

# CRAFTING CONSISTENT APIS AT SCALE

EMBRACING LINTING & REUSABLE MODELS



Crafting consistent API at scale:  
Embracing linting & reusable models.



SPS COMMERCE



**PRAIRIE  
DEV CON**  
WEB | DEV | CLOUD | AI

NORTHFIELD

JG Johnston group

**Lotlinx**

**online**  
business systems

LAMBERT  
NEMEC  
GROUP

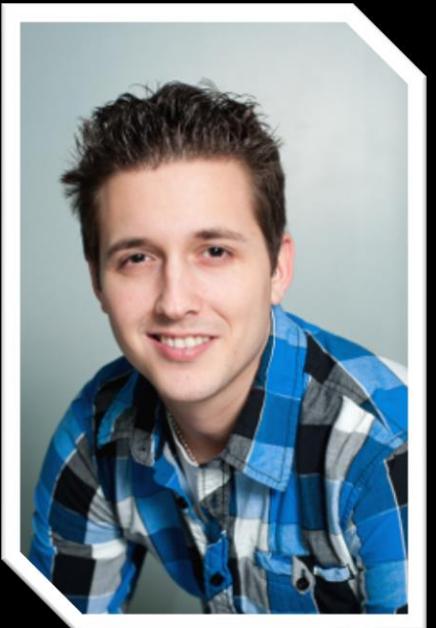
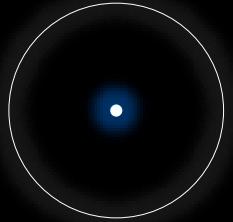
EXCELLENCE IN RECRUITMENT

CONQUEST

**ATLASSIAN**

“ Consistency is one of the most powerful usability principles: when things always behave the same, users don't have to worry about what will happen.

Jakob Nielsen



# TRAVIS GOSELIN

DISTINGUISHED SOFTWARE ENGINEER

DEVELOPER EXPERIENCE

[travisgosselin.com](http://travisgosselin.com)

[linkedin.com/in/travisgosselin](https://linkedin.com/in/travisgosselin)

@travisjgosselin

The image shows a screenshot of the SPS Commerce software interface. At the top, there's a large blue logo with 'SPS' inside a circle and the tagline 'INFINITE RETAIL POWER™'. Below the logo, the main navigation menu includes 'Community', 'Sourcing', 'Assortment', 'Fulfillment', 'Analytics', 'Dev Center', and other options. The central part of the interface features four summary cards: 'Pending Partner Acknowledgment' (13), 'New Orders' (218), 'Errors' (21), and 'Ready for Change Acknowledgment' (59). Below these cards is a table titled 'Open Orders' with columns for Date, Order #, Trading Partner, Status, Order Amount, and Alert. The table lists several recent orders from various partners like Dick's Sporting Goods, Apex Sports, Walmart, Cabela's, Champ's Sports, Finish Line, Foot Locker, Gander Mountain, Bass Pro Shops, and Mills Fleet Farm. To the right of the table is a 'RECENT ACTIVITY' sidebar with a log of events from April 19 and 20, such as order acknowledgments and vendor compliance updates.

"

Developer Experience is the activity of studying, improving and optimizing how developers get their work done.

"

theappslab.com (2017)

# DEVELOPER EXPERIENCE

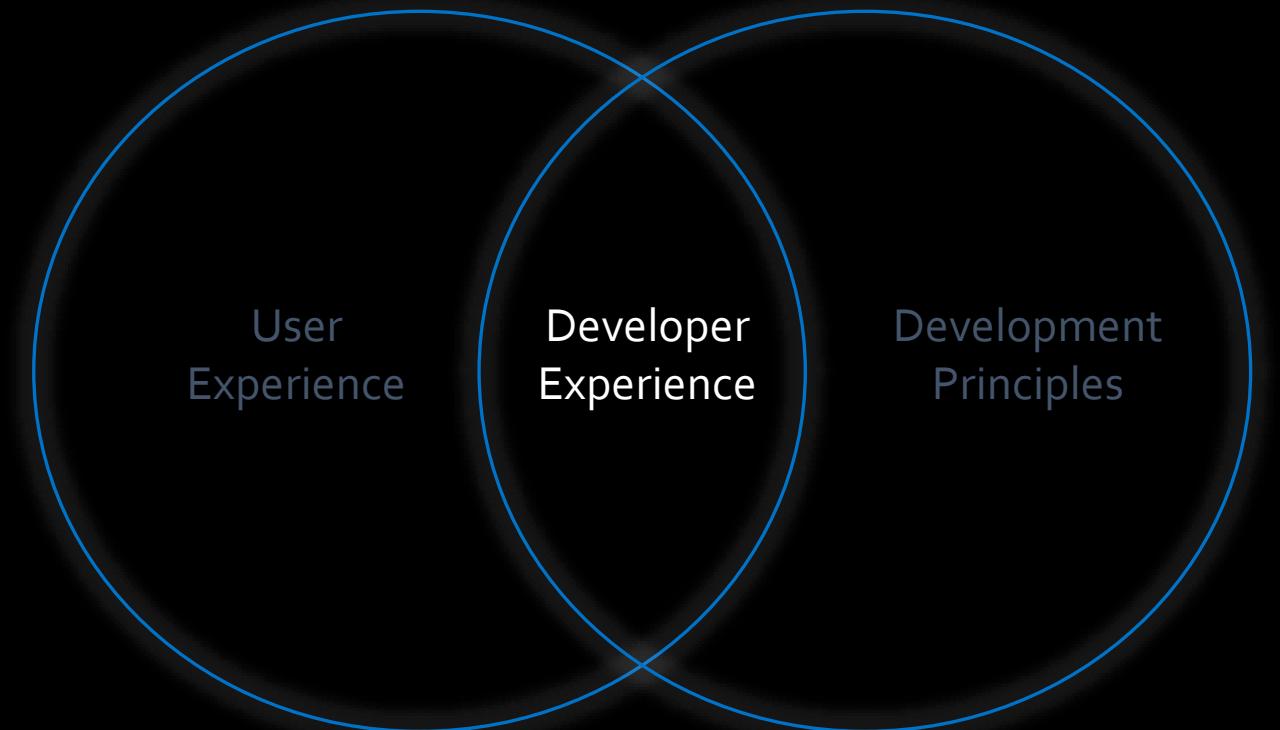
WHAT IS THAT...EXACTLY?

"

Developers work in rainforests, not planned gardens.

"

[a16z.com](http://a16z.com)



# DEVELOPER EXPERIENCE == APIs

APIs are the Universal Language of Development

Over 90% of Developers Use APIs

2020 NordicAPI

Developers Spend 30% of Their Time Coding APIs

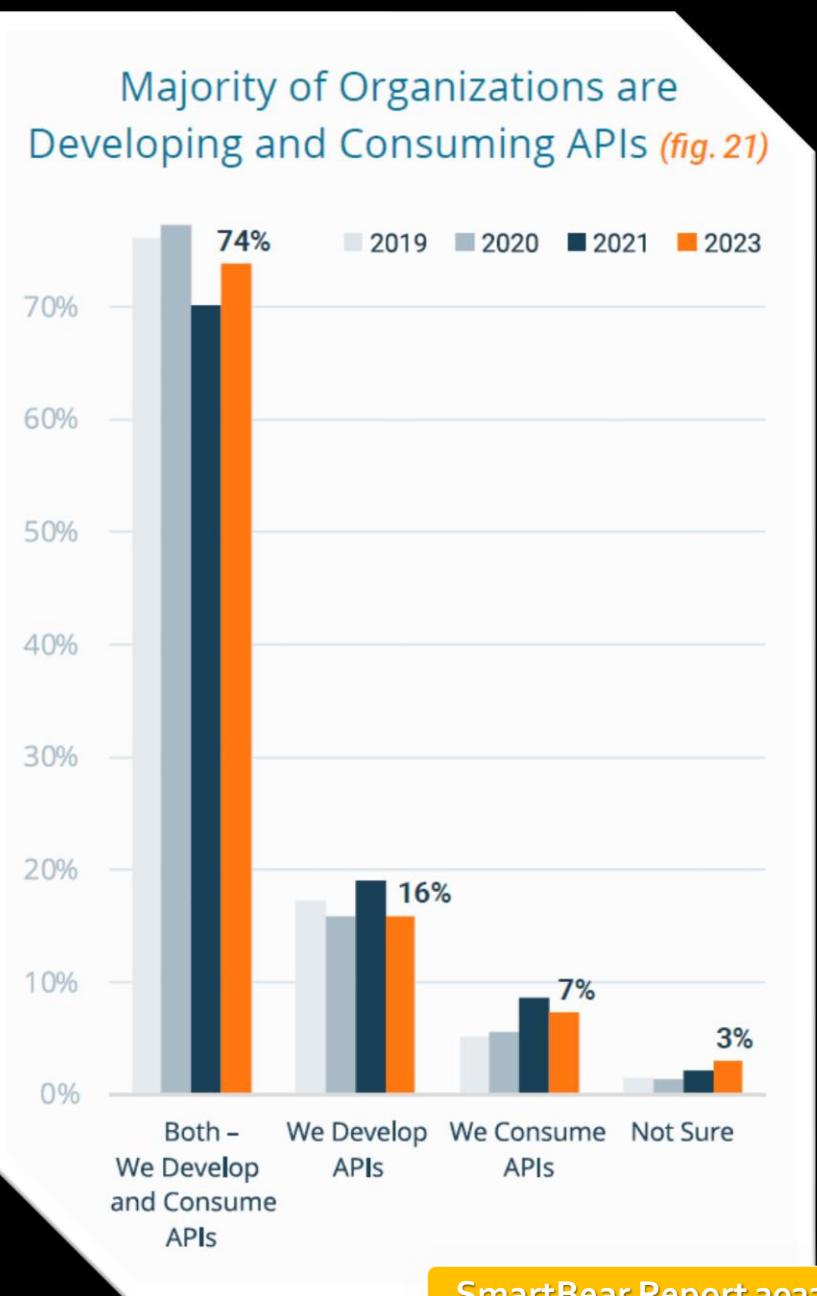
Trends: Most API Consumers are also API Producers

"

When businesses take APIs seriously, it's the single fastest way to extract value out of data. Embracing APIs is a business imperative. It's no longer sufficient to offer a standalone, isolated product.

"

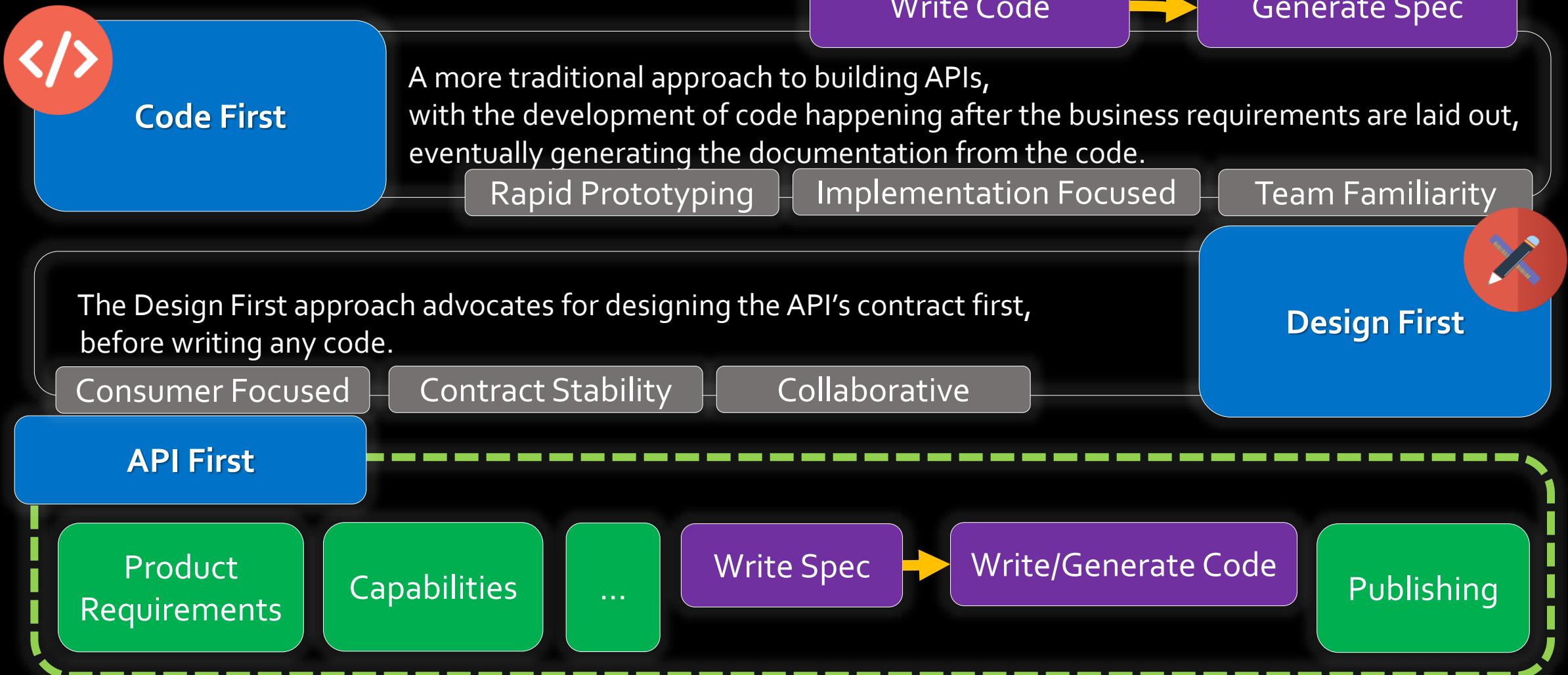
Forbes



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# APPROACHES TO API DESIGN

Code First and Design First



# API ORGANIZATIONAL MODELS

How is API Development Distributed?

## Single Team

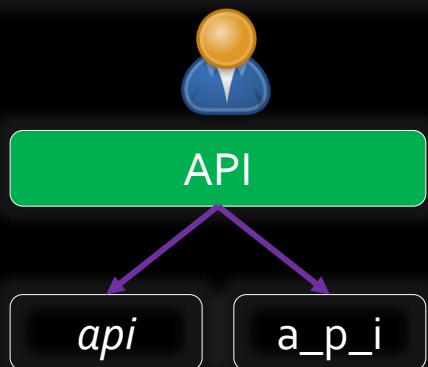


*Facade*

**Single team** is responsible for the creation of a façade for all internal APIs behind it.

Limited Governance Needed

Does Not Scale



## Autonomous

*Granular*



**Service teams are autonomous** and responsible for the entire API including documentation and SDKs, etc.

Some Governance Needed

Highly Inefficient



## Coordinated

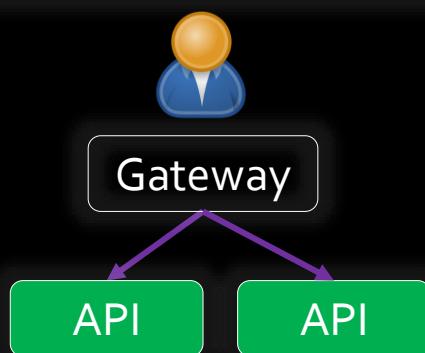
*Gateway*



**Multiple teams** delivering APIs for the **domain** they are responsible for centrally versioned and documented.

Substantial Governance

Resource Efficient



# API CONSISTENCY

## OpenAPI Specification Consistency Drift

### Single or Façade API

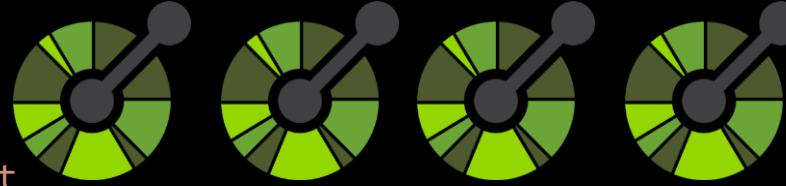


```
schemas:  
  user:  
    type: object  
    description: A user for HR.  
    properties:  
      id:  
        type: string  
        example: 2  
      full_name:  
        type: string  
        minLength: 1  
        maxLength: 100
```

Consistency in Yourself

Less Intentionality

### Coordinated API



```
schemas:  
  User:  
    type: object  
    properties:  
      id:  
        type: string  
        format: uid  
        example: 12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012  
      fullName:  
        description: The first and last name of the user.  
        type: string  
        example: "Travis Gosselin"
```

Error Format

Serialization

URL Structure

Bulk

Naming

Headers

Paging

Verbs

Status Codes

Organizational Interoperability

Developer Experience

Avoiding Toil

Portability

Building Abstractions

"Abstraction is one of the greatest existing accomplishments of human logical thought; don't give it up without a fight."

*Donald Knuth*

# API CONSISTENCY

Does Consistency Matter?

W

Consistency in API design is essential for today's software engineering landscape. It can guarantee reliability, improve user experience, reduce the need to spend time and resources on maintenance and debugging, and encourage good practices.

Robert Kimani

Stop Making the Same Decisions

“

# CONSISTENCY AT SCALE

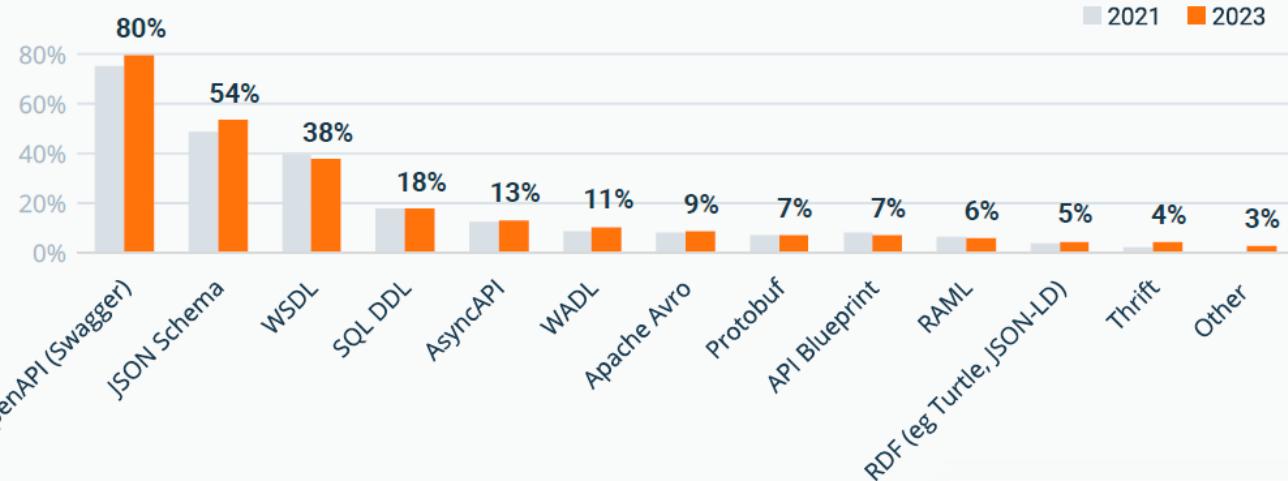
Building Consistency into your Architecture

Precursor

Ubiquitous Design Language

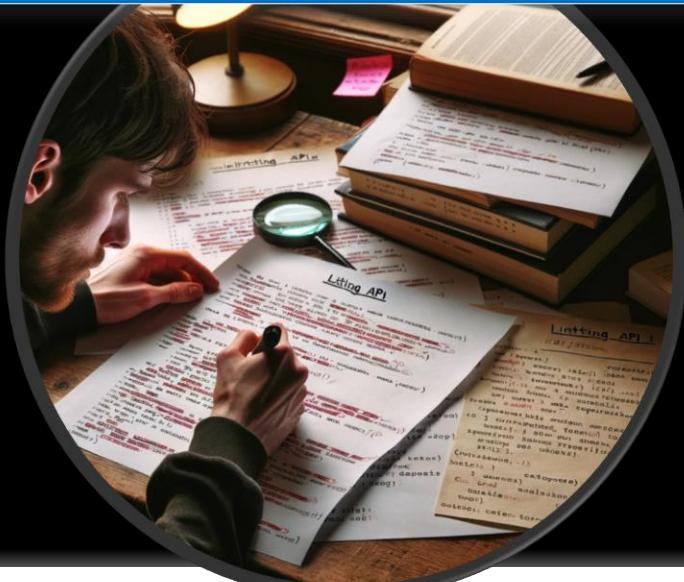


OpenAPI (Swagger) Continues to Dominate but Growth in Other Standards Remain Steady (fig. 15)



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Lintering



Reusable Models



W

## Linting:

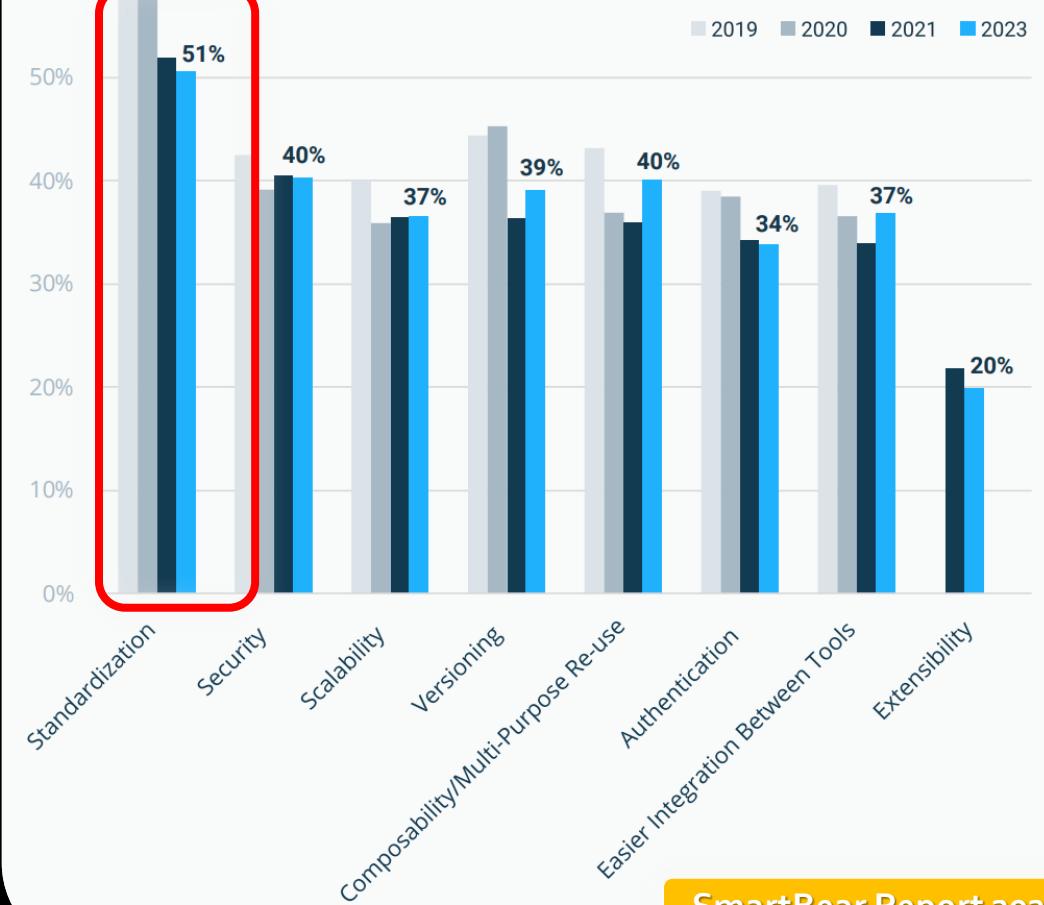
*...static code analysis tool used to flag programming errors, bugs, stylistic errors and suspicious constructs.*

Wikipedia



“

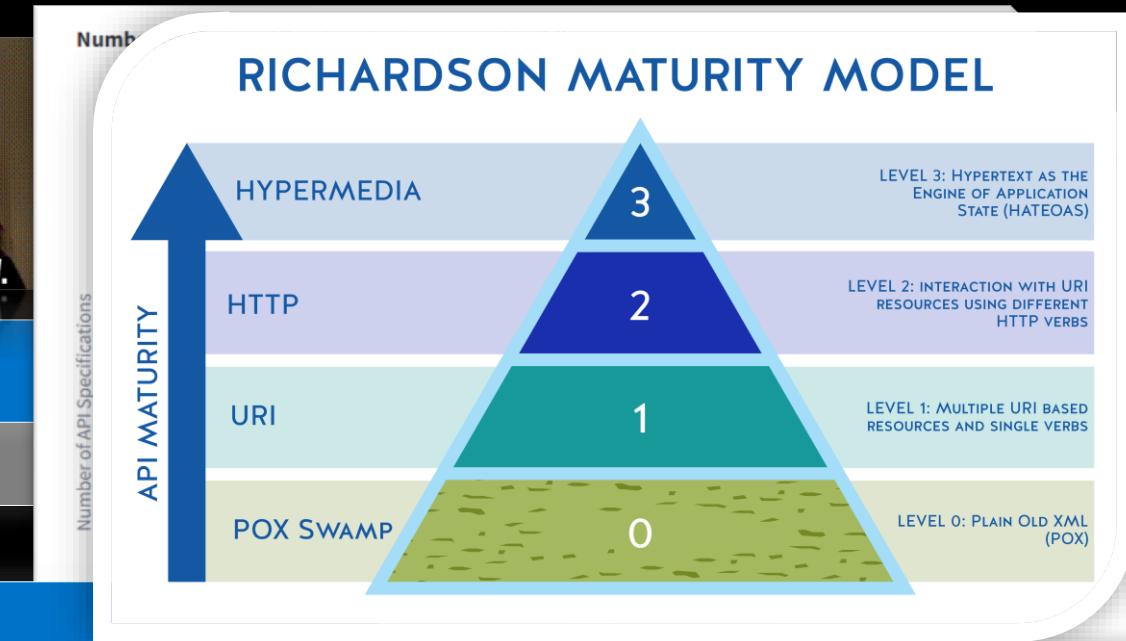
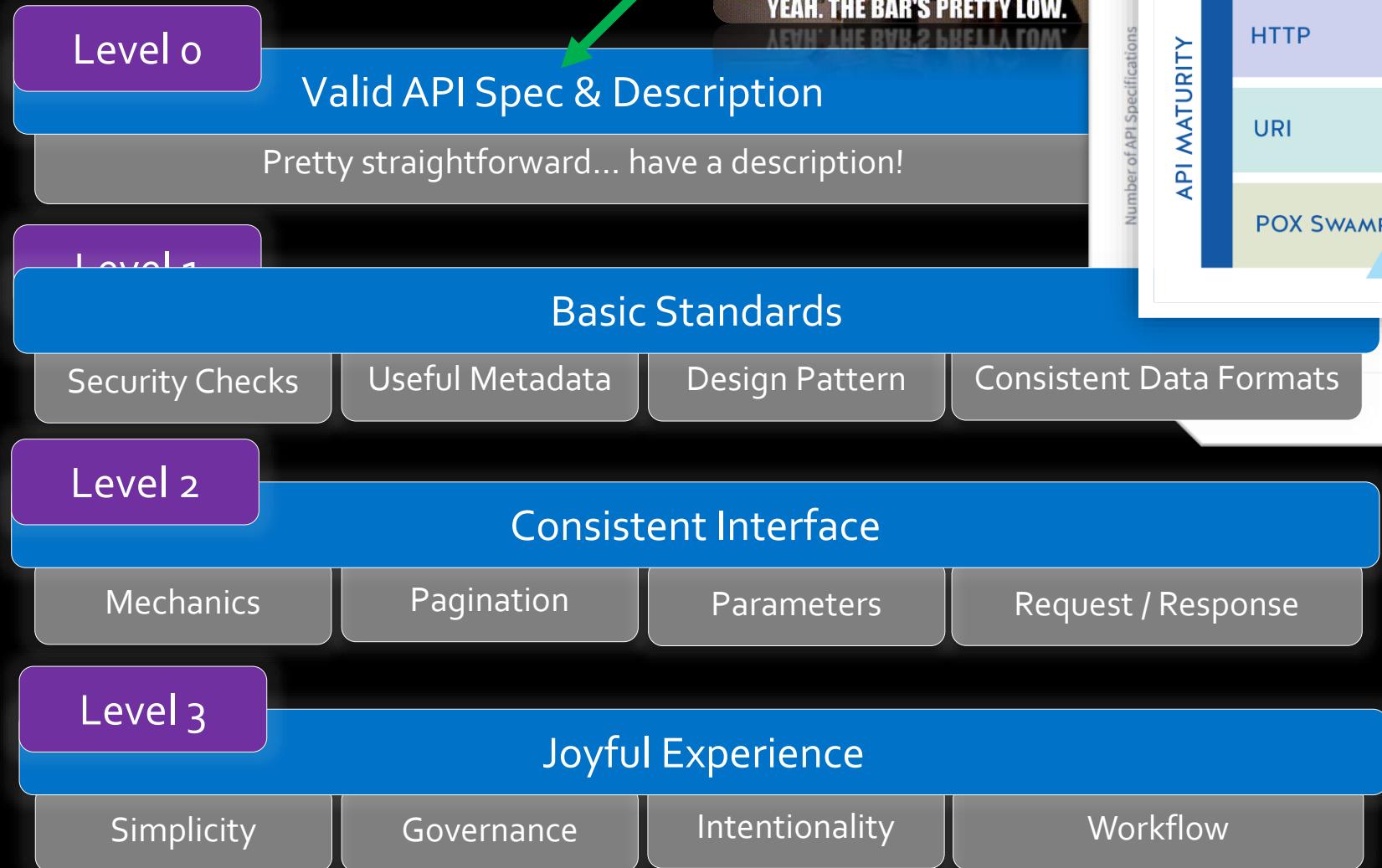
API Standardization Remains a Top Challenge for the Industry (fig. 50)



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# API LINTING

## API Linting Maturity Model



In reality, the effort required to design something is inversely proportional to the simplicity of the result.

Roy T. Fielding



# API LINTING

## Getting Started

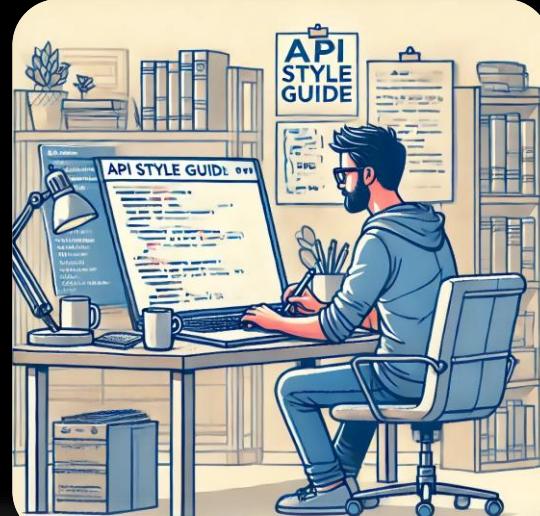


What Are Our Linting Rules?



Trends: 64% of Organizations  
Have a Style Guide or Plan To

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API Style Guide!

URL Structure

Request & Response

Collections

Errors

Serialization

Naming



API Handyman: Arnaud Lauret  
[ApiStyleBook.com](http://ApiStyleBook.com)



# SPS STYLE GUIDE

## SPS COMMERCE REST API STANDARDS

cloud foundry

**Consistency** – understanding one resource informs interacts with the rest.

**Discoverability** – API responses guide users without the need for external documentation.

**Simplicity** – complex user workflows constructed from smaller parts.

**Opinionatedness** – one clear way to do something.

**Tolerance** – contracts and consumers are forgiving as possible without compromising security.

**Automation** – lean towards defendable standards, where not compromising

**Experience** – developer experience is king, and major concerns trump the rest.

<https://github.com/spscommerce/sps-api-standards>

### Error Schema

- All `4xx` & `5xx` series of status codes **MUST** come with a consumable JSON error representation as defined in this error schema.
- The error schema defined here **MUST NOT** be returned for a `2xx` series status code (including with the usage of the `207` multi-status code, which is restricted).
- An error or validation response **MUST** follow the error object schema and **SHOULD** have response `Content-Type` of: `application/problem+json`.
- An error or validation response **MUST** include a `requestId` attribute that is used to correlate requests.

```
// REQUEST
POST /articles HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: api-standards-v1
Content-Type: application/json
{
  "foo": "bar",
  "foo2": null
}

// RESPONSE
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden
Content-Type: application/problem+json
{
  "title": "You do not have enough credit.", // REQUIRED (string): Short human-readable title of the error that occurs
  "status": 403, // REQUIRED (number): Number representation of the error and MUST match the status code
  "detail": "Your current balance is 30, but that costs 50.", // OPTIONAL (string): Description or detailed human-readable message about the error
  "instance": "/account/12345msgs/abc", // OPTIONAL (URI): Specific URI/Resource that represents a link to the error
  "type": "https://example.com/probs/out-of-credit", // OPTIONAL (URI): URI to human-readable and actionable info about the error

  "requestId": "979f3d3b-a04a-43d7-b55f-8d5609b48783", // REQUIRED (string): Request ID that correlates original request to response
  "context": [
    {
      "code": "INPUT_NOT_NULL", // OPTIONAL (string): Short, machine-readable, name of the validation error
      "message": "Attribute 'foo' must not be null.", // REQUIRED (string): Human-readable details or message specific to the error
      ...
    }
  ]
}
```

plaintext

// Should return updated content-type indicating the change in JSON schema  
// This may be an absolute or relative URL. It can often represent the error page.  
// This may reference existing readable web page about the error that occurred.  
// This may be an absolute or relative URL. Using this field indicates a reference to the error.  
// The referenced material is in association to a domain or business problem.  
// REQUIRED (string): Request ID that correlates original request to response.  
// Request ID should be carried over from the X-Request-ID header of the request.  
// OPTIONAL (array): List of objects providing additional context and details about the error.  
// OPTIONAL (string): Short, machine-readable, name of the validation error.  
// To infer that these are machine codes, usage MUST be CAPITAL\_SNAKE\_CASE.  
// REQUIRED (string): Human-readable details or message specific to the validation error.  
// EXTENSIONS: (any): The context list object can be extended with additional fields.

# API LINTING

## Tooling



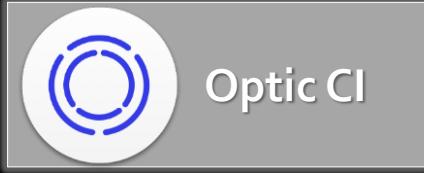
[github.com/stoplightio/spectral](https://github.com/stoplightio/spectral)

- Open Source CLI & JavaScript
- SmartBear (Stoplight)
- Evolved from “specy”.
- Generic YAML/JSON Linter with native Rulesets for OpenAPI
- Support for AsyncAPI

### Core Criteria

Ease of Use and Integration with Existing Tools!

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[useoptic.com](https://useoptic.com)

- Commercial with Lite Version
- Purchased by Atlassian
- Integrated Ecosystem
- OpenAPI Specific

### VSCode & GitHub



[redocly.com/docs/cli](https://redocly.com/docs/cli)

- Open Source CLI
- Great Developer Experience
- Beyond Linting
- OpenAPI Specific





# API LINTING

## Spectral



- Every error response (4xx/5xx) SHOULD use the Problem Details RFC 7807 Format

```
--- .spectral.yml
extends:
  - "spectral:oas"
  - your-other-rules.yml
rules:
  operation-description: off
```

```
problem-details-error-response:
  description: "Every error response SHOULD support RFC 7807"
  severity: error
  given: $.paths.[*].responses[?(@property.match(^4|5))].content.*~
  then:
    function: enumeration
    functionOptions:
      values:
```

1:1	warning	oas3-api-servers	OpenAPI "servers" must be present and non-empty array.	
2:6	warning	info-contact	Info object must have "contact" object.	info
2:6	warning	info-description	Info "description" must be present and non-empty string.	info
7:9	warning	operation-description	Operation "description" must be present and non-empty string.	paths./v1/users.get
7:9	warning	operation-operationId	Operation must have "operationId".	paths./v1/users.get
9:9	warning	operation-tag-defined	Operation tags must be defined in global tags.	paths./v1/users.get.tags[0]
20:30	error	unknown-error-format	Every error response SHOULD support RFC 7807.	paths./v1/users.get.responses[400].content.application



# API LINTING

## Spectral Rulesets Examples – API Paths with Environments

```
sps-path-no-environment:  
  description: Valid API Paths  
  message: API paths MUST NOT indicate environment names. appears in output  
  severity: error error | warn | hint  
  formats: [oas3] oas2 | oas3 | oas3_1 | aas2_6 | json-schema | json-schema-2020-12  
  given: $.paths.*~  
  then:  
    function: pattern  
    functionOptions:  
      notMatch: /prod/ | /preprod/ | /dev/ | /test/ | /integration/ | /stage/
```



### JSON/YAML Linter with Custom Rulesets

Spectral is a JSON/YAML linter with out of the box support for **OpenAPI 3.0 & 2.0** and **AsyncAPI**.

<https://docs.stoplight.io/docs/spectral/>

<https://github.com/spscommerce/sps-api-standards>

# API LINTING

## Spectral Rulesets Examples – Query Parameter Casing

```
sps-paths-params-camel-case:  
  message: "Path parameter keys MUST use camelCase."  
  severity: error  
  recommended: false [ extend rulesets  
  given: $.paths.*.*.parameters[?(@.in=='path')].name  
  then:  
    function: casing  
    functionOptions:  
      type: camel  
      disallowDigits: true  
  
  extends: [spectral:oas]  
  extends: [[spectral:oas, all]]  
  extends: [[spectral:oas, recommended]]
```

Core Function	Description
enumeration	Does the field value exist in this set of possible values?
truthy / falsy	Value should be false, "", 0, null
length	Count length for min/max
pattern	Regular expression
schema	Matching schema properties
defined/undefined	Value must be present or not present
xor	One and no more than one property is required.

# API LINTING

## Testing

### Unit Testing

```
describe("sps-path-no-environment", () => {
  let spectral = null;
  const name = "sps-path-no-environment";
  const ruleset = "src/url-structure.ruleset.yml";

  beforeEach(async () => {
    spectral = new SpectralTestHarness(ruleset);
  });

  test("fails with environment names", async () => {
    const s = `
      openapi: 3.1.0
      paths:
        /v1/users/prod/resource:
          get:
            summary: thing
            `;

    await spectral.validateFailure(s, name, "Error", 1);
  });
}); https://github.com/spscommerce/sps-api-standards
https://www.npmjs.com/package/@stoplight/spectral
```

### Integration Testing

Does It work On Complete Spec?

Impact Analysis

Performance Validation

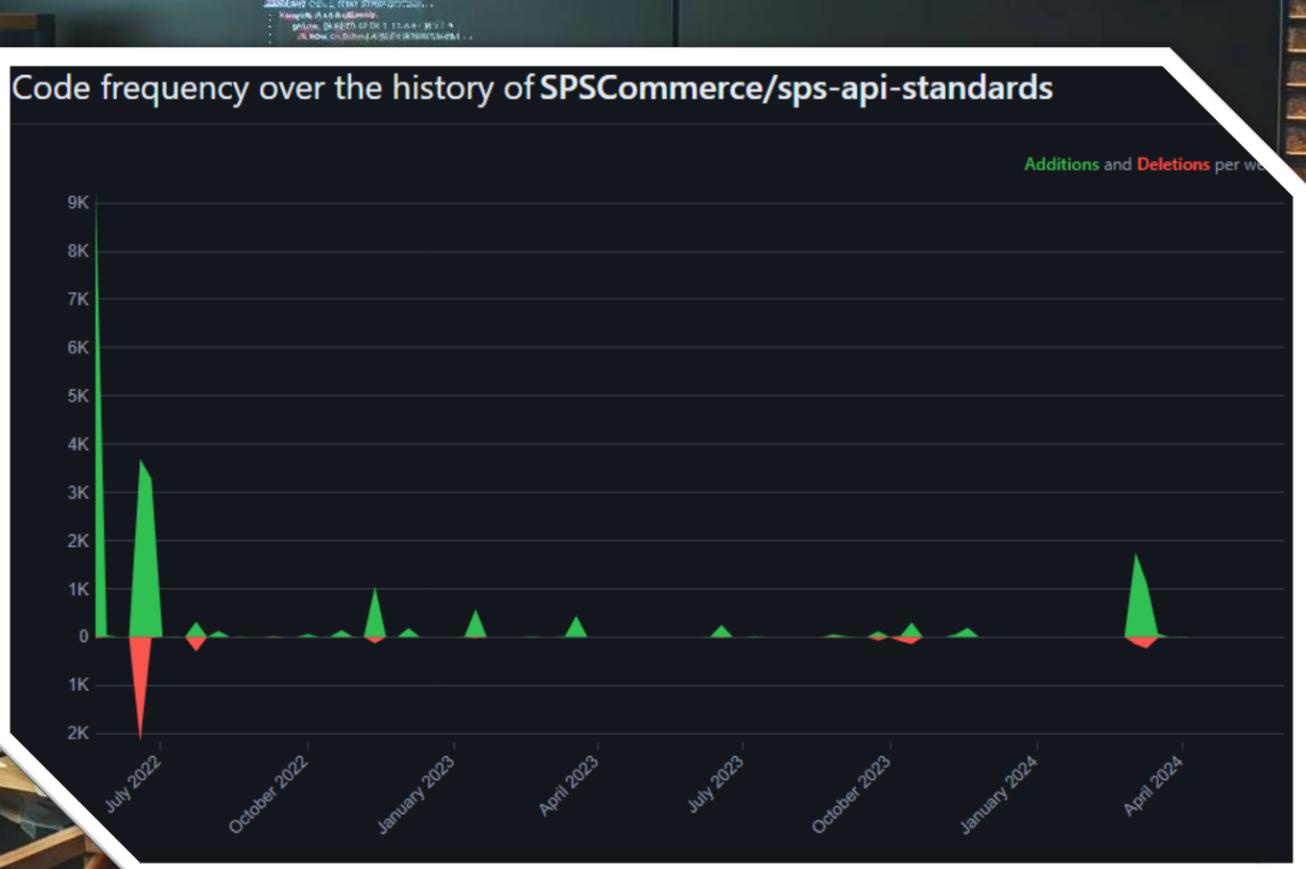


Change in Detected Issues

Duration Threshold

# API Linting

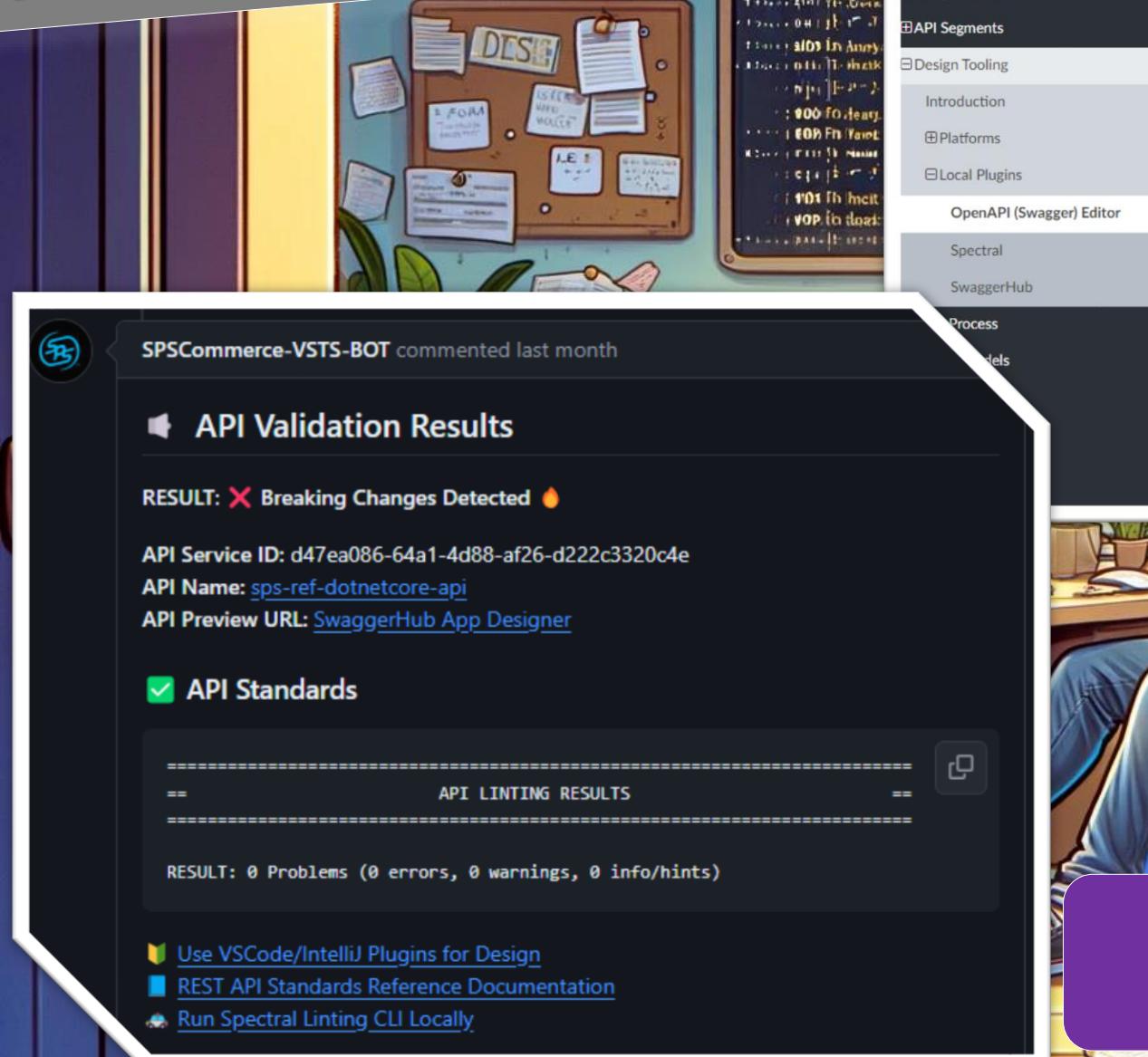
## Common Challenges & Anti-Patterns



#1: Rulesets Take Longer to Automate Than You Expect!

# API Linting

## Common Challenges & Anti-Patterns



SPSCommerce-VSTS-BOT commented last month

### API Validation Results

RESULT: ✖️ Breaking Changes Detected 🔥

API Service ID: d47ea086-64a1-4d88-af26-d222c3320c4e  
API Name: [sps-ref-dotnetcore-api](#)  
API Preview URL: [SwaggerHub App Designer](#)

API Standards

```
=====
          API LINTING RESULTS
=====
```

RESULT: 0 Problems (0 errors, 0 warnings, 0 info/hints)

 [Use VSCode/IntelliJ Plugins for Design](#)  
 [REST API Standards Reference Documentation](#)  
 [Run Spectral Linting CLI Locally](#)

### Spectral

Using the 42Crunch local Editor plugin gets you a lot. [Using the Spectral plugin](#) gets you the rest of the way there with the ability to execute SPS API Standard validation and verification, along with many additional best practices around OpenAPI linting. This is the same automation used in the documentation publishing and verification pipelines at SPS. It integrates perfectly with the Open API editor from 42Crunch and can be used together nicely.

VSCode: [Spectral](#) (By: Stoplight)

IntelliJ: [Spectral](#) (By: Schwarz IT)

#### Note

After you have installed the Spectral plugin, you will need to configure it to use the SPS API Standards ruleset, which can be used remotely from: <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/SPSCommerce/sps-api-standards/main/sps-api-standards.spectral.yml>

### SwaggerHub

SwaggerHub also provides a local plugin that allows you to view, navigate and update files directly on SwaggerHub through your IDE. However, since we use GitHub as our source of truth the plugin is most useful for viewing and navigating versions as part of your workflow quickly. Additionally, it can be really useful in finding, using and viewing available domains in your API spec. This plugin can be used in conjunction with all other plugins mentioned above.

VSCode: [SwaggerHub for VS Code](#) (By: SmartBear (SwaggerHub))

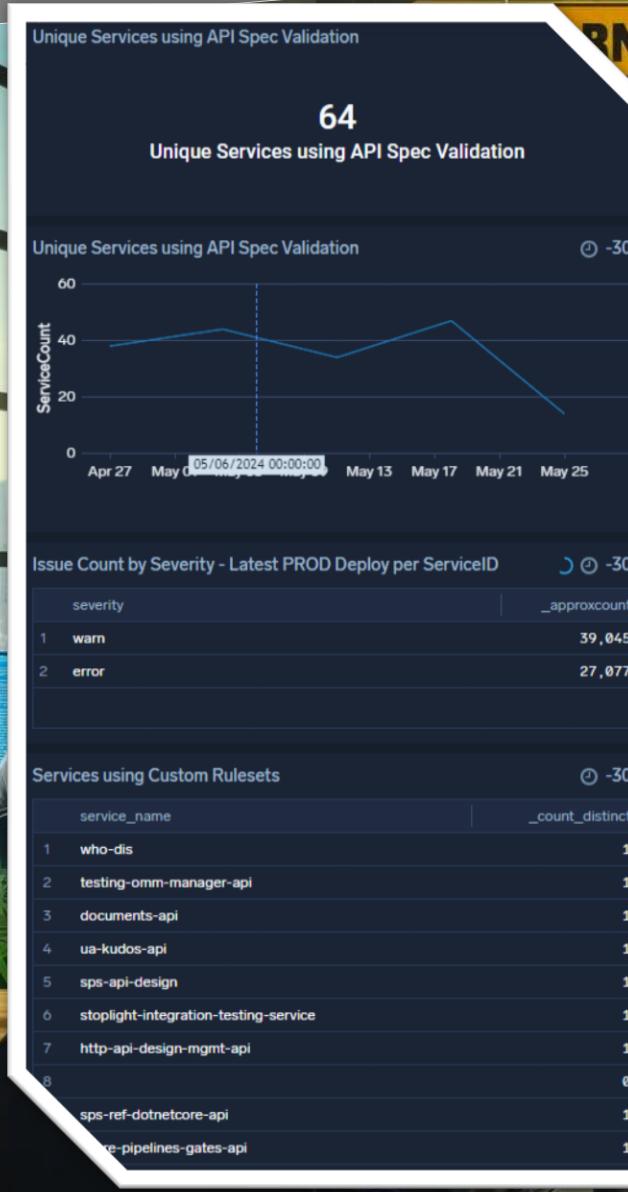
IntelliJ: [SwaggerHub Plugin for IntelliJ IDEA](#) (By: SmartBear (SwaggerHub))



#2: Prefer Linting Locally Over Relying on CI/CD

# API Linting

## Common Challenges & Anti-Patterns



overrides:

- files:

- "\*/#/paths/~1v1~1\_webhooks"  
  #/paths//v1/\_webhooks

rules:

sps-request-support-json: off  
sps-schema-names-pascal-case: off

SHOTT

#4: Provide Escape Hatches

"

API Linting is table stakes, but reusable API models are differentiators in API design productivity and governance.

"

Travis Gosselin



# REUSEABLE API MODELS

THE MOST EFFICIENT CODE IS THE CODE THAT YOU NEVER HAVE TO WRITE

(ROB PIKE)

components:

schemas:

User:

type: object

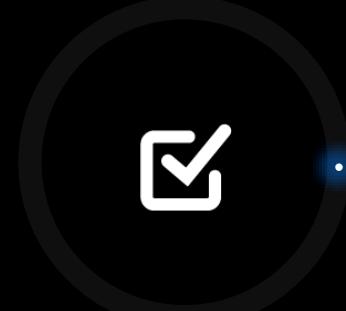
properties:

????



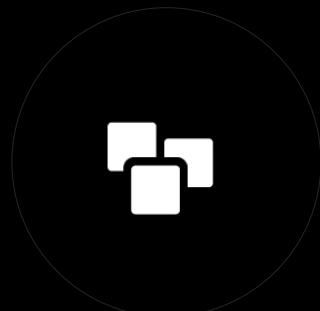
Efficiency &  
Productivity

API Design with  
Building Blocks



Governance &  
Consistency

Referenceable and  
Centralized



Scalability

Concrete Definitions  
made Highly  
Accessible

# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## Local Components

```
paths:  
  /v1/users/{id}:  
    get:  
      summary: Get User by ID  
      parameters:  
        - $ref: '#/components/parameters/UserId'  
      responses:  
        '200':  
          description: User with the ID.  
          content:  
            application/json:  
              schema:  
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/User'  
        '500':  
          $ref: '#/components/responses/Error'
```



```
components:  
  schemas:  
    UserId:  
      description: A unique id for a user.  
      type: string  
      format: uuid  
      example: 12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012  
    User:  
      description: System User  
      type: object  
      properties:  
        id:  
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/UserId'  
        name:  
          description: Users first/last name.  
          type: string  
          example: John  
      parameters:  
        UserId:  
          name: id  
          in: path  
          required: true  
          description: A unique id for the User.  
          schema:  
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/UserId'
```

# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## External Components

```
paths:  
  /v1/users/{id}:  
    get:  
      ...  
      '500':  
        $ref: '#/components/responses/Error'
```

*api.oas.yml*

```
components:  
  responses:  
    Error:  
      $ref: 'errors.yml#/components/responses/ProblemDetailsError'
```



*errors.yml*

```
...  
components:  
responses:  
  ProblemDetailsError:  
    description: 'Internal Server Error'  
    content:  
      application/problem+json:  
        schema:  
          type: object  
          properties:  
            title:  
              type: string  
            status:  
              type: integer  
              format: int32  
              example: 403  
            detail:  
              type: string  
            instance:  
              type: string  
            type:  
              type: string  
              format: url
```

# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## Remote Components

```
paths:  
  /v1/users/{id}:  
    get:  
      ...  
      '500':  
        $ref: '#/components/responses/Error'
```

*api.oas.yml*

```
components:  
  responses:  
    Error:  
      $ref: 'https://myurl.com/errors#/components/responses/ProblemDetailsError'
```

Common Definitions

Loosely Coupled Data Models

Compositional API Design

Governance & Lifecycle

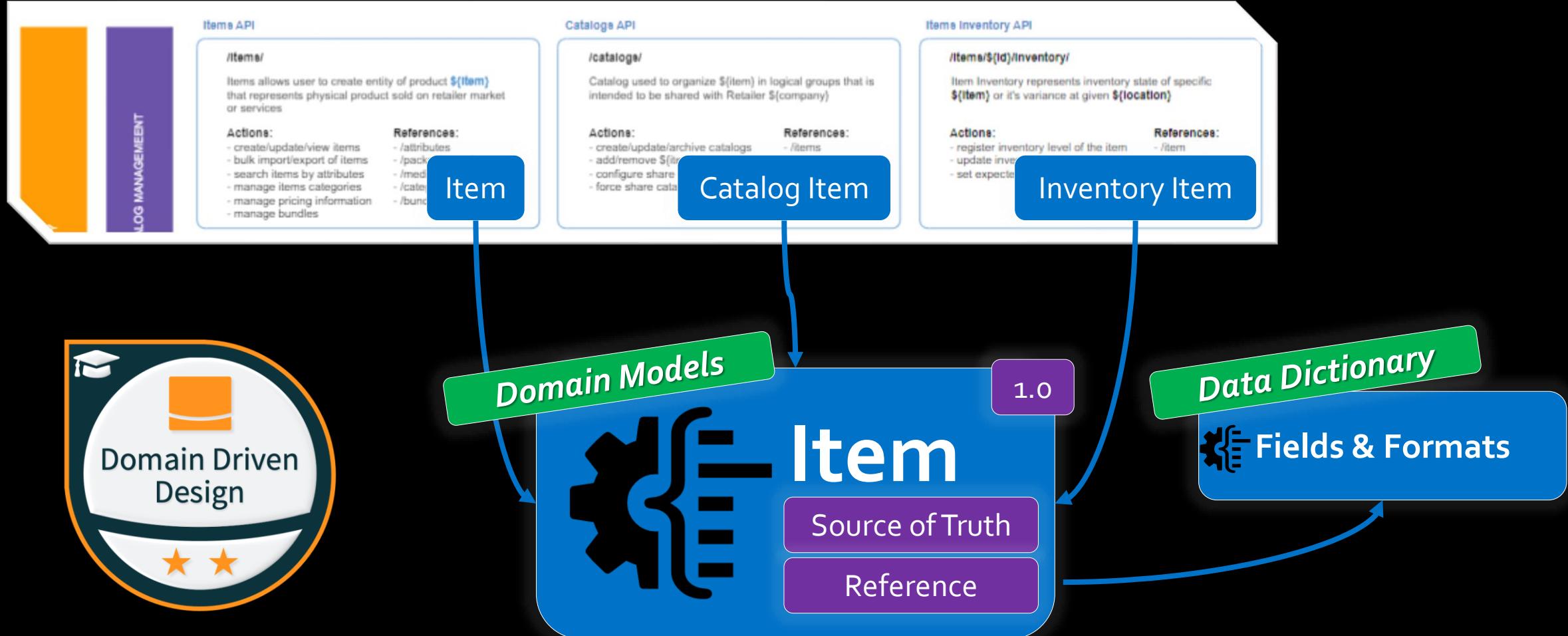
```
...  
components:  
responses:  
  ProblemDetailsError:  
    description: 'Internal Server Error'  
    content:  
      application/problem+json:  
        schema:  
          type: object  
          properties:  
            title:  
              type: string  
            status:  
              type: integer  
              format: int32  
              example: 403  
            detail:  
              type: string  
            instance:  
              type: string  
            type:  
              type: string  
              format: url
```

*https://myurl.com/errors*



# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## API Strategy and Building Blocks



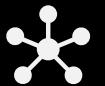
# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## Producer Considerations



### Standardized Schema

Metadata, ownership, and legal.



### Open for Extension

Enable teams to dynamically include more properties.



### Model Granularity

Referenceable building blocks at just the right size!



### Model Dependencies

Should models be in their own file?  
Should models reference other models?



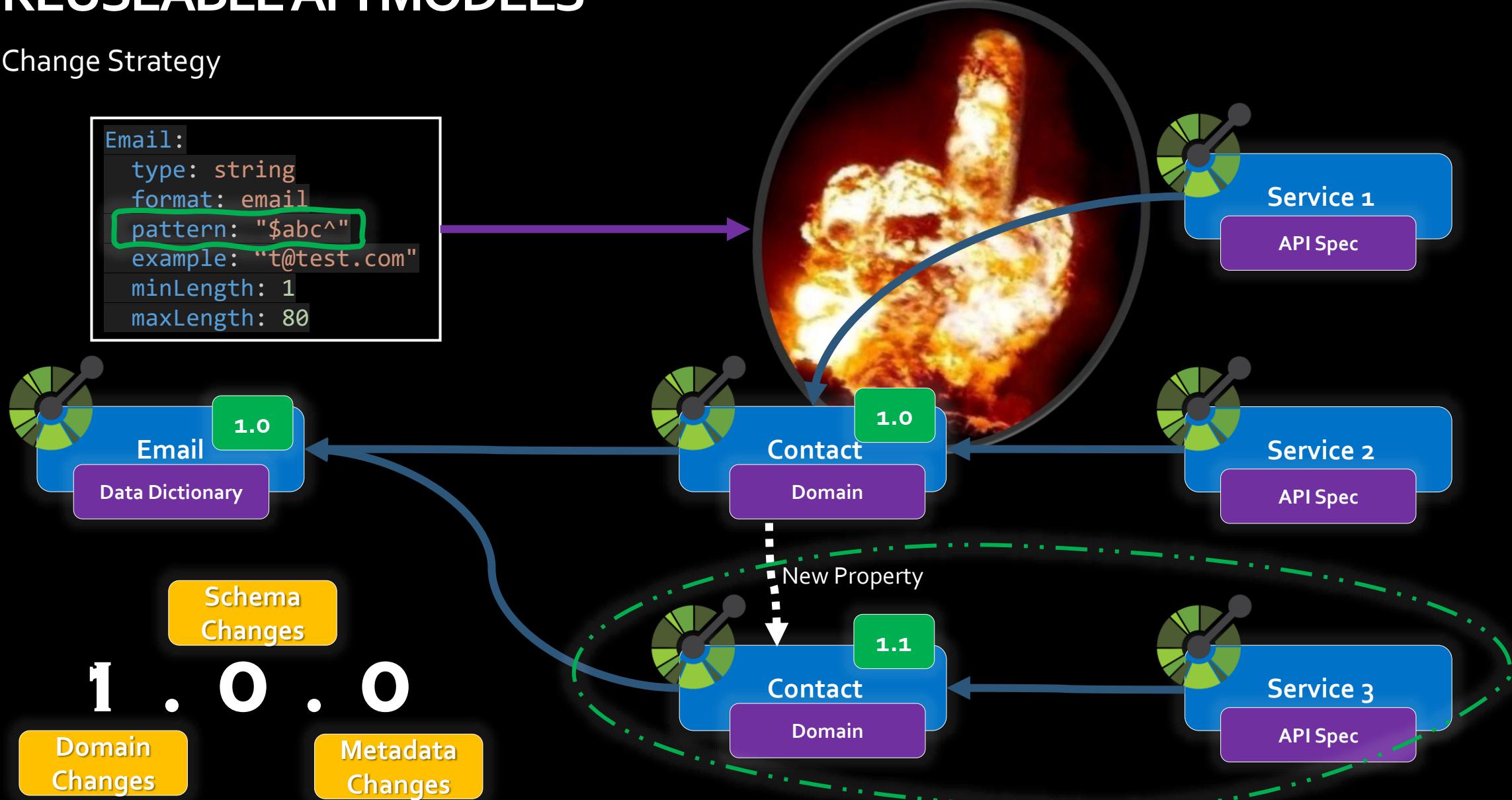
### API Linting with Models

Referencing models only in other reusable models (Private Models)?

```
openapi: 3.0.0
info:
  title: Contacts Domain
  version: "1.0"
  termsOfService: https://developer.sps.com/#/terms-of-use
  contact:
    name: SPS Commerce Support
    url: https://www.spcommerce.com/customer-support/support/
    x-sps-domain: Contacts
components:
  schemas:
    Contact:
      type: object
      additionalProperties: false
      properties:
        name:
          type: string
          nullable: true
          example: "John Doe"
          minLength: 1
          maxLength: 60
        emails:
          type: array
          nullable: true
          items:
            $ref: "#/components/schemas/_Email"
    _Email:
      type: string
      format: email
      example: "test@test.com"
      minLength: 1
      maxLength: 80
```

# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## Change Strategy



# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## Consumer Considerations

```
paths:  
  /v1/users:  
    post:  
      summary: Create User  
      responses:  
        '201':  
        '500':  
          $ref: '#/components/responses/Error'  
        '409':  
          allOf:  
            - $ref: "#/components/responses/Conflict"  
            - description: "User Email Already Exists"
```

*api.oas.yml*

```
components:  
  responses:  
    Error:  
      $ref: "https://...components/responses/Error"  
    Conflict:  
      $ref: "https://...components/responses/Conflict"
```

*https://myurl.com/errors/1.0*

```
components:  
  responses:  
    Error:  
      description: 'Internal Server Error'  
      content:  
        application/problem+json:  
          schema:  
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'  
      example:  
        title: Internal Server Error  
        status: 500  
        requestId: b6d9a290-9f20-465b-bcd3-4a5166eeb3d7  
        detail: Request for resource failed.  
        instance: https://example.com/resource/23  
  
    Conflict:  
      description: 'Conflict'  
      content:  
        application/problem+json:  
          schema:  
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'  
      example:  
        title: Conflict  
        status: 409  
        requestId: b6d9a290-9f20-465b-bcd3-4a5166eeb3d7  
        detail: Resource 'resource/23' already exists.  
        instance: https://example.com/resource/23
```

# REUSEABLE API MODELS

## Model Composition Limitations

### Excluding Properties

```
"409":  
  allOf:  
    - $ref: "#/components/responses/InvalidData"  
    - type: object  
      not:  
        content:  
          application/problem+json:  
            schema:  
              properties:  
                requestId: {}  
              example:  
                requestId: {}
```



### Considerations



Open API 2.0 & 3.0 NOT JSON Schema Compliant

Open API 3.1 IS JSON Schema Compliant... BUT...

Reusable Model References Between OAS Versions

Alternative: Build Models Compositionally Additive

# REUSEABLE API MODELS

Tooling



Custom CDN



Data Dictionary



Component Library



Domains

“Discoverability Drives Reuse”

James Higginbotham

## Ownership in API First Design Approaches



Establish Community Ownership

Different Types of Models

Facilitate Impact Analysis

#1: Ownership

## Common Challenges & Anti-Patterns

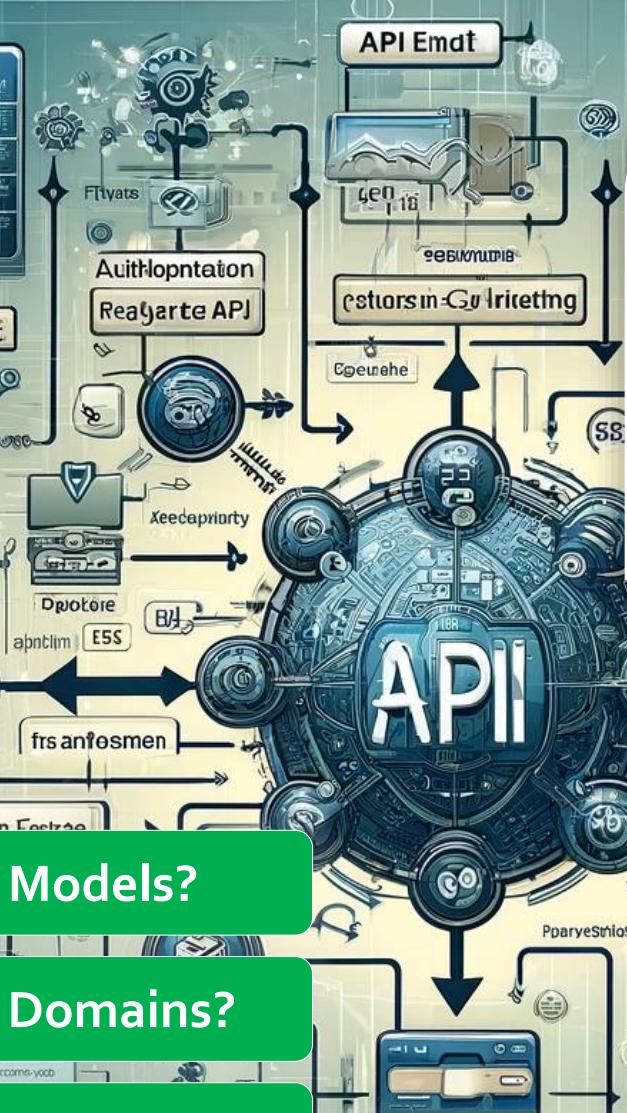
Private or Internal Models?

Can Models Reference Other Models?

Can Domains Reference Other Domains?

Classification and Tiers of Models?

#2: Complexity



# CRAFTING APIs AT SCALE

Ubiquitous Design Language



<https://www.openapis.org/>

- Widely Accepted Standard for API Design
- Extensive Tooling Support
- Robust Ecosystem of Support and Community
- Straightforward Learning Curve
- Painful Version Upgrades
- Tooling Interoperability Not 100% Compliant
- Tedious Handcrafted Files at Times

## TypeSpec

<https://typespec.io/>

- A new language for HTTP, JSON Schema, Protobuf
- Abstraction to generate OpenAPI and other assets
- Highly extensible DSL that promotes code reuse
- Version Aware

A screenshot of a code editor interface. On the left, there is a Cadl file named "widget.cadl" containing code like `@serviceTitle("Widget Service")` and `model Widget { key\_id: string; weight: int32; color: "red" | "blue"; size: ... }`. On the right, there is an OpenAPI file named "openapi.json" containing definitions for a "Widget" endpoint. The interface shows toolbars and a sidebar with file navigation.



“ Software is eating the world,  
and APIs are the teeth. Scale  
and adaptability in APIs are not  
just technical requirements;  
they are business imperatives.

Marc Andreessen

API Linting

Reusable API Models

Is Your Organization Ready to Scale?

# CRAFTING CONSISTENT APIS AT SCALE

EMBRACING LINTING & REUSABLE MODELS



PRAIRIE  
DEV CON  
CLOUD | MOBILE | WEB | DEV

TRAVIS GOSSELIN



[travisgosselin.com](http://travisgosselin.com)

[linkedin.com/in/travisgosselin](https://linkedin.com/in/travisgosselin)



@travisjgosselin

