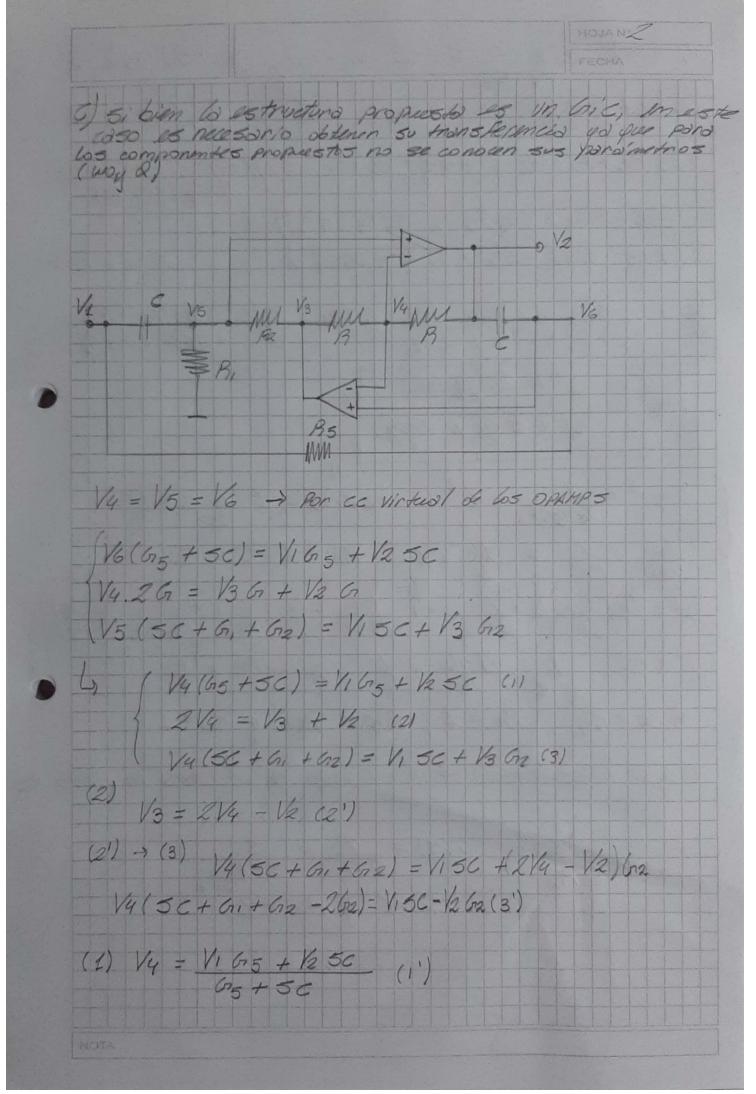


Apriles of mills de transformación a la transformes

The (5) = $T_{Lp}(16)$ = $\frac{1}{16+1}$ $\frac{1}{16^2+16+1}$ $\frac{1}{3^2}$ The (5) = $\frac{5}{5+1}$ $\frac{5^23^2+1}{3^2+5+1}$ $\frac{3^2}{3^2}$ The (5) = $\frac{5}{5+1}$ $\frac{5^2+5+1}{3^2+5+1}$ $\frac{3^2}{3^2}$



(1) -> (3) VIG5 + 125C (5C+G1-G2) = VISC - 12 G2 (VIG15+1250)(5C+G,-G2) = (VISC-126)(G5+5C) 1165 (5C+6,-62) +125C (5C+G,-G2) =115C(65+5C) -12 Go (55+50) 110000+61.65-6265-5261 = 121-6265-5662-562-566, +5662) VIX = 12 Y 1/2 = -5°C° + 6,5 (6,1 - 6,2) => T(5) = 5°C° + 6,5 (6,2 - 6,1) 1/1 - (5°C° + 566, + 6,2 6,5) = 5°C° + 566, + 6,560 52 4 65 (62-61) T(5) = 52 + 5 61 + 01562 wo 2 = 1 = 12 B2. B5 = 1 y C = 1 8 - 1 = 1 = 1 P1 = 1 WZ2 = G5 (G2-G1) = (=) (=) (=) = (=) = (B1 - B2) = (B1 - B2) (1) - (2) 1-R2 = \$\frac{1-R2}{80} = \frac{1}{9} \quad \text{1-R2} = \frac{1}{9} \quad \text{1-Para là transferencia de primer orden se utilizarà un Altro Be T(5) = 5 = 5 5+1 5+1/BC Cx = 1 4 Bx = 1