## CS440: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

Spring 2014

In class assignment 2

Dan McQuillan

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1. What's the probability of a burglary?

$$P(B) = 0.001$$

2. Are burglaries or earthquakes more likely?

$$P(B) = 0.001 < P(E) = 0.002$$

Earthquakes are more likely.

3. What's the probability of the alarm sounding when there is an earthquake but no burglary?

$$P(A|\neg b) = 0.29$$

4. What's the probability of the alarm sounding given that John had called?

$$p(A|J = true) = ?$$

 $P(\neg a) = 1 - P(a) \rightarrow P(a)$  determines the full distribution.

Baye's Theorem:

$$P(A|J) = \frac{P(J|A)P(A)}{P(J)}$$

Marginalize over B and E:

 $P(A) \approx 0.002526422$ 

$$P(A) = P(A|B, E) = \alpha P(A, B, E)$$

$$= \Sigma_{b \in B} \Sigma_{e \in E} P(b) P(e) P(A|b, e)$$

$$= \Sigma_{b \in B} P(b) \Sigma_{e \in E} P(e) P(A|b, e)$$

$$= P(b) [P(e) P(A|b, e) + P(\neg e) P(A|b, \neg e)] + P(\neg b) [P(e) P(A|\neg b, e) + P(\neg e) P(A|\neg b, \neg e)]$$

$$= (0.001) [(0.002)(0.95) + (0.998)(0.95)] + (0.999) [(0.002)(0.29) + (0.998)(0.001)]$$

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Marginalize over A:

$$P(J) = P(J|A) = \alpha P(J,A)$$

$$= \Sigma_{a \in A} P(a) P(J|a)$$

$$= P(a) P(J|a) + P(\neg a) P(J|\neg a)$$

$$= (0.002526422)(0.9) + (0.997473578)(0.05)$$

$$P(J) \approx 0.0521474587$$