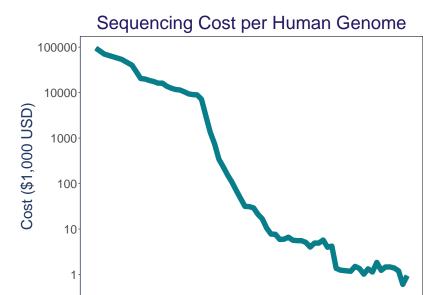
### Bioinformatics: the hot interdisciplinary field

### **Daniella Lato**

PhD Candidate Biology Department Golding Lab, McMaster

 cagccagatgggggggggggtgagcgctctcccgctcaaa acctccagcactttgcgatgcgtttcgctcacttgccgct tcctaatctaaaaataaaactgaatttataaggtttctat ttcttagagtcggtgggtatcaaggattaaaatcaatcct catcctatccagtccgcgtcaatctccggcaaagaggcgg gagagattccggccgaattgcgcggtaagcggggaaaccc ggtaaaacactgcagagtcagccccttgccggcgatcggg agtttgcggttcctgtggatgaggagtcgatctgcgtgac aatttgtcgtggccatgagtcttgtccacatgcccgggca agagatttccggttaggtgtcagatgtgaacaagtcgccg cttttccacttgcctgaagccaggcgccgccgttagctgt ttttgtcccgccttatcaacagaccgcggagaattgcgtg gagaaccgcaaaaactacttccatctgcatttgatctccg attcgaccggcgaaactctgatcgccgccggccgagcggc tgctgcgcaattccagtcctcccatgcgctggaacacgtc tatccgctgatccgcaaccggaagcagctgatgcaggtca

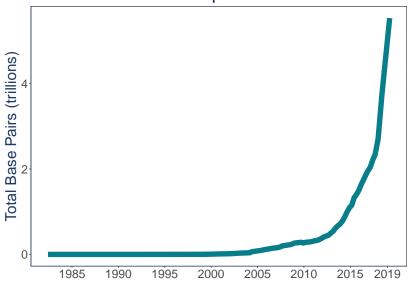


adapted from: Kris Wetterstrand, National Human Genome Research Institute

### Cost to Sequence a Human Genome in 2019



### **EMBL Sequence Data**



Data from: EMBL

How many GB is that?

All that sequence data would equal about

11,066,077,343,692 GB

### How many GB is that?







### Bioinformatics to the rescue!



### What is Bioinformatics?

Bioinformatics is taking biological data, processes and theories and applying "informatics" techniques (derived from disciplines like math, computer science, and statistics) to understand, organize, and predict biological processes.

### Broad Types of Bioinformatics

- 1. Data Analysis
- 2. Software Development
- 3. Modeling

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# Generating, interpreting, and explaining any biological data

### Building the Human Genome



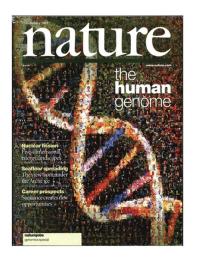
1989: The Banbury meeting at Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory in New York before the launch of the Human Genome Project.

### The Human Genome is Sequenced!

International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium Announces "Working Draft" of Human Genome, June 2000

The Human Genome is Sequenced...Again!

The Human Genome is Sequenced...Again!





The Human Genome is Sequenced...yet AGAIN!

The Human Genome is Sequenced...yet AGAIN!

## The complete Human Genome is announced by NHGRI

### But is the human genome really "Complete"?

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## Creating bioinformatics tools for other people to use

 ${\tt progressive Mauve:}\ Whole\ {\tt genome\ alignment\ program}$ 

progressiveMauve: Whole genome alignment program



### progressiveMauve: Whole genome alignment program

```
nfoll5 Mauve4 /home/dlato/Mauve snapshot/mauve snapshot 2012-06-07/linux-x64/progressiveMauve --help
home/dlato/Mauve_snapshot/mauve_snapshot_2012-06-07/linux-x64/progressiveMauve: unrecognized option '--help'
rogressiveMauve usage:
hen each genome resides in a separate file:
home/dlato/Mauve snapshot/mauve snapshot 2012-06-07/linux-x64/progressiveMauve [options] <seql filename> ... <seqN filename>
then all genomes are in a single file:
home/dlato/Mauve_snapshot/mauve_snapshot_2012-05-07/linux-x64/progressiveMauve_[options] <seg filename>
                island app.-ize-number-Alignment pass above this size in nucleation are considered to be islands [20] 
involved the cut with industrial Board on sizing sequence alignment in WPA format and slap it to other sequences or alignments 
included the construction of the control of t
                 -seed weight-complers Use the specified seed weight for calculating initial anchors-output-cfile Output file name. Prints to screen by default --backbone-output-cfiles Backbone output file name (optional).

-anath-input-cfiles Use specified match file instead of searching for matches
                -input-id-matrix-effice ho identity matrix describing similarity among all pairs of input sequences/alignments-
-max-apped-aligner-longth-eminer-Maximum inputs of base pairs to attempt aligning with the appead aligner
-input-guide-tree-effice A phylogenetic guide tree in MBIGN format that describes the order in which sequences will be aligned
-output-guide-tree-effice Mrit out the guide tree used for alignment to a file.
                 --version Display software version information
                     -debug Run in debug mode (perform internal consistency checks--very slow)
                --doug has in debug mode (perform internal consistency checks-very slow) --
correct path-in-path besignate a path that can be used for temporary data storage. Two or more paths should be specified.
--collinear Assume that most requesces are collinear-they have no rearrangements --
correct path-encementarily, meancetal play Selects the anabering score fraction. Default: teratum sund pairs (sp).
--no-weight-scaling Don't scale LCB weights by conservation distance and breakpoint distance.
                -conservation-distance-scale—number (0.1) Set the maximum engint scaling by presspoint distance. Set details to 0.5
-muscle-args—arguments in quotes> Additional command-line options for MDSCLE. Any quotes should be escaped with a backslash skip-reliment to not perform iterative retinement
                --skip-gapped-alignment Do not perform gapped alignment
--bp-dist-estimate-min-score-mumber-Winnum LCB score for estimating pairwise breakpoint distance
--men-clean Set this to true when debugging memory allocations
                     -gap-open-<number> Gap open penalty
                  --repeat-penalty=<negative|zero> Sets whether the repeat scores go negative or go to zero for highly repetitive sequences. Default is negative
                 --gap-extend⇒number> Gap extend penalty
--substitution-matrix=<file> Nucleotide substitution matrix in NCBI format
                  --weight-<number> Minimum pairwise LCB score
                  --min-scaled-penalty-counder> Minimum breakpoint penalty after scaling the penalty by expected divergence
                 -nmm-p-go-homologous-commber> Probability of transitioning from the unrelated to the homologous state [0.00001]
-nmm-p-go-unrelated-mumber> Probability of transitioning from the homologous to the unrelated state [0.00001]
-nmm-identity-commber> Expected level of sequence identity among pairs of sequences, ranging better 0 and 1 [0.07]
                 --seed family be a family of spaced seeds to improve sensitivity
rould-seeds be solid seeds. No not permit substitutions in another matches.
--coding-seeds the coding pattern seeds. Useful to generate matches coding regions with 3rd codon position degeneracy.
--disable-cache Disable recursive another search cacheing to workersound a crash bug
                     -no-recursion Disable recursive anchor search
home/dlato/Mauve snapshot/mauve snapshot 2012-06-07/linux-x64/progressiveMauve --output-my segs.xmfa my genomel.gbk my genome2.gbk my genome3.fasta
f genomes are in a single file and have no rearrangement:
home/dlato/Mauve snapshot/mauve snapshot 2012-05-07/linux-x64/progressiveMauve --collinear --output-my segs.xmfa my genomes.fasta
nfoll5 Mauve%
```

### Broad Types of Bioinformatics

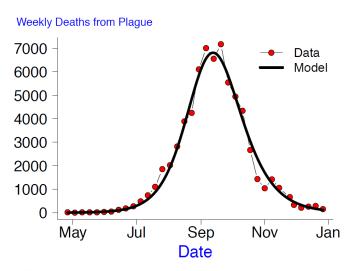
- 1. Data Analysis
- 2. Software Development
- 3. Modeling

### 3. Modelling

Using mathematical and statistical principals to represent and predict biological systems or data

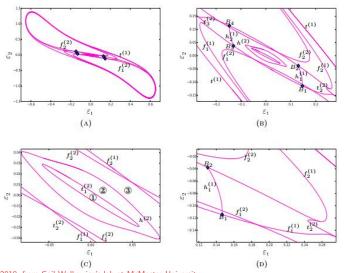
### 3. Modelling

### SIR model and the Great Plague of London



### 3. Modelling

### Bifurcation theory and predator-prey relationships



Li et al. 2018, from Gail Wolkowicz's lab at McMaster University

### Broad Types of Bioinformatics

- 1. Data Analysis
- 2. Software Development
- 3. Modeling

### Broad Types of Bioinformatics

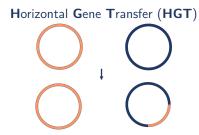
- 1. Data Analysis
- 2. Software Development
- 3. Modeling
- 4. Combination!

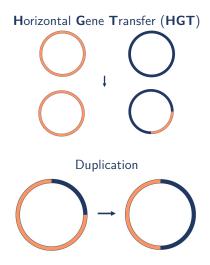
### 4. Combination

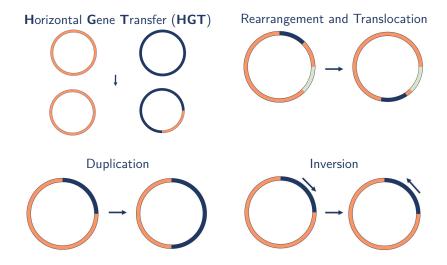
- Modelling + Software Development
- Data Analysis + Modelling
- Data Analysis + Software Development
- Data Analysis + Modelling + Software Development

### Spatial Patterns of Molecular Trends in Bacterial Genomes

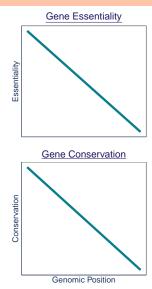
(How do molecular trends change with position in the genome?)



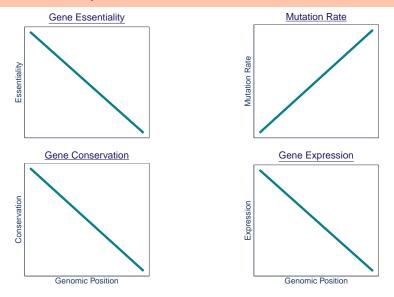




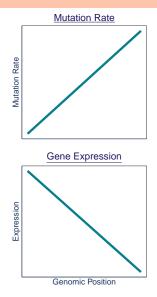
### My Research: Spatial molecular trends



### My Research: Spatial molecular trends



### My Research: Spatial molecular trends



### My Research: The Organisms

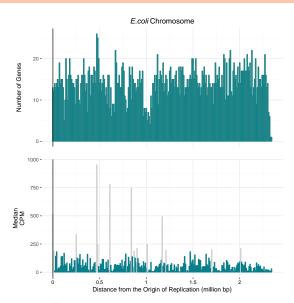
### Bacteria:

- Escherichia coli
- Bacillus subtilis
- Streptomyces
- Sinorhizobium meliloti

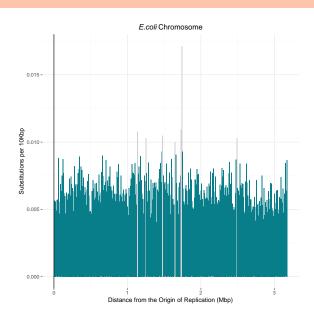


Photo: Streptomyces by Stephanie Jones, Marie Elliot's Lab at McMaster University

### My Research: Gene Expression



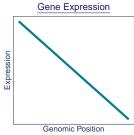
### My Research: Substitutions



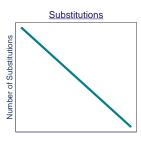
### My Research: Conclusions

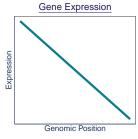
### **Previous Studies:**





### My Research:





### Why become a Comp Bio Geek?



### Courses you should take or audit:

- Online Resources!
  - DataCamp, Corsera, insert more here!
- Bio 3S03: Intro to Bioinformatics
- **Bio 3SS3:** Population Ecology
- Bio 3SA3: insert name of course here
- Math 4MB3: Mathematical Biology
- Math 3MB3: Introduction to Modelling

### **Questions?**

latodf@mcmaster.ca

insert QR code linking to the github for this persentation