

## Use SQL Server LocalDB (Very lightweight)

LocalDB does not require SQL Server Express installation, but it *comes bundled with Visual Studio*.

### PART 1 — Check if LocalDB is available

LocalDB usually comes with **Visual Studio**.

First, check if it is installed.

#### ◆ Step 1: Open CMD or PowerShell

Run:

```
sqllocaldb info
```

 If you see:

MSSQLLocalDB

then LocalDB is installed.

If not, I will tell you how to install it.

---

### PART 2 — Start LocalDB

Run this:

```
sqllocaldb start MSSQLLocalDB
```

To see details (including file path):

```
sqllocaldb info MSSQLLocalDB
```

---

### PART 3 — Connect LocalDB from SSMS

1. Open **SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)**
2. Click **Connect → Database Engine**
3. In **Server Name**, type:

(localdb)\MSSQLLocalDB

4. Authentication: **Windows Authentication**

5. Click **Connect**



You can create databases, tables, run queries, etc.

---

#### **PART 4 — Create a database in LocalDB (via SSMS)**

Run this SQL:

```
CREATE DATABASE MyAppDb;
```

Refresh **Databases** → You will see **MyAppDb**.

---

#### **PART 5 — Connect ASP.NET Core API to LocalDB**

In your **appsettings.json**, use this connection string:

```
"ConnectionStrings": {  
    "DefaultConnection":  
        "Server=(localdb)\\MSSQLLocalDB;Database=MyAppDb;Trusted_Connection=True;MultipleActiveResultSets=true"  
}
```

Error When: This “**Cannot create an automatic instance**” error means the **LocalDB instance is corrupted**, missing, or its data folder cannot be accessed.

#### **STEP 1 — Stop and Delete the Existing LocalDB Instance (Fixes 90% of cases)**

##### **1 Show existing instances**

In CMD:

```
sqllocaldb info
```

You will see:

```
MSSQLLocalDB
```

##### **2 Stop the instance**

```
sqllocaldb stop MSSQLLocalDB
```

**3 Delete the instance**

```
sqllocaldb delete MSSQLLocalDB
```

**4 Recreate a fresh instance**

```
sqllocaldb create MSSQLLocalDB
```

**5 Start it**

```
sqllocaldb start MSSQLLocalDB
```

Now try connecting again using SSMS.