

IDENTIFICATION OF DIGITAL AND ANALOG COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUES

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OBJECTIVE: To identify different types of analog and digital communication techniques using CNN layers.

The traditional signal-based modulation recognition technology first designs and extracts the signal features, and then designs the classification rules to modulate the signal characteristics. The signal characteristics and classification rules of the hand design are usually limited in the complex channel environment. A deep learning-based modulation recognition technique is proposed for automatically learning classification rules from feature data to improve classification accuracy.

METHODOLOGY : The dataset is generated using MATLAB (.m files) of four different types of signal classification that are AM-DSB, AM-SSB, BPSK , PSK , QAm4 , QAM16 . The network layers used are convolutional , Dense and flatten with activation function as RELU . The code is compiled using optimizer and loss is calculated using MSE.

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
reshape_1 (Reshape)	(None, 1, 2, 128)	0	reshape_input_1[0][0]
zeropadding2d_1 (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 1, 2, 132)	0	reshape_1[0][0]
conv1 (Convolution2D)	(None, 256, 2, 130)	1024	zeropadding2d_1[0][0]
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256, 2, 130)	0	conv1[0][0]
zeropadding2d_2 (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 256, 2, 134)	0	dropout_1[0][0]
conv2 (Convolution2D)	(None, 80, 1, 132)	122960	zeropadding2d_2[0][0]
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 80, 1, 132)	0	conv2[0][0]
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 10560)	0	dropout_2[0][0]
dense1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	2703616	flatten_1[0][0]
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0	dense1[0][0]
dense2 (Dense)	(None, 11)	2827	dropout_3[0][0]
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 11)	0	dense2[0][0]
reshape_2 (Reshape)	(None, 11)	0	activation_1[0][0]
Total params: 2830427			

In this Proposed Model 100 iterations were used.

RESULT : Variation of no. of iterations and loss in the function.

