Exercise Round 1 Daniel Kusnetsoff

Task 1

1

 $x2 = 3 \times 1$

 $x3 = 2 \times 1$

a) Convert the four points below (cartesian x,y-coordinates) into their corresponding homogeneous coordinate form.

x1 = [2;1] $x1 = 2 \times 1$

x1 =[2;1;1]

x1 = 3x1 2 1 1

x2 =[1;-2]

 $x2 = 2 \times 1$ 1 -2

x2 =[1;-2;1]

1 -2 1

x3 =[1;1]

1 1 1

x3 =[1;1;1]

x3 = 3x1 1 1 1

x4 =[-1;0]

x4 = 2×1
-1
0

x4 =[-1;0;1]

b) The line I through two points \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{x}' is $\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{x}'$. Use this to form two lines, line I1 through homogeneous points $\mathbf{x}1$ and $\mathbf{x}2$, and I2 through $\mathbf{x}3$ and $\mathbf{x}4$.

As $I = x \times x'$,

x(transpose)*I = x(transpose)*x cross(x') = 0

A=cross(x1,x2)

 $A = 3 \times 1$

-1 -5

B=cross(x3,x4)

B = 3×1 1

-2 1

c. The intersection of two lines I and I' is the point $x = I \times I'$. Use lines I1 and I2 to

calculate their point of intersection and convert this back into cartesian coordinates.

C=cross(A,B)

 $C = 3 \times 1$

-11 -8

-5

-11/5

ans = -2.2000

-8/5

ans = -1.6000

Point of intersection [-2.2;-1.6]