upwards.



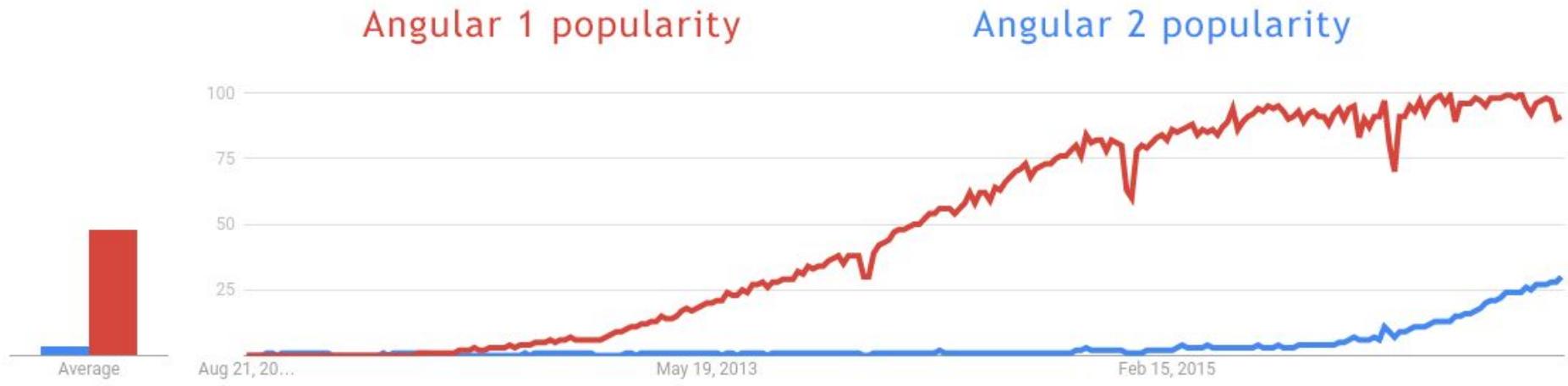
- Each Component Can consume injectable Services.



- Components, Services, Directives and Pipes are all defined inside Angular Modules



# Angular 1 vs. 2 popularity



# TypeScript

- types
- annotations

# ES6

- classes
- modules

# ES5



TypeScript

# TypeScript

ECMAScript 6

June 2015

ECMAScript 5

December 2009

my-script.ts

TypeScript



transpiler



my-script.js

ES5

# TSC - the TypeScript compiler

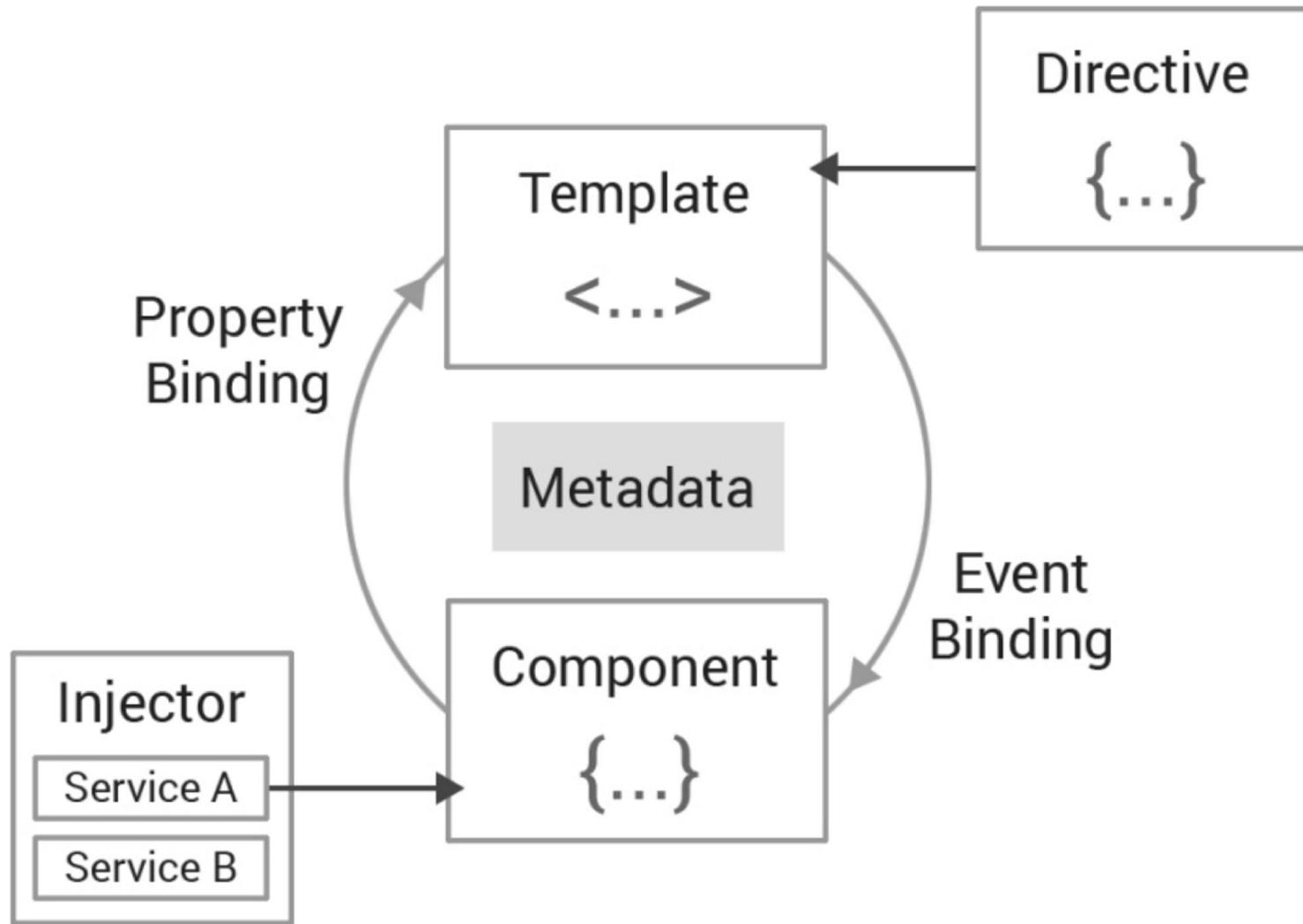
TSC is a source-to-source compiler (a transpiler).

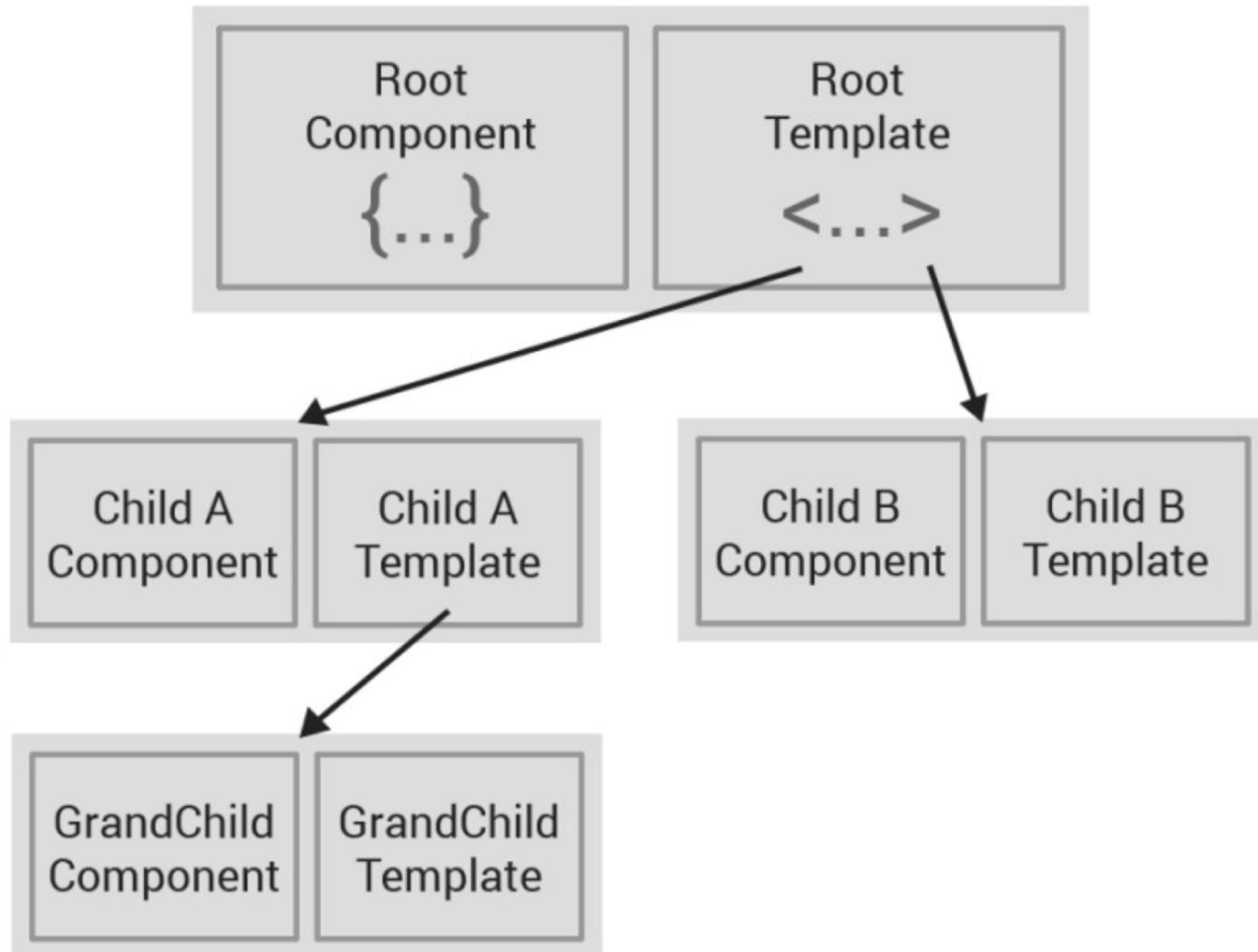


There are lots of options that allow you to:

- concatenate different files in a single output file.
- generate sourcemaps.
- generate module loading code (node.js or require.js).

You can play with the TypeScript playground or setup your environment to see it in action.







# Components

```
1 // my-app.component.ts
2 import {bootstrap} from 'angular2/platform/browser';
3 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
4
5 @Component({
6   selector: 'my-app',
7   template: '<h1>My application</h1>'
8 })
9 export class AppComponent { }
10
11 bootstrap(MyAppComponent);
```

```
1 <!-- index.html -->
2 <body>
3   <my-app>Loading...</my-app>
4 </body>
```



## Displaying data

```
1 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
2
3 @Component({
4   selector: 'my-app',
5   template: '<h1>{{message}}</h1>'
6 })
7 export class AppComponent {
8   message: string;
9
10  constructor() {
11    this.message = 'My application';
12  }
13 }
```



## Displaying data

```
1 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
2
3 @Component({
4   selector: 'my-app',
5   template: `
6     <input value="{{message}}">
7     <input [value]="message">
8   `
9 })
10 export class AppComponent {
11   message: string = 'My application';
12 }
```



## User Input

```
1 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
2
3 @Component({
4   selector: 'my-app',
5   template: `
6     <p>{{message}}</p>
7     <button (click)="onClick()">
8       <input #box (keyup)="onKey(box.value)">
9     `
10 })
11 export class AppComponent {
12   message: string = 'My application';
13   onClick() { }
14   onKey(value: string) { }
15 }
```



## Two-way data binding

```
1 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
2
3 @Component({
4   selector: 'my-app',
5   template: `
6     <input
7       [ngModel]="message"
8       (ngModelChange)="message=$event">
9     <input [(ngModel)]="message">
10    `
11 })
12 export class AppComponent {
13   message: string = 'My application';
14 }
```



## Parent and child components

```
1 // parent.component.ts
2 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
3 import {ChildComponent} from './child.component';
4
5 @Component({
6   selector: 'parent',
7   template: `
8     <child [childMsg]="parentMsg"></child>
9   `,
10  directives: [ChildComponent]
11 })
12 export class ParentComponent {
13   parentMsg: string = 'My application';
14 }
```



# Dependency Injection

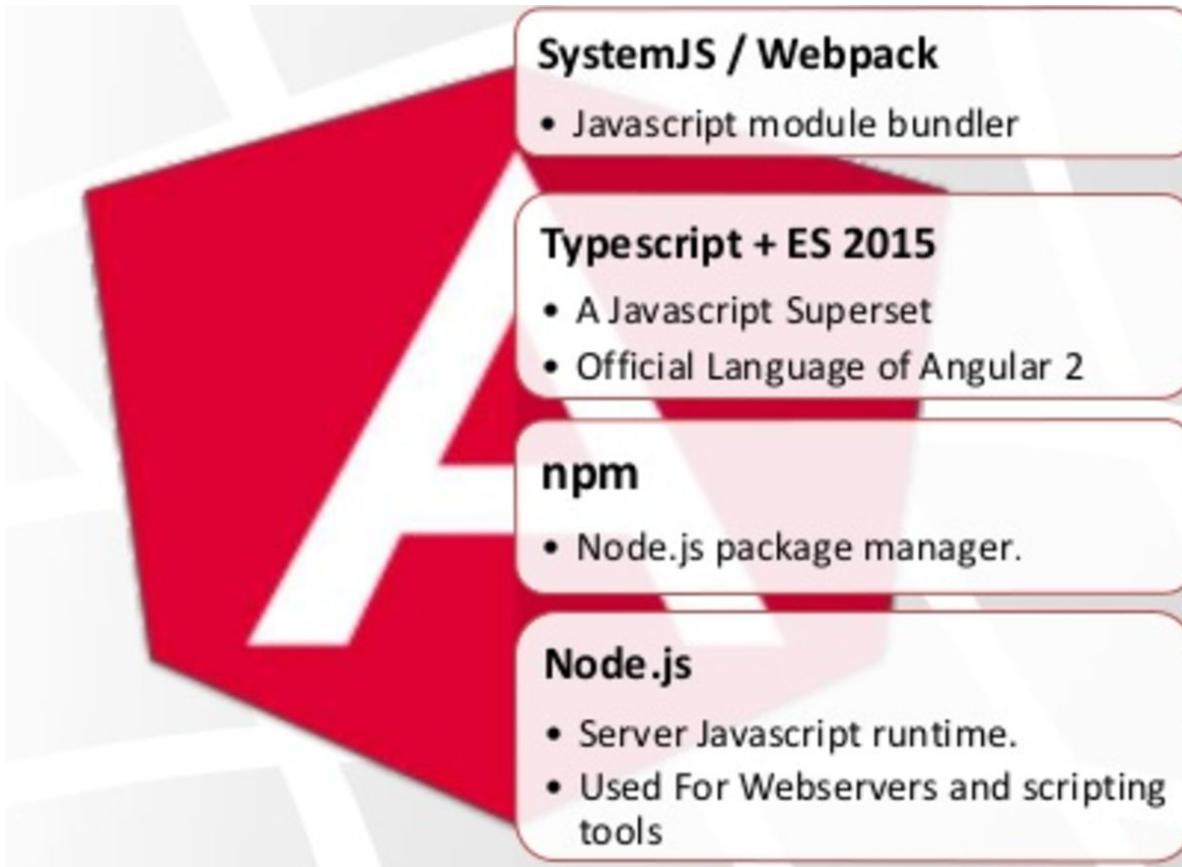
```
1 // my-app.service.ts
2 import {Injectable} from 'angular2/core';
3
4 @Injectable()
5 export class MyAppService {
6     doSomething() { }
7 }
```



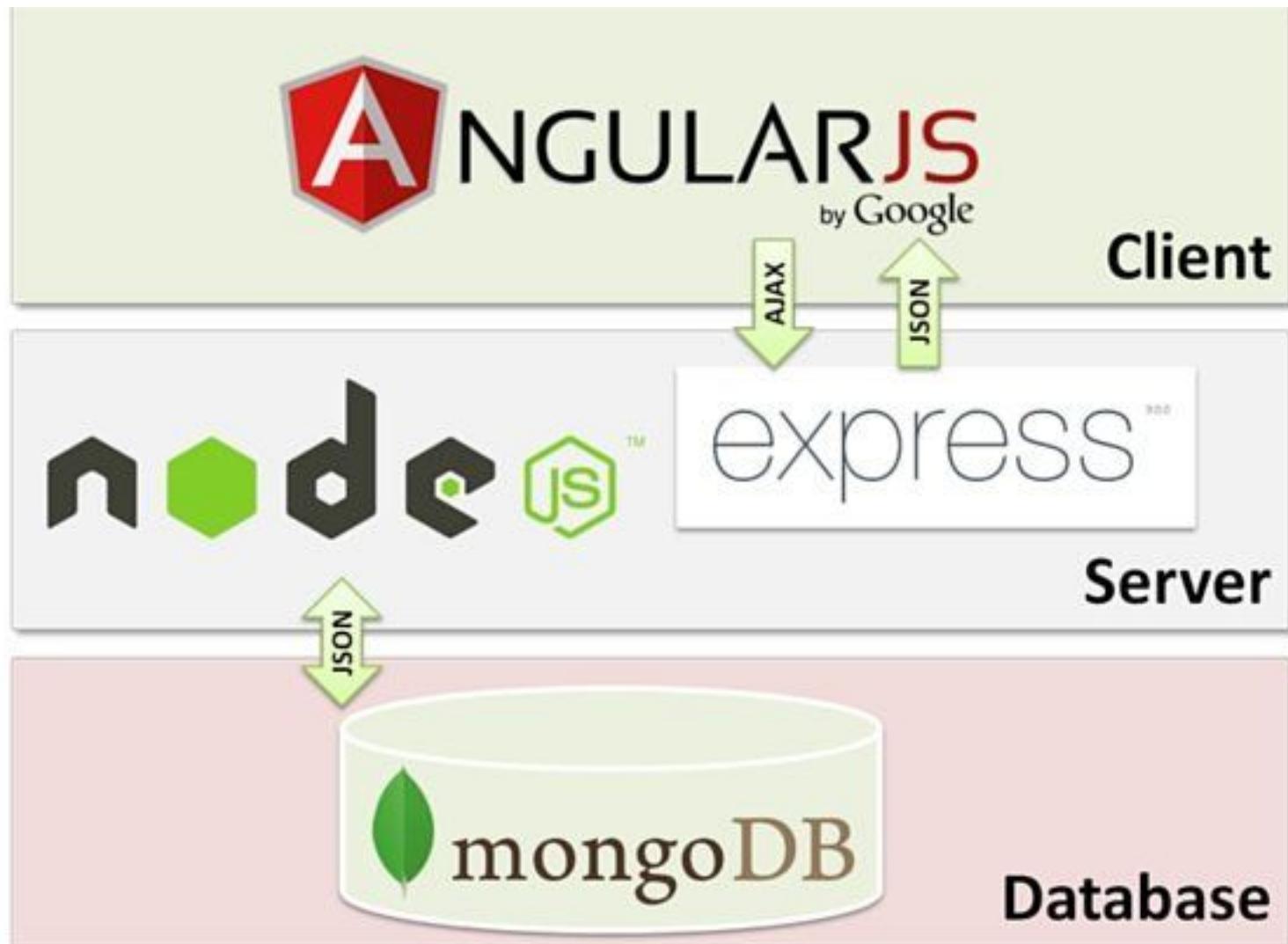
# Dependency Injection

```
1 // my-app.component.ts
2 import {Component} from 'angular2/core';
3 import {MyAppService} from './my-app.service';
4
5 @Component({
6   selector: 'my-app',
7   template: ''
8 })
9 export class AppComponent {
10   constructor(private _myAppService: MyAppService) { }
11 }
```

# ANGULAR 2 DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT



## MEAN STACK



## MEAN STACK



THANK YOU  
AND HAVE A GOOD TRAINING!