



Implementation: Policy Improvement

In the last lesson, you learned that given an estimate Q of the action-value function q_π corresponding to a policy π , it is possible to construct an improved (or equivalent) policy π' , where $\pi' \geq \pi$.

For each state $s \in \mathcal{S}$, you need only select the action that maximizes the action-value function estimate. In other words,

$$\pi'(s) = \arg \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} Q(s, a) \text{ for all } s \in \mathcal{S}.$$

The full pseudocode for **policy improvement** can be found below.

Policy Improvement

Input: MDP, value function V

Output: policy π'

for $s \in \mathcal{S}$ **do**

for $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ **do**

$Q(s, a) \leftarrow \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r | s, a)(r + \gamma V(s'))$

end

$\pi'(s) \leftarrow \arg \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} Q(s, a)$

end

return π'

In the event that there is some state $s \in \mathcal{S}$ for which $\arg \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} Q(s, a)$ is not unique, there is some flexibility in how the improved policy π' is constructed.

In fact, as long as the policy π' satisfies for each $s \in \mathcal{S}$ and $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$:

$$\pi'(a|s) = 0 \text{ if } a \notin \arg \max_{a' \in \mathcal{A}(s)} Q(s, a'),$$

it is an improved policy. In other words, any policy that (for each state) assigns zero probability to the actions that do not maximize the action-value function estimate (for



Implementation

Please use the next concept to complete **Part 3: Policy Improvement** of `Dynamic_Programming.ipynb`. Remember to save your work!

If you'd like to reference the pseudocode while working on the notebook, you are encouraged to open [this sheet](#) in a new window.

Feel free to check your solution by looking at the corresponding section in `Dynamic_Programming_Solution.ipynb`.

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