## 통계수학1 연습문제와 풀이

- \* 확률변수 X의 확률밀도함수  $f_X(x) = \begin{cases} x+0.5, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$ 로 정의되어 있다고 하자.
  - (a) 함수 g(x)를  $g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f_X(t) dt$ 로 정의하였을 때 g(x)를 구하시오
  - (b) 새로운 확률변수 Y를 Y = g(X)로 정의하였을 때 Y의 cdf를 구하시오.
- \* 확률변수 X의 확률밀도함수  $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|}$  ,  $-\infty < x < \infty$ 로 주어져 있다.
  - (a) X의 분산을 구하시오.
  - (b) 함수  $m(t) = E(e^{tX})$  로 정의하였을 때 m(t)를 구하시오.
  - (c)  $Y = X^2$  로 정의했을 때 Y의 cdf를 구하시오.

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(a) 함수 g(x)를  $g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f_X(t) dt$ 로 정의하였을 때 g(x)를 구하시오

답:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} (x)^{2} x + \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{old} \quad x < 1$$

(a) 
$$g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f_{x}(t)dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{x} (t + \frac{1}{2})dt$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2}t^{2} + \frac{1}{2}t \right]_{0}^{x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^{2} + \frac{1}{2}x \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \le 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}\chi^2 + \frac{1}{2}\chi, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 1, & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

(b) 새로운 확률변수 Y를 Y = g(X)로 정의하였을 때 Y의 cdf를 구하시오.

**U**: (b) 
$$Y = 9(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + x + \frac{1}{4}) - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2}(x + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$P(Y \leq y) = P(\frac{1}{2}(x + \frac{1}{2})^{2} - \frac{1}{8} \leq y) = P((x + \frac{1}{2})^{2} \leq 2y + \frac{2}{8})$$

$$= P(-\sqrt{2y + \frac{1}{4}} \leq x + \frac{1}{2} \leq \sqrt{2y + \frac{1}{4}})$$

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(a) X의 분산을 구하시오.

답: 2

$$\begin{split} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} x e^{-|x|} dx &= \int_{-\infty}^{0} \frac{1}{2} x e^{x} dx + \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} x e^{x} dx \quad (t = -x, \ dt = -dx) \\ &= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} (-t) e^{-t} dt + \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} x e^{-x} dx = 0 \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} x^{2} e^{-|x|} dx &= 2 \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} x^{2} e^{-|x|} dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} x^{2} e^{-|x|} dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} x^{2} e^{-x} dx \\ &= -x^{2} e^{-x} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} + \int_{0}^{\infty} 2x e^{-x} dx = -2x e^{-x} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} + \int_{0}^{\infty} 2e^{-x} dx = -2e^{-x} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} = 2 \end{split}$$

$$Var(X) = E(X^{2}) - (E(X))^{2} = 2$$

(b) 함수  $m(t) = E(e^{tX})$  로 정의하였을 때 m(t)를 구하시오.

답: 
$$m(t) = \frac{1}{1-t^2} (|t| < 1)$$

(c)  $Y = X^2$  로 정의했을 때 Y의 cdf를 구하시오.

답: 
$$\begin{split} F_Y(y) &= \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\sqrt{y}}, & y \geq 0 \\ 0, & y < 0 \end{cases} \\ P(Y \leq y) &= P(X^2 \leq y) = P(-\sqrt{y} \leq X \leq \sqrt{y}) \\ \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^{\sqrt{y}} \frac{1}{2} e^{-|x|} dx &= \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^0 \frac{1}{2} e^x dx + \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} \frac{1}{2} e^{-x} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} e^x |_{-\sqrt{y}}^0 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-x} |_0^{\sqrt{y}} &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-\sqrt{y}} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-\sqrt{y}} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 - e^{-\sqrt{y}} \end{split}$$