Titrage suivi par pH-métrie

Titrage d'une solution aqueuse d'acide éthanoïque par une solution aqueuse d'hydroxyde de sodium

```
In [1]:
```

```
# Import des bibliothèques
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
```

In [2]:

38 38

In [3]:

```
def derivee(x,y):
    dery=[]
    for i in range (len(x)-1):
        deryi=(y[i+1]-y[i])/(x[i+1]-x[i])
        dery.append(deryi)
    return dery
```

In [4]:

```
derpH=derivee (Vb,pH)
print (derpH)
```

```
[0.39000000000001, 0.27999999999999, 0.19000000000004, 0.16999999999993, 0.139999999999968, 0.1299999999999, 0.1299999999999, 0.1400000000000057, 0.149999999999947, 0.180000000000006, 0.169999999999993, 0.31999999999994, 0.4500000000000534, 0.4499999999999969, 0.8500000000000066, 0.399999999999825, 1.2500000000000044, 2.35000000000007, 1.649999999999915, 11.2000000000004, 4.6999999999973, 2.1000000000007, 0.750000000000044, 0.54999999999943, 0.8000000000036, 0.34999999999953, 0.5999999999982, 0.180000000000015, 0.129999999999, 0.0999999999994, 0.13000000000078, 0.070000000000028, 0.049999999999994, 0.050000000000071, 0.019999999999574, 0.06000000000005, 0.01999999999999974]

In [5]:
```

```
Vb = np.delete(Vb,-1)
 pH = np.delete(pH, -1)
 print(Vb)
 print(pH)
                                                                                                5.
                                                                                                                                    7.
                                                                                                                                                      8.
[ 0.
                        1.
                                          2.
                                                            3.
                                                                              4.
                                                                                                                  6.
                                                                                                                                                                        9. 10. 11. 12. 12.2
  12.4 12.6 12.8 13.
                                                                       13.2 13.4 13.6 13.8 14. 14.2 14.4 14.6 14.8 15.
                                                                                                                                23. 24.]
  16. 17. 18. 19.
                                                                          20.
                                                                                             21.
                                                                                                               22.
Γ 3.21 3.6
                                                                                            4.24 4.38 4.51 4.64 4.78 4.93 5.11 5.28
                                                  3.88 4.07
                            5.69 5.78 5.95 6.03 6.28 6.75 7.08 9.32 10.26 10.68 10.83
  10.94 11.1 11.17 11.29 11.47 11.6 11.7 11.83 11.9 11.95 12.
  12.08]
In [14]:
 plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
 plt.gcf().subplots_adjust(left =0.125, bottom = 0.2, right = 1.5, top = 1.5, wspace = 0.5, uspace = 
     \rightarrowhspace = 0.5)
 plt.subplot(2,1,1)
 plt.plot(Vb,pH,"r+-", label="pH")
 plt.xlabel("Vb (mL)")
 plt.ylabel("pH")
 plt.grid()
 plt.title("titrage de l'acide éthanoïque par la soude")
 plt.legend()
 plt.subplot(2,1,2)
```

plt.plot(Vb,derpH,"b+-",label="dérivée")

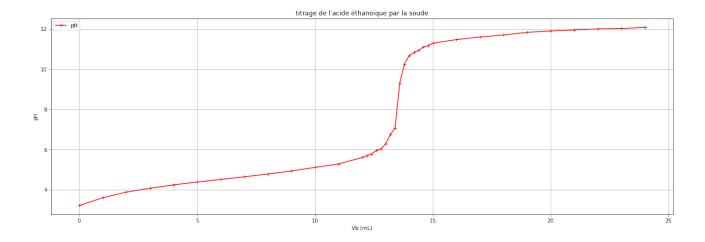
plt.title("détermination du volume équivalent")

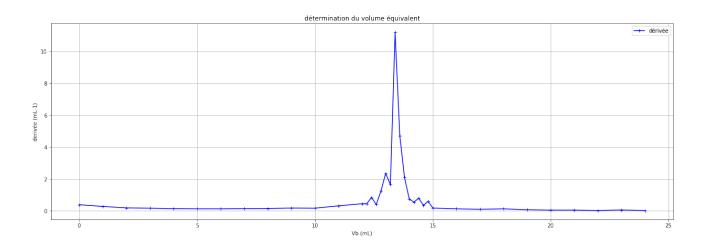
plt.xlabel("Vb (mL)")

plt.grid()

plt.legend()
plt.show()

plt.ylabel("derivée (mL-1)")





In [7]:

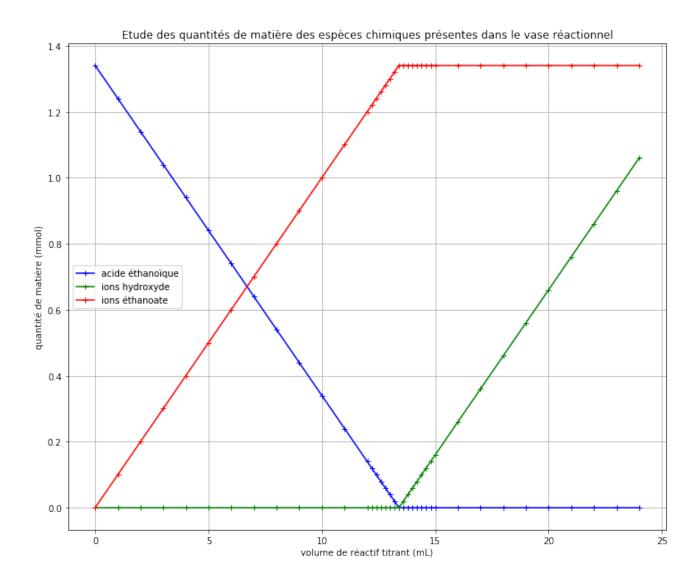
```
# détermination du volume équivalent

Vbe = Vb[(derpH.index(max(derpH)))]
print ("Vbe=",Vbe,"mL")
```

Vbe= 13.4 mL

In [8]:

```
na = np.append(na,nai)
       nb = np.append(nb,nbi)
       nc = np.append(nc,nci)
    else:
                             # qté de matière d'acide éthanoïque en mmol
       nai = 0
                               # qté de matière des ions hydroxyde en mmol
       nbi = cb*(Vb[i]-Vbe)
       nci = cb*Vbe
                             # qté de matière des ions éthanoate en mmol
       na = np.append(na,nai)
       nb = np.append(nb,nbi)
       nc = np.append(nc,nci)
print (na)
print (nb)
print (nc)
[1.34\ 1.24\ 1.14\ 1.04\ 0.94\ 0.84\ 0.74\ 0.64\ 0.54\ 0.44\ 0.34\ 0.24\ 0.14\ 0.12
0.1 0.08 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.
                           0.
                               0.
                                    0.
                                        0.
                                                 0.
                                                     0.
                                            0.
                                    0. ]
0.
     0.
         0.
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                  0.
                      0.
                           0.
                               0.
[0.
                  0.
                           0.
                               0.
                                    0.
                                        0.
                                             0.
                                                 0.
                           0.02 0.04 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.12 0.14 0.16
              0.
                  0.
                      0.
0.26 0.36 0.46 0.56 0.66 0.76 0.86 0.96 1.06]
     0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.
                                                 1.1 1.2 1.22
In [15]:
plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
```



In []: