- X Jan 6: Write up methods for COG paper
- ✓ May 7: Revise summer goals if accepted for Chicago Conference
- \checkmark May 11: Find gene expression papers for bacteria and specific bacteria, printed
 - ✓ May 25: Read above papers and make notes (one a day?)
 - ✓ June 8: Have process down for testing position clustering
- June 12-29: Have first draft of ISMB presentation done (and present for the lab)/ prepare for conference questions
 - June 22: Have all clustering testing complete for all bacteria
 - July 5: Have final edits for ISMB presentation finished
 - July 6-13: ISB Chicago Conference
 - July 20: Have date booked for Comps
 - July 20: Think about/compile list of inversions in E. coli for new paper
- July 31: Gather gene expression data for the above mentioned $E.\ coli$ strains
 - July 16 August 31: Prepare for Comps

Last Week

I spent last week working out how to integrate the clustering code into my current pipeline in the most efficient way. This required me to write a few formatting scripts and tweak a couple of my existing scripts. I think I have it all figured out and am beginning to run all of the diff testing for each of the replicons.

While the clustering testing was running I have been looking on GEO

to find datasets for each of the PARSNP *Escherichia coli* genomes. This is the most time consuming portion of the analysis and I still have about 70 genomes to search for. So far, there is limited data. Sometimes the specific strain is not annotated on GEO, sometimes there is just nothing that is "control" enough. Might have to pick strains based on what expression data is available and then align all of those genomes.

This Week

I will be starting to create and think about my presentation for the conference because it is less than a month away. In between preparing for that, I will be running the clustering testing.

Next Week

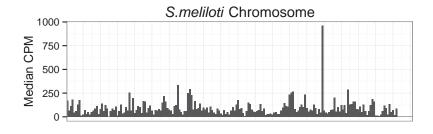
I will continue to work on my presentation for the conference and run the clustering testing.

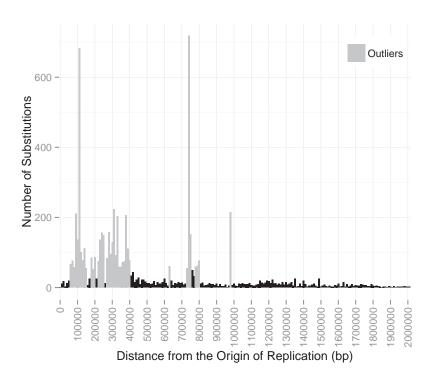
Bacteria and Replicon	Coefficient Estimate	Standard Error	P-value
E. coli Chromosome	-6.41×10^{-5}	1.65×10^{-5}	1.1×10^{-4}
B. subtilis Chromosome	-9.9×10^{-5}	2.18×10^{-5}	6×10^{-6}
Streptomyces Chromosome	-1.5×10^{-6}	1.4×10^{-7}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$
$S.\ meliloti\ { m Chromosome}$	3.19×10^{-5}	3.57×10^{-5}	3.7×10^{-1}
$S.\ meliloti\ \mathrm{pSymA}$	-5.36×10^{-5}	6.34×10^{-4}	9.33×10^{-1}
S. meliloti pSymB	5.05×10^{-4}	2.6×10^{-4}	5.3×10^{-2}

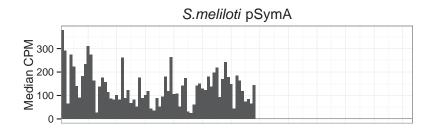
Table 1: Linear regression analysis of the median counts per million expression data along the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. Grey coloured boxes indicate statistically significant results at the 0.5 significance level. Linear regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication.

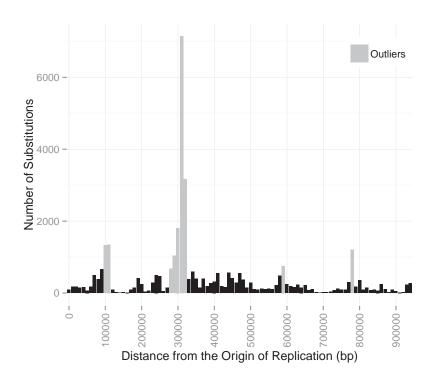
Bacteria and Replicon	Coefficient Estimate	Standard Error	P-value
E. coli Chromosome	-1.394×10^{-7}	2.425×10^{-9}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$
B. subtilis Chromosome	-2.538×10^{-8}	1.58×10^{-9}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$
Streptomyces Chromosome	1.736×10^{-8}	7.231×10^{-10}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$
S. meliloti Chromosome	-1.541×10^{-6}	3.042×10^{-8}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$
S. meliloti pSymA	-9.130×10^{-7}	1.975×10^{-8}	$<2\times10^{-16}$
$S.\ meliloti\ \mathrm{pSymB}$	2.488×10^{-7}	1.964×10^{-8}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$

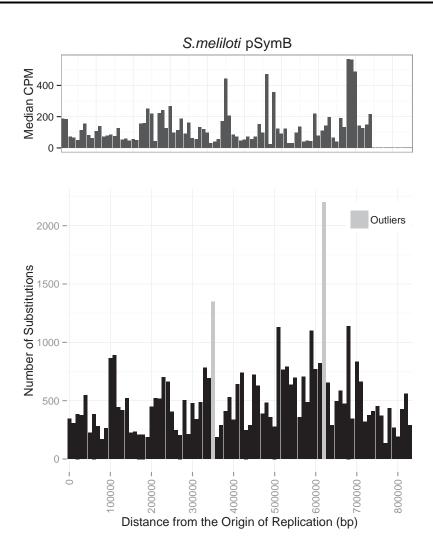
Table 2: Logistic regression analysis of the number of substitutions along the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. Grey coloured boxes indicate a negative logistic regression coefficient estimate. All results are statistically significant. Logistic regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication.

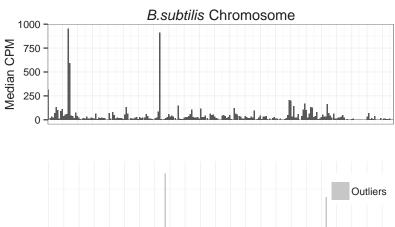


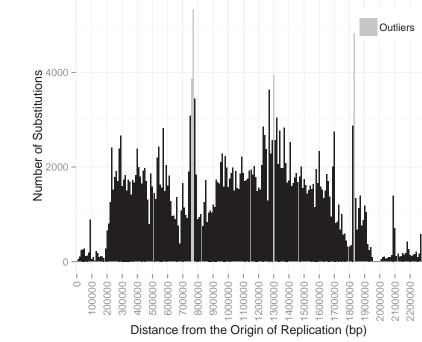


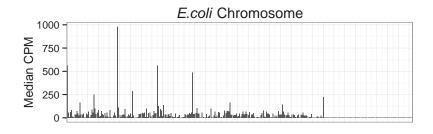


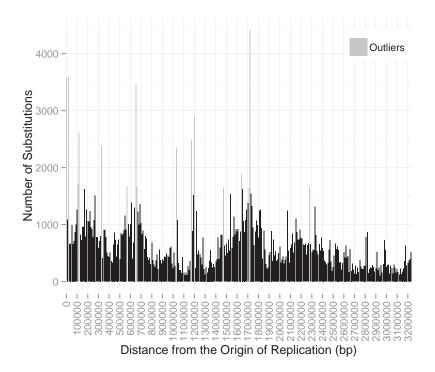


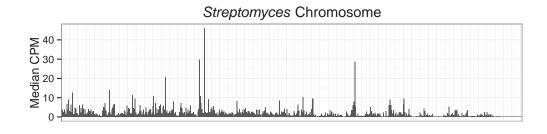


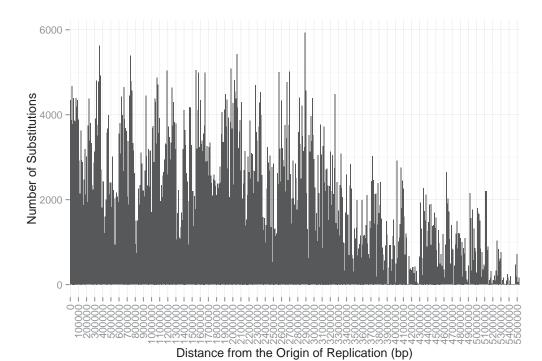












Origin Location	$\it E.~coli$ Chromosome	${\it B. subtilis Chromosome}$	$Streptomyces \ {\bf Chromosome}$	$S.\ meliloti\ {\it Chromosome}$	$S.\ meliloti\ pSymA$	$S.\ meliloti\ {\rm pSymB}$
Moved 100kb Left	$-1.445 \times 10^{-7***}$	4.374×10^{-9} *	6.909×10 ^{-9***}	-1.316×10 ⁻⁶ ***	-1.058×10 ⁻⁶ ***	-2.009×10 ^{-7***}
Moved 90kb Left	$-1.544 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.036 \times 10^{-7***}$	$5.677 \times 10^{-9} ***$	$-1.32 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.246 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.357 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 80kb Left	$-1.65 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.072 \times 10^{-7***}$	$8.11 \times 10^{-9***}$	$-1.338 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.398 \times 10^{-6***}$	-6.57×10 ^{-8***}
Moved 70kb Left	$-1.667 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.102 \times 10^{-7***}$	$6.716 \times 10^{-9***}$	$-1.363 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.405 \times 10^{-6***}$	9.83×10^{-8}
Moved 60kb Left	$-1.64 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.19 \times 10^{-7***}$	$8.7 \times 10^{-9} ***$	$-1.324 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.394 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.129 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 50kb Left	$-1.446 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.211 \times 10^{-7***}$	$1.045 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.36 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.403 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.521 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 40kb Left	$-1.4 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.299 \times 10^{-7***}$	$1.214 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.255 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.422 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.543 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 30kb Left	$-1.498 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.292 \times 10^{-7***}$	$1.24 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.26 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-1.392 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.63 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 20kb Left	$-1.51 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.1 \times 10^{-7} ***$	$1.395 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.525 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.412 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.603 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 10kb Left	$-1.262 \times 10^{-7***}$	-2.602×10^{-9}	$1.563 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.599 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-9.499 \times 10^{-7***}$	$2.973 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 10kb Right	$-1.305 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-2.045 \times 10^{-8***}$	$1.578 \times 10^{-8***}$	$1.614 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.026 \times 10^{-6***}$	$3.505 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 20kb Right	$-1.454 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-1.006 \times 10^{-7***}$	$1.903 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.634 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.475 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.649 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 30kb Right	$-1.548 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-8.596 \times 10^{-8***}$	$2.046 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.698 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-1.417 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.526 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 40kb Right	$-1.632 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-8.378 \times 10^{-8***}$	$2.125 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.719 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-1.367 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.589 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 50kb Right	$-1.856 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-7.879 \times 10^{-8***}$	$1.957 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.735 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-1.277 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.654 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 60kb Right	$-1.91 \times 10^{-7***}$	-6.98×10 ^{-8***}	$1.974 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.788 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-1.169 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.645 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 70kb Right	$-1.892 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-6.634 \times 10^{-8***}$	$1.934 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.854 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-1.059 \times 10^{-6***}$	$1.843 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 80kb Right	$-1.879 \times 10^{-7**}$	$-5.814 \times 10^{-8***}$	$2.313 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.891 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-9.07 \times 10^{-7***}$	$1.90 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 90kb Right	$-1.862 \times 10^{-7***}$	$-4.314 \times 10^{-8***}$	$2.304 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-1.865 \times 10^{-6***}$	$-7.171 \times 10^{-7***}$	$2.415 \times 10^{-7***}$
Moved 100kb Right	$-1.799 \times 10^{-7***}$	-2.597×10 ^{-8***}	1.945×10 ^{-8***}	-1.525×10 ⁻⁶ ***	-6.572×10 ⁻⁷ ***	$3.095 \times 10^{-7***}$

Table 3: Logistic regression analysis of the number of substitutions along the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. All results are marked with significance codes as followed: <0.001= '***', 0.001<0.01= '**', 0.01<0.01= '**', 0.05= '*', 0.05<0.1= '.', 0.01= '.' Logistic regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication.