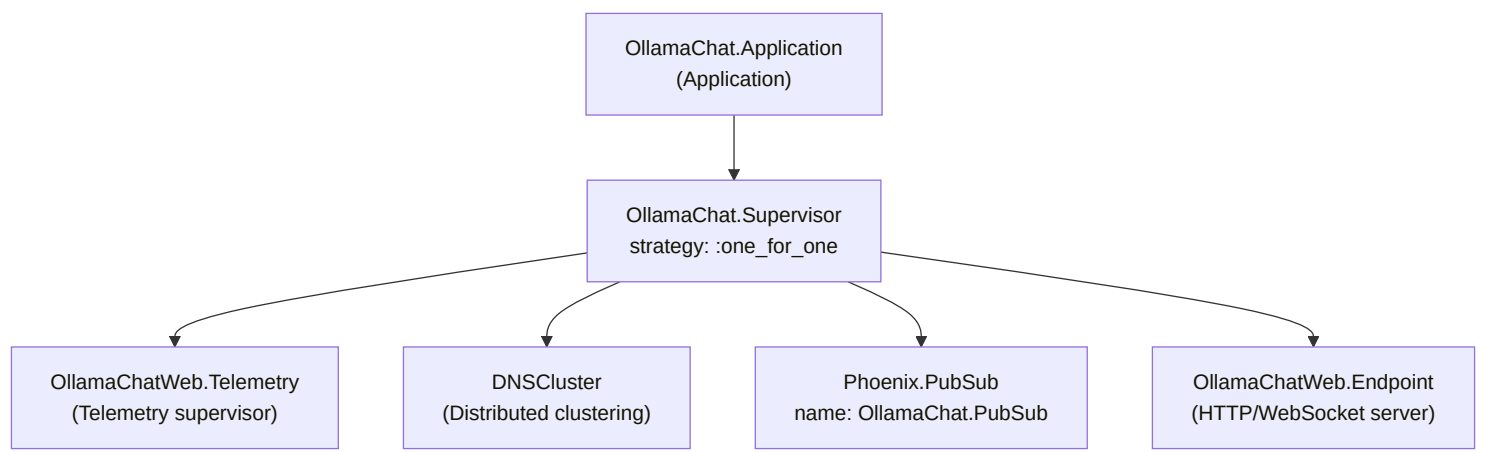


# Ollama Chat — Architecture Diagrams

## OTP Supervision Tree

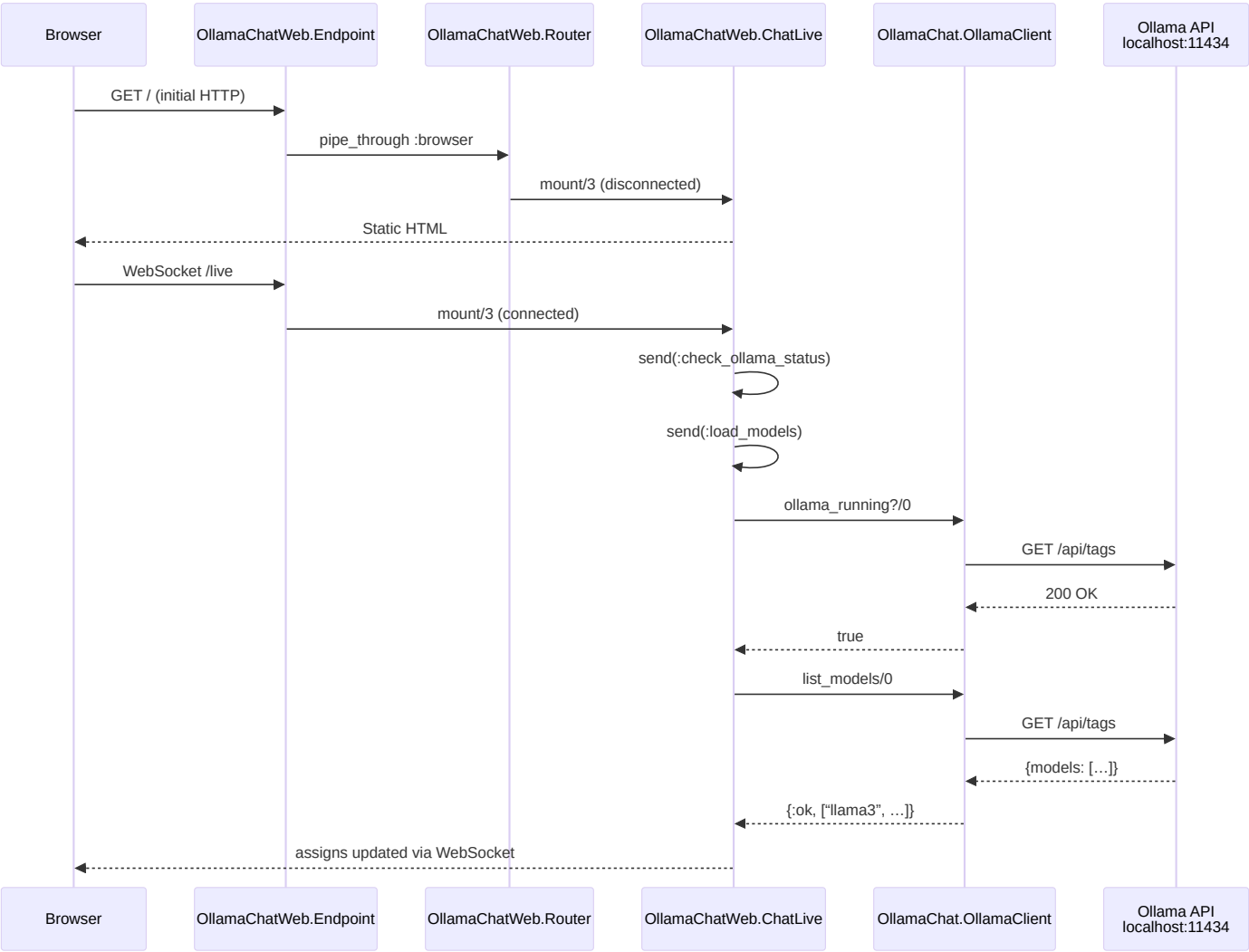
The application uses a `:one_for_one` supervision strategy — if any child crashes, only that child is restarted.



There is no database supervisor or GenServer processes — `ollamaClient` is a stateless module with plain functions, not a supervised process.

## HTTP/WebSocket Request Flow

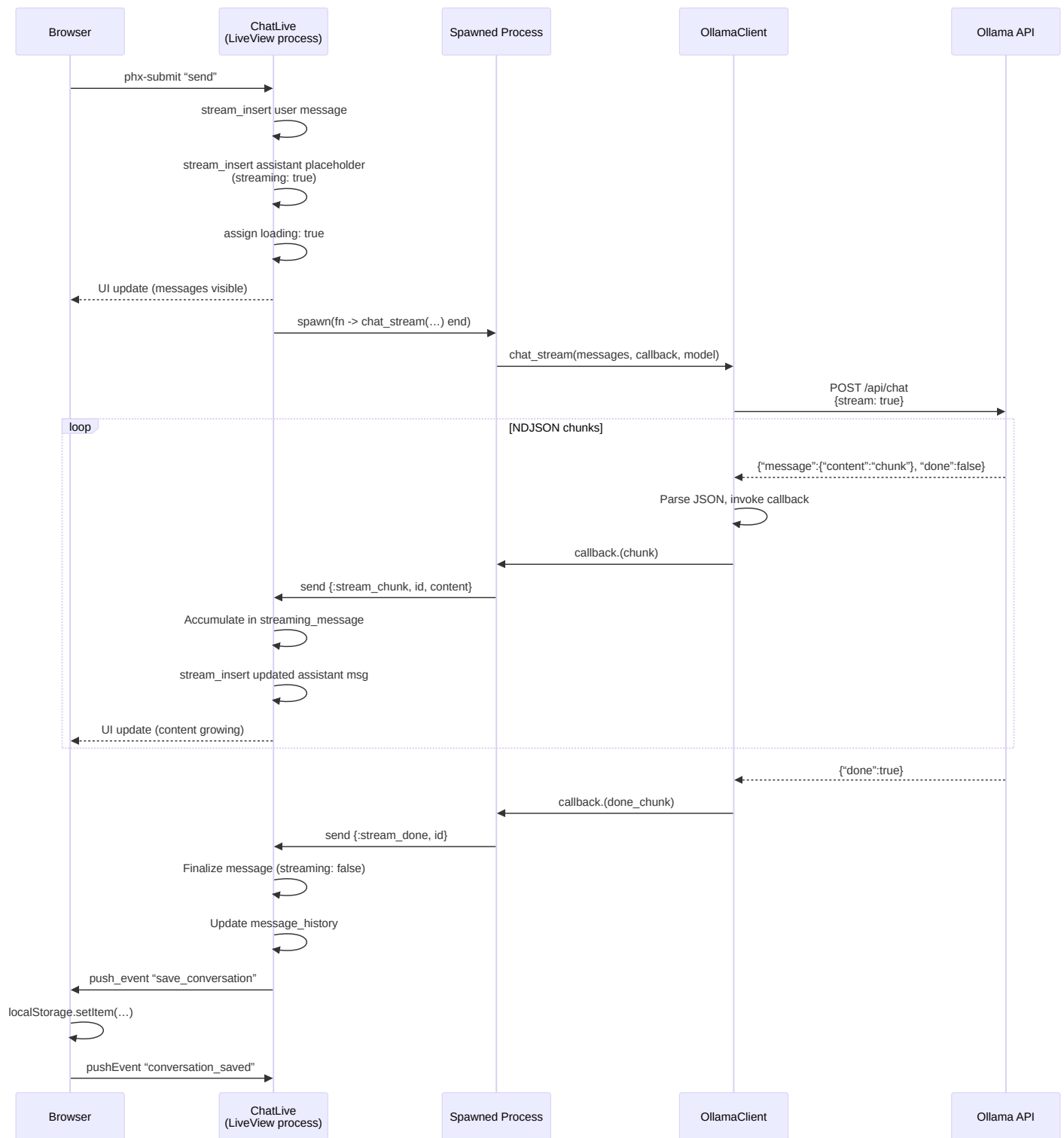
All user interaction goes through a single LiveView mounted at `/`. Static assets are served by `Plug.Static`.



The Endpoint plug pipeline: Plug.Static → LiveReloader (dev) → RequestId → Telemetry → Parsers → MethodOverride → Head → Session → Router .

# Chat Streaming Flow

When the user sends a message, a spawned process streams NDJSON chunks from Ollama back to the LiveView via message passing.

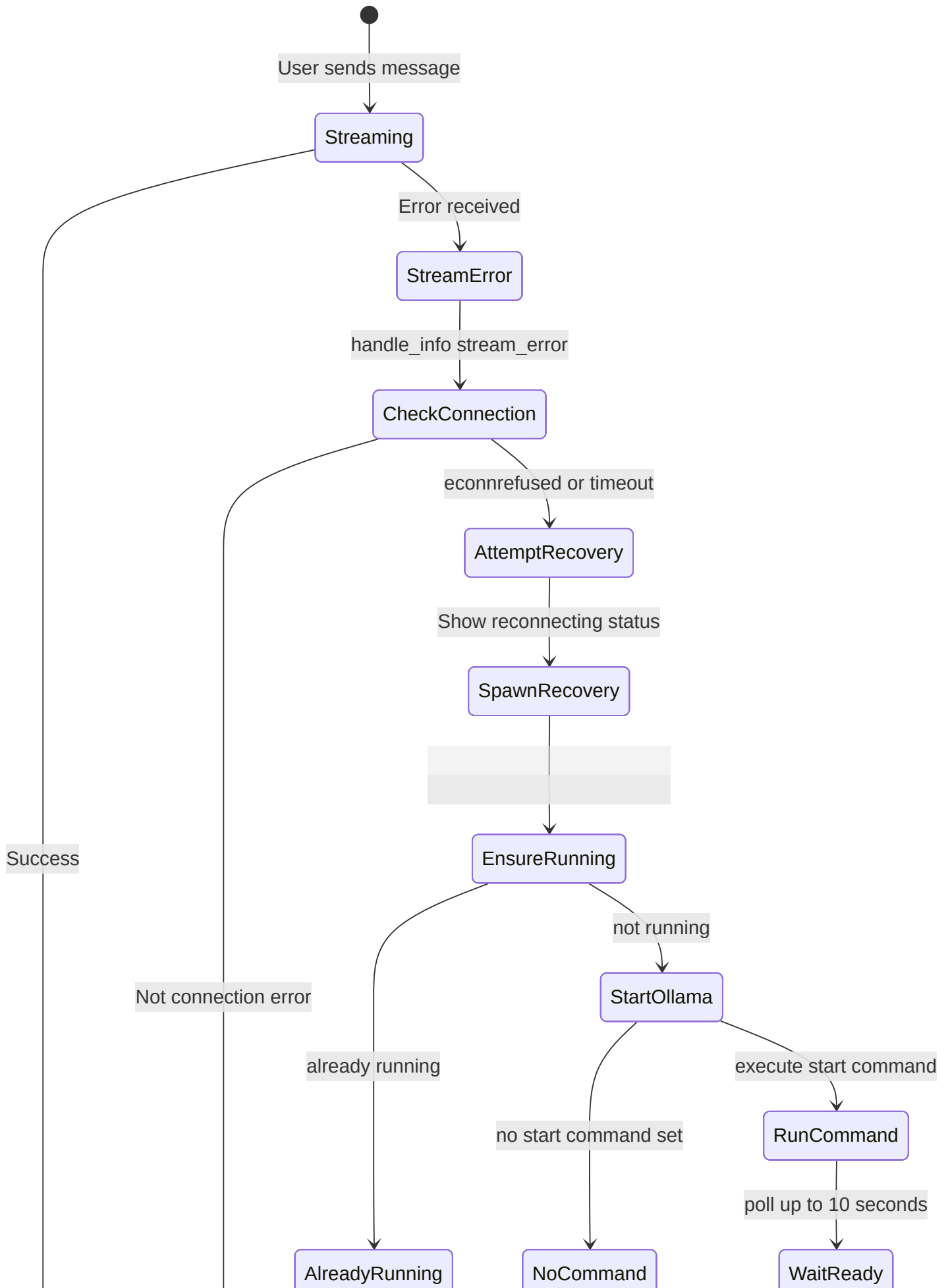


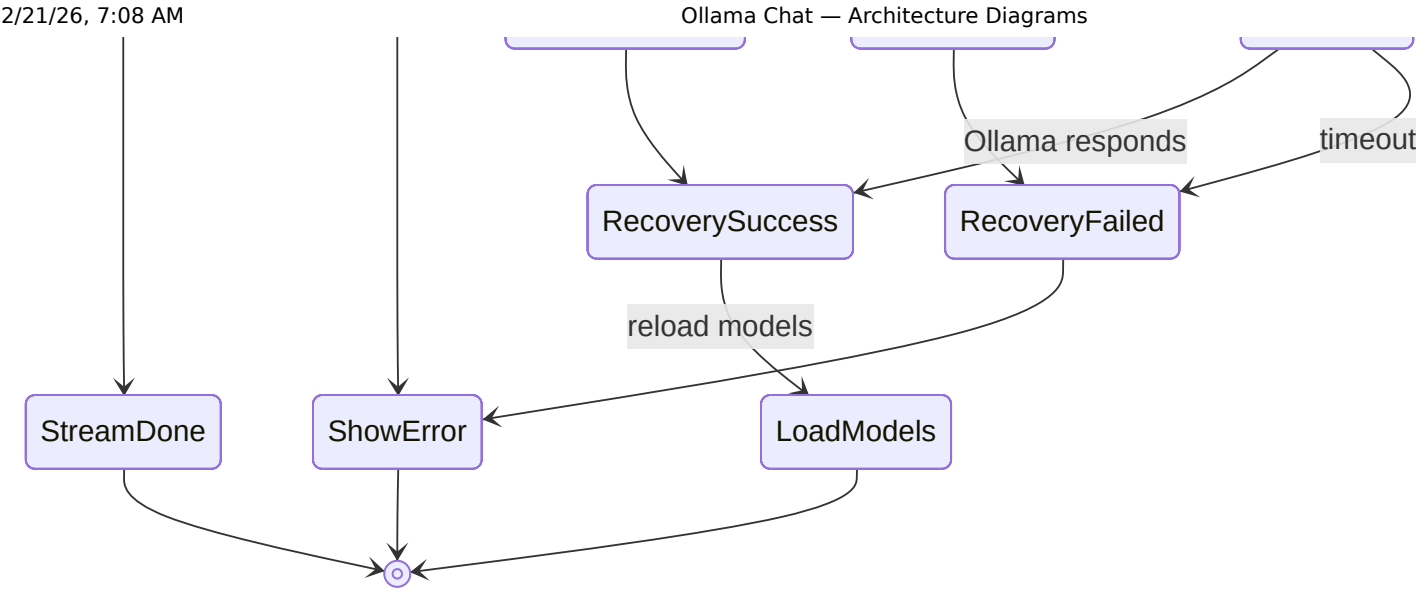
Key design decisions: - Streaming runs in a **spawned process** to avoid blocking the LiveView - Content is **accumulated** in `streaming_message` assign and re-inserted into the stream on each chunk - On completion, the conversation is **auto-saved to browser localStorage** via a `push_event`

# Error Recovery Flow

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Connection failures trigger automatic Ollama restart attempts when `OLLAMA_START_COMMAND` is configured.





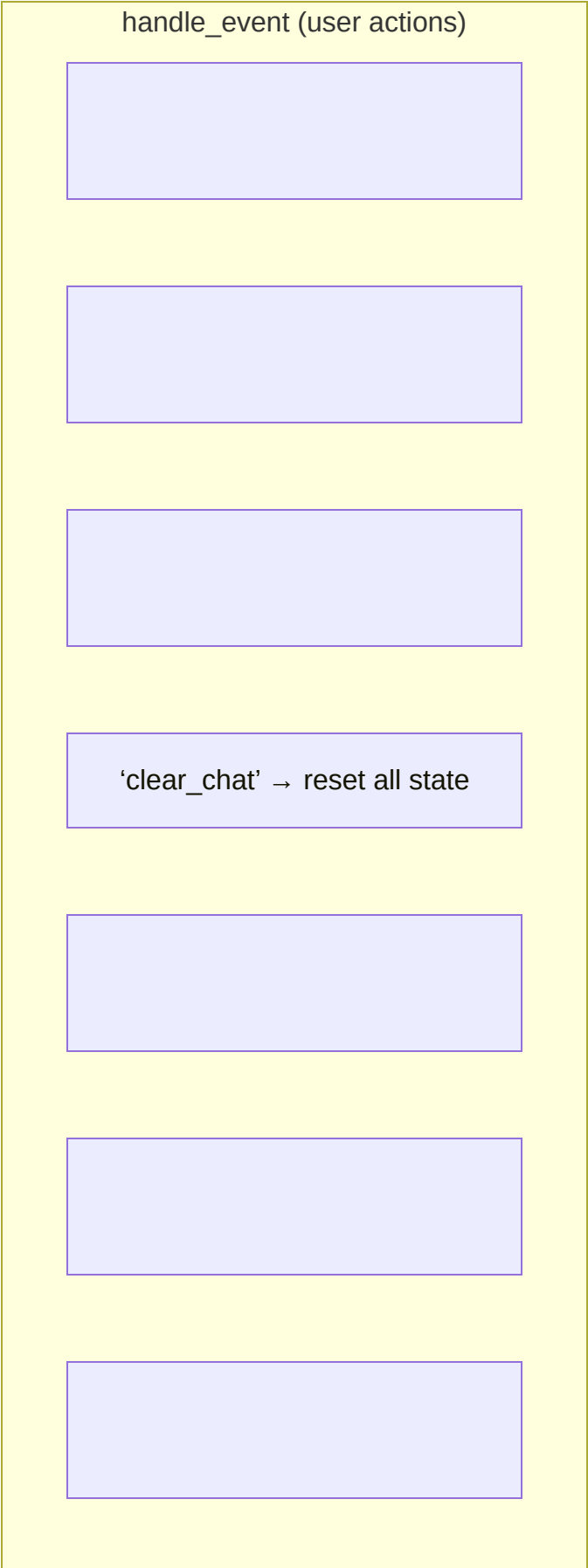
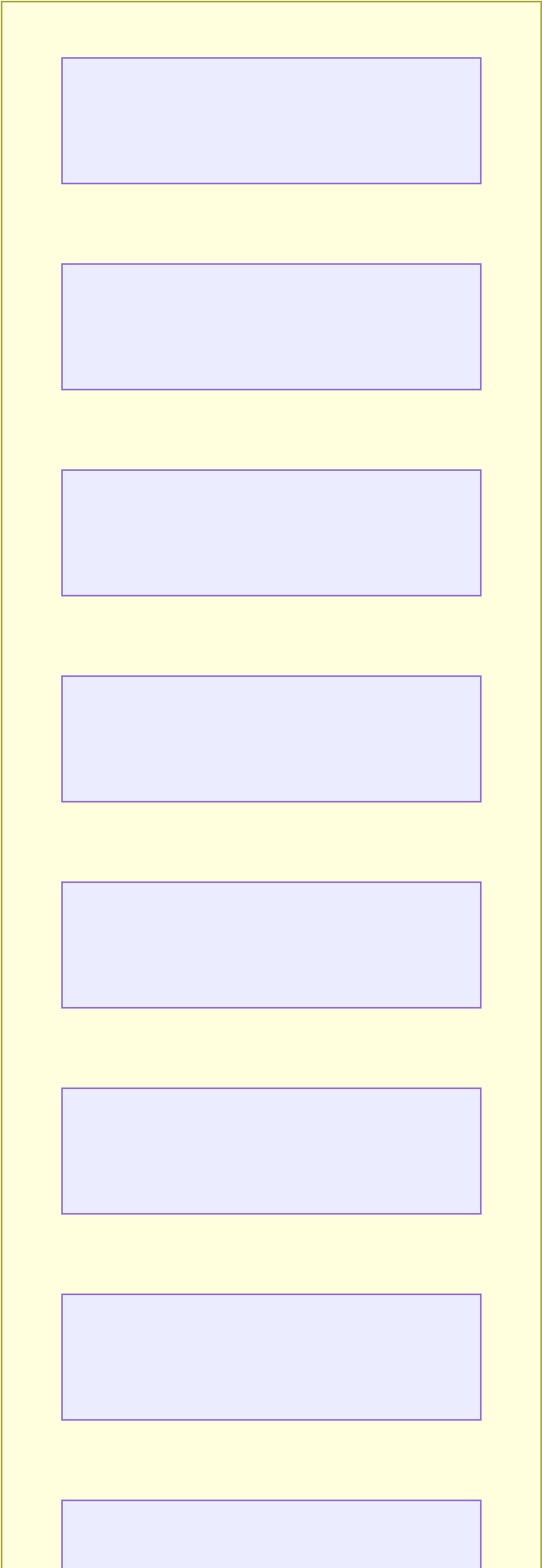
Recovery happens in two layers: 1. **OllamaClient level:** `chat/2` and `chat_stream/3` detect `:econnrefused`, call `ensure_ollama_running/0`, sleep 2s, then retry 2. **ChatLive level:** `{:stream_error, ...}` triggers `{:attempt_recovery, ...}` which spawns a recovery process and updates UI status

# ChatLive State & Event Map

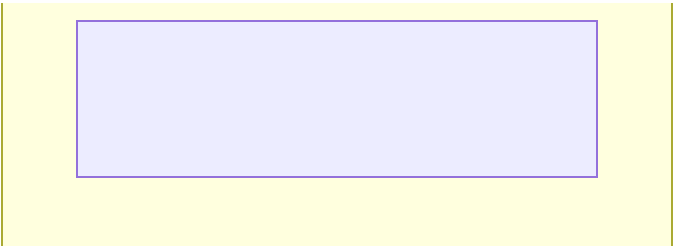
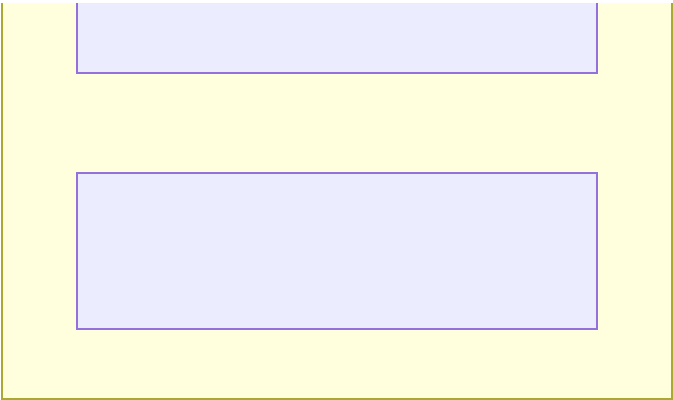
## Socket Assigns



Event Handlers

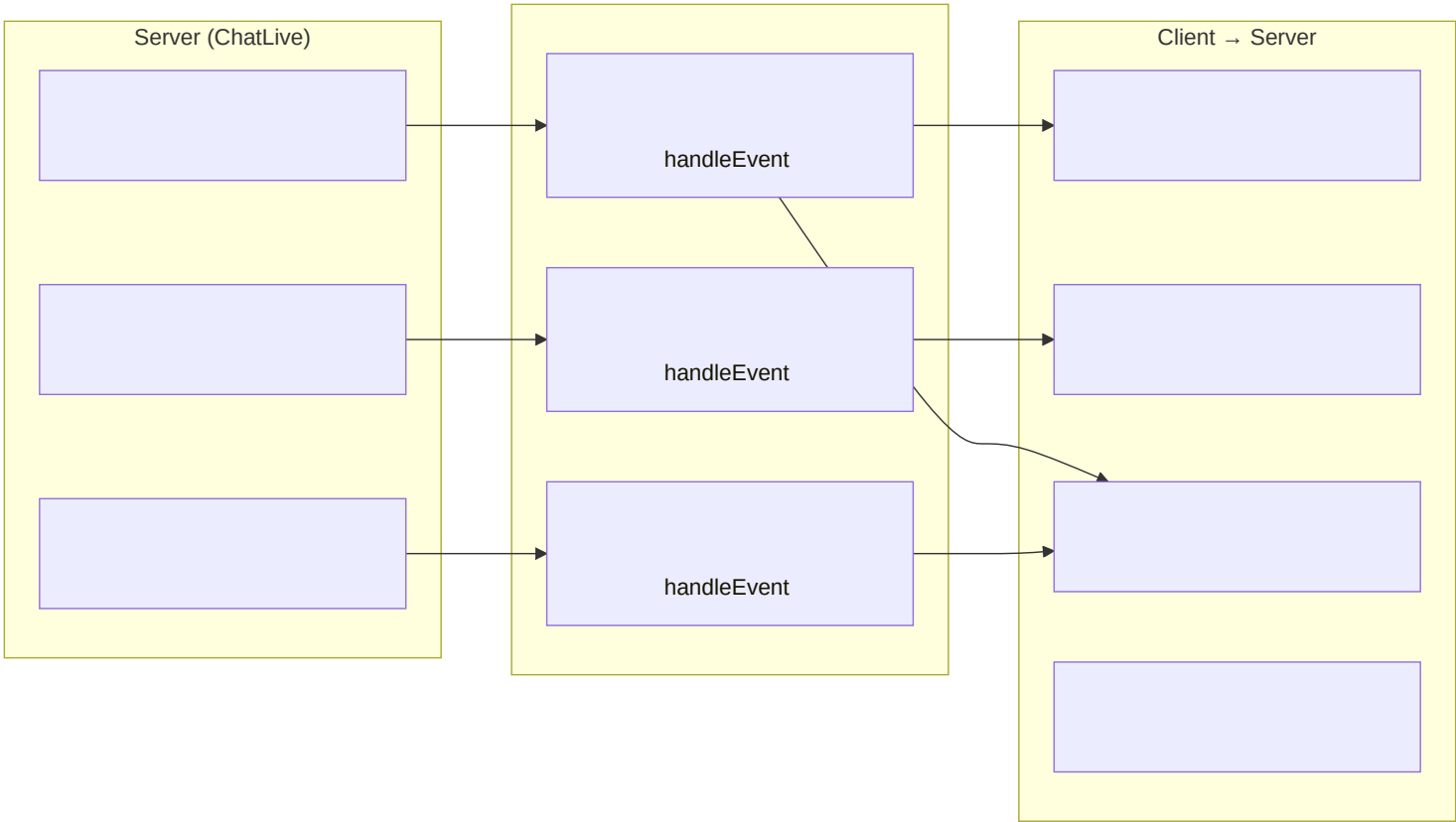




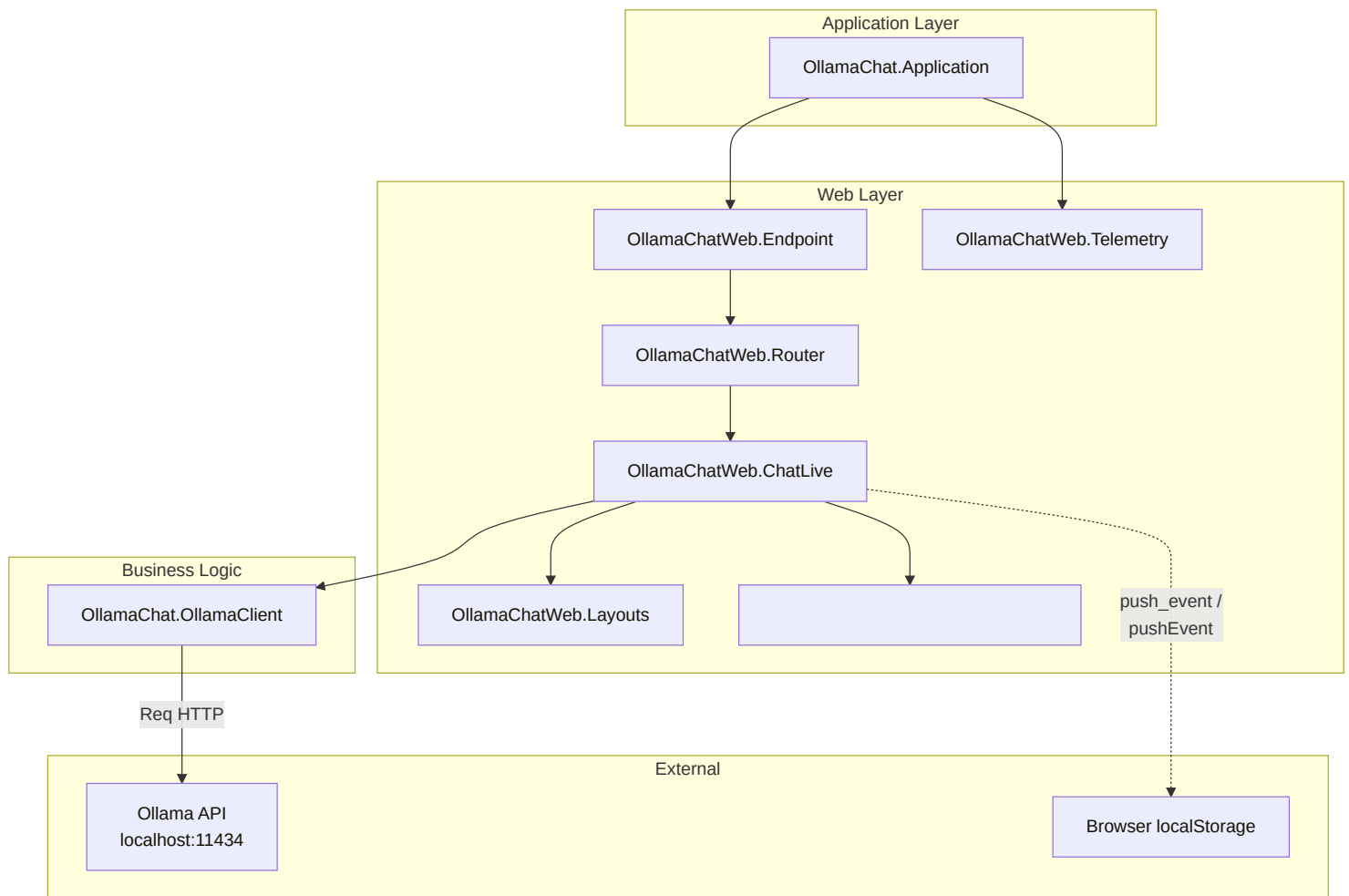


Client ↔ Server Event Bridge

Conversation persistence uses `push_event` / `pushEvent` to bridge LiveView and browser localStorage:



Module Dependency Graph



The dependency graph is intentionally flat — `ChatLive` is the only module that calls `OllamaClient`, and there are no intermediate service layers or GenServers.