A quick introduction to machine learning
Spyros Samothrakis
Senior Lecturer, IADS
University of Essex

MiSoC

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1http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~tom/mlbook.html

Welcome/course contents

▶ What will this course cover?

► Day 1: ML labs

springer.2

▶ Textbooks?

2https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/publication/pattern-recognition-machine-learning/

▶ Bishop, C. M. (2006). Pattern recognition and machine learning.

Wasserman, L. (2013). All of statistics: a concise course in statistical inference. Springer Science & Business Media.³

► Day 1: An intro to machine learning (ML)

► Mitchell, T. M. (1997). Machine learning. 1

▶ Day 2: An intro to causal inference

▶ Day 2: ML and causal inference labs

http://www.stat.cmu.edu/~larry/all-of-statistics/index.html

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BETTER SCIENCE THROUGH DATA

Hey, Tony, Stewart Tansley, and Kristin M. Tolle. "Jim Gray on eScience: a transformed scientific method." (2009).

- ▶ Thousand years ago: empirical branch
 - ▶ You observed stuff and you wrote down about it
- ▶ Last few hundred years: theoretical branch
 - \blacktriangleright Equations of gravity, equations of electromagnetism
- ▶ Last few decades: computational branch
 - \blacktriangleright Modelling at the micro level, observing at the macro level
- ► Today: data exploration
 - \blacktriangleright Let machines create models using vast amounts of data

4http://languagelog.ldc.upenn.edu/myl/JimGrayOnE-Science.pdf

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Introduction

Classic algorithms for joining those de

insights/big-data-the-next-frontier-for-innovation

Higher dimension

rin' Tun

Why is it popular now?

Introduction

- ► Algorithms + data + tools
- ▶ Breiman, L. (2001). Statistical modeling: The two cultures (with comments and a rejoinder by the author). Statistical science, 16(3), 199-231.⁶
- \blacktriangleright Anderson, P. W. (1972). More is different. Science, 177(4047), 393-396. 7
- Pedregosa, et.al. (2011). Scikit-learn: Machine learning in Python. the Journal of machine Learning research, 12, 2825-2830.8

⁶http://projecteuclid.org/download/pdf_1/euclid.ss/1009213726%20 ⁷https:

//www.jmlr.org/papers/volume12/pedregosa11a/pedregosa11a.pdf

. mi (1 M.1)

Better business through data

 \blacktriangleright There was a report by Mckinsey

Manyika, J., Chui, M., Brown, B., Bughin, J., Dobbs, R., Roxburgh, C., & Hung Byers, A. (2011). Big data: The next frontier for innovation, competition, and productivity. McKinsey Global Institute.⁵

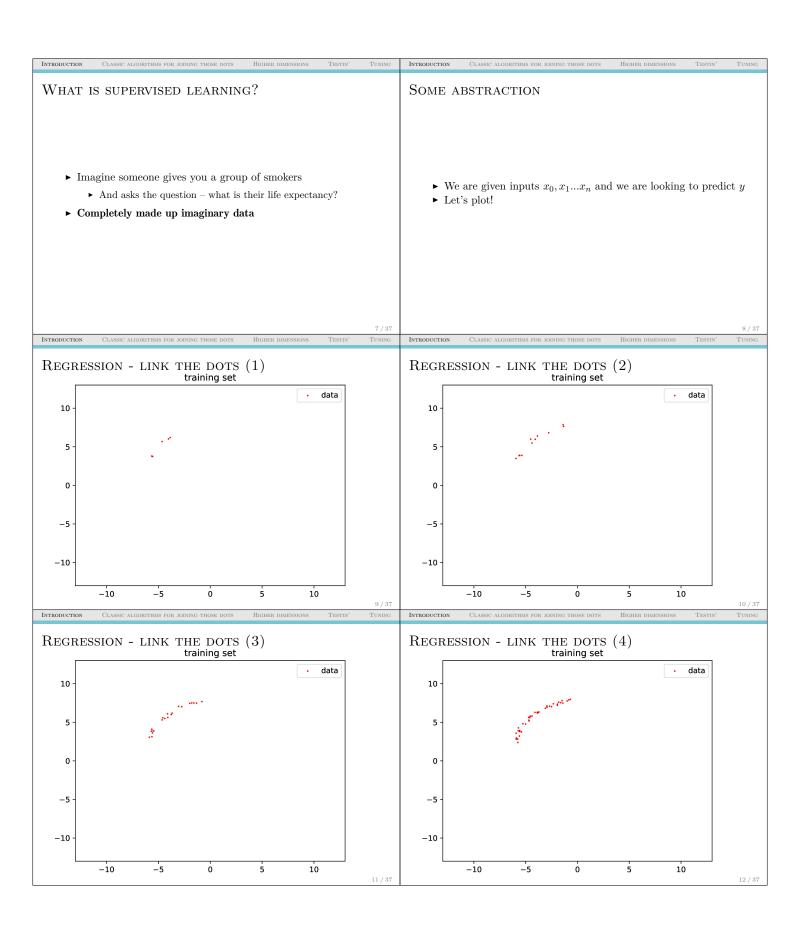
- ▶ Urges everyone to monetise "Big Data"
- \blacktriangleright Use the data provided within your organisation to gain insights
- ▶ Has some numbers as to how much this is worth
- Proposes a number of methods, most of them associated with machine learning and databases

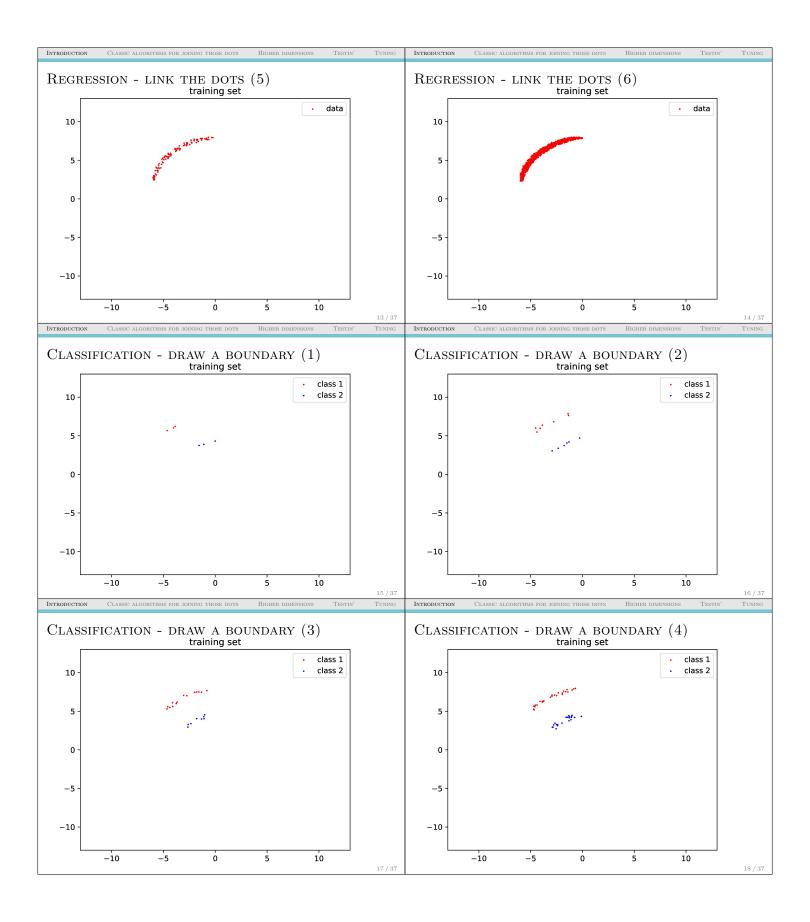
 5 http://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/digital-mckinsey/our-

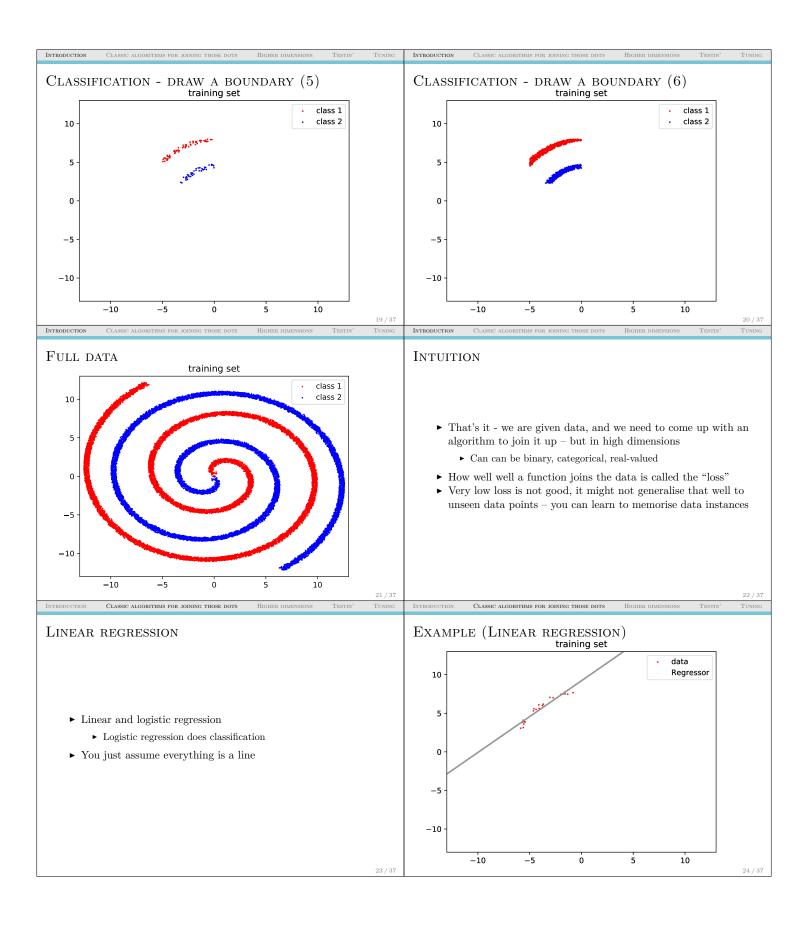
So this course covers tools

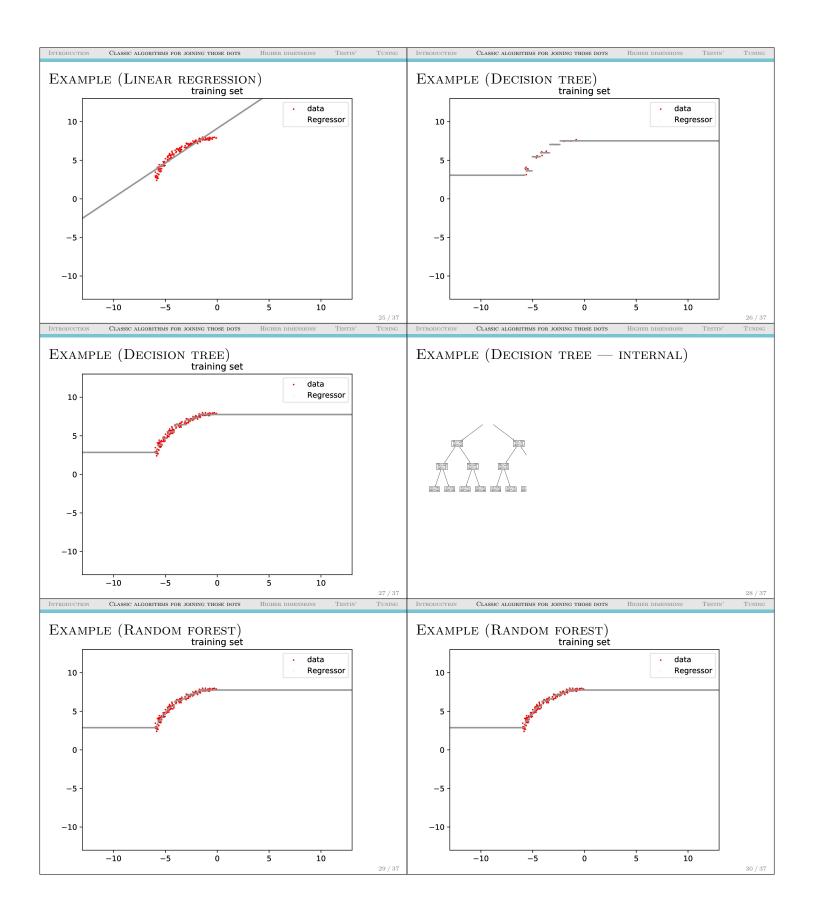
- ► ML theory
 - ► Supervised learning Regression Classification
 - ▶ Understanding basic modelling
 - ► Confirming your model is sane
 - \blacktriangleright Tuning your model
 - \blacktriangleright All within a very applied setting
- ► Tools
 - ► Numpy
 - ► Scikit-learn

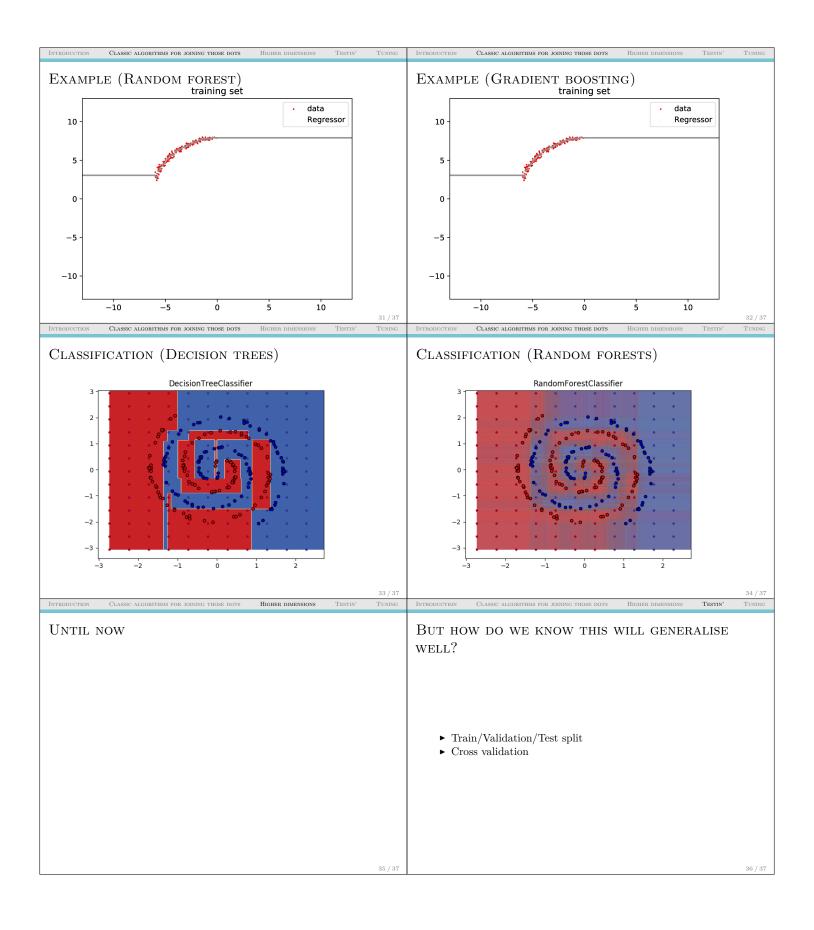
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Introduction Classic algorithms for joining those dots Higher dimensions Testin' Tuning

Hyperparameters

- How many trees?
- Tree depth?
- 12?