Off-Site Backup Guide

This document captures the engine choices, provider comparisons, and reference workflows for extending your local USB + snapshot strategy into a full **3-2-1** scheme (3 copies, 2 media, 1 off-site) — without buying a NAS right away.

1 Engine Options for Cloud Backups

Engine	What it gives you	Ideal when	Snapshot workflow
Restic / Kopia (single-binary, S3-native)	Fast multi-thread upload, built-in AES-256 encryption, compression & dedup; runs on Linux <i>and</i> Windows	You want one tool everywhere and object-storage pricing	btrfs sub snap -r / home → restic backup snapshot path; each backup is its own point-in-time in Restic/ Kopia
Borg + Borgmatic (SSH target)	Rock-solid; FUSE browse (borg mount); append-only mode	You prefer turnkey backup host (rsync.net, BorgBase, Hetzner Storage Box) instead of raw object storage	Same snapshot trick; duplicate blocks deduped
btrfs send receive over	Bit-for-bit clone of every snapshot (reflinks, ACLs, compression)	Remote target is also Btrfs (cheap VPS, Hetzner box) and you're happy managing raw sub-volumes	btrfs send -p LAST ssh host btrfs receive keeps entire snapshot tree

Why not pipe Btrfs streams into S3? Each stream is one huge file — you'd lose server-side dedup and pay full egress to restore it.

2 S3-Compatible Object-Storage Providers

Provider	Base cost	Egress/API fees	Pros / Cons
Backblaze B2	\$6/TB-month ; first 10 GB free	3× stored data egress free, then \$0.01/GB	Long track-record; Restic backend; cheapest total if you test restores
Wasabi Hot Cloud	\$6.99 / TB-month , no egress; 90-day min retention	none	Predictable bill; multiple regions; great if you worry about restore costs

Provider	Base cost	Egress/API fees	Pros / Cons
iDrive e2	\$0.005/GB (first TB ≈ \$5)	\$0.01/GB egress	Cheapest <1 TB bucket; younger service, but mature parent company
Storj (decentralised)	\$4/TB-month + \$5 minimum use	\$7 / TB egress	End-to-end encrypted by design; slower first-byte latency

3 Hosted-SSH Boxes for Borg or Btrfs Send

Service	Price (~1 TB)	Traffic fees	Highlights
Hetzner Storage Box BX11	€3.20 / mo (~\$3.50)	none	SSH/WebDAV/SFTP; Borg & Restic presets; 10 automatic snapshots
rsync.net Borg account	\$0.008 / GB-mo (\approx \$8/TB)	none	ZFS backend with daily 30-day snapshots; immutability flag
BorgBase	\$2 / mo (10 GB) → \$80 / yr (1 TB)	none	10 GB free tier; web dashboard; stale-backup alerts

4 Reference Workflows

Goal	Tool stack	Target	Approx. cost
Maximum automation, zero surprises	Restic (AES-256) + daily systemd timer against snapshot	Wasabi bucket	≈ \$7/TB-month; no egress fees
Cheapest TB price with Borg comfort	Borgmatic (prune & health) against snapshot	Hetzner Storage Box	€3.20 / mo per TB; unlimited traffic
Full snapshot tree off-site	btrbk incremental btrfs send	Small Btrfs VPS (e.g. €2 VPS)	≈ €5 / mo total

5 Future NAS Consideration

A NAS can later: * Pull hourly snapshots over LAN (laptop offline sooner). *Mirror to the same cloud bucket with Rclone/Restic.* Serve as on-prem restore cache. No data reshuffling required — just point the NAS at the existing repo or receive streams.

6 Quick Decision Grid

Scenario	Best Choice	Rationale
Cross-platform backups (Windows + Linux)	Restic/Kopia → Backblaze B2	Single tool, global dedup, native Windows binary
Linux-only, budget priority	Borgmatic → Hetzner Box	Lowest €/TB, SSH simplicity
Need perfect Btrfs snapshots	btrfs send → Hetzner Box (Btrfs)	Preserves reflinks, ACLs, compression

TL;DR

- Pick **one engine**: Restic/Kopia for S3, Borg for SSH, or raw Btrfs send.
- Back-up **snapshots**, not live mounts.
- Cheap, trusted picks: Hetzner Box (SSH) or Backblaze B2 (S3).
- Encryption happens **before** upload, so provider trust is mainly about uptime + billing.