

Databases

- 1. Give an example of a one-to-many relationship.
- 2. Describe how you would represent the example on a database.

 Include details of any keys, constraints and/or indexes and explain why you have included them.
- 3. Give an example of when and how you would query this database using an outer join.
- 4. Give an example of when and how you would query this database using an SQL statement that includes a sub-select.

Programming - 1

Write a short program to calculate and return the factorial of a specified number.

It should be possible to call the program from within another program.

Programming - 2

Write a pair of functions to encode and decode a record consisting of a variable number of (name, value) fields, represented as a two-dimensional array of strings, to-and-from a single string representation.

The first dimension of the array should contain the name of the field and the second dimension the value of the field. For example, a record with three fields "id", "name" and "salary" with respective values "123", "bob" and "30000" would be represented by the following array:

Index	0	1
0	"id"	"123"
1	"name"	"bob"
2	"salary"	"30000"

The single string representation should be encoded by separating the field name from the field value using an = character, and by separating (field, value) pairs with a # character, e.g.

"id=123#name=bob#salary=30000"



