- (a) P(A)= P(한번던졌는데 3이나_경우)= 1 V
- (b) P(B) = 1-P(실험이한번의사범으고끝나는경우) = 1- = = = = V



(c) P(AUB) = P(A) + P(B) = 1

(: ASH BENEZHIELANE)

#1.1-5

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha) \ \ P(A_1 \cup A_2 \cup A_3) &= \ P(A_1) + P(A_2) + P(A_3) - \left(P(A_1 \cap A_2) + P(A_2 \cap A_3) + P(A_3 \cap A_1)\right) + P(A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3) \\ &= \ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{3^2}\right) + \frac{1}{3^3} \\ &= \frac{19}{27} \ \ \checkmark$$

(৮) (제의계산사을 변형해보면

$$P(A_{1} \cup A_{2} \cup A_{3}) = 1 - \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{3^{2}} + \frac{1}{3^{2}} + \frac{1}{3^{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3^{3}} \right] \right] > (3 - 4)^{3} \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} \right)^{3}$$

$$= 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} \right)^{3}$$

$$= \frac{19}{27} \checkmark$$

1.2-6

(a)
$$qPq = 9! = 362880$$
 \checkmark

(b)
$$9C_{1} = \frac{9!}{3!6!} = 84$$

(c)
$$z^9 = 512$$
 /

#1.2-7 世乳气的

$$\frac{13(5.13C4.13C3.13C1)}{52C13} = 0.005387... \rightarrow 0.00539 \checkmark$$

: 나머지두막기가 자기일확률이 2:2일확충보다크다.

(a)
$$P(B_1) = \frac{5000}{1000000} = 0.005$$

(b)
$$P(A_1) = \frac{78515}{1000000} = 0.078515$$

(c)
$$P(A_1|B_2) = \frac{P(A_1 \cap B_2)}{P(B_2)} = \frac{73630}{995000} = 0.074 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1000}}$$

$$(d) P(B_1|A_1) = \frac{P(B_1 \cap A_1)}{P(A_1)} = \frac{4885}{18515} = 0.062217... \rightarrow 0.06222$$

(e) (ィ): HIV클 노유하지 않은사감의 검사결과가 양성일확호 ✓

(d7: 검사결과가 양성인사람이 실제로 HIV를 보유하고있을 확호 🗸

1.3-3

(b) P(RR | KRURWUWK)

$$= \frac{P(RR \cap (RR \cup RW \cup WR))}{P(RR \cup RW \cup WR)} = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{3} \checkmark$$

#1.3-7

$$(a) \quad S = \begin{cases} (1.17, (1.27, (1.37, (1.47), (1.57, (1.67, (2.17, (2.27, (2.37, (2.47, (2.57, (2.67, (3.17, (3.27, (3.27, (3.37, (3.57, (3.67, (4.17, (4.27, (4.37, (4.47, (4.57, (4.67, (5.17, (5.17, (5.17, (5.17, (5.17, (5.17, (6.17,$$

(b)
$$P(7 \text{ OF } 11) = P(7) + P(11) = \frac{6}{36} + \frac{2}{36} = \frac{8}{36} = \frac{2}{9} \checkmark$$

(c)
$$P(8|7 \text{ or }8) = \frac{P(8 \cap (7 \text{ or }8))}{P(7 \text{ or }8)} = \frac{P(87)}{P(77 + P(8))} = \frac{5}{6+5} = \frac{5}{11}$$
 (.: Abbanulational strategy of the property of

(d) 도바꾼이 처음이 8을 근고이길 학급

$$= P(8) P(8|7 \text{ or } 8) = P(8) \cdot \frac{P(8) (7 \text{ or } 8)}{P(7 \text{ or } 8)} \rightarrow (c) \text{ and } \frac{P(7)}{P(7) + P(8)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{36} \cdot \frac{1}{11} \vee (2.67, (3.5), (4.4), (5.5), (6.2) 2 574$$

(87 도박원이 이기는 명우

①
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$

11)
$$\frac{1}{1}$$
 $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$

(iii) 6号型2012執動=P(6)P(6|60+7)=P(6)·
$$\frac{P(6\cap(60+7))}{P(60+7)}=P(6)· \frac{P(6)}{P(6)+P(7)}= 5.5.5$$

V) 9 章 罕见 이 길 转 程 = P(9) P(9| 9 or 7) = P(9)
$$\frac{P(9 \cap (9 \text{ or } 7))}{P(9 \text{ or } 7)} = P(9) \cdot \frac{P(97)}{P(9) + P(7)} = \frac{4}{36} \cdot \frac{4}{10}$$

→ 2年站的图 (水外型(平外型与山村)은 2年份型HUL外型7

$$\frac{8}{36} + 2\left(\frac{5}{36} \cdot \frac{7}{9} + \frac{4}{36} \cdot \frac{4}{10} + \frac{5}{36} \cdot \frac{5}{11}\right) = 0.49292929 \cdots \rightarrow 0.49293 \checkmark$$

1.4-3

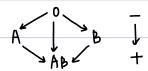
$$P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B) = 0.8 + 0.5 - 0.9 = 0.4$$

$$P(A)P(B) = 0.8 \times 0.5 = 0.4$$

P(A(B) = P(A)P(B) 이으로 A와 B는독업사건이다.

1.4-11

오는 털 액터 2站 쌍의 가깃수는 8·8 = 64개 → 토본당간 S의 원소



(a) HZONH 텔백용장이 가능한경우: Rh형(+/-) 과 ABO사 털어덩이 모두 일시하는경우

$$0.07^{2}+0.73^{2}+0.02^{2}+0.09^{2}+0.01^{2}+0.03^{2}+0.08^{2}+0.37^{2}=0.2666$$

(b) 첫번째 뿔틴사감(A,)이두번째 뿔틴사감(A2)에게 티를 제용할수 있는 화를 ; 독립사건의 화물계산(P(ANB)=P(A)P(B))

$$0 \rightarrow A^{\pm}, B^{\pm}, AB^{\pm}, 0^{\pm} : 0.08 \times | = 0.08$$

$$B^- \rightarrow B^{\pm}$$
, AB^{\pm} : 0.02 x (0.02 + 0.09 + 0.01 + 0.03) = 0.003

117 A101 Rh+277 -> A2 = Rh+

$$0^+ \rightarrow A^+, B^+, AB^+, 0^+ : 0.71 \times (0.77 + 0.09 + 0.07 + 0.77) = 0.7074$$

$$A^{+} \rightarrow A^{+}, AB^{+}$$
 : $0.73 \times (0.33 + 0.03) = 0.1188$

$$AB^+ \to AB^+$$
 : 0.07 x 0.03 = 0.0009

> 2年も以2 0.5481

(C) 对外性引发强之相处; P(双内互告上外的) 好气和的利用利用的物方) = 1-P(MZ和利息量外方)

Kh対象なれて-→+ 1指 :: ABO対化 2対がでをい、) ⇒ A ★ B 인 7号 集の1 記告!

$$A^+ \rightarrow B^+ B^- : 0.77 \times (0.02 + 0.09) = 0.0767 \times A^- \rightarrow B^+ B^- : 0.01 \times (0.02 + 0.09) = 0.0017$$

→ 5年始初回 0.088

$$1 - 0.088 = 0.912_{41} - 2$$

1.5-3

위충발자: A, , 충발자: A2, 안정발자: A3, 사바: D 라고 하면,

을제에M 제시된 3건은 P(A)=0.2, P(A2)=0.7, P(A3)=0.5,

P(D|A1)=0.3, P(D|A2)=0.1, P(D|A3)=0.01 了至时生午以叶.

$$P(A_{1}|D) = \frac{P(A_{1})P(D|A_{1})}{P(D)} = \frac{P(A_{1})P(D|A_{1})}{P(A_{1})P(D|A_{1}) + P(A_{2})P(D|A_{2}) + P(A_{3})P(D|A_{3})}$$

$$= \frac{0.2 \times 0.3}{0.2 \times 0.3 + 0.3 \times 0.1 + 0.5 \times 0.01} = \frac{12}{19} = 0.631578 \dots \rightarrow 0.63158$$

#1.5-5

$$(a) P(A^{+}|T^{+}) = \frac{P(A^{+} \cap T^{+})}{P(T^{+})} = \frac{P(A^{+})P(T^{+}|A^{+})}{P(A^{+})P(T^{+}|A^{+}) + P(A^{-})P(T^{+}|A^{-})}$$

$$= \frac{0.0005 \times 0.99}{0.0005 \times 0.99 + 0.9995 \times 0.03} = 0.016240 \dots \rightarrow 0.01624 \checkmark$$

(b)
$$P(A^-|T^+) = \frac{P(A^- \cap T^+)}{P(T^+)} = \frac{P(A^-)P(T^+|A^-)}{P(A^+)P(T^+|A^+) + P(A^-)P(T^+|A^-)}$$

$$= \frac{0.9995 \times 0.03}{0.0005 \times 0.999 + 0.9995 \times 0.03} = 0.983759 \dots \rightarrow 0.98376$$