```
// POSIX CONDITION VARIABLES
// Illustration of pthread cond signal()
// NOTE:
// The manuals say that pthread cond signal() unblocks at least 1 thread
// In this system, pthread cond signal() had to be called as many times
// as the number of threads;
// otherwise only one of them will be unblocked
// FILE: cond signal nc.c
// (equal to cond_signal_nc.c but does not check results of system calls)
// gcc cond signal nc.c -lpthread -lrt -Wall -o cond signal nc
// JAS
//======
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <pthread.h>
//-----
#define NTHREADS 5
//-----
int conditionMet = 0;
pthread cond t cond = PTHREAD COND INITIALIZER;
pthread mutex t mutex = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
//==========
void *threadFunc(void *arg)
{
 int threadNum = *(int *)arg;
 pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
  while (!conditionMet)
   printf("Thread %d blocked because condition is not met\n", threadNum);
   pthread cond wait(&cond, &mutex);
 printf("Thread %d executing critical section for 5 seconds ...\n", threadNum);
 sleep(5);
 printf("Thread %d ended execution of critical section.\n", threadNum);
 pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
 return NULL;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int i, j;
 int threadnum[NTHREADS];
 pthread t threadId[NTHREADS];
 printf("Main thread: creating %d threads\n", NTHREADS);
 for(i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
 {
   threadnum[i]=i+1;
   pthread create(&threadId[i], NULL, threadFunc, (void*) &threadnum[i]);
  }
 printf("Main thread:\n doing some work until condition is met ...\n");
 sleep(10);
```

```
//The condition has occured ...! Don't ask me what condition or why ...
  //Set the flag and wake up any waiting threads
 pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
 conditionMet = 1;
 printf("Main thread:\n the condition was met;\n waking up all waiting threads,
using pthread cond signal()...\n");
 for (j=0; j<NTHREADS; j++) //comment this line (just this one!) and see what happens :-(
   pthread cond signal(&cond);
 pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
 printf("Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup\n");
 for (i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
   pthread join(threadId[i], NULL);
  }
 pthread cond destroy(&cond);
 pthread mutex destroy(&mutex);
 printf("Main thread: exiting.\n");
 return 0;
}
```

```
/*
pinguim> ./cond signal nc
Main thread: creating 5 threads
Thread 3 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 1 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 4 blocked because condition is not met
Main thread:
 doing some work until condition is met ...
Thread 2 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 5 blocked because condition is not met
Main thread:
 the condition was met;
 waking up all waiting threads, using pthread cond signal()...
Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup
Thread 3 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 3 ended execution of critical section.
Thread 5 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 5 ended execution of critical section.
Thread 4 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 4 ended execution of critical section.
Thread 1 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 1 ended execution of critical section.
Thread 2 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 2 ended execution of critical section.
Main thread: completed.
pinguim>
AFTER COMMENTING THE LINE ABOVE REFERRED:
pinguim> ./cond signal
Main thread: creating 5 threads
Thread 2 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 1 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 3 blocked because condition is not met
Main thread:
 doing some work until condition is met ...
Thread 4 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 5 blocked because condition is not met
Main thread:
 the condition was met;
 waking up all waiting threads, using pthread cond signal()...
Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup
Thread 2 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 2 ended execution of critical section.
^C <---- NOTE: THE PROGRAM NEVER ENDS ...
pinguim>
```

```
// POSIX CONDITION VARIABLES
// Illustration of pthread cond broadcast()
// NOTE: pthread cond broadcast() unblocks all waiting threads
// FILE: cond broadc nc.c
// (equal to cond broadc.c but without checking results of system calls)
// gcc cond broadc nc.c -lpthread -lrt -Wall -o cond broadc nc
// JAS
//=======
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#define NTHREADS 5
//-----
int conditionMet = 0;
pthread cond t cond = PTHREAD COND INITIALIZER;
pthread mutex t mutex = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
//-----
void *threadFunc(void *arg)
 int threadNum = *(int *)arg;
 pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
  while (!conditionMet)
  {
   printf("Thread %d blocked because condition is not met\n", threadNum);
   pthread cond wait(&cond, &mutex);
 printf("Thread %d executing critical section for 5 seconds ...\n",
   threadNum);
 sleep(5);
 pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
 return NULL;
}
//-----
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int i;
 int threadnum[NTHREADS];
 pthread t threadId[NTHREADS];
 printf("Main thread: creating %d threads\n", NTHREADS);
 for(i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
   threadnum[i]=i+1;
   pthread create(&threadId[i], NULL, threadFunc, (void*) &threadnum[i]);
 printf("Main thread: doing some work until condition is met ...\n");
 sleep(10);
  //The condition has occured ...! Don't ask me what condition or why ...
  //Set the flag and wake up any waiting threads
 pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
 conditionMet = 1;
 printf("Main thread: the condition was met;\n waking up all waiting threads,
using pthread cond broadcast()...\n");
 pthread cond broadcast(&cond);
 pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
```

```
printf("Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup\n");
  for (i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
    pthread join(threadId[i], NULL);
  }
  pthread cond destroy(&cond);
  pthread mutex destroy(&mutex);
  printf("Main thread: completed.\n");
  return 0;
pinguim> ./cond broadc nc
Main thread: creating 5 threads
Thread 2 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 1 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 3 blocked because condition is not met
Thread 4 blocked because condition is not met
Main thread: doing some work until condition is met ...
Thread 5 blocked because condition is not met
Main thread: the condition was met;
 waking up all waiting threads, using pthread cond broadcast()...
Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup
Thread 2 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 1 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 3 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 4 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Thread 5 executing critical section for 5 seconds ...
Main thread: completed.
pinguim>
*/
```

```
// POSIX CONDITION VARIABLES
// Illustration of pthread cond signal()
// NOTE:
// pthread cond signal() must be called as many times
// as the number of threads;
// otherwise only one of them will be unblocked
// FILE: cond signal.c
// gcc cond signal.c -lpthread -lrt -Wall -o cond_signal
// JAS
//-----
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <pthread.h>
//-----
#define NTHREADS 5
int conditionMet = 0;
pthread cond t cond = PTHREAD COND INITIALIZER;
pthread mutex t mutex = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
int numEndedThreads = 0;
pthread mutex t mutex nET = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
//-----
// Function to check the return code
// and exit the program if the function call failed
void checkResult(char *string, int err)
 if (err != 0)
   printf("Error %d on %s\n", err, string);
   exit(EXIT FAILURE);
 }
 return;
//-----
void *threadFunc(void *arg)
 int res;
 int threadNum = *(int *)arg;
 res = pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread mutex lock()\n", res);
 while (!conditionMet)
   printf("Thread %d blocked because condition is not met\n", threadNum);
   res = pthread cond wait(&cond, &mutex);
   checkResult("pthread cond wait()\n", res);
 printf("Thread %d executing critical section for 5 seconds ...\n", threadNum);
 sleep(5);
 printf("Thread %d ended execution of critical section.\n", threadNum);
 res = pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread mutex lock()\n", res);
 pthread mutex_lock(&mutex_nET);
 numEndedThreads++;
 pthread mutex unlock(&mutex nET);
```

```
return NULL;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  int res=0;
  int i, j;
  int threadnum[NTHREADS];
  pthread t threadId[NTHREADS];
  printf("Main thread: creating %d threads\n", NTHREADS);
  for(i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
  {
    threadnum[i]=i+1;
    res = pthread create(&threadId[i], NULL, threadFunc, (void*) &threadnum[i]);
    checkResult("pthread_create()\n", res);
  }
  printf("Main thread:\n doing some work until condition is met ...\n");
  sleep(10);
  //The condition has occured ...! Don't ask me what condition or why ...
  //Set the flag and wake up any waiting threads
  res = pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
  checkResult("pthread_mutex_lock()\n", res);
  conditionMet = 1;
  printf("Main thread:\n the condition was met;\n waking up all waiting threads,
using pthread cond signal()...\n");
  for (j=0; j<NTHREADS; j++) //comment this line (just this one!) and see what
happens :-(
  {
    res = pthread cond signal(&cond);
    checkResult("pthread cond signal()\n", res);
  res = pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
  checkResult("pthread mutex unlock()\n", res);
  printf("Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup\n");
  for (i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
    res = pthread join(threadId[i], NULL);
    checkResult("pthread_join()\n", res);
  }
  res = pthread_cond_destroy(&cond);
  checkResult("pthread cond destroy()\n", res);
  res = pthread mutex destroy(&mutex);
  checkResult("pthread mutex destroy()\n", res);
  printf("Main thread: completed.\n");
  return 0;
}
```

```
// POSIX CONDITION VARIABLES
// Illustration of pthread cond broadcast()
// NOTE: pthread cond broadcast() unblocks all waiting threads
// FILE: cond broadc.c
// gcc cond broadc.c -lpthread -lrt -Wall -o cond broadc
// JAS
//-----
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <pthread.h>
//-----
#define NTHREADS 5
//-----
int conditionMet = 0;
pthread cond t cond = PTHREAD COND INITIALIZER;
pthread mutex t mutex = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
//-----
// Function to check the return code
// and exit the program if the function call failed
void checkResult(char *string, int err)
 if (err != 0)
   printf("Error %d on %s\n", err, string);
   exit(EXIT FAILURE);
 }
 return;
void *threadFunc(void *arg)
{
 int res;
 int threadNum = *(int *)arg;
 res = pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread mutex lock()\n", res);
 while (!conditionMet)
  {
   printf("Thread %d blocked because condition is not met\n", threadNum);
   res = pthread cond wait(&cond, &mutex);
   checkResult("pthread_cond_wait()\n", res);
 printf("Thread %d executing critical section for 5 seconds ...\n",
   threadNum);
 sleep(5);
 res = pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread mutex lock()\n", res);
 return NULL;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int res=0;
 int i;
 int threadnum[NTHREADS];
 pthread t threadId[NTHREADS];
 printf("Main thread: creating %d threads\n", NTHREADS);
 for(i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
```

```
threadnum[i]=i+1;
   res = pthread create(&threadId[i], NULL, threadFunc, (void*) &threadnum[i]);
   checkResult("pthread create()\n", res);
 printf("Main thread: doing some work until condition is met ...\n");
 sleep(10);
  //The condition has occured ...! Don't ask me what condition or why ...
  //Set the flag and wake up any waiting threads
 res = pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread_mutex_lock()\n", res);
 conditionMet = 1;
 printf("Main thread: the condition was met;\n waking up all waiting threads,
using pthread cond broadcast()...\n");
 res = pthread cond broadcast(&cond);
 checkResult("pthread cond broadcast()\n", res);
 res = pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread mutex unlock()\n", res);
 printf("Main thread: waiting for threads and cleanup\n");
 for (i=0; i<NTHREADS; ++i)</pre>
   res = pthread join(threadId[i], NULL);
   checkResult("pthread join()\n", res);
  }
 res = pthread_cond_destroy(&cond);
  checkResult("pthread cond destroy()\n", res);
 res = pthread mutex destroy(&mutex);
 checkResult("pthread mutex destroy()\n", res);
 printf("Main thread: completed.\n");
 return 0;
}
```