

Extras in Barista View - design

The essential concern for the barista is to know if the customer put any extras for his items. To fulfill this case, the OrderDetailsView has to be modified accordingly. New TableView is introduced containing three columns - id and name of the item, and chosen extras. This provides necessary information for the person responsible for preparation of the order.

Items in Order

ID	TYPE	NAME	PRICE
No content in table			

Extras in Items

ID	NAME	EXTRAS	
No content in table			

Comment

Back

Complete

Extras in Barista View - implementation

To display the correct extras for the specific item, those two properties had to be combined. As a consequence, the ExtraInItemProperty class was introduced.

```
public class ExtraInItemProperty
{
    private ItemProperty item;
    private IntegerProperty id;
    private StringProperty name;
    private ArrayList<ExtraProperty> extras;

    public ExtraInItemProperty(ItemProperty item, ArrayList<ExtraProperty> extras)
    {
        this.item = item;
        this.name = item.nameProperty();
        this.id = item.idProperty();
        this.extras = extras;
    }
}
```

Inside the OrderDetailViewController the columns are assigned proper values and the reset method is invoked. The reset method calls the method with the same name from ViewModel and after that the items in the table are set using the ObservableList of type ExtraInItemProperty.

OrderDetailViewController - init and reset methods

```
TableColumn idColTemp = (TableColumn) extrasTable.getColumns().get(0);
TableColumn nameColTemp = (TableColumn) extrasTable.getColumns().get(1);
TableColumn extraColTemp = (TableColumn) extrasTable.getColumns().get(2);

idColTemp.setCellValueFactory(
    new PropertyValueFactory<ExtraInItemProperty, Integer>( s: "id"));
nameColTemp.setCellValueFactory(
    new PropertyValueFactory<ExtraInItemProperty, String>( s: "name"));
extraColTemp.setCellValueFactory(
    new PropertyValueFactory<ExtraInItemProperty, String>( s: "ExtrasString"));
reset();
}

public void reset()
{
    viewModel.reset();
    extrasTable.setItems(viewModel.getExtrasInItems());
    itemsTable.setItems(viewModel.getSelectedOrder().getItemList());
    commentArea.setText(viewModel.getSelectedOrder().commentProperty().get());
}
```

First of all, the list is cleared to avoid duplicates. The next step is to loop through the ItemList and fill the extrasInItems with the items and their extras. The method getExtrasInItems simply returns this variable.

OrderDetailViewModel - reset method

```
public void reset()
{
    extrasInItems.clear();
    OrderProperty order = handler.getSelectedOrder();
    for(ItemProperty item: order.getItemList())
    {
        if(item.getExtras().size()>0)
        {
            extrasInItems.add(new ExtraInItemProperty(item, item.getExtras()));
        }
    }
}

public ObservableList<ExtraInItemProperty> getExtrasInItems()
{
    return extrasInItems;
}
```

To sum up this part, the window displaying the extras for the item is shown.

OrderDetailView

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Items in Order

ID	TYPE	NAME	PRICE
1	coffee	Coffee	20.0

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Extras in Items

ID	NAME	EXTRAS
1	Coffee	milk, sugar

Comment

BackComplete

Extras in Barista View - testing

Integration testing was used to test the correctness of display of extras for a specific item in the OrderDetailView. To start the process the customer adds the desired extras for the item and pays for the order. This is crucial to test whether the extras added by the customer are accurately reflected in the OrderDetailView.


ExtraView

The screenshot shows a window titled "ExtraView" with a title bar containing standard window controls. The main content area is titled "Select extras for Coffee". It features two side-by-side lists of extras. The "Available extras" list on the left contains "milk", "sugar", and "hazelnut syrup", with "sugar" currently selected. The "Added extras" list on the right contains "milk" and "sugar". To the right of these lists are two buttons: "Add" and "Remove". At the bottom center, there is a "Done" button. Both lists have scrollable indicators at the bottom.

Alert with the order number.

The screenshot shows an alert dialog box with a title bar that says "Order 4" and a close button. The main text of the alert is "Your order is being prepared: Order Number #4". To the right of the text is a blue circular information icon. At the bottom right of the dialog is an "OK" button.

Extras are correctly fetched from the database further down to the Model and eventually displayed in the OrderDetailView. This use case has passed the integration test.

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Items in Order

ID	TYPE	NAME	PRICE
1	coffee	Coffee	20.0

Extras in Items

ID	NAME	EXTRAS
1	Coffee	milk, sugar

Comment

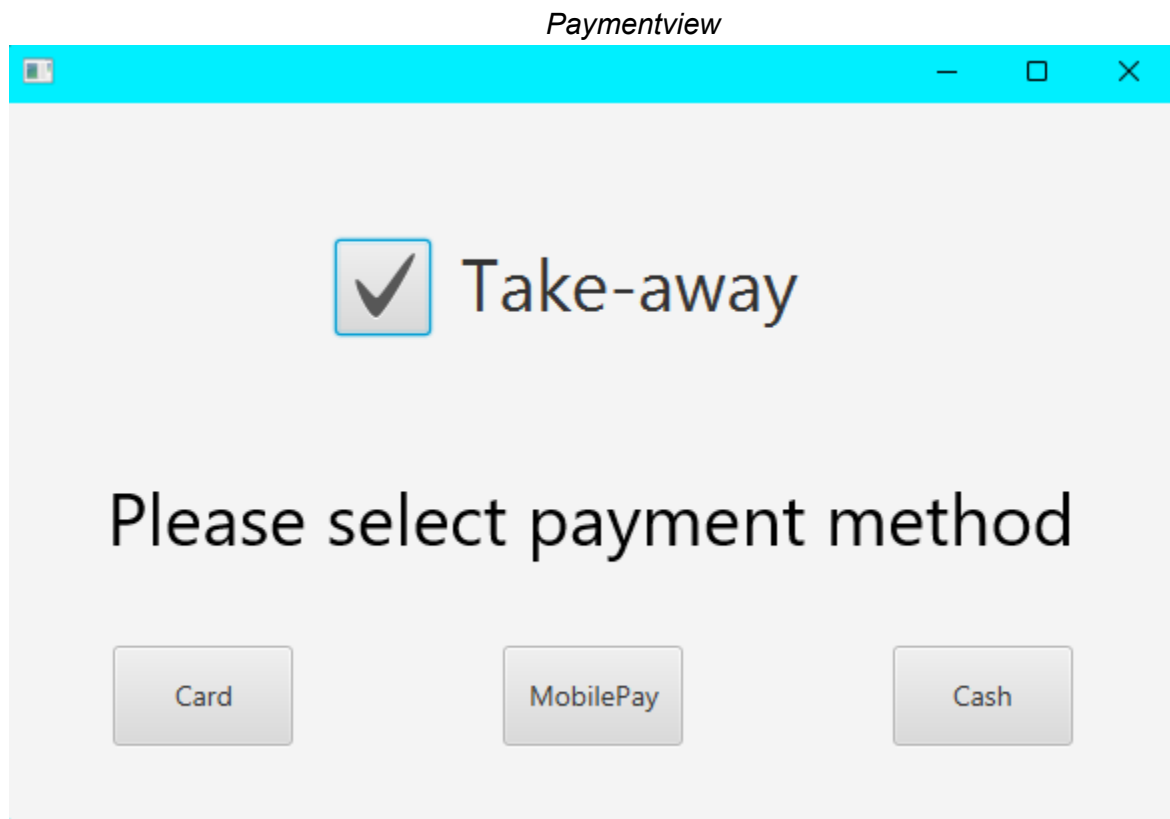
Back

Complete

PAYMENT VIEW

Design

The PaymentView was designed to satisfy the customers wishes according to the Product Backlog items 13 and 18. The first wants to give the customers the ability of choosing the payment method they would like to proceed with three choices: Card, MobilePay or Cash. The latter is for the customers to be able to choose whether they want their order to be prepared for on-site consumption or take-away.



For this purpose, a checkbox was used. For selecting the payment method, the customer can click on one of the three buttons, each representing a different payment method.

Implementation

Payments done through Card and MobilePay are implemented in the same way: an if statement is checking the selectedProperty of the checkbox, and setting the order as Take-away if it is true. This feature was added in the final parts of the construction phase, therefore it was solved by adding "TAKE-AWAY" to the description of the order.

Methods in the PaymentViewController class

```
26  @FXML private void onCard()
27  {
28      if (isTakeAway())
29      {
30          paymentViewModel.setIsTakeAway();
31      }
32
33      orderNumberMessageNonCash(paymentViewModel.payWithCardOrMP());
34
35  }
36
37  @FXML private void onMobilePay()
38  {
39      if (isTakeAway())
40      {
41          paymentViewModel.setIsTakeAway();
42      }
43      orderNumberMessageNonCash(paymentViewModel.payWithCardOrMP());
44  }
45
46  @FXML private void onCash()
47  {
48      if (isTakeAway())
49      {
50          paymentViewModel.setIsTakeAway();
51      }
52      orderNumberMessageCash(paymentViewModel.payWithCash());
53  }
```

The methods from the viewmodel are calling the method `payForOrder(boolean isCash)`. The parameter is set to true inside `payWithCash()` and to false inside `(payWithCardOrMP)`.

payForOrder(boolean isCash) inside the ModelManager

```
149  @Override public int payForOrder(boolean isCash)
150  {
151      if (isCash)
152      {
153          order.setStatus("unpaid");
154      }
155      return submitOrder();
156  }
```

If the order is to be paid in cash, the status is set to unpaid and it goes to the cashier, otherwise the order is submitted.

Integration Testing

The customer is adding three items to an order and clicking Pay

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Checkout

ID	Name	Type	Price
1	Coffee	coffee	20.0
1	Coffee	coffee	20.0
2	Tea	tea	7.0

Total price: 47.0

Remove item

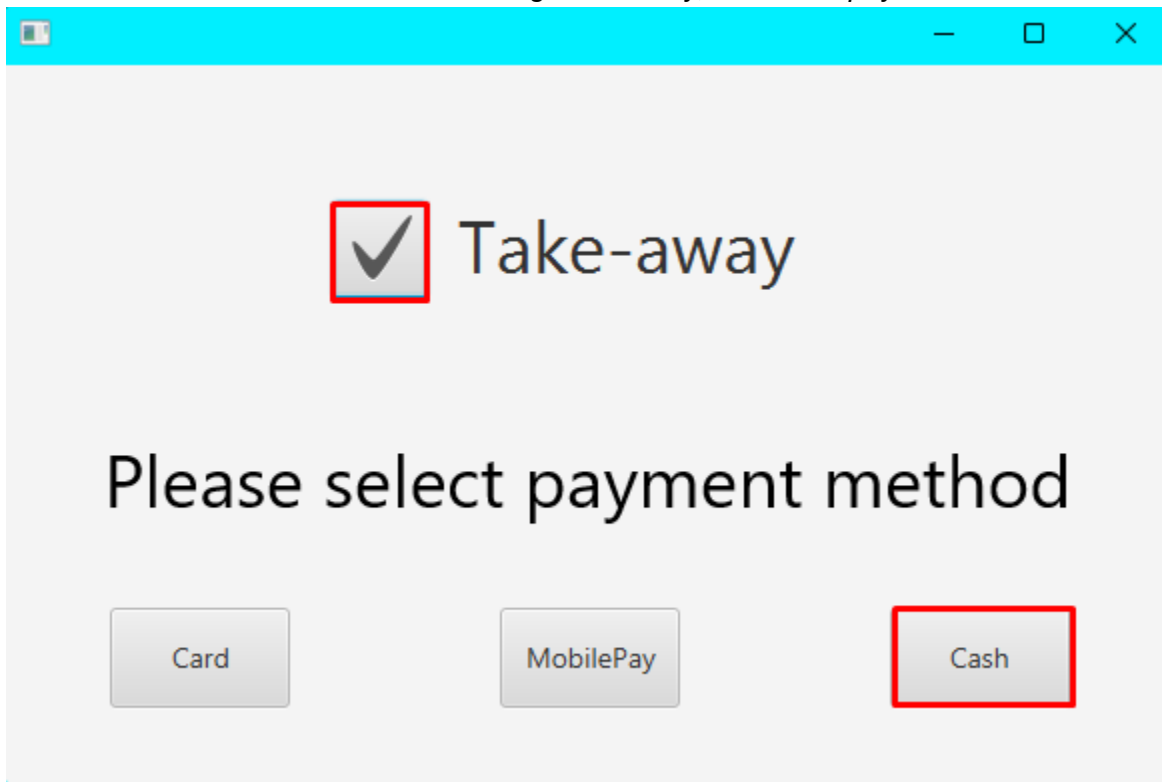
Pay

Add Comment

Back

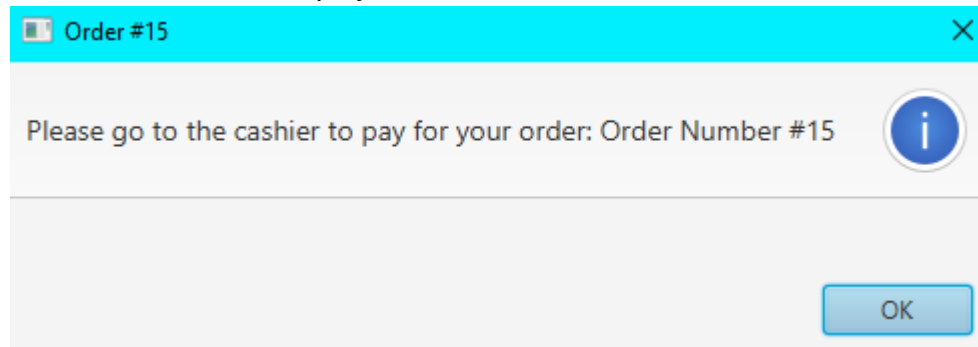
Quit

The customer is selecting Take-away, and Cash payment



A screenshot of a software window with a cyan title bar. The window contains a large grey area with a red square containing a black checkmark, followed by the text "Take-away". Below this, the text "Please select payment method" is displayed. At the bottom, there are three buttons: "Card", "MobilePay", and "Cash". The "Cash" button is highlighted with a red rectangular border.

An alert is displayed for the customer with order ID #15



A screenshot of an alert dialog box with a cyan title bar labeled "Order #15". The main text area contains the message "Please go to the cashier to pay for your order: Order Number #15". To the right of the text is a blue circular icon with a white lowercase 'i'. At the bottom right, there is a blue button labeled "OK".

The cashier marks order #15 as paid after the customer handed him the cash

Unpaid

Pending

ID	TIME	PRICE	STATUS
15	10:55:59	47.0	unpaid

Mark as Paid

Cancel

Back

The barista receives the pending order #15. "TAKE-AWAY" is added to the description

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Items in Order

ID	TYPE	NAME	PRICE
1	coffee	Coffee	20.0
1	coffee	Coffee	20.0
2	tea	Tea	7.0

< >

Comment

TAKE-AWAY

BackComplete

Order #15 is in the database with the description

	🔍 order_id ▲ 1	📝 comment ↕	🕒 datetime ↕	💰 price ↕	📊 status ↕
1	1		2022-05-20 11:48:07.643609	28	completed
2	2		2022-05-20 13:18:02.708809	34	completed
3	3	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-20 13:22:35.601387	40	completed
4	4		2022-05-20 13:23:17.256170	20	completed
5	5	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-20 13:25:27.644014	20	completed
6	6	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-20 13:26:29.622582	20	completed
7	7	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-20 13:39:10.092066	20	completed
8	8	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-20 13:39:53.208484	40	completed
9	9	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-23 09:40:57.785062	40	completed
10	10	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-23 09:41:19.154698	20	completed
11	11		2022-05-23 09:41:33.697519	47	completed
12	12		2022-05-23 10:17:50.655096	40	completed
13	13	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-23 10:19:01.806000	40	completed
14	14		2022-05-23 10:22:03.184382	14	completed
15	15	👤 TAKE-AWAY	2022-05-23 10:55:59.668725	47	pending