ADT Matrix

- The ADT Matrix is a container that represents a two-dimensional array.
- Each element has a unique position, determined by two indexes: its line and column.
- The domain of the ADT Matrix: $\mathcal{MAT} = \{mat | mat \text{ is a matrix with elements of the type TElem} \}$
- What operations should we have for a Matrix?

Assume: 1-based indexing



ADT Matrix - Interface I

- init(mat, nrL, nrC)
 - descr: creates a new matrix with a given number of lines and columns
 - pre: $nrL \in N^*$ and $nrC \in N^*$
 - post: mat ∈ MAT, mat is a matrix with nrL lines and nrC columns
 - throws: an exception if nrL or nrC is negative or zero

ADT Matrix - Interface II

- nrLines(mat)
 - descr: returns the number of lines of the matrix
 - pre: $mat \in \mathcal{MAT}$
 - **post:** *nrLines* ← returns the number of lines from *mat*

ADT Matrix - Interface III

- nrColumns(mat)
 - descr: returns the number of columns of the matrix
 - pre: $mat \in \mathcal{MAT}$
 - **post:** *nrCols* ← returns the number of columns from *mat*

ADT Matrix - Interface IV

- element(mat, i, j)
 - descr: returns the element from a given position from the matrix (assume 1-based indexing)
 - **pre:** $mat \in \mathcal{MAT}$, $1 \le i \le nrLines$, $1 \le j \le nrColumns$
 - **post**: element \leftarrow the element from line i and column j
 - **throws:** an exception if the position (i, j) is not valid (less than 1 or greater than nrLines/nrColumns)

ADT Matrix - Interface V

- modify(mat, i, j, val)
 - descr: sets the element from a given position to a given value (assume 1-based indexing) and returns the previous value from the position
 - pre: $mat \in \mathcal{MAT}$, $1 \leq i \leq nrLines$, $1 \leq j \leq nrColumns$, $val \in TElem$
 - post: the value from position (i, j) is set to val. modify ←
 the old value from position (i, j)
 - **throws:** an exception if position (i,j) is not valid (less than 1 or greater than nrLine/nrColumns)

ADT Matrix - Operations

- Other possible operations:
 - get the (first) position of a given element
 - create an iterator that goes through the elements by columns
 - create an iterator the goes through the elements by lines
 - etc.