5-3)

$$X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{18} \sim X^2(1) \rightarrow E(X_i) = 1, Var(X_i) = 2 (i=1, \dots, 18)$$

(a) Y= 를 X; 일때, Y의 mgf는

$$M_{Y}(t) = E(e^{tY}) = E(e^{t\frac{18}{2}X_{i}}) = \prod_{i=1}^{18} E(e^{tX_{i}}) = ((1-2t)^{-\frac{1}{2}})^{18} \text{ ole}_{\overline{X}},$$

Y는 r=18인 케이제판을 따라 끊 알수있다. / Mana Manager Manager

(b) E(Y) = 18, Var(Y) = 36 일대, 중심국한 781를 이용하여 각 확의 근생은 구하면

$$P(\Upsilon \leq 9.390) = P\left(\frac{\Upsilon - 18}{\sqrt{36}} \leq \frac{9.39 - 18}{\sqrt{36}}\right) \vee$$

$$P(Y \le 34.8) = P\left(\frac{Y-18}{\sqrt{36}} \le \frac{34.8-18}{\sqrt{36}}\right) = P\left(\ne \le 2.8 \right) = 0.9914$$
 ort.

.6-4)

$$P(\overline{x}_2. nb1 \leq \overline{\chi} \leq \overline{5}4.4\overline{x}_3) = P\left(\frac{\overline{x}_2. nb1 - \overline{5}4.03}{\overline{5}.8/\sqrt{4\eta}} \leq \frac{\overline{\chi} - \mathcal{M}}{\overline{5}.8/\sqrt{4\eta}} \leq \frac{\overline{\chi} + \mathcal{M}}{\overline{5}.8/\sqrt{4\eta}} \leq \frac{\overline{\chi} + \mathcal{M}}{\overline{5}.8/\sqrt{4\eta}} \leq \frac{\overline{\chi} + \mathcal{M}}{\overline{\chi} + \overline{\chi} + \overline{\chi$$

$$= P(-1.5 \le z \le 0.5) = P(z \le 0.5) - P(z \le -1.5) = P(z \le 0.5) - (1-P(z \le 1.5))$$

$$= 0.6915 - (1-0.9332) = 0.6247$$

·6-N)

Xι~ Γ(3,2), X2 ~ Γ(2,2), X3~Γ(5,2), X4~ Γ(3,2) 월 σΗ,

$$\text{Holetel Pdf} : f(\pi) = \frac{\chi^{\alpha +} e^{-\frac{\chi}{\delta}}}{\Gamma(\alpha) \theta^{-\alpha}} \quad (0 \leq \chi < \infty) \quad , \text{ mgf} : M_X(t) = \frac{1}{(1 - \theta t)^{\alpha}} \quad (t < \frac{1}{\theta}) \text{ olth.}$$

프로젝트를 된성시키는데 1951는 총 시간을 Y 라 하면 Y= X,+X2 + X3+ X4 이고,

T의 분들 %Huni 워버 Y의 mgf를 구하면

$$M_{Y}(t) = E[e^{tY}] = E[e^{t(x_{1}x_{2}tx_{3}tx_{4})}] = E[e^{tx_{1}}] \cdot E[e^{tx_{2}}] \cdot E[e^{tx_{3}}] \cdot E[e^{tx_{4}}]$$

$$= \frac{1}{(1-2t)^{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-2t)^{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-2t)^{5}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-2t)^{5}} = \frac{1}{(1-2t)^{5}} \cdot \frac$$

野的 YE SUPPORT O≤4<∞ UNIN α=17, 8=2인 장哈巴 中华港 알午处于

a)
$$P(Y \le 25) = \int_{0}^{25} f_{Y}(y) dy = \int_{0}^{25} \frac{y^{134} e^{-\frac{y}{2}}}{\Gamma(10) 2^{13}} dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{12! \cdot 2^{13}} \int_{0}^{25} y^{12} e^{-\frac{x}{2}} dy = 0.48102 \quad \checkmark$$

b) 정권판을 이용해 (a)를 군사시기면,

$$E(Y) = \alpha \theta = 13x2 = 26$$
, $Var(Y) = \alpha \theta^2 = 13x4 = 52$

→ CLTOIL 의해 YUN(26, 172) O(1),

$$P(Y \le 2\pi) = P(\frac{Y-26}{\sqrt{\pi}2} \le \frac{2\pi-26}{\sqrt{\pi}2})$$

n-2)

心好是 \$P= 0.6 , n= 854 → X~B(854, 0.6) ✓

虹科 のは性型 なたい 의部 X ≈ N(518.4,207.76) 이豆, ∨

P(496 < X < 5148)의 관했을 관 때, 연행 함께 의해

$$P(496 \le X \le 548) \approx P(495.5 \le X \le 548.5) = P(\frac{495.5 - 518.4}{\sqrt{201.36}} \le \frac{X - 518.4}{\sqrt{201.36}} \le \frac{548.5 - 518.4}{\sqrt{201.36}})$$

$$= P(-1.59 \le z \le 2.09) = \Phi(2.09) - \Phi(-1.59) = \Phi(2.09) - (1 - \Phi(1.59))$$

1-4) X~ Pois (7=49)일때, N=49,6=49 이므로 ~ CLT PRIMITE W = $\frac{X-49}{\sqrt{119}} \approx N(0.1)$ OR, 恕付 \$78011 \$\$H, P(4折くX <60) ≈ P(4万.万 < X < 万9.万) ort. $P(45.5 \le X \le 49.5) = P(\frac{45.5-49}{0} \le \frac{X-49}{0} \le \frac{59.5-49}{0})$ = $P(-0.5 \le W \le 1.5) = \Phi(-0.5) = 0.9332 - 0.3085 = 0.6247)$ T.N-6) 확했는 Xi(i=1.2,…,31) 은 r=10, P= 글인 음탕 問 따므로 ∨ $E(X_i) = \frac{1}{p} = lox \frac{3}{2} = lf$

 $Var(Xi) = r \cdot \frac{1-p}{p^2} = 10 \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{9}{4} = \frac{15}{2} \text{ old, }$

자유의 농수를 확했다 Yah 하면 Y= X1+ X2+ ··· + X1

$$E(Y) = \sum_{i=1}^{9} E(X_i) = 31 \times 15 = 465 \checkmark$$

$$Var(Y) = \sum_{i=1}^{91} 1^2 Var(Xi) = 31 \times 11.7 = 232.7 \text{ oith.} \checkmark$$

CLT Product etch,
$$W = \frac{Y - 465}{\sqrt{222.5}} \approx N(0.1)$$
 OIZ,

면당 수정에 의해 P(Y≤500) ≈ P(Y≤500.5) 라 하면

$$P(Y \le 500.5) = P(\frac{Y-465}{\sqrt{2n.5}} \le \frac{500.5-465}{\sqrt{2n.5}}) = P(W \le 2.32) = 0.9898$$
 olth.

·n-8)

you 첫 (년 olular) 사망한 유비 侵 X라 하면, 擊收 X는 P=0.01, N=5000 인 이행관을 따라.

CLT AMOUNT,
$$W = \frac{X - 50}{\sqrt{49.5}} \approx N(0.1)$$
 OID,

면독성 무정에 의해 P(내지 < X < 53) ~ P(내내지 < X < 53.5) ~

$$P(\Psi, \pi \leq X \leq \pi 3. \pi) = P\left(\frac{\Psi, \pi - \pi^{0}}{\sqrt{\Psi^{0}. \pi}} \leq \frac{X - \pi^{0}}{\sqrt{\Psi^{0}. \pi}} \leq \frac{\pi^{3}. \pi - \pi^{0}}{\sqrt{\Psi^{0}. \pi}}\right)$$

$$= P(-0.08 \leq W \leq 0. \pi) = \Phi(0.\pi) - (1 - \Phi(0.08))$$

$$= 0.6915 - 0.2100 = 0.4038 \text{ oigh}.$$

5.6월 취임제

$$E(w) = E(x+Y) = E(x) + E(Y) = 30 + 50 = 80$$

$$Var(W) = Var(X+Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) + 2 \cdot Cov(X, Y) = 52 + 64 + 2 \cdot 14 = 144$$

$$Z = \sum_{i=1}^{k} w_i$$

$$E(z) = E(\Sigma w_i) = \Sigma E(w_i) = 25x 80 = 2000$$

$$Var(z) = Var(\Sigma w_i) = \Sigma Var(w_i) = 25 \times 144 = 3600$$

$$Z \simeq N \left(2000, 60^2\right)$$

$$Z \simeq N(2000, 60^{-2})$$

$$P(1970 < Z < 2090) = P(-0.5 < \overline{Z} < 1.5) = \overline{\Phi}(1.5) - \overline{\Phi}(-0.5) = 0.6247$$

5.7절 李가운제

$$\times \sim N(26, 0.25)$$

(a)
$$P(x < 25.25) = P(\frac{x-26}{\sqrt{0.25}} < \frac{25.25-26}{\sqrt{0.25}}) = P(z < -1.5) = 0.0668$$

$$F(Y) = 235 \times 0.0668 = 15.698$$
, $Var(Y) = 235 \times 0.0668 \times (1-0.0668) = 14.649$

$$P(Y \le 10) = P\left(\frac{Y + 0.5 - 15.69\%}{14.649} \le \frac{10 + 0.5 - 15.69\%}{\sqrt{14.649}}\right) = P(Z \le -1.35\%) = 0.00872$$

(c),
$$X_1, \dots, X_{|25|} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(26, 0.25)$$
, $\overline{X} = \frac{1}{|25|} \sum_{i=1}^{|25|} X_i$

$$E(\underline{x}) = E(\underline{x} \times x^2) = \frac{1}{12} \times E(x^2) = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 12 \cdot x^2 = x^2$$

$$Var(\vec{x}) = Var(\frac{1}{25} \vec{x}_i) = \frac{1}{(25)^2} \vec{x} \cdot Var(k_i) = \frac{1}{(25)^2} \cdot (25 \cdot 0.25) = 0.002$$

$$\overline{X} \sim N(26, 0.002)$$

$$P(26 \le \overline{x} \le 28) = P\left(\frac{26-26}{\sqrt{0.002}} \le Z \le \frac{28-26}{\sqrt{0.002}}\right) = P(0 \le Z \le 44.721) \approx 0.5$$