

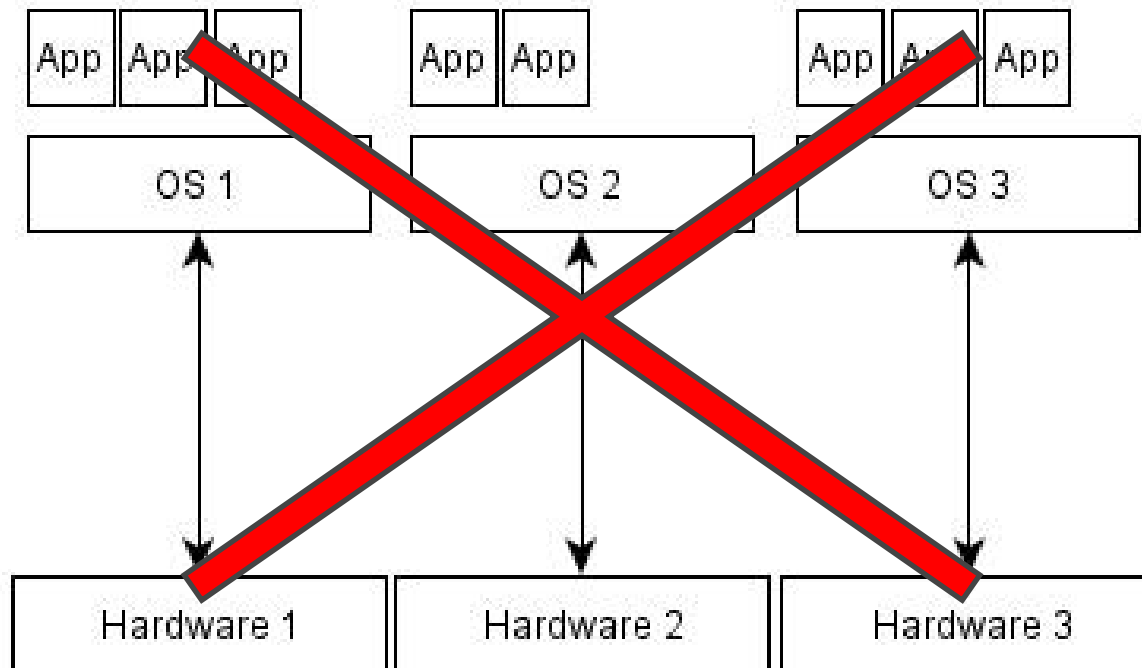
Virtualization

Virtualization

- ☞ **Technique set for running multiple operating systems on the same hardware**
- ☞ **Resources sharing**
CPU, memory, disk, network, CD/DVD, ...

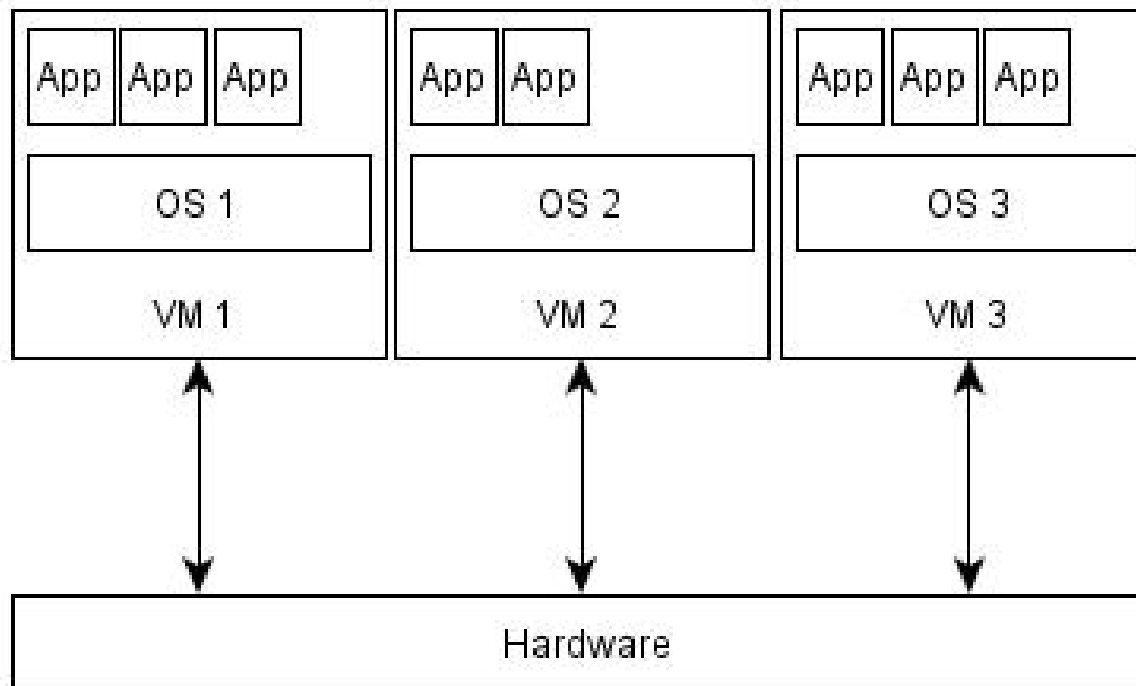
Virtualization

☞ Reduce the number of hardware machines



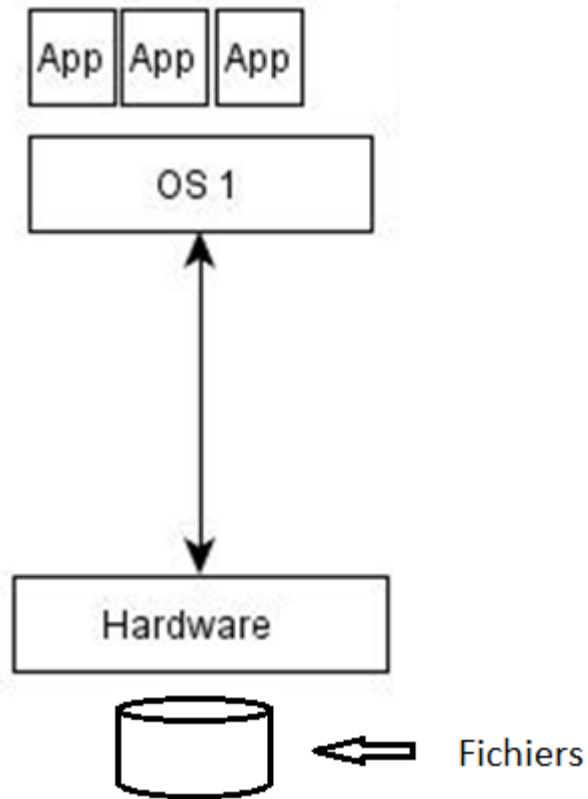
Virtualization

☞ Reduce the number of hardware machines



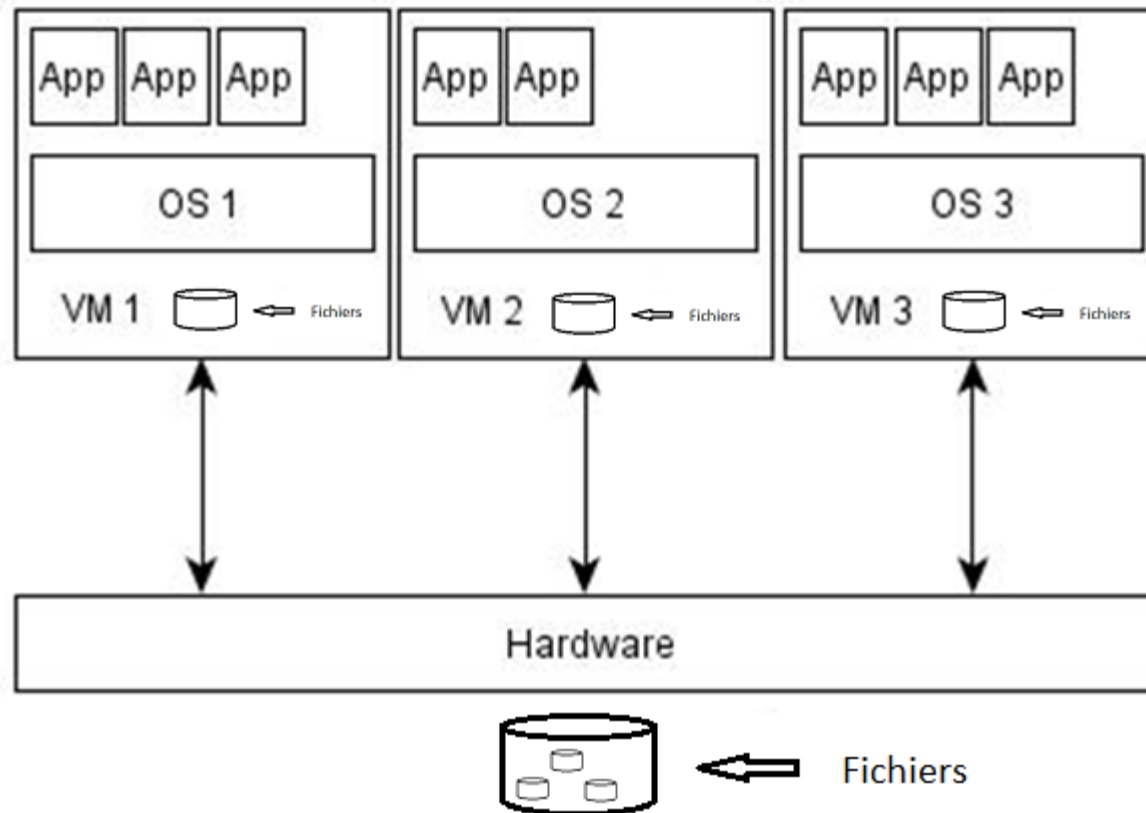
Virtualization

Without virtualization



Virtualization

With virtualization



Virtualization

Business

- **Optimization of low loaded servers**
- **Avoid deployment of single-installation applications**

 **Virtualization = exploit server capabilities**

Virtualization

☞ Rationalization

- Reduction of space requirement, energy consumption, air conditioning

☞ Virtualization = save space and energy

Virtualization

☐ Security

- Creation of confined spaces
- Isolation of operating systems and applications

☐ Virtualization = secure services and applications

Virtualization

☐ **Dynamicity**

- **Modulation of resources (memory, CPU power, cores, disk space, network bandwidth, ...)**

☐ **Virtualization = optimize management and scaling**

Virtualization

☞ Test

- Operating system and application testing
- Recovery of previous state (snapshot)

☞ Virtualization = simplify the evaluation and test

Virtualization

☐ Deployment

- Exportation of items (system, system + application)
- Application migration

☐ Virtualization = manage deployment

Virtualization

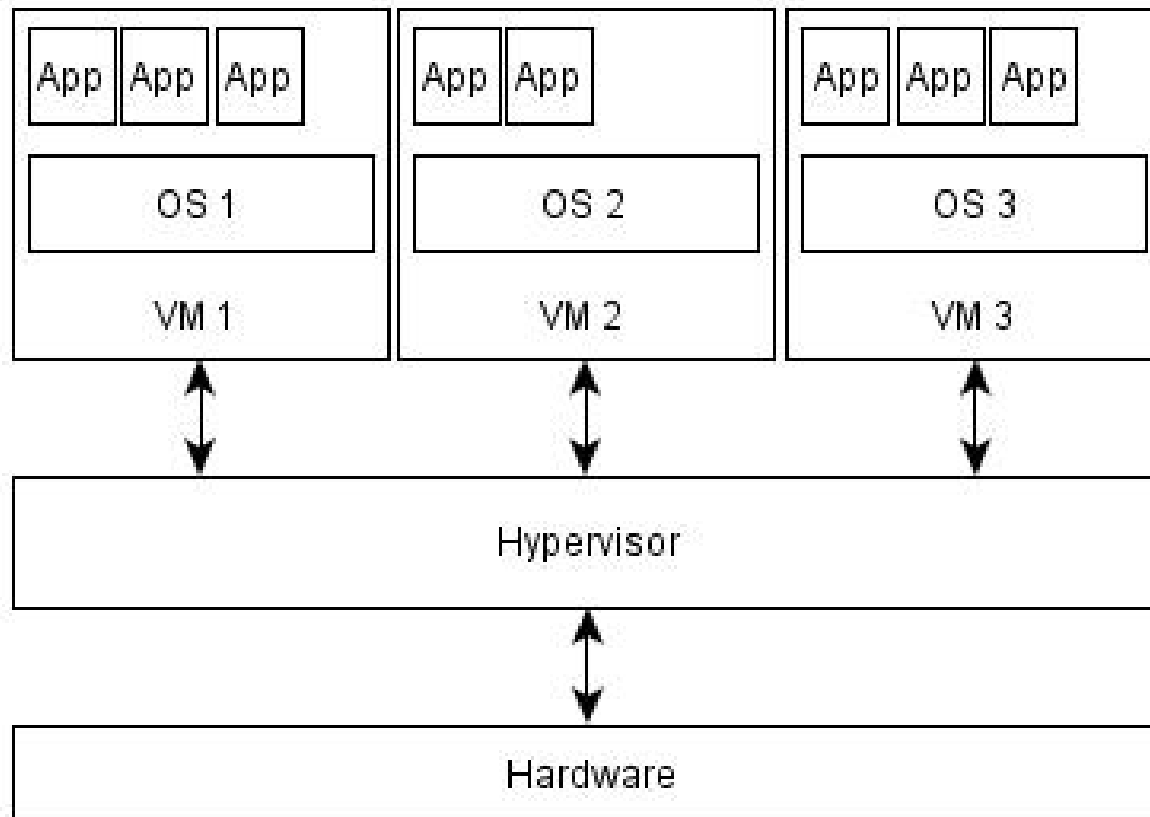
☞ What do you virtualize ?

- Web, mail servers
- Switches, routers, firewalls, ...
- VPN gateway
- Supervision applications

Hypervisor type 1 – Bare Metal

- ❏ **Runs directly on the hardware and hosts operating systems**
 - **Built with a optimized specific core**
 - **Has a virtual machine management interface**
 - **More efficient**

Hypervisor type 1 – Bare Metal



Hypervisor type 1 – Bare Metal

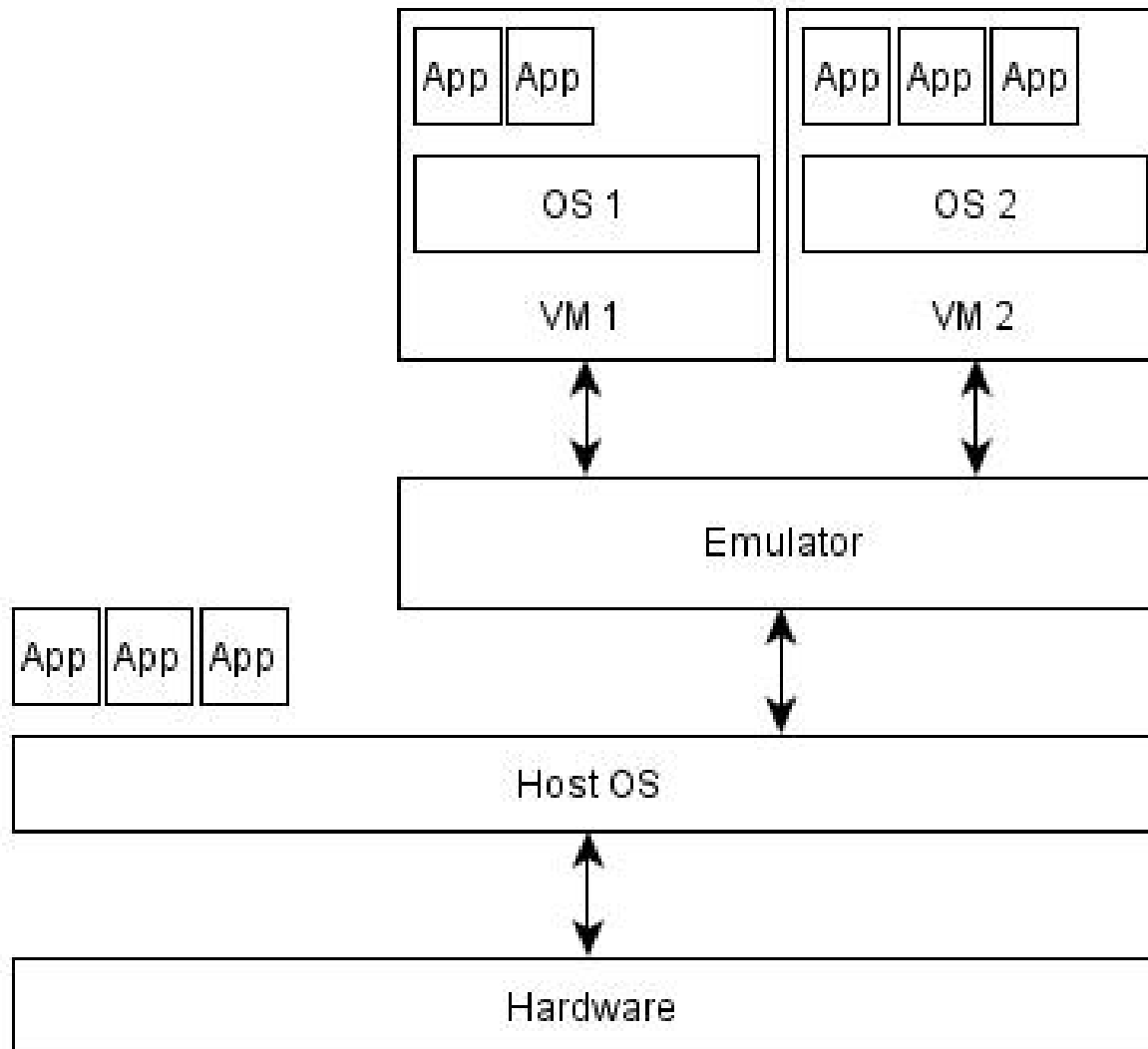
☞ Acteurs

- VmWare vSphere
- Microsoft Hyper-V
- XEN
- KVM

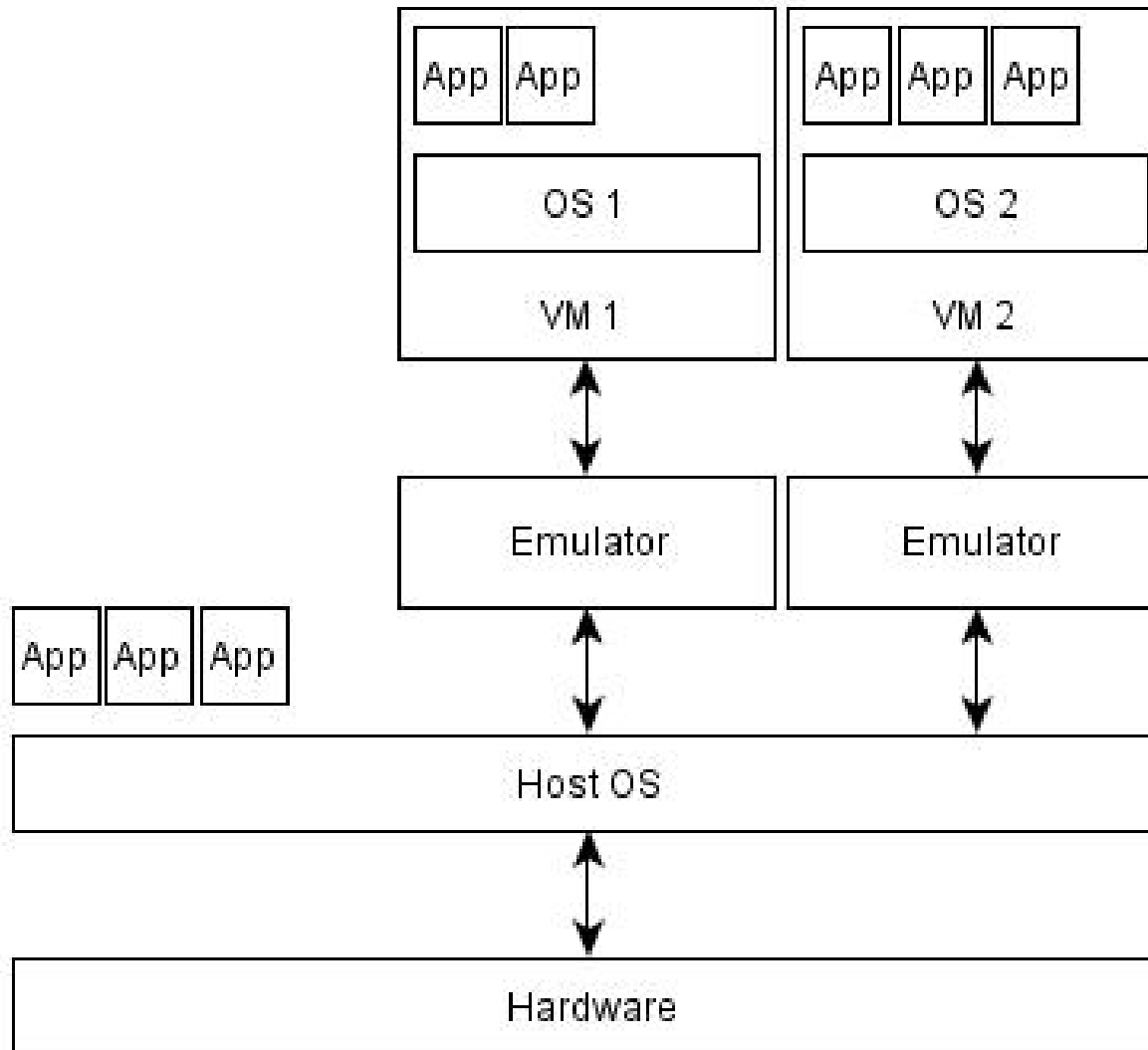
Hypervisor type 2 – Emulator

- ❏ **Runs as an application installed on an operating system**
 - **Simulation of physical components**
 - **Access to the material through the host operating system**
 - **Less efficient**

Hypervisor type 2 – Emulator



Hypervisor type 2 – Emulator



Hypervisor type 2 – Emulator

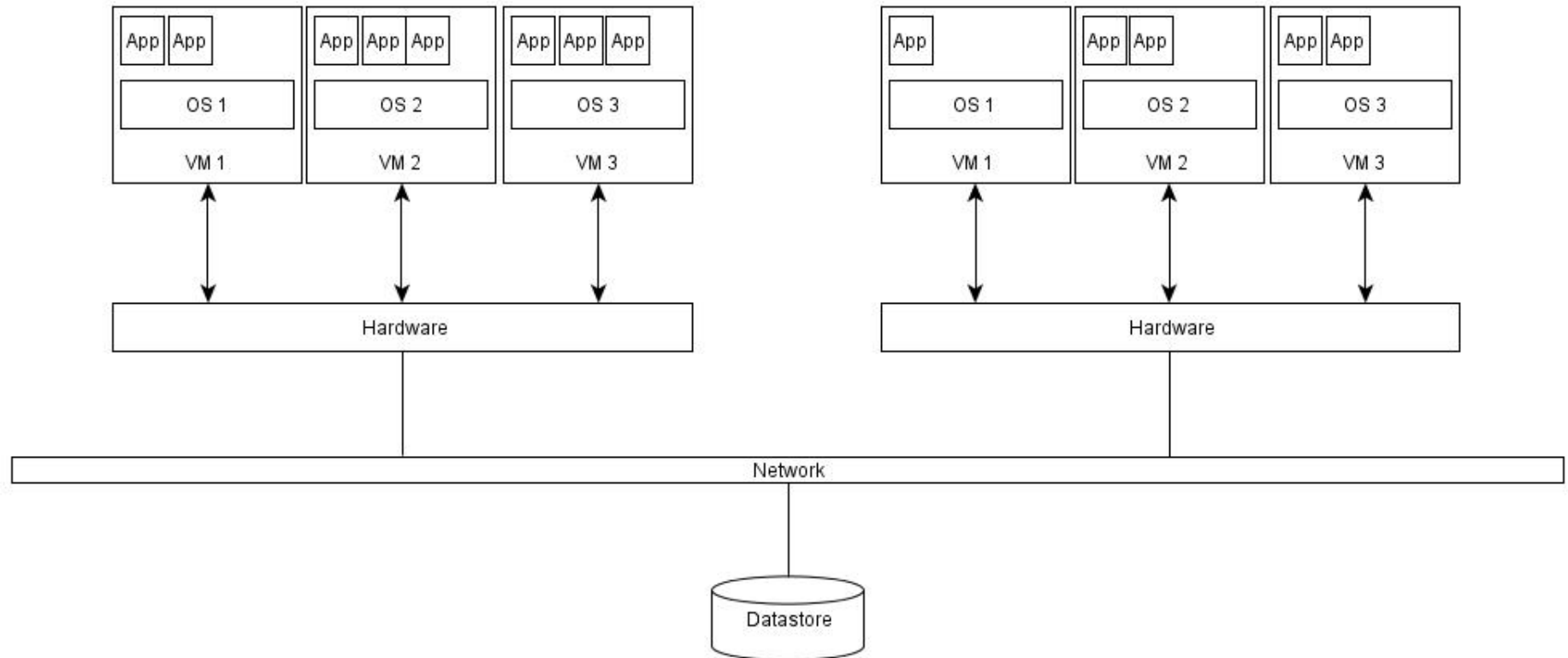
Acteurs

- VmWare (Workstation, Player, Fusion)
- Oracle VirtualBox
- Microsoft Virtual PC
- QEMU

Naming

- ❏ **Host = Operating system installed on the hardware**
- ❏ **Guests = Virtualized operating systems**

Architecture

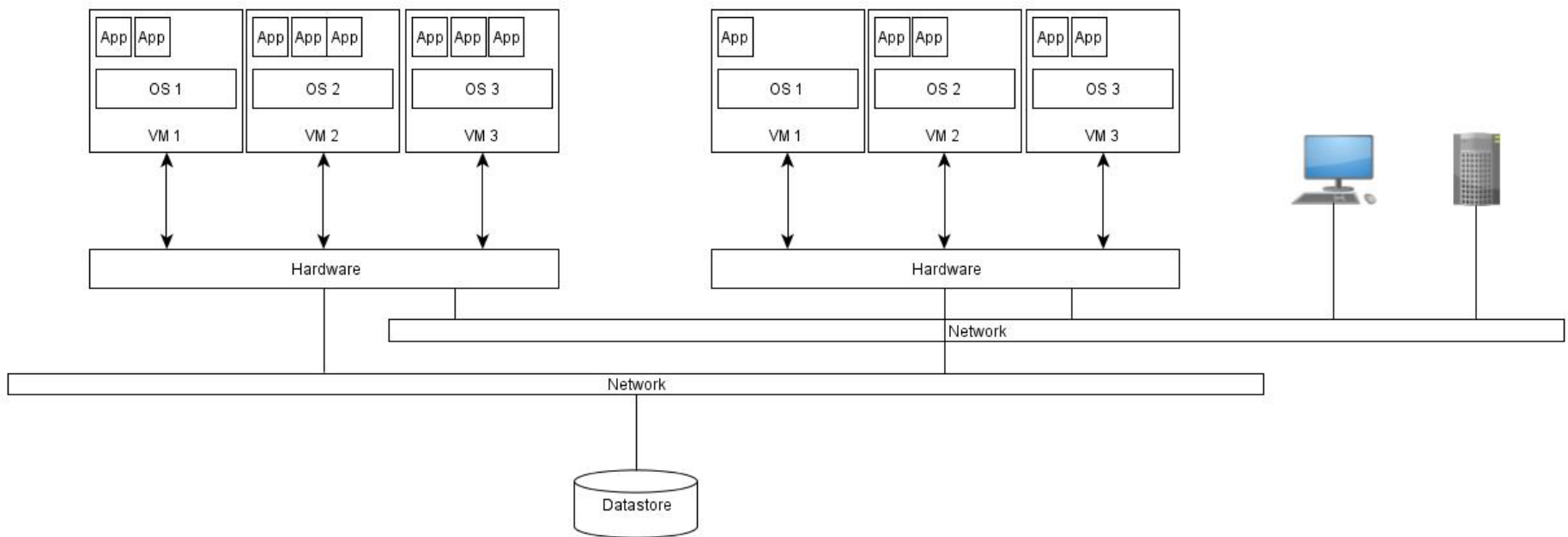


Vmotion

- ❏ Virtual machines can be moved from one host to another

- ❏ Improve flexibility and availability
 - Cold motion
 - Hot motion (HA)

Architecture



Concepts

- ❏ IaaS : Infrastructure as a Service
- ❏ SaaS : Software as a Service
- ❏ PaaS: Platform as a Service

