



Lab Experiment #10:

Measurement of Earth's Magnetic Field

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Partner: Glendy Lara

PHYS 220BL

11/15/2021

Data

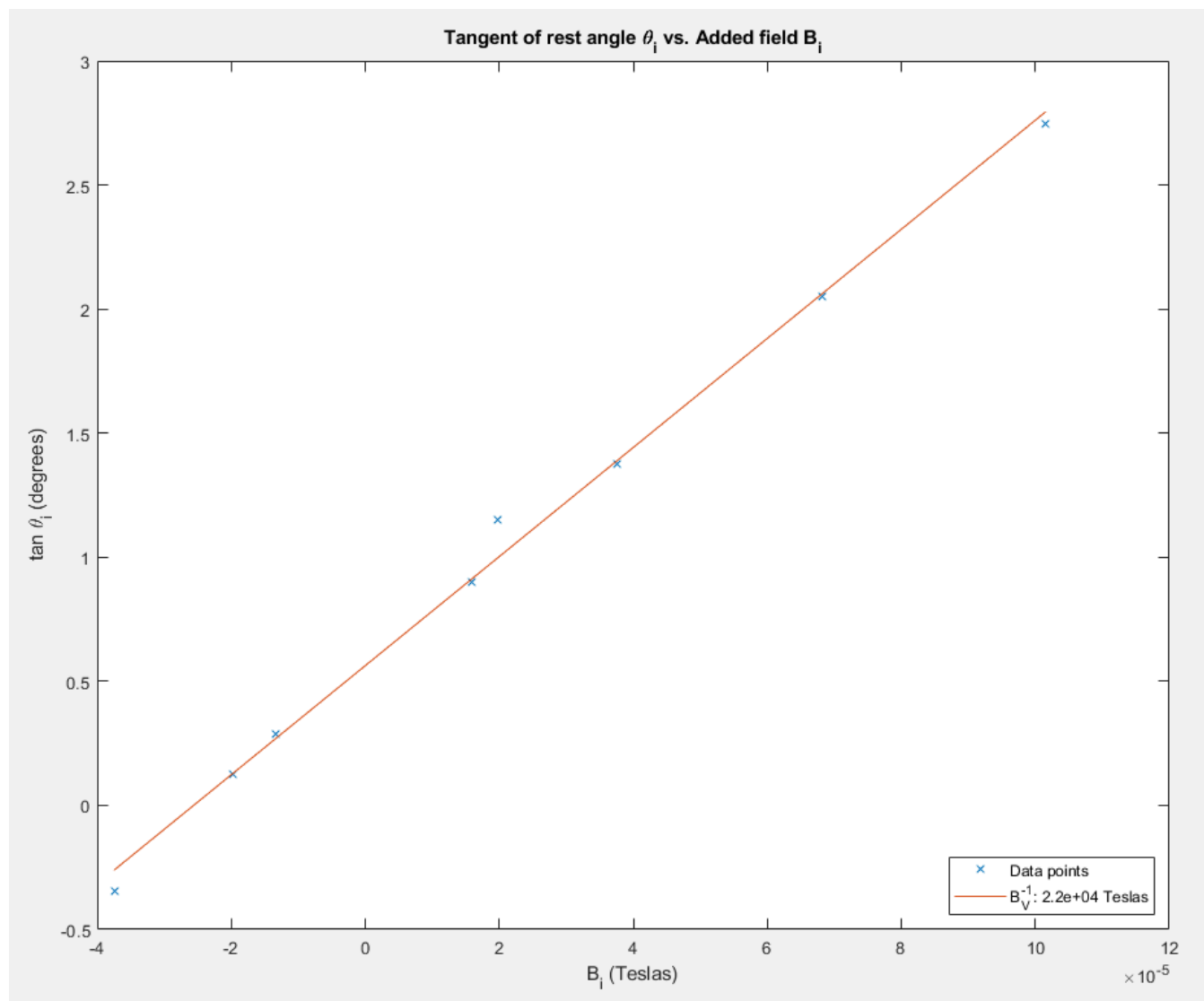
Initial dip angle: $\theta_0 = 31^\circ$
Helmholtz coil radius: $R = 11\text{ cm}$
Helmholtz coil wrap quantity: $N = 124\text{ turns}$

Dip angle vs current

Iteration	1	2	3	4	5	6
Resistance	100Ω	50Ω	30Ω	250Ω	300Ω	100Ω
Current i	37mA	67.2mA	100.2mA	15.66mA	−13.14mA	−36.97mA
Dip angle θ_i	54°	64°	70°	42°	16°	−19°
Calculated B_i	37.5μT	68.1μT	101.6μT	15.9μT	−13.3μT	−37.5μT

7	8
200Ω	200Ω
−19.4mA	19.4mA
7°	49°
−19.7μT	19.7μT

Calculations and plots



Calculated values

$$B_V = 4.55 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

$$B_H = 2.56 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

$$B_E = \sqrt{B_V^2 + B_H^2} = 5.22 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

Reference value

$$B_E = 4.65 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

Measured at: CSUN Library

Latitude: 34° 14' 21" N

Longitude: 118° 31' 40" W

Model used: WMM-2020

Referenced from: <https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/geomag/calculators/magcalc.shtml>

Percent difference: 11.6%

Data sheet + Quiz

(Quiz was a physical exercise)

10.6 Data sheet

Name: <u>David Mulvey</u>	Date: <u>11/9/21</u>	Instructor's initials:
Partner: <u>Glendy Lara</u>	Group No:	

Data

- Record the initial dip angle $\theta_0 = \underline{37^\circ}$. Note that 0° is straight down, so adjust your readings accordingly.
- Set the source to 4 V. Vary the resistance and record six values of the dip angle θ vs. current. Pay attention to the sign of the current as described in section 10.4. Only record resistance R if you are using method 1 to control the current.

20-100mA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(Resistance R)	<u>100 Ω</u>	<u>50 Ω</u>	<u>30 Ω</u>	<u>250 Ω</u>	<u>300 Ω</u>	<u>100 Ω</u>	<u>200 Ω</u>	<u>200 Ω</u>
Current i	<u>37 mA</u>	<u>67.2 mA</u>	<u>100.2 mA</u>	<u>15.66 mA</u>	<u>-13.14 mA</u>	<u>-36.97 mA</u>	<u>-19.4</u>	<u>19.4</u>
Dip angle θ_i	<u>54°</u>	<u>64°</u>	<u>70°</u>	<u>42°</u>	<u>16°</u>	<u>-19°</u>	<u>7°</u>	<u>49°</u>
Calculated B_i	<u>37.5 μT</u>	<u>68.1 μT</u>	<u>101.6 μT</u>	<u>15.9 μT</u>	<u>-13.3 μT</u>	<u>-37.5 μT</u>	<u>-19.7 μT</u>	<u>19.7 μT</u>

- Record the Helmholtz coil radius: $R = \underline{11 \text{ cm}}$
- Record the Helmholtz coil number of turns: $N = \underline{124}$

Calculations

Plot $\tan \theta_i$ vs. B_i and fit it with a straight line (see Fig. 10.2).

Deduce the values of B_V and B_H from the graph.

$$B_V = \underline{4.55 \times 10^{-5} T}$$

$$B_H = \underline{2.56 \times 10^{-5} T}$$

$$\text{Calculate } B_E = \underline{5.22 \times 10^{-5} T}$$

$$\text{Lookup value of } B_E = \underline{4.65 \times 10^{-5} T}$$