Subs Paper Things to Do:

- # of coding and non-coding sites
- # of subs in each of \(\epsilon\)
- Look into Streptomyces non-coding issue
- Look into E. coli coding issue
- Look into pSymB coding/non-coding trend weirdness
- Figure out why Streptomyces appears to have tons of coding data missing
- Figure out what is going on with cod/non-cod code and why it is still not working!
- write up methods for coding/non-coding
- write methods and results for clustering
- start code to split alignment into multiple alignments of each gene
- figure out how to deal with overlapping genes
- figure out how to deal with gaps in gene of ref taxa
- split up the alignment into multiple alignments of each gene
- check if each gene alignment is a multiple of 3 (proper codon alignment)
- get dN/dS for coding/non-coding stuff per gene
- Or get 1st, 2nd, 3rd codon pos log regs
- write up coding/non-coding results
- take out gene expression from this paper
- write better intro/methods for distribution of subs graphs
- write discussion for coding/non-coding
- write coding/non-coding into conclusion
- figured out pipeline for CODEML to calculate dN/dS for each gene
- make a list of what should be in supplementary files for subs paper
- put everything in list into supplementary file for subs paper
- write dN/dS methods
- write dN/dS results
- write dN/dS discussion

- write dN/dS into conclusion
- new bar graph with coding and non-coding sites separated
- mol clock for my analysis?
- GC content? COG? where do these fit?

Gene Expression Paper Things to Do:

- look for more GEO expression data for S. meliloti
- look for more GEO expression data for *Streptomyces*
- look for more GEO expression data for *B. subtilis*
- format paper and put in stuff that is already written
- look for more GEO expression data for E. coli
- Get numbers for how many different strains and multiples of each strain I have for gene expression
- re-do gene expression analysis for B. subtilis
- re-do gene expression analysis for E. coli-
- find papers about what has been done with gene expression
- read papers †
- put notes from \(\gamma\) papers into word doc
- write abstract
- write intro
- add stuff from outline to Data section
- create graphs for expression distribution (no sub data)
- add # of genes to expression graphs (top)
- average gene expression
- write discussion
- write conclusion
- add into methods: filters for Hiseq, RT PCR and growth phases for data collection
- update supplementary figures/file

Inversions and Gene Expression Letter Things to Do:

- get as much GEO data as possible
- find papers about inversions and expression
- see how many inversions I can identify in these strains of *Escherichia coli* with gene expression data
- read papers about inversions
- check if opposite strand in progressiveMauve means an inversions (check visual matches the xmfa)
- check if PARSNP and progressive Mauve both identify the same inversions (check xmfa file)
- create latex template for paper
- put notes from papers into doc
- use large PARSNP alignment to identify inversions
- confirm inversions with dot plot
- write outline for letter
- write Abstract
- write intro
- write methods
- compile tables (supplementary)
- write results
- write discussion
- write conclusion
- do same ancestral/phylogenetic analysis that I did in the subs paper

Last Week

 \checkmark get all the alignments for each gene!!!

Last week I FINALLY finished figuring out how to print out each column of the alignment separated by each gene, while avoiding any columns where not all taxa had the same classification (making sure we compared codon position 1 to codon position 1) and avoiding any gapped columns. I also began running the previous pipeline to determine the overall substitution patters between coding and non-coding sequences. This is taking a bit longer because the alignment is now broken up into multiple small files so I am working on improving that pipeline to include more parallel commands to make this process go faster. I also began working on the pipeline for determining dN/dS for each gene. This is basically done, I just need to make it scalable for multiple files.

This Week

I plan on finishing the coding/non-coding substitution analysis and continue to work on the dN/dS pipeline.

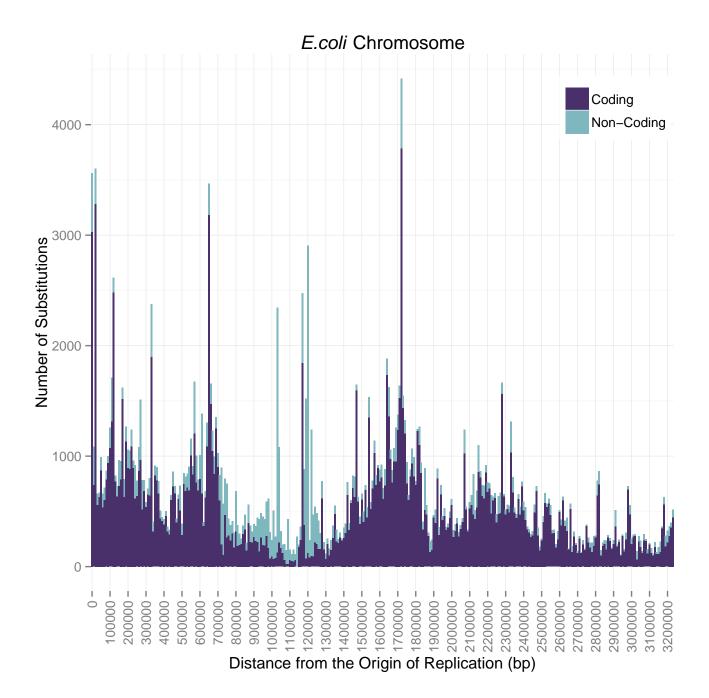
Next Week

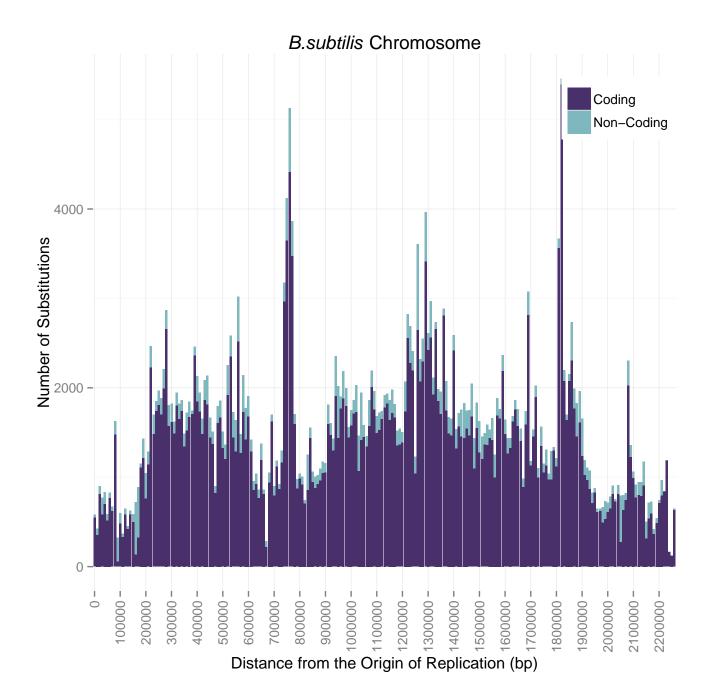
I would like to implement the above pipeline for calculating the dN/dS for each gene and put all these results in to a coherent table.

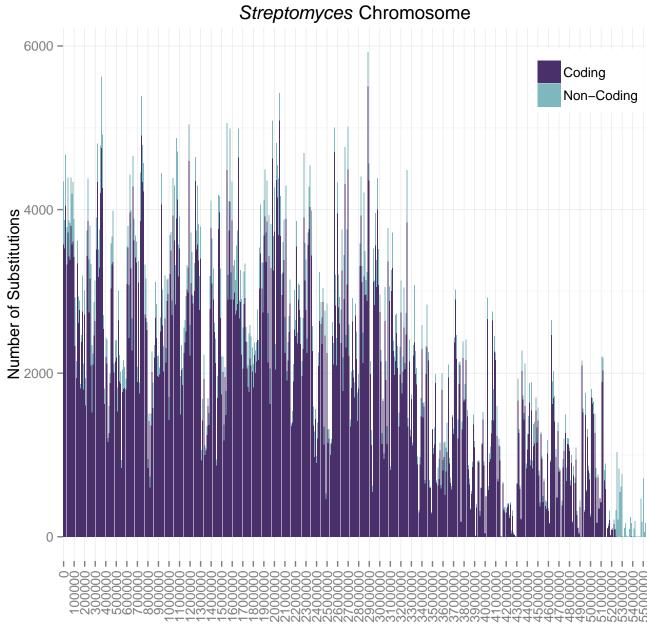
I want to begin figuring out how to obtain all inversions from the Mauve or PARSNP alignment for the inversions analysis.

Classification	Number of Nucleotides in Alignment	% of Total Alignment
Gapped	78450	31%
Not same class	138002	55%
Same class	35852	15%
Codon 1	113	< 0.05%
Codon 2	113	< 0.05%
Codon 3	113	< 0.05%
Misc 4	0	0
Non-coding	35513	15%

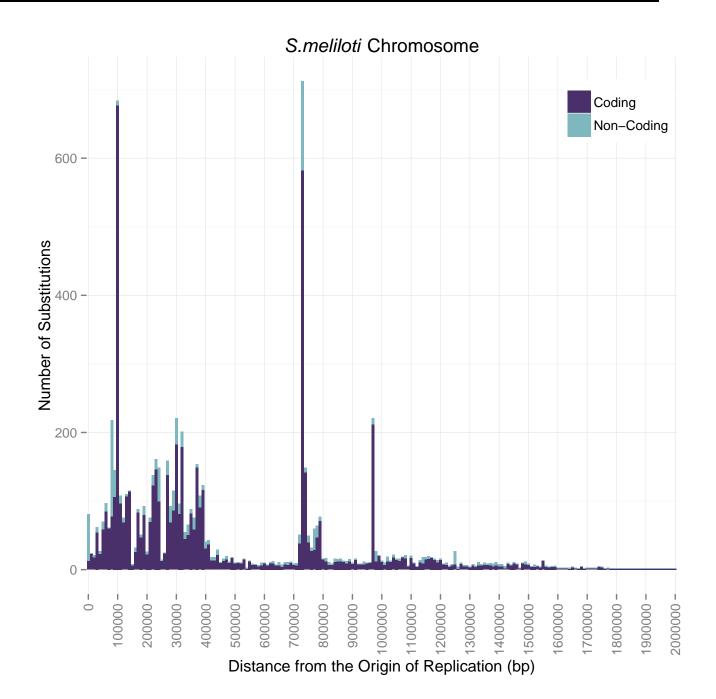
Table 1: Classification of each column in the alignment of ONE sample *E. coli* block with a total alignment length of 252304. The percentages are calculated based on the WHOLE alignment length. The "same class" classification is any column where all taxa had the same classification. "Not same class" is any column where at least one taxa did not have the same classification as the rest of the taxa in that column. The "Same class" category can be further broken down into the different nucleotide classifications to show how often those were found to be the same between all taxa in a column. The "Gapped" category denotes a site where at least one taxa had a gap present.

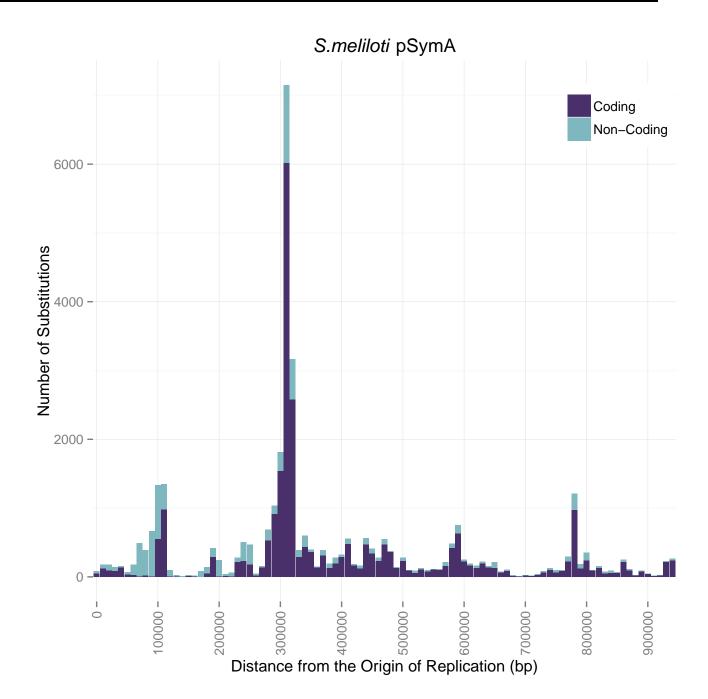


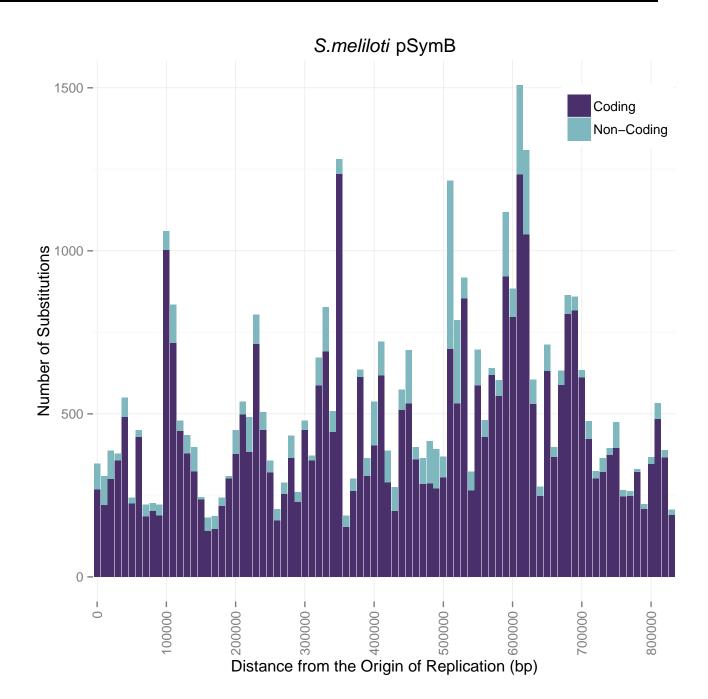


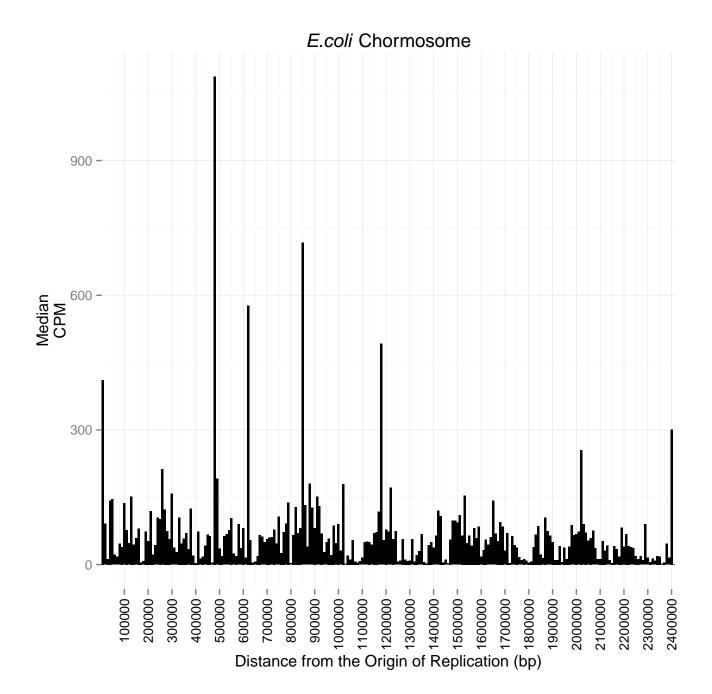


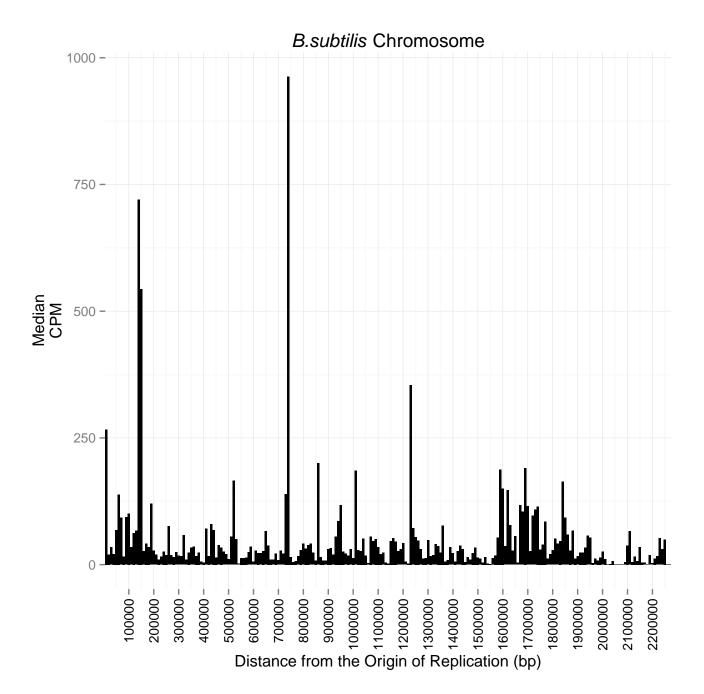
Distance from the Origin of Replication (bp)



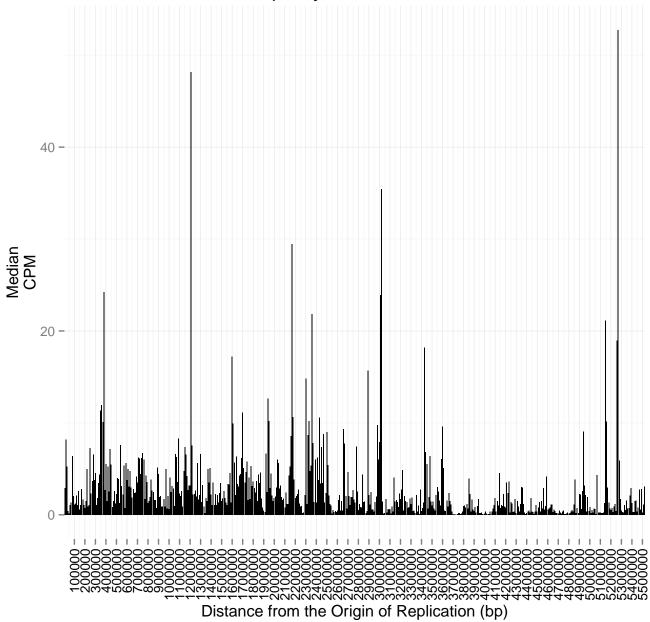


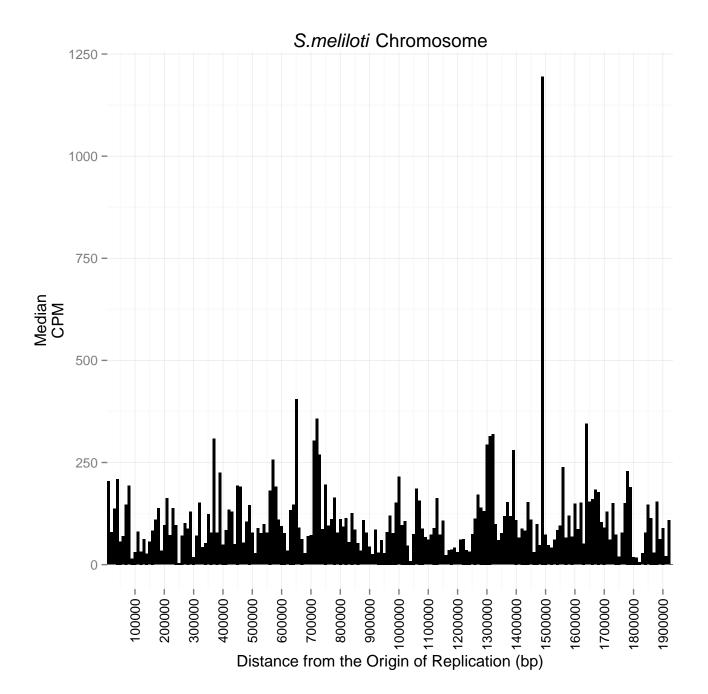


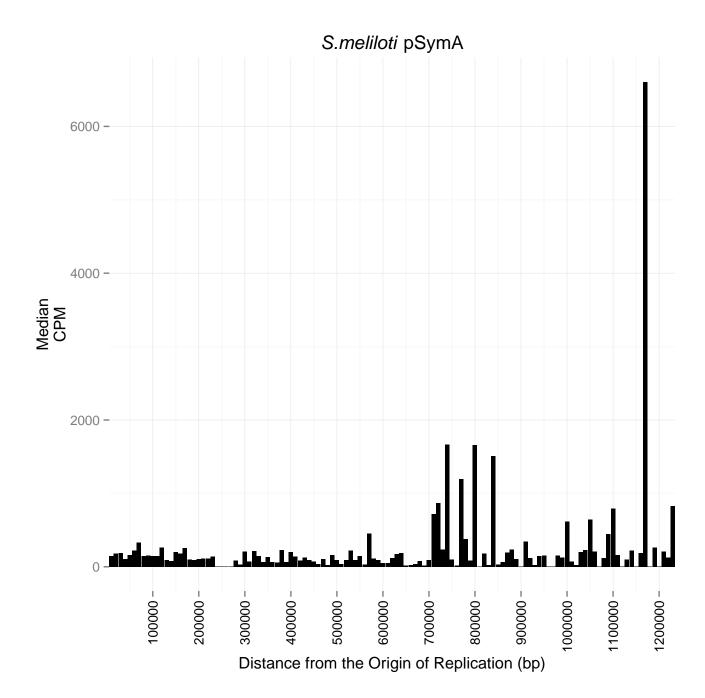


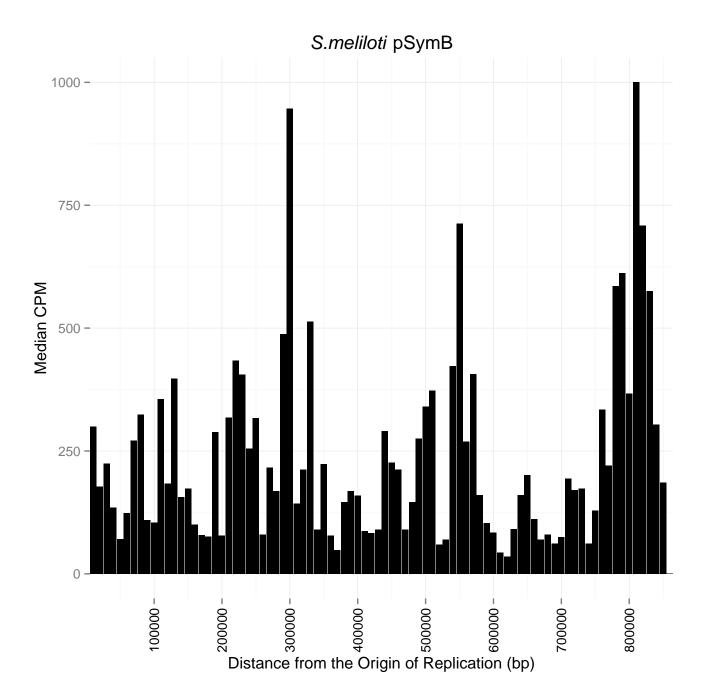


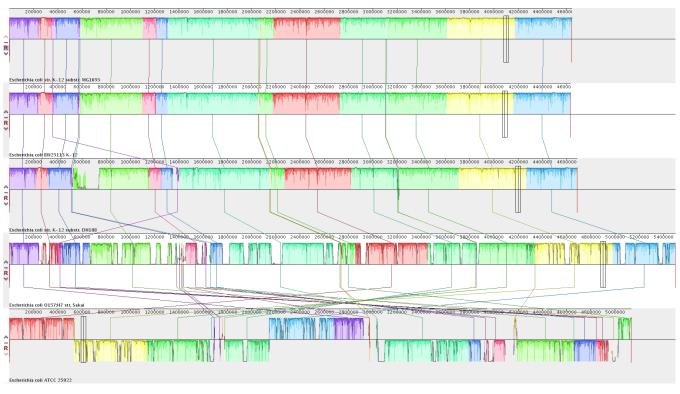


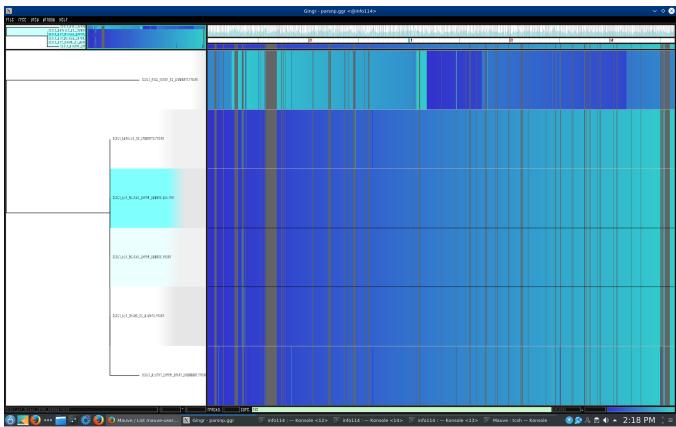












Bacteria and Replicon	% of Coding Sequences	% of Non-Coding Sequences	% of Subs Coding	% of Subs Non-Coding
E. coli Chromosome	86.47%	13.53%	5.00%	8.96%
B. subtilis Chromosome	87.49%	12.51%	7.31%	6.42%
Streptomyces Chromosome	89.03%	10.97%	13.74%	14.91%
$S. \ meliloti$ Chromosome	86.27%	13.73%	0.19%	0.22%
$S. \ meliloti \ pSymA$	83.34%	16.66%	2.84%	4.58%
S. meliloti pSymB	88.81%	11.19%	2.78%	3.44%

Table 2: Total proportion of coding and non-coding sites in each replicon and the percentage of those sites that have a substitution (multiple substitutions at one site are counted as two substitutions).

Bacteria and Replicon	Coding Sequences	Non-Coding Sequences	
E. coli Chromosome	$-5.938 \times 10^{-8***}$	$-9.237 \times 10^{-8***}$	
B. subtilis Chromosome	$-7.584 \times 10^{-8} ***$	NS	
Streptomyces Chromosome	$5.483 \times 10^{-7} ***$	$9.182 \times 10^{-9} ***$	
$S.\ meliloti$ Chromosome	$-1.448 \times 10^{-6} ***$	$-7.037 \times 10^{-7} ***$	
$S. \ meliloti \ pSymA$	$-9.704 \times 10^{-7} ***$	$-1.464 \times 10^{-7} ***$	
S. meliloti pSymB	$5.007 \times 10^{-7} ***$	NS	

Table 3: Logistic regression analysis of the number of substitutions along all positions of the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. These genomic positions were split up into the coding and non-coding regions of the genome. Grey coloured boxes indicate a negative logistic regression coefficient estimate. All results are statistically significant. Logistic regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication. All results are marked with significance codes as followed: < 0.001 = "**", 0.001 < 0.01 = "**", 0.01 < 0.05 = "*", > 0.05 = "NS".

Bacteria Strain/Species	GEO Accession Number	Date Accessed
E. coli K12 MG1655	GSE60522	December 20, 2017
$E.\ coli\ \mathrm{K12}\ \mathrm{MG1655}$	GSE73673	December 19, 2017
$E.\ coli\ \mathrm{K12}\ \mathrm{MG1655}$	GSE85914	December 19, 2017
$E.\ coli\ \mathrm{K12}\ \mathrm{MG1655}$	GSE40313	November 21, 2018
E. coli K12 MG1655	GSE114917	November 22, 2018
$E.\ coli\ \mathrm{K}12\ \mathrm{MG}1655$	GSE54199	November 26, 2018
E. coli K12 DH10B	GSE98890	December 19, 2017
E. coli BW25113	GSE73673	December 19, 2017
E. coli BW25113	GSE85914	December 19, 2017
E. coli O157:H7	GSE46120	August 28, 2018
E. coli ATCC 25922	GSE94978	November 23, 2018
$B.\ subtilis\ 168$	GSE104816	December 14, 2017
$B.\ subtilis\ 168$	GSE67058	December 16, 2017
B. subtilis 168	GSE93894	December 15, 2017
B. subtilis 168	GSE80786	November 16, 2018
S. coelicolor A3	GSE57268	March 16, 2018
$S.\ natalensis\ HW-2$	GSE112559	November 15, 2018
S. meliloti 1021 Chromosome	GSE69880	December 12, 2017
S. meliloti 2011 pSymA	NC_020527 (Dr. Finan)	April 4, 2018
$S.\ meliloti\ 1021\ \mathrm{pSymA}$	GSE69880	November 15, 18
S. meliloti 2011 pSymB	NC_020560 (Dr. Finan)	April 4, 2018
S. meliloti 1021 pSymB	GSE69880	November 15, 18

Table 4: Summary of strains and species found for each gene expression analysis. Gene Expression Omnibus accession numbers and date accessed are provided.

Bacteria and Replicon	Coefficient Estimate	Standard Error	P-value
E. coli Chromosome	-6.03×10^{-5}	1.28×10^{-5}	2.8×10^{-6}
B. subtilis Chromosome	-9.7×10^{-5}	2.0×10^{-5}	1.2×10^{-6}
Streptomyces Chromosome	-1.17×10^{-6}	1.04×10^{-7}	$<2 \times 10^{-16}$
S. meliloti Chromosome	3.97×10^{-5}	4.25×10^{-5}	NS (3.5×10^{-1})
$S.\ meliloti\ \mathrm{pSymA}$	1.39×10^{-3}	2.53×10^{-4}	4.9×10^{-8}
$S.\ meliloti\ pSymB$	1.46×10^{-4}	2.03×10^{-4}	NS $(5.34.7 \times 10^{-1})$

Table 5: Linear regression analysis of the median counts per million expression data along the genome of the respective bacteria replicons. Grey coloured boxes indicate statistically significant results at the 0.5 significance level. Linear regression was calculated after the origin of replication was moved to the beginning of the genome and all subsequent positions were scaled around the origin accounting for bidirectionality of replication.