



STUDENT PRACTICE EXERCISES

Part A — Basic to Intermediate

1. List all branches located in Mumbai.
 2. Find customers whose email ends with example.com.
 3. Display all accounts with a balance between 10,000 and 60,000.
 4. Show top 2 highest balance accounts.
 5. Write a query to find customers who do **not** have an account.
 6. Get list of all accounts and their branch names (JOIN).
 7. Display customers and their total balance (subquery).
 8. Show accounts categorized as "Low", "Medium", "High" using CASE.
 9. Write a CTE to show customers older than 30 years.
 10. Create a view that shows AccountID, Customer FullName, and BranchName.
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Part B — Advanced / Joins / Functions

11. Find customers having more than one account.
 12. Show all accounts with at least one transaction.
 13. Display customers with account balance greater than branch average.
 14. Write a TVF (table-valued function) to return all accounts for a branch.
 15. Create a stored procedure to withdraw money securely using TRY...CATCH.
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ANSWER KEY (INSTRUCTOR)

1.

```
SELECT * FROM dbo.Branches WHERE City='Mumbai';
```

2.

```
SELECT * FROM dbo.Customers WHERE Email LIKE '%example.com';
```

3.

```
SELECT * FROM dbo.Accounts WHERE Balance BETWEEN 10000 AND 60000;
```

4.

```
SELECT TOP 2 * FROM dbo.Accounts ORDER BY Balance DESC;
```

5.

```
SELECT c.*  
FROM dbo.Customers c  
LEFT JOIN dbo.Accounts a ON c.CustomerID=a.CustomerID  
WHERE a.CustomerID IS NULL;
```

6.

```
SELECT a.AccountID, a.Balance, b.BranchName  
FROM dbo.Accounts a  
JOIN dbo.Branches b ON a.BranchID=b.BranchID;
```

7.

```
SELECT CustomerID,  
       (SELECT SUM(Balance) FROM dbo.Accounts a WHERE a.CustomerID=c.CustomerID)  
AS TotalBalance  
FROM dbo.Customers c;
```

8.

```
SELECT AccountID, Balance,  
CASE WHEN Balance<5000 THEN 'Low'  
     WHEN Balance<50000 THEN 'Medium'  
     ELSE 'High' END AS Category  
FROM dbo.Accounts;
```

9.

```
WITH CTE AS (  
    SELECT *, DATEDIFF(year, DateOfBirth, GETDATE()) AS Age  
    FROM dbo.Customers  
)  
SELECT * FROM CTE WHERE Age > 30;
```

10.

```
CREATE VIEW v_AccountDetails AS  
SELECT a.AccountID,  
       CONCAT(c.FirstName, ' ', c.LastName) AS FullName,  
       b.BranchName  
FROM dbo.Accounts a  
JOIN dbo.Customers c ON a.CustomerID=c.CustomerID  
JOIN dbo.Branches b ON a.BranchID=b.BranchID;
```

11.

```
SELECT CustomerID, COUNT(*) AS AccountCount  
FROM dbo.Accounts  
GROUP BY CustomerID  
HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
```

12.

```
SELECT DISTINCT a.*  
FROM dbo.Accounts a  
JOIN dbo.Transactions t ON a.AccountID=t.AccountID;
```

13.

```
SELECT a.*  
FROM dbo.Accounts a  
JOIN (  
    SELECT BranchID, AVG(Balance) AS AvgBal FROM dbo.Accounts GROUP BY BranchID  
    ) b ON a.BranchID=b.BranchID  
WHERE a.Balance > b.AvgBal;
```

14. (TVF)

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.ufn_GetAccountsByBranch(@BranchID INT)  
RETURNS TABLE  
AS RETURN (  
    SELECT * FROM dbo.Accounts WHERE BranchID=@BranchID  
) ;
```

15. (Withdrawal SP)

```
CREATE PROCEDURE dbo.usp_Withdraw  
    @AccountID BIGINT,  
    @Amount MONEY  
AS  
BEGIN  
    BEGIN TRY  
        BEGIN TRAN;  
  
        UPDATE dbo.Accounts  
        SET Balance = Balance - @Amount  
        WHERE AccountID=@AccountID AND Balance >= @Amount;  
  
        IF @@ROWCOUNT = 0  
            THROW 50001, 'Insufficient Funds', 1;  
  
        INSERT INTO dbo.Transactions(AccountID,Amount,TranType,Description)  
        VALUES(@AccountID,-@Amount,'W','Withdrawal');  
  
        COMMIT;  
    END TRY  
    BEGIN CATCH  
        ROLLBACK;  
        THROW;  
    END CATCH  
END;
```