CS421: hw5 Summer 2015

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1 Problems

1.1 Problem 1

Give a most general unifier for the following set of equations (unification problem). The uppercase letters A, B, C, and D denote variables of unification. The lowercase letters f, g, and h are term constructors of arity 2, 3, and 1 respectively (i.e. take two, three or one argument(s), respectively). Show all your work by listing the operations performed in each step of the unification and the result of that step.

Unify
$$\{(f(A, g(B, C, h(D))) = f(g(C, B, C), A))\}$$

1.1.1 Steps to solution

1. Pick a pair: (f(A, g(B, C, h(D))) = f(g(C, B, C), A))

Decompose:

becomes:
$$\{A = g(C, B, C); g(B, C, h(D)) = A\}$$

= Unify $\{A = g(C, B, C); g(B, C, h(D)) = A\}$

2. Pick a pair: (g(B, C, h(D)) = A)

Orient:

$$= \mathrm{Unify}\{A = g(C,B,C); A = g(B,C,h(D))\}$$

3. Pick a pair: (A = g(C, B, C))

Eliminate: A with substitution
$$\{A \to g(C, B, C)\}\$$

= Unify $\{g(C, B, C) = g(B, C, h(D))\}\$ o $\{A \to g(C, B, C)\}\$

4. Pick a pair: (g(C, B, C) = g(B, C, h(D)))

Decompose:

becomes:
$$\{C=B; B=C; C=h(D)\}\$$

= Unify $\{C=B; B=C; C=h(D)\}\$ o $\{A\rightarrow g(C,B,C)\}\$

5. Pick a pair: (B = C)

Orient:

= Unify
$$\{C = B; C = B; C = h(D)\}\ o \{A \to g(C, B, C)\}$$

6. Pick a pair: (C = B)

6.1 Eliminate: C with substitution
$$\{C \to B\}$$

= Unify $\{B = B; B = h(D)\}$ o $\{C \to B\}$ o $\{A \to g(C, B, C)\}$

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6.2 Compose Substitutions:
= Unify
$$\{B = B; B = h(D)\}\$$
 o $\{C \to B; A \to g(B, B, B)\}\$

7. Pick a pair: (B = B)

Delete

= Unify
$$\{B = h(D)\}\$$
 o $\{C \rightarrow B; A \rightarrow g(B, B, B)\}\$

- 8. Pick a pair: (B = h(D))
 - 8.1. Eliminate: B with substitution $\{B \to h(D)\}\$ = Unify $\{\}$ o $\{B \to h(D)\}$ o $\{C \to B; A \to g(B, B, B)\}$
 - 8.2. Compose Substitutions: = Unify{} o { $B \to h(D); C \to h(D); A \to g(h(D), h(D), h(D))$ }
- 9. Unify is evaluating identity substitution = $\{B \to h(D); C \to h(D); A \to g(h(D), h(D), h(D))\}$

1.1.2 Solution

Unify
$$\{(f(A, g(B, C, h(D))) = f(g(C, B, C), A))\} = \{B \to h(D); C \to h(D); A \to g(h(D), h(D), h(D))\}$$

1.1.3 Check Solution

$$f(A, g(B, C, h(D))) = f(g(C, B, C), A)$$

$$\to f(g(h(D), h(D), h(D)), g(h(D), h(D), h(D))) = f(g(h(D), h(D), h(D)), g(h(D), h(D)), h(D)))$$
(2)

By applying a simultaneous substitution we verify that the equality holds when the substitution is applied to the constraint in the original unification problem.