



## Implementation: MC Prediction (Action Values)

The pseudocode for (first-visit) MC prediction (for the action values) can be found below. *(Feel free to implement either the first-visit or every-visit MC method. In the game of Blackjack, both the first-visit and every-visit methods return identical results.)*

### First-Visit MC Prediction (for Action Values)

**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$   
**Output:** value function  $Q$  ( $\approx q_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
 Initialize  $N(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
 Initialize  $returns\_sum(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
     Generate an episode  $S_0, A_0, R_1, \dots, S_T$  using  $\pi$   
     **for**  $t \leftarrow 0$  **to**  $T - 1$  **do**  
         **if**  $(S_t, A_t)$  is a first visit (with return  $G_t$ ) **then**  
              $N(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow N(S_t, A_t) + 1$   
              $returns\_sum(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow returns\_sum(S_t, A_t) + G_t$   
         **end**  
     **end**  
 $Q(s, a) \leftarrow returns\_sum(s, a) / N(s, a)$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
**return**  $Q$

Both the first-visit and every-visit methods are **guaranteed to converge** to the true value function, as the number of visits to each state-action pair approaches infinity. *(So, in other words, as long as the agent gets enough experience with each state-action pair, the value function estimate will be pretty close to the true value.)*

We won't use MC prediction to estimate the action-values corresponding to a deterministic policy; this is because many state-action pairs will *never* be visited (since a deterministic policy always chooses the *same* action from each state). Instead, so that convergence is guaranteed, we will only estimate action-value functions corresponding to policies where each action has a nonzero probability of being selected from each state.



## Implementation

If you'd like to reference the pseudocode while working on the notebook, you are encouraged to open [this sheet](#) in a new window.

Feel free to check your solution by looking at the corresponding section in [Monte\\_Carlo\\_Solution.ipynb](#).

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