

Subs Paper Things to Do:

- ~~write dN/dS methods~~
- ~~write dN/dS results~~
- ~~write dN/dS discussion~~
- ~~write dN/dS into conclusion~~
- ~~spatial analysis of dN , dS , and ω~~
- ~~mol clock for my analysis?~~
- ~~GC content? COG? where do these fit?~~

Gene Expression Paper Things to Do:

- ~~write abstract~~
- ~~write intro~~
- ~~add stuff from outline to Data section~~
- ~~create graphs for expression distribution (no sub data)~~
- ~~add # of genes to expression graphs (top)~~
- ~~average gene expression~~
- ~~write discussion~~
- ~~write conclusion~~
- ~~add into methods: filters for Hiseq, RT-PCR and growth phases for data collection~~
- ~~update supplementary figures/file~~

Inversions and Gene Expression Letter Things to Do:

- ~~check if opposite strand in progressiveMauve means an inversions (check visual matches the xmfa)~~
- ~~check if PARSNP and progressiveMauve both identify the same inversions (check xmfa file)~~
- ~~create latex template for paper~~
- ~~put notes from papers into doc~~
- ~~use large PARSNP alignment to identify inversions~~

- confirm inversions with dot plot
- write outline for letter
- write Abstract
- write intro
- write methods
- compile tables (supplementary)
- write results
- write discussion
- write conclusion
- do same ancestral/phylogenetic analysis that I did in the subs paper

Last Week

Last week I was working on addressing some of the weird things about the substitution analysis. I was mostly looking into why *Escherichia coli* looks like it is missing a whole bunch of data in the dN , dS , ω genome distribution graphs. I already talked to you about this but it looks like it is because some genes have a “join” in the gene location and because of pseudo genes. So I had to re-code how the gene start and stop positions are being gathered. I am still making sure that this does not mess up any analysis down the line and that this will fix the issue with pSymA also missing a big chunk of data.

This Week

This week I overall want to fix/figure out why there are a bunch of weird things happening with the substitution and selection results. The goal is to get this all fixed so this weekend and next week I can re-run the analysis.

I want to continue to work out why *Escherichia coli* is missing so much data.

I would also like to investigate why *S. meliloti* Chromosome has a bunch of zero values for dS and ω .

I would also like to figure out why *Streptomyces* has $dN > dS$.

Next Week

I hope to have the re-running of the selection and substitutions analysis done by the end of the week (hopefully!!! but there are always issues that are slowing down my progress).

While all that is running, I need to keep working on the inversions and gene expression stuff.

Bacteria and Replicon	Coding Sequences	Non-Coding Sequences
<i>E. coli</i> Chromosome	$3.557 \times 10^{-7***}$	NS
<i>B. subtilis</i> Chromosome	$-7.804 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-3.170 \times 10^{8*}$
<i>Streptomyces</i> Chromosome	$4.545 \times 10^{-8***}$	$1.584 \times 10^{-7***}$
<i>S. meliloti</i> Chromosome	$-9.183 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.718 \times 10^{-7***}$
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymA	$-8.121 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.247 \times 10^{-7***}$
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymB	$1.655 \times 10^{-7***}$	$4.105 \times 10^{-7***}$

Table 1: Logistic regression analysis of the number of substitutions along all positions of the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. These genomic positions were split up into the coding and non-coding regions of the genome. Grey coloured boxes indicate a negative logistic regression coefficient estimate. All results are statistically significant. Logistic regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication. All results are marked with significance codes as followed: $< 0.001 = '***'$, $0.001 < 0.01 = '**'$, $0.01 < 0.05 = '*'$, $> 0.05 = 'NS'$.

Bacteria and Replicon	dN	dS	ω
<i>E. coli</i> Chromosome	NS	NS	1.416×10^{-4}
<i>B. subtilis</i> Chromosome	$-1.383 \times 10^{-6***}$	NS	$-1.309 \times 10^{-5**}$
<i>Streptomyces</i> Chromosome	NS	NS	NS
<i>S. meliloti</i> Chromosome	NS	NS	NS
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymA	NS	NS	NS
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymB	NS	NS	$1.167 \times 10^{-5*}$

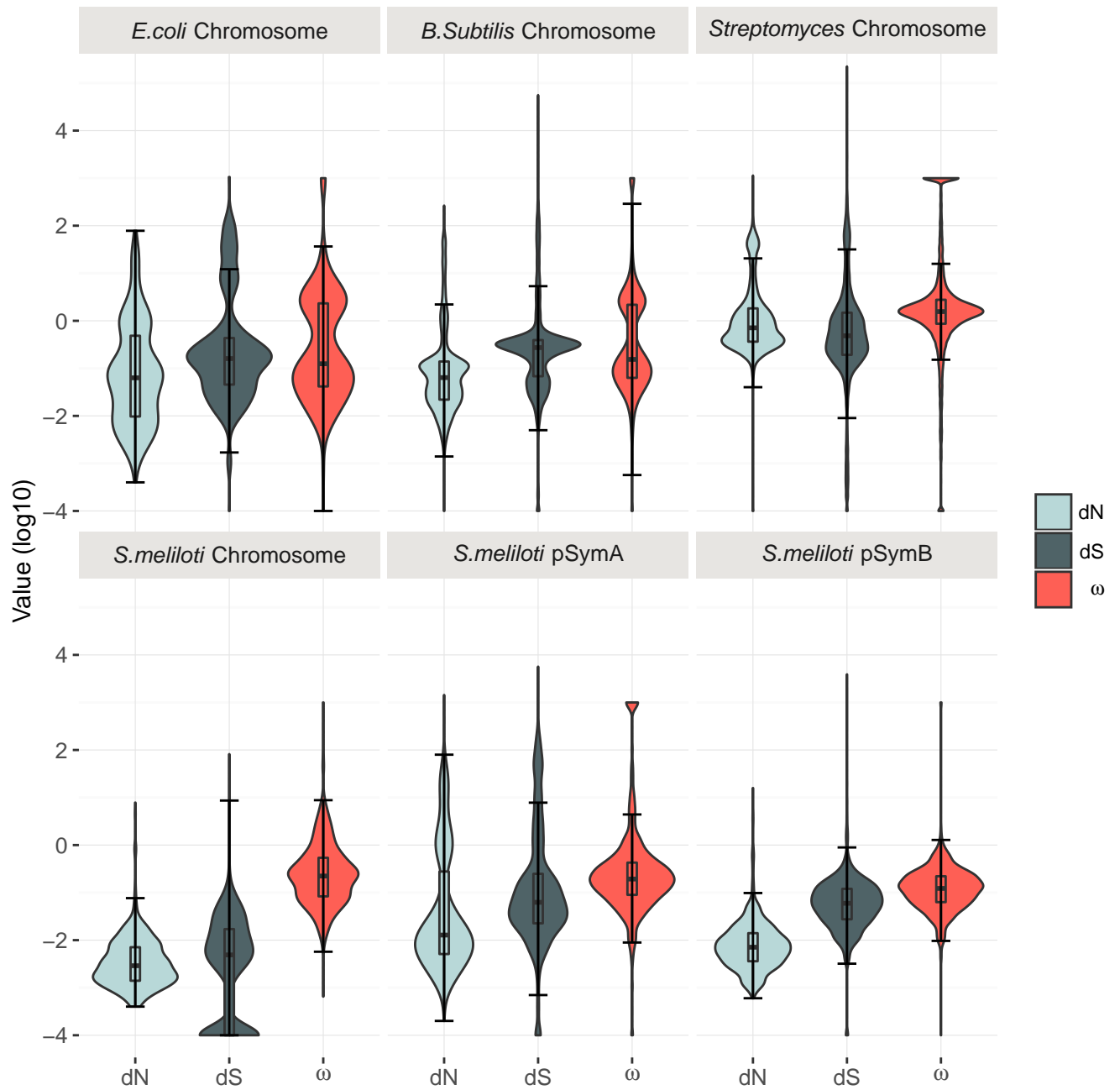
Table 2: Linear regression for dN , dS , and ω calculated for each bacterial replicon on a per genome basis. All results are marked with significance codes as followed: $p: < 0.001 = '***'$, $0.001 < 0.01 = '**'$, $0.01 < 0.05 = '*'$, $> 0.05 = 'NS'$.

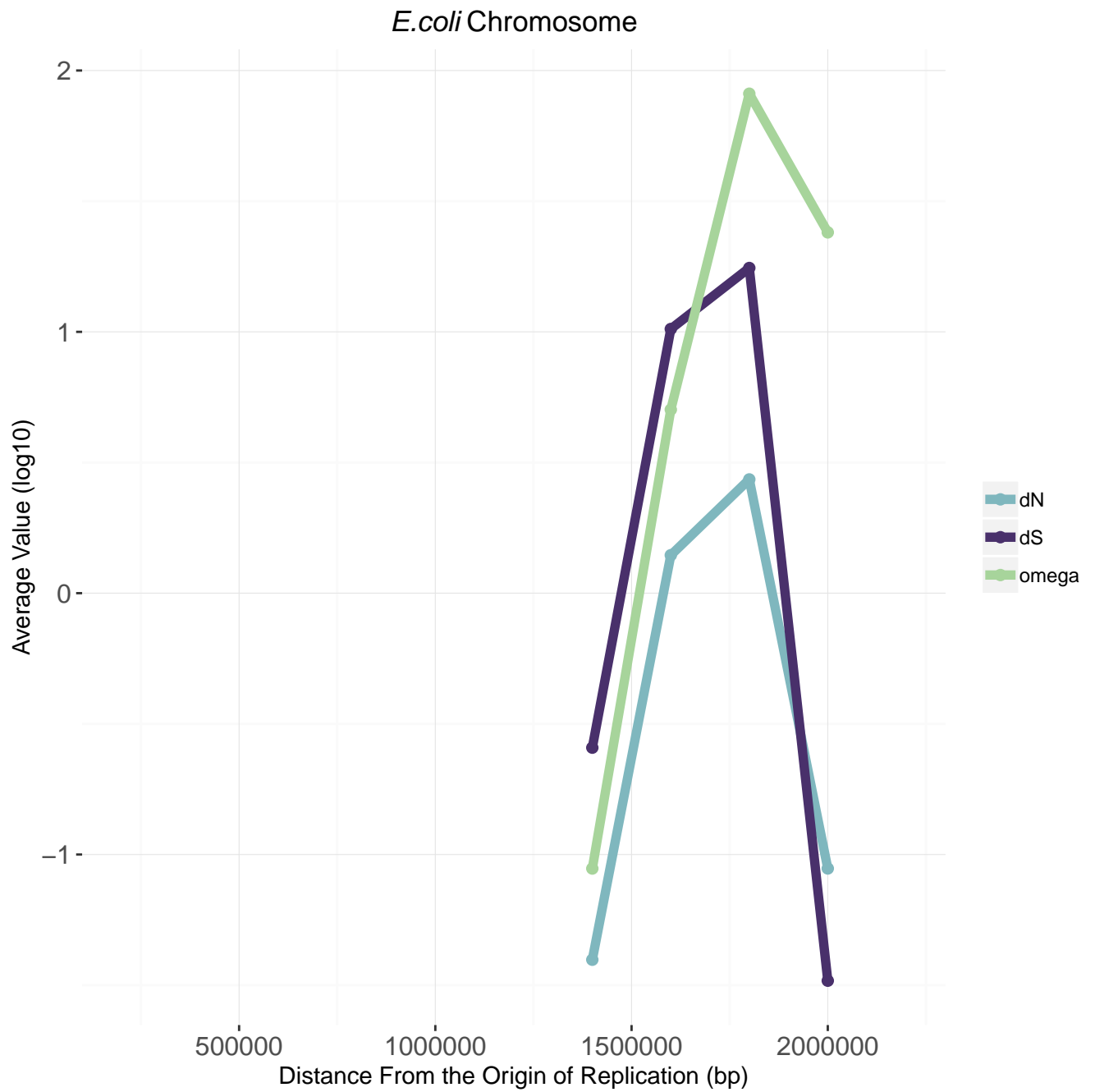
Bacteria and Replicon	Average Expression Value (CPM)
<i>E. coli</i> Chromosome	160.500
<i>B. subtilis</i> Chromosome	176.400
<i>Streptomyces</i> Chromosome	6.084
<i>S. meliloti</i> Chromosome	271.400
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymA	690.100
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymB	595.700

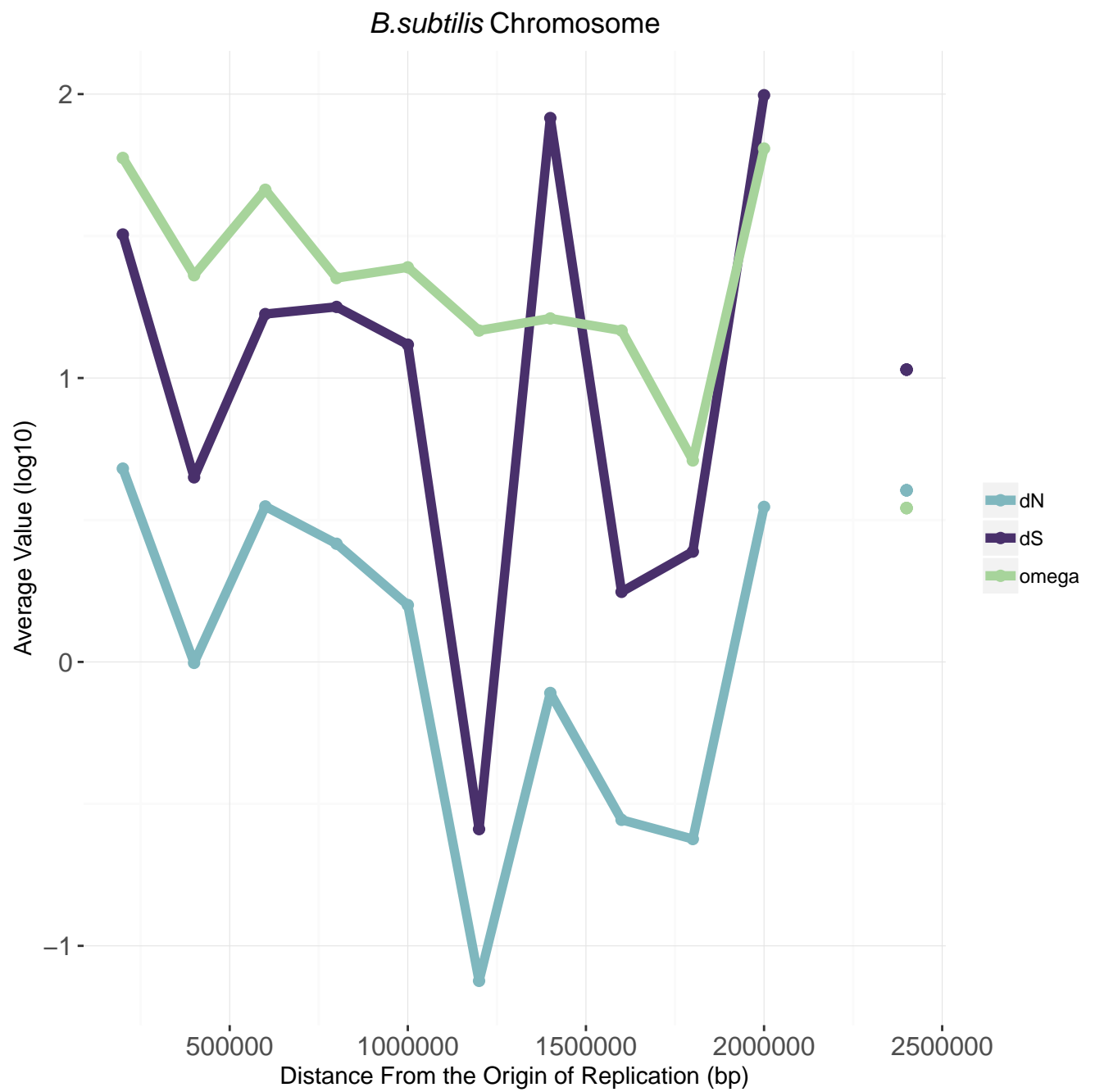
Table 3: Arithmetic gene expression calculated across all genes in each replicon. Expression values are represented in Counts Per Million.

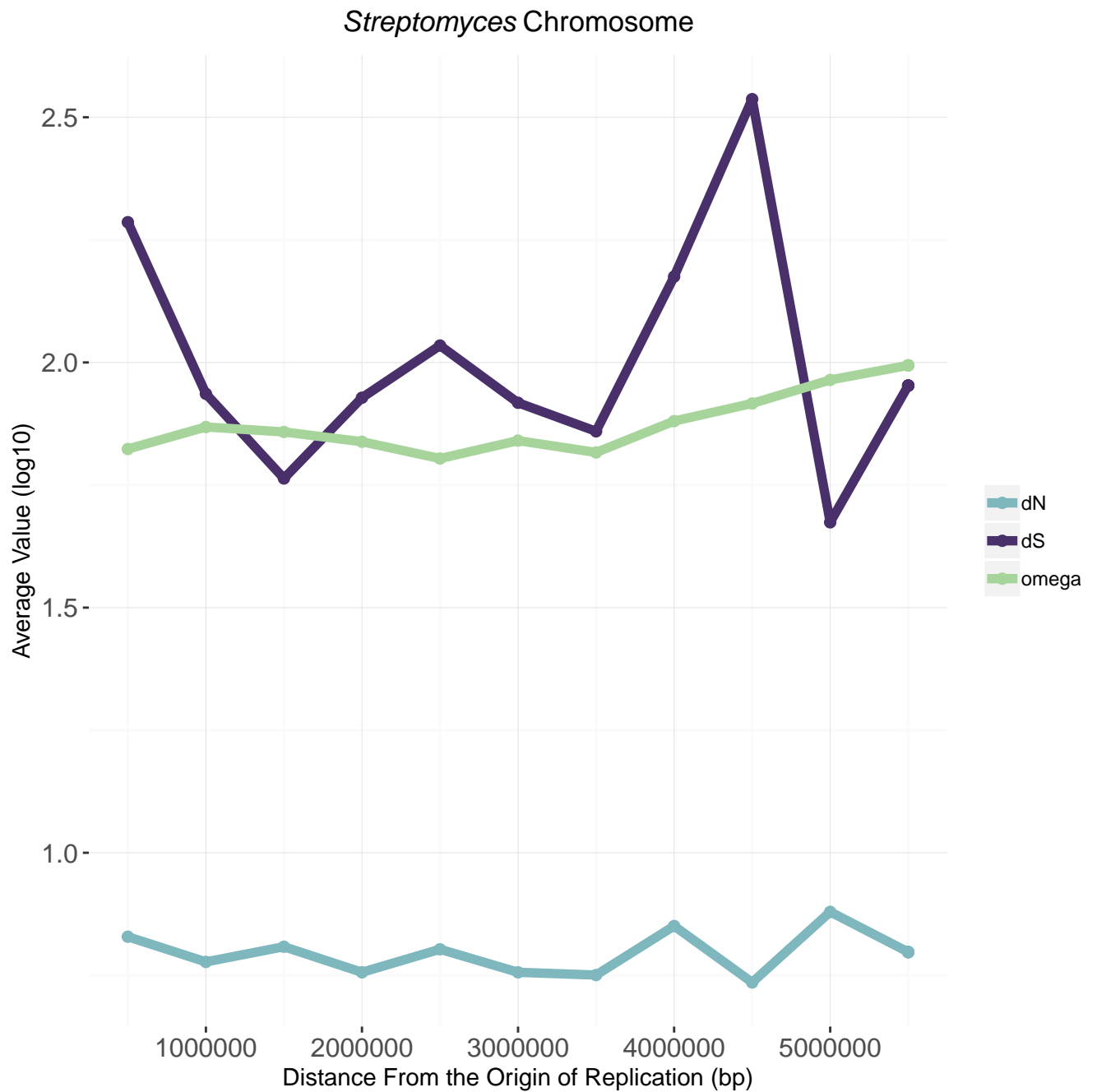
Bacteria and Replicon	Gene Average			Genome Average		
	dS	dN	ω	dS	dN	ω
<i>E. coli</i> Chromosome	1.3694	0.1433	3.2789	0.7445	0.0752	1.5618
<i>B. subtilis</i> Chromosome	4.4557	0.2755	8.9584	0.7947	0.1140	4.8677
<i>Streptomyces</i> Chromosome	0.1924	0.3201	2.6404	0.1775	0.3017	2.4358
<i>S. meliloti</i> Chromosome	0.0134	0.0014	0.0844	0.0134	0.0013	0.0930
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymA	1.0602	0.7451	5.1290	0.4100	0.0863	0.8311
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymB	3.3091	0.0260	0.3878	0.1436	0.0100	0.1950

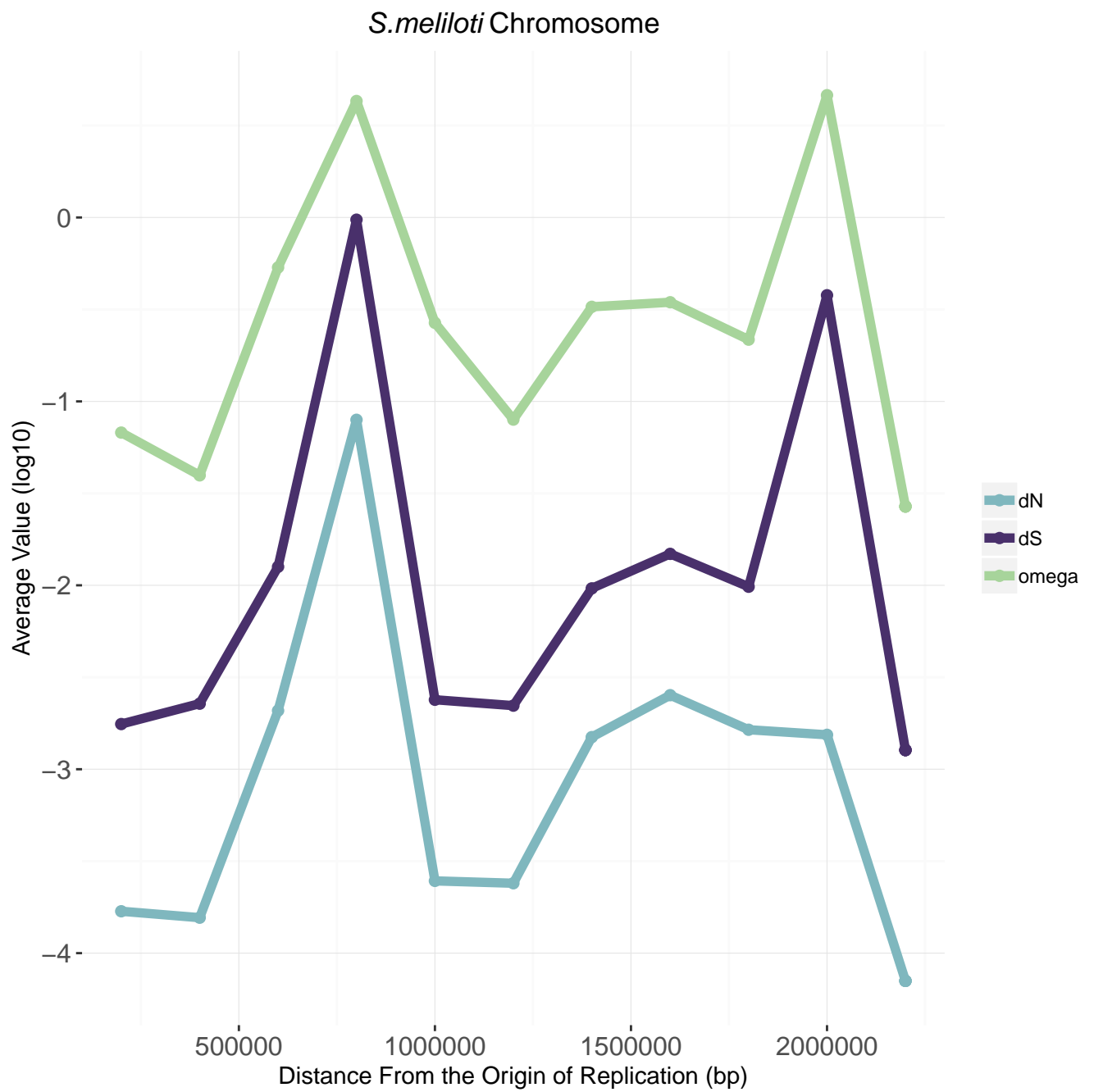
Table 4: Weighted averages calculated for each bacterial replicon on a per genome basis using the gene length as the weight. Arithmetic mean calculated for the per gene averages for each bacterial replicon.

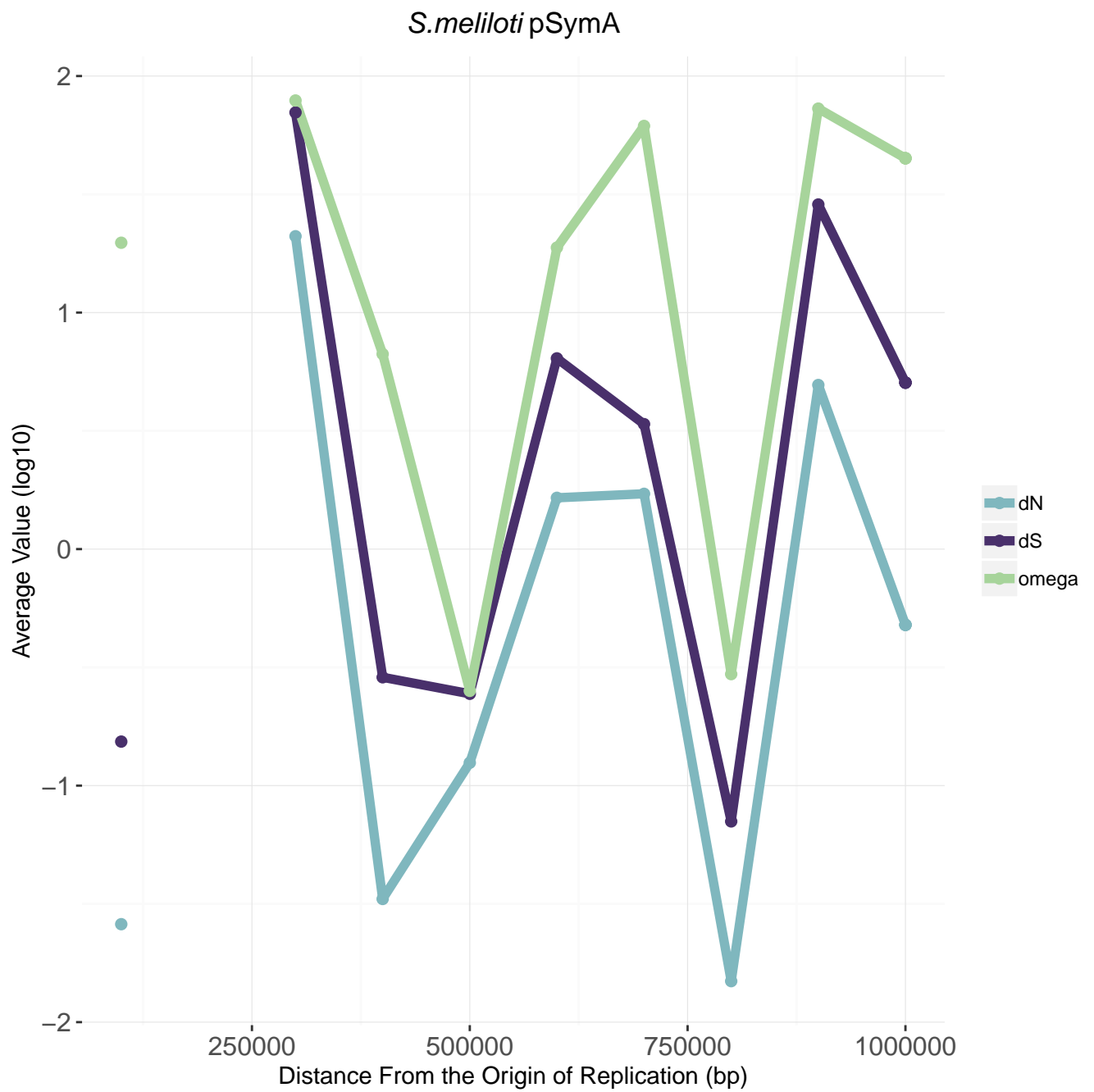


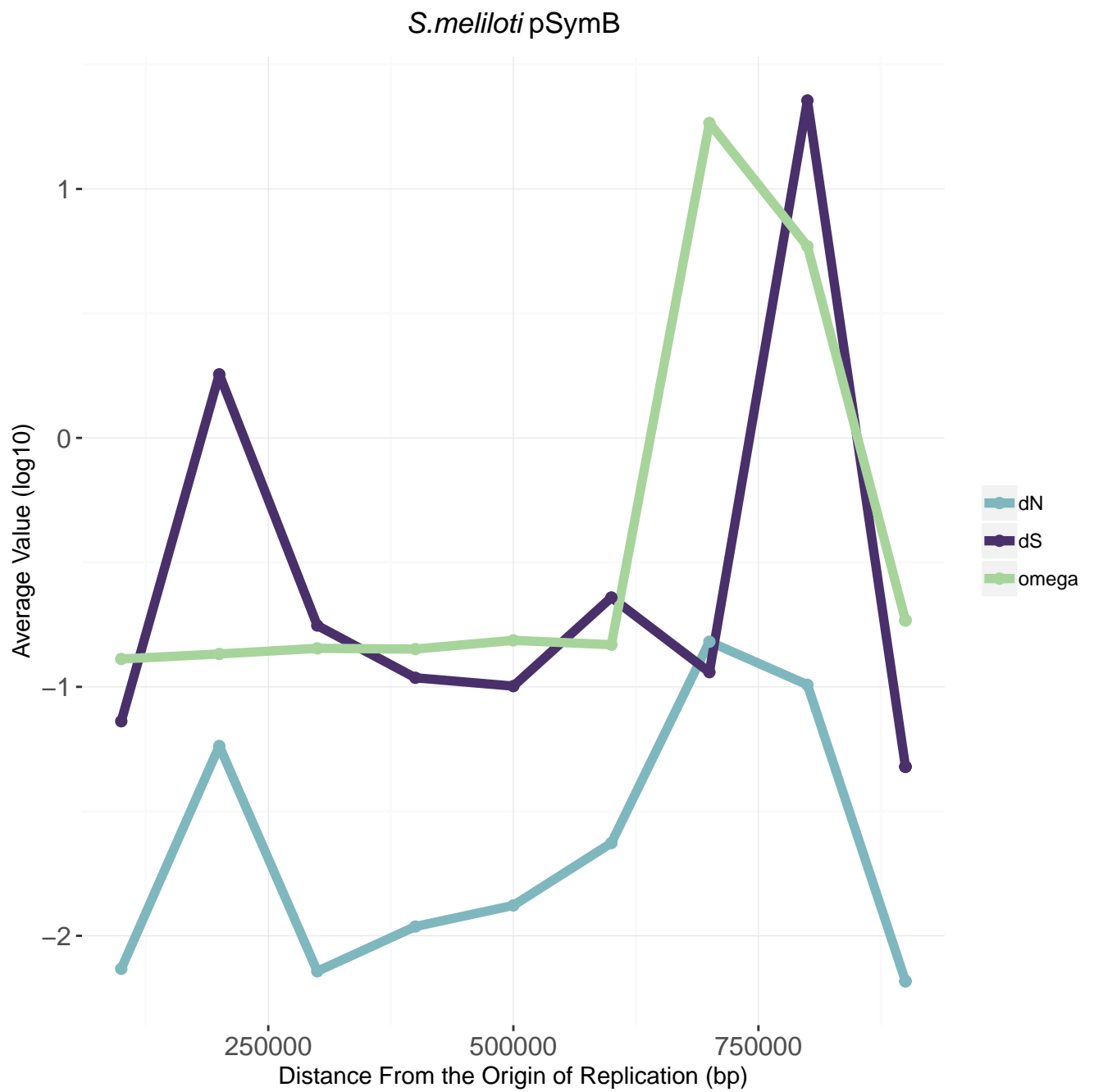


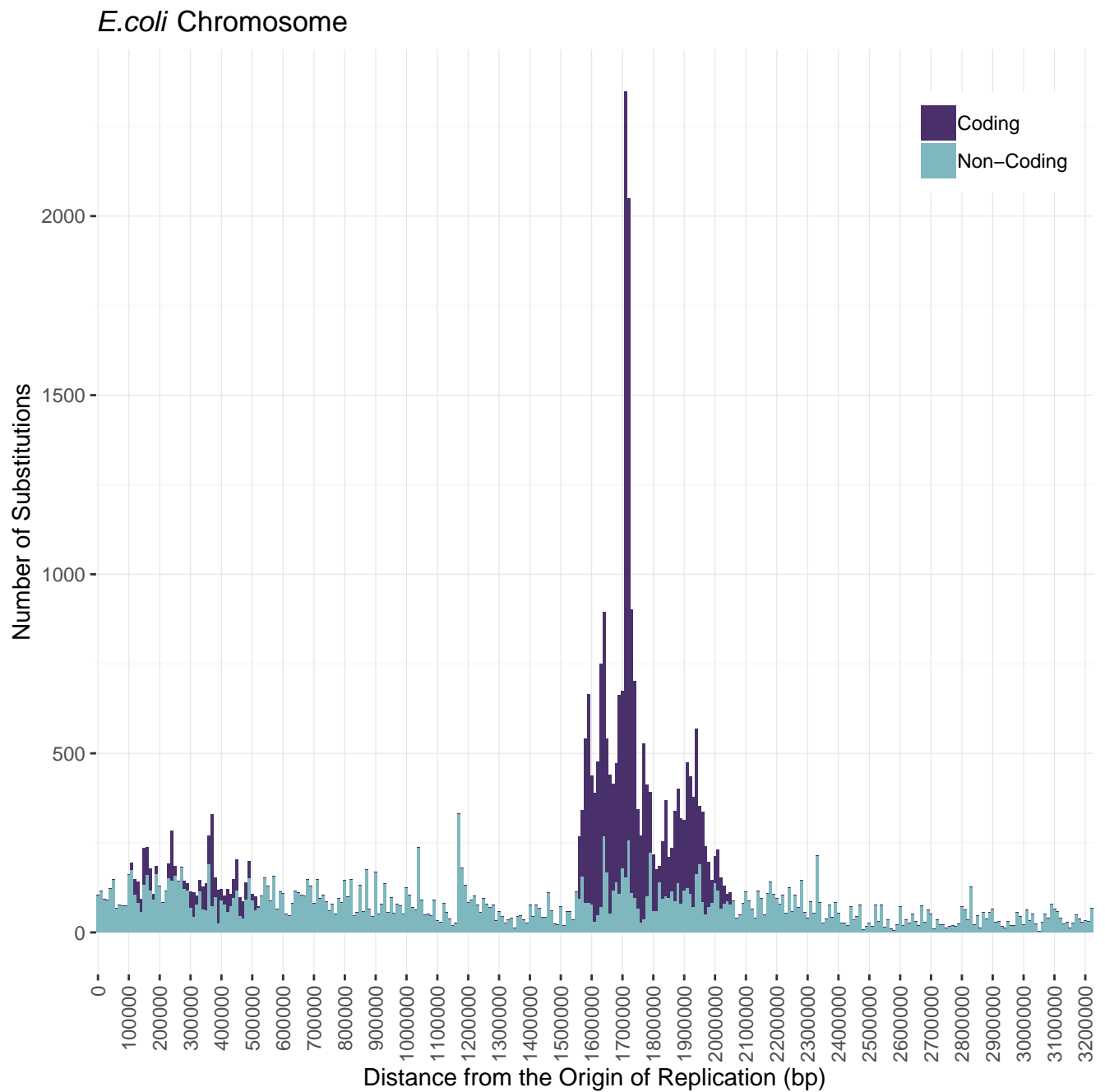


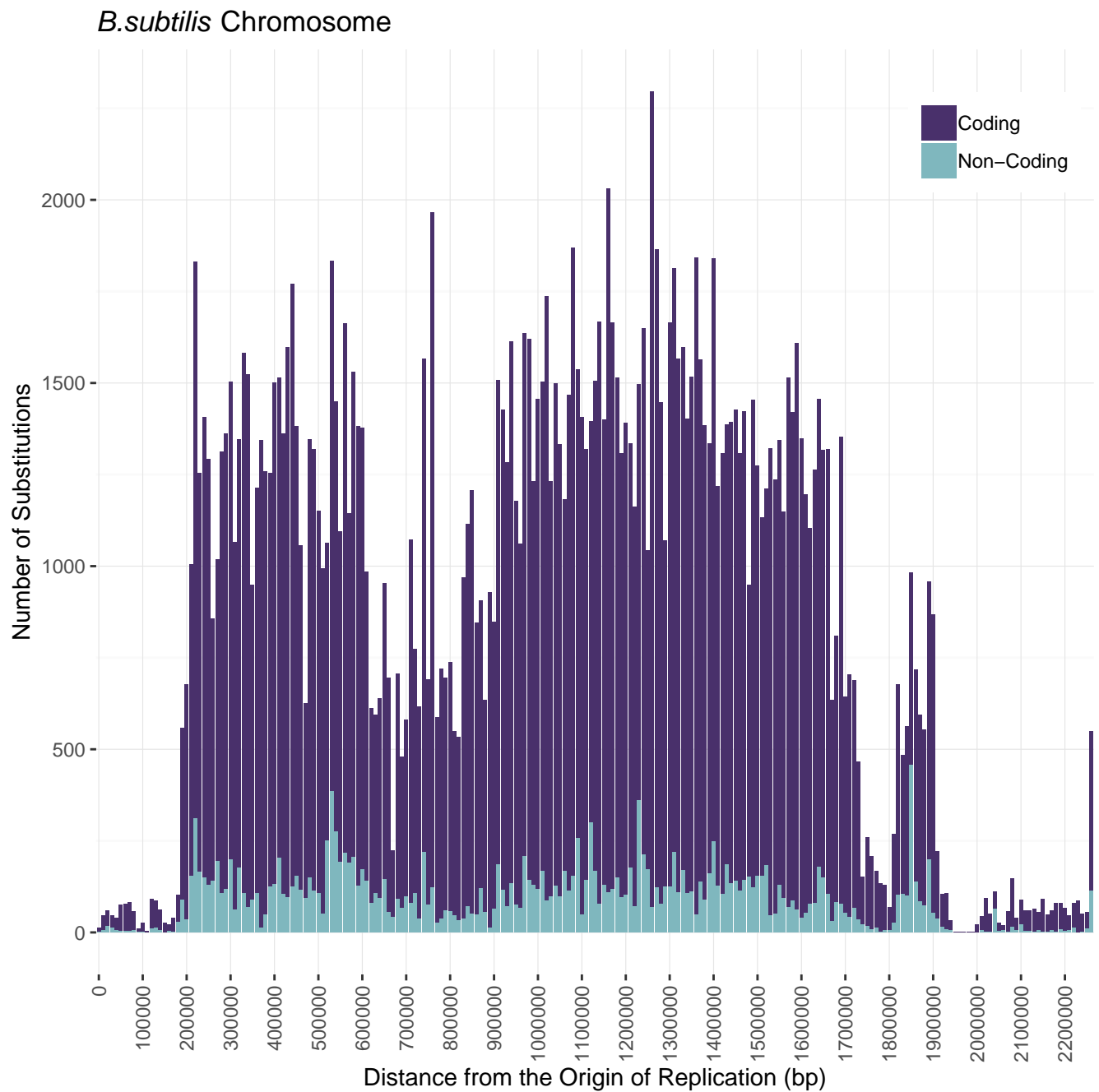


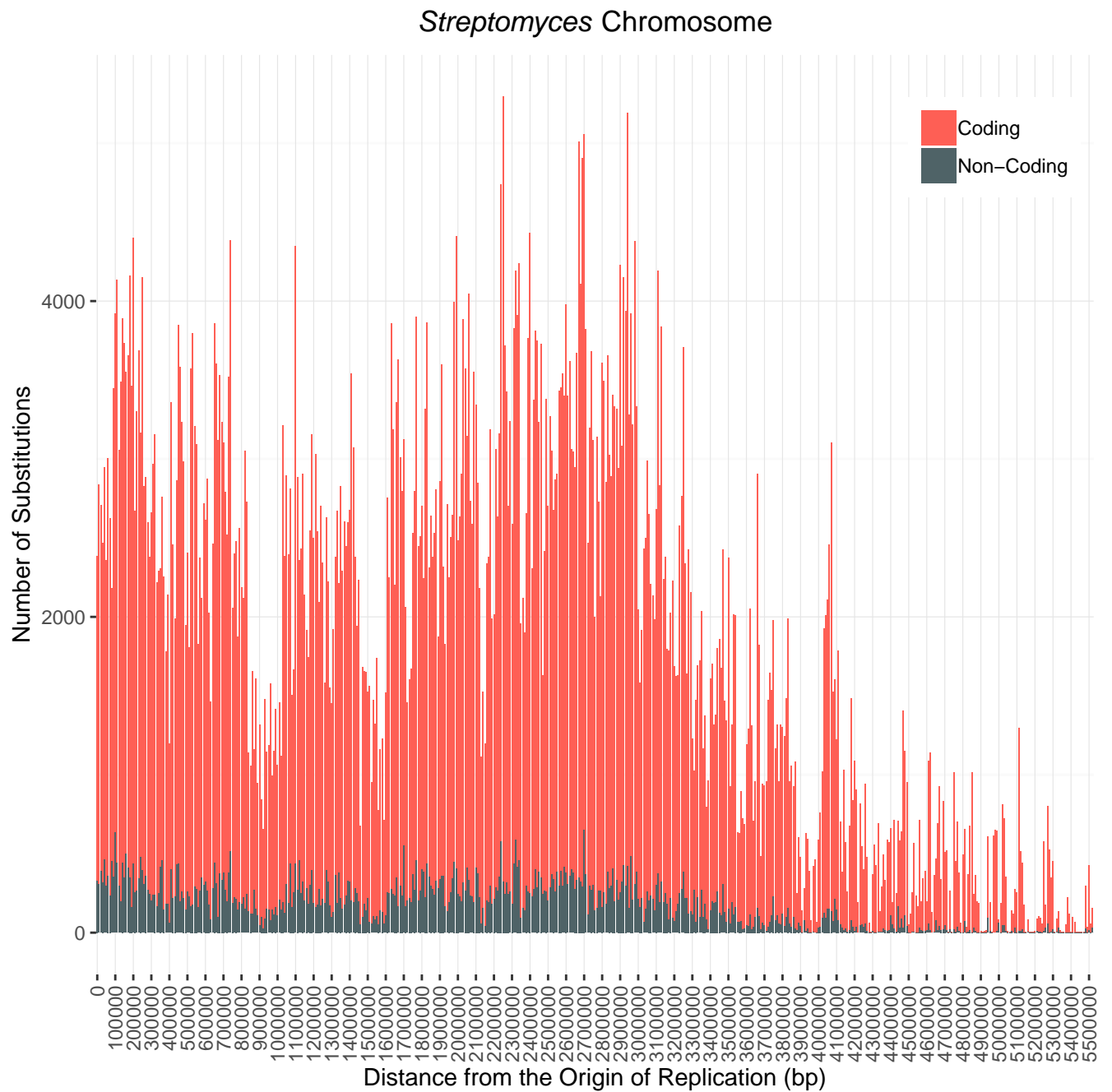


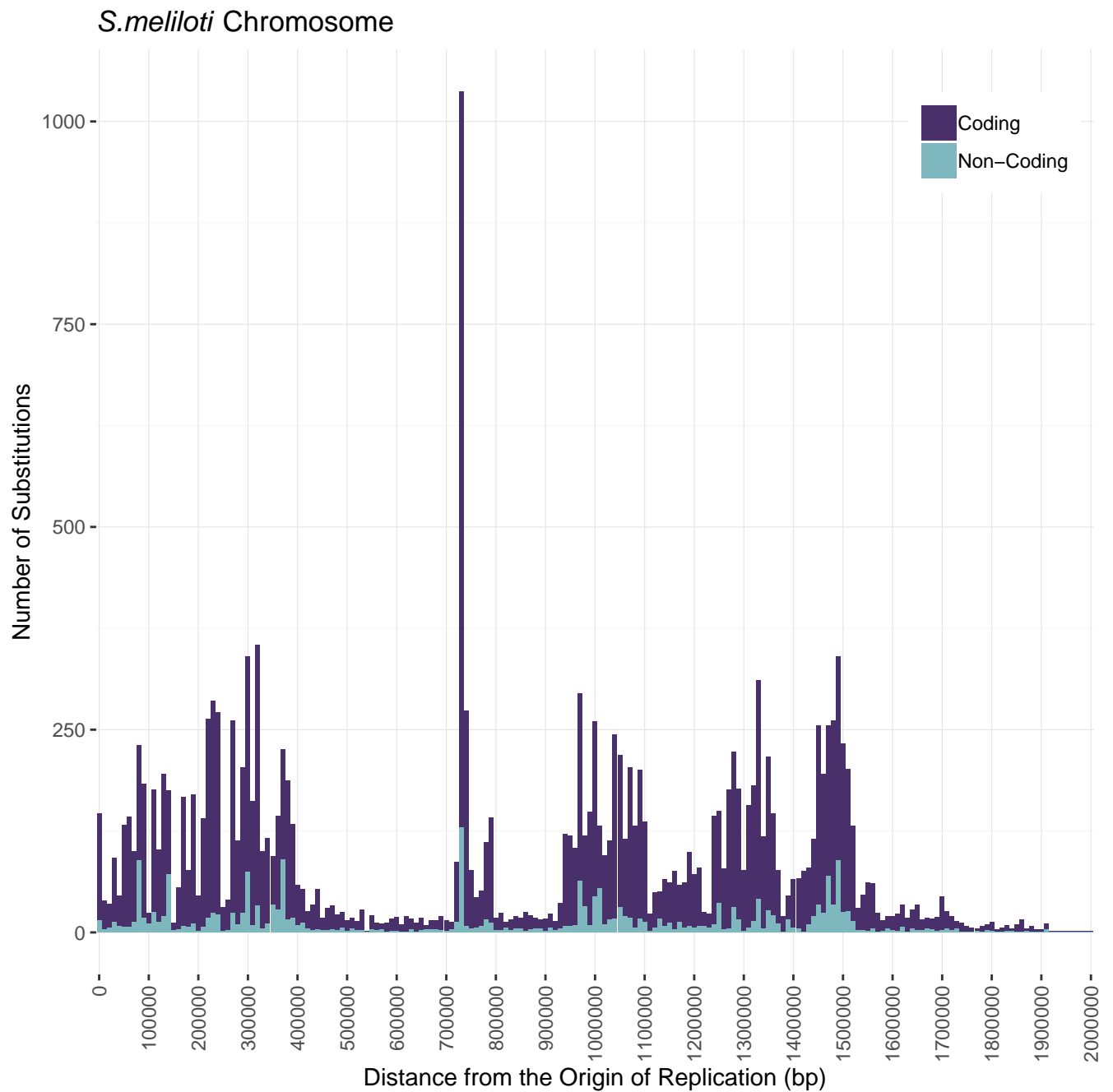


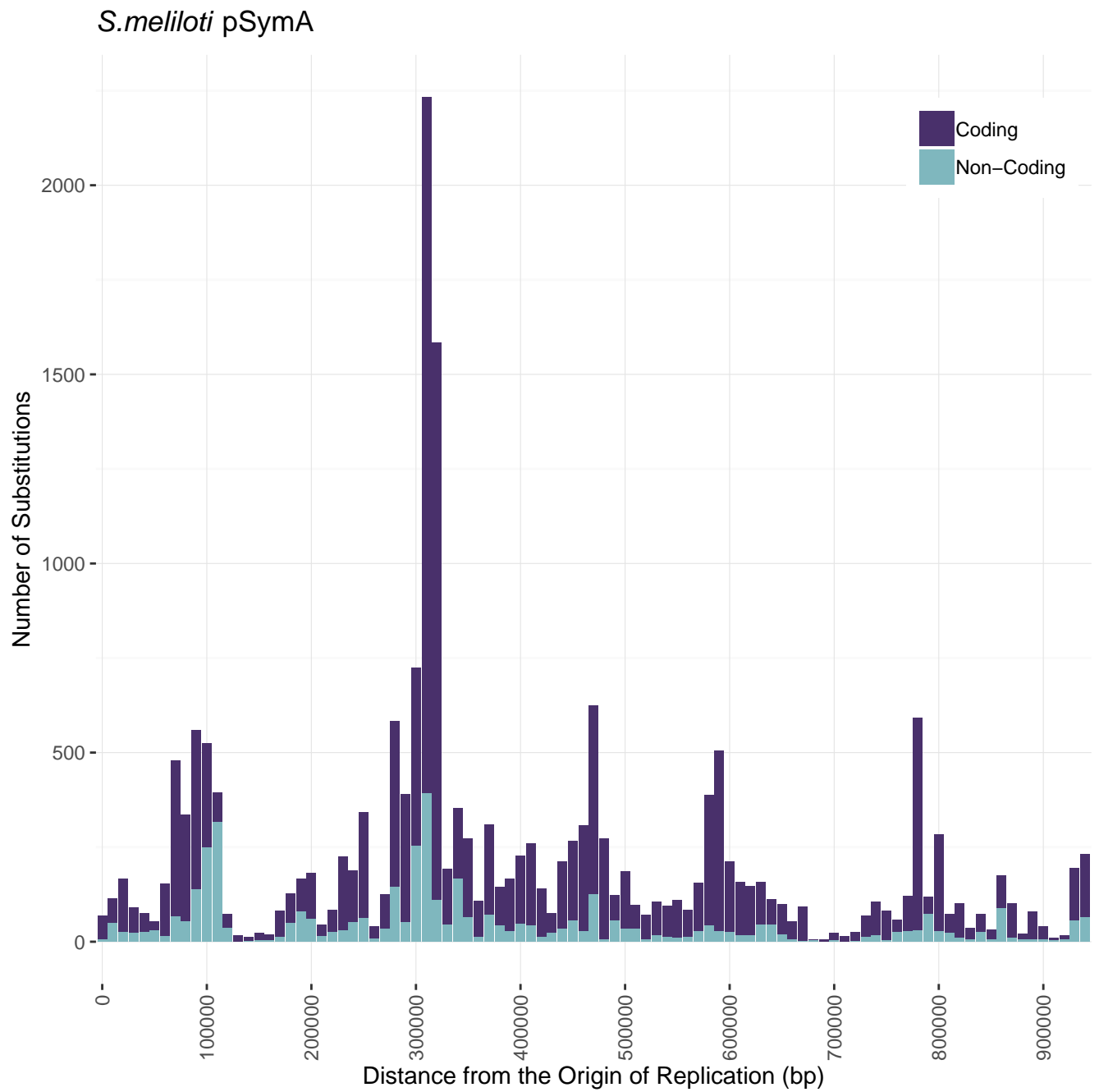


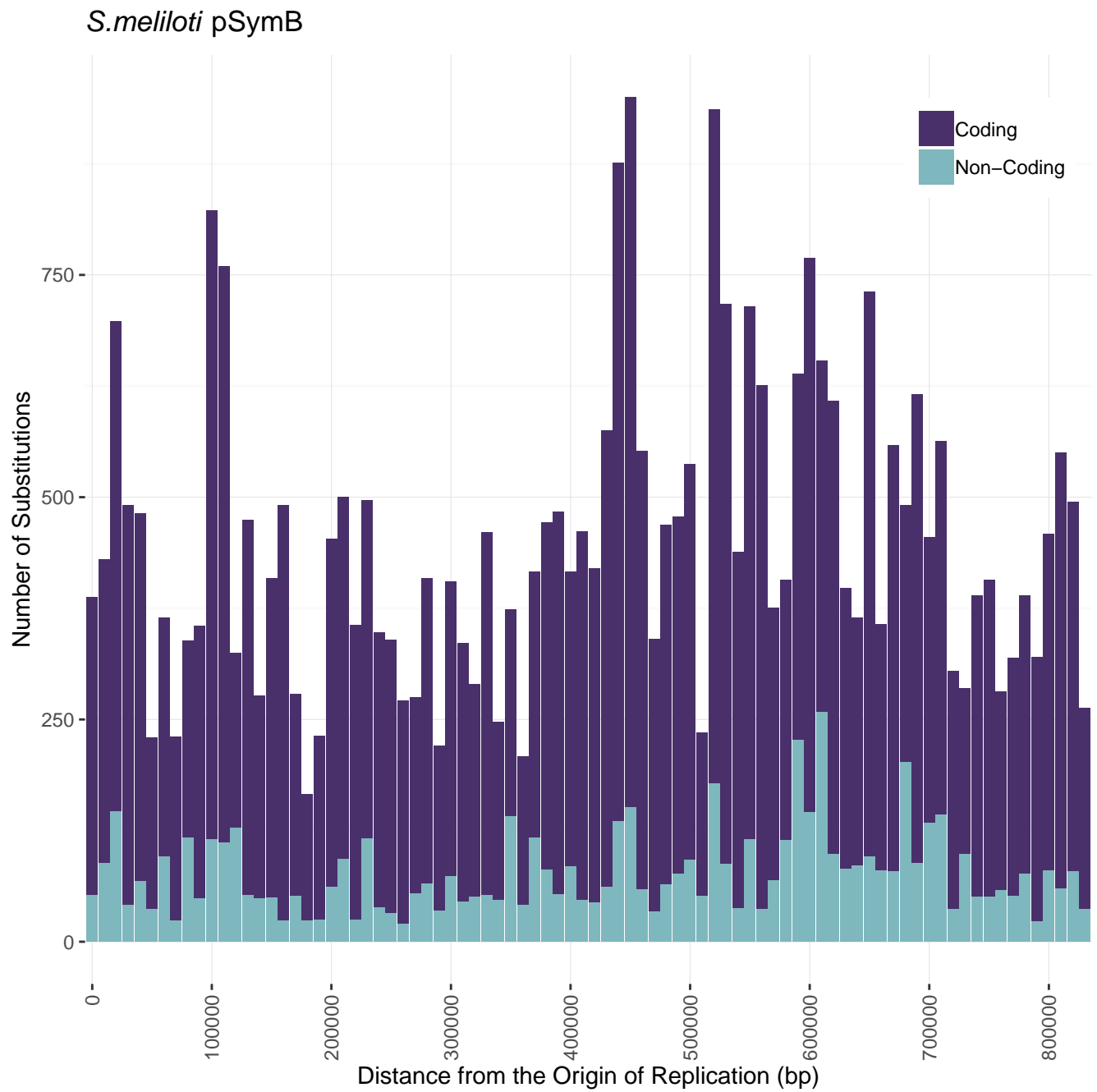












Bacteria Strain/Species	GEO Accession Number	Date Accessed
<i>E. coli</i> K12 MG1655	GSE60522	December 20, 2017
<i>E. coli</i> K12 MG1655	GSE73673	December 19, 2017
<i>E. coli</i> K12 MG1655	GSE85914	December 19, 2017
<i>E. coli</i> K12 MG1655	GSE40313	November 21, 2018
<i>E. coli</i> K12 MG1655	GSE114917	November 22, 2018
<i>E. coli</i> K12 MG1655	GSE54199	November 26, 2018
<i>E. coli</i> K12 DH10B	GSE98890	December 19, 2017
<i>E. coli</i> BW25113	GSE73673	December 19, 2017
<i>E. coli</i> BW25113	GSE85914	December 19, 2017
<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7	GSE46120	August 28, 2018
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	GSE94978	November 23, 2018
<i>B. subtilis</i> 168	GSE104816	December 14, 2017
<i>B. subtilis</i> 168	GSE67058	December 16, 2017
<i>B. subtilis</i> 168	GSE93894	December 15, 2017
<i>B. subtilis</i> 168	GSE80786	November 16, 2018
<i>S. coelicolor</i> A3	GSE57268	March 16, 2018
<i>S. natalensis</i> HW-2	GSE112559	November 15, 2018
<i>S. meliloti</i> 1021 Chromosome	GSE69880	December 12, 2017
<i>S. meliloti</i> 2011 pSymA	NC_020527 (Dr. Finan)	April 4, 2018
<i>S. meliloti</i> 1021 pSymA	GSE69880	November 15, 18
<i>S. meliloti</i> 2011 pSymB	NC_020560 (Dr. Finan)	April 4, 2018
<i>S. meliloti</i> 1021 pSymB	GSE69880	November 15, 18

Table 5: Summary of strains and species found for each gene expression analysis. Gene Expression Omnibus accession numbers and date accessed are provided.

Bacteria and Replicon	Coefficient Estimate	Standard Error	P-value
<i>E. coli</i> Chromosome	-6.03×10^{-5}	1.28×10^{-5}	2.8×10^{-6}
<i>B. subtilis</i> Chromosome	-9.7×10^{-5}	2.0×10^{-5}	1.2×10^{-6}
<i>Streptomyces</i> Chromosome	-1.17×10^{-6}	1.04×10^{-7}	$< 2 \times 10^{-16}$
<i>S. meliloti</i> Chromosome	3.97×10^{-5}	4.25×10^{-5}	NS (3.5×10^{-1})
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymA	1.39×10^{-3}	2.53×10^{-4}	4.9×10^{-8}
<i>S. meliloti</i> pSymB	1.46×10^{-4}	2.03×10^{-4}	NS ($5.34.7 \times 10^{-1}$)

Table 6: Linear regression analysis of the median counts per million expression data along the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. Linear regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication.