Illustrating SQL using R

The "sqldf" package can be used to run SQL queries in R.

Here is an illustration of some SQL commands using a morbid but well-known data-set recording the survival (or not) of passengers aboard the Titanic.

Check the first few entries of the data set to get an idea of its structure and content:

```
sqldf("select * from titanic3 limit 5")
```

```
##
     pclass survived
                                                 name
                                                          sex
                                                                  age sibsp
## 1
        1st
                       Allen, Miss. Elisabeth Walton female 29.0000
## 2
        1st
                   1 Allison, Master. Hudson Trevor
                                                                          1
## 3
                        Allison, Miss. Helen Loraine female 2.0000
        1st
## 4
        1st
                   O Allison, Mr. Hudson Joshua Crei
                                                        male 30.0000
                                                                          1
## 5
                   O Allison, Mrs. Hudson J C (Bessi female 25.0000
                                                                          1
        1st
     parch ticket
                      fare
                             cabin
                                       embarked boat body
##
         0 24160 211.3375
## 1
                                 B5 Southampton
                                                   2
                                                       NA
## 2
         2 113781 151.5500 C22 C26 Southampton
                                                  11
                                                       NA
         2 113781 151.5500 C22 C26 Southampton
## 3
                                                       NA
## 4
         2 113781 151.5500 C22 C26 Southampton
                                                      135
         2 113781 151.5500 C22 C26 Southampton
## 5
                                                       NA
##
                            homedest
## 1
                        St Louis, MO
## 2 Montreal, PQ / Chesterville, ON
## 3 Montreal, PQ / Chesterville, ON
## 4 Montreal, PQ / Chesterville, ON
## 5 Montreal, PQ / Chesterville, ON
```

How many passengers are there?

```
sqldf("select count(*) from titanic3")
```

```
## count(*)
## 1 1309
```

How many passengers are there with ages listed?

```
sqldf("select count(age) from titanic3")
```

```
## count(age)
## 1 1046
```

How many passengers 10 or younger survived (of those with ages listed)?

```
sqldf("select count(*) from titanic3
    where age<=10 and survived=1")</pre>
```

```
## count(*)
## 1 50
```

Who were they?

```
sqldf("select name,age from titanic3
  where age <=10 and survived =1
  limit 10")</pre>
```

```
##
                                    name
                                            age
## 1
         Allison, Master. Hudson Trevor 0.9167
## 2
              Dodge, Master. Washington 4.0000
## 3
        Spedden, Master. Robert Douglas 6.0000
## 4
              Becker, Master. Richard F 1.0000
## 5
            Becker, Miss. Marion Louise 4.0000
## 6
          Caldwell, Master. Alden Gates 0.8333
## 7
      Collyer, Miss. Marjorie \\"Lottie 8.0000
## 8
         Davies, Master. John Morgan Jr 8.0000
## 9
          Drew, Master. Marshall Brines 8.0000
## 10
              Hamalainen, Master. Viljo 0.6667
```

How many distinct cabins contained passengers?

```
sqldf("select count(distinct cabin) from titanic3")
```

```
## count(distinct cabin)
## 1 187
```

Who were the oldest survivors of the wreck?

```
sqldf("select name,age from titanic3
where (survived=1 and age is not null)
order by age desc
limit 10")
```

```
##
                                 name age
## 1 Barkworth, Mr. Algernon Henry W
## 2
       Cavendish, Mrs. Tyrell William
                                       76
       Compton, Mrs. Alexander Taylor
## 3
     Crosby, Mrs. Edward Gifford (Ca
## 4
     Andrews, Miss. Kornelia Theodos
## 5
## 6
               Turkula, Mrs. (Hedwig)
                                       63
## 7
     Stone, Mrs. George Nelson (Mart
                                       62
## 8
                   Harris, Mr. George
                                       62
## 9 Bucknell, Mrs. William Robert (
## 10 Fortune, Mrs. Mark (Mary McDoug
```

How many passengers traveling to Indianapolis were between the ages of 18 and 21?

```
sqldf("select age,embarked from titanic3
   where age between 18 and 21
   and homedest=\"Indianapolis, IN\"")
```

```
## [1] age embarked
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

What were the embarkation points for passengers aboard the Titanic?

```
sqldf("select distinct embarked from titanic3")
```

```
## embarked
## 1 Southampton
## 2 Cherbourg
## 3
## 4 Queenstown
```

Which enigmatic passengers have " " listed as their embarkation point?

```
sqldf("select name,age,embarked,homedest from titanic3 where embarked
not in (\"Queenstown\",\"Cherbourg\",\"Southampton\")")
```

How many passengers embarked from the British Isles?

```
sqldf("select count(*) from titanic3
    where embarked in(\"Queenstown\",\"Southampton\")
    limit 10")
```

```
## count(*)
## 1 1037
```

What was the survival rate for those who paid the lowest fares (less than one fifth of the average) versus of those who paid the highest fares (more than five times the average)?

First, how many passengers paid the lowest fares?

```
sqldf("select count(fare) from titanic3
   where fare<.2*(select avg(fare) from titanic3)")</pre>
```

```
## count(fare)
## 1 28
```

How man of those paying the lowest fare survived?

```
sqldf("select count(*)from titanic3
    where fare<.2*(select avg(fare) from titanic3)
    and survived=1")</pre>
```

```
## count(*)
## 1 3
```

How many passengers paid the highest fares?

```
sqldf("select count(*) from titanic3
  where fare>5*(select avg(fare) from titanic3)")
```

```
## count(*)
## 1 38
```

And how many of those paying the highest fares survived?

```
sqldf("select count(*) from titanic3
    where fare>5*(select avg(fare) from titanic3)
    and survived=1")
```

```
## count(*)
## 1 26
```

Which cabin names started with 'A'?

```
sqldf("select distinct cabin from titanic3
    where cabin like \"A%\"")
```

```
##
      cabin
## 1
        A36
## 2
        A23
## 3
        A31
## 4
        A21
## 5
         Α9
## 6
        A14
## 7
        A34
## 8
        A16
## 9
        A20
## 10
        A18
## 11
        A29
## 12
         Α5
## 13
        A24
## 14
        A32
## 15
        A11
## 16
        A10
## 17
        A26
## 18
         Α6
## 19
         Α7
## 20
        A19
```

Many passengers are listed as assigned to more than one cabin. Which cabin names were combined in this way? To answer this, note that single cabin names are always four characters at most (a letter plus up to three numerals). So, which cabin assignments have five or more characters? This should give us all the cabins that are listed together.

```
sqldf("select distinct cabin from titanic3
  where cabin like \"_____%\"")
```

```
##
                cabin
## 1
              C22 C26
## 2
              C62 C64
## 3
              B58 B60
## 4
          B51 B53 B55
## 5
              B96 B98
## 6
          C23 C25 C27
## 7
              D10 D12
## 8
              B82 B84
## 9
          B52 B54 B56
## 10 B57 B59 B63 B66
## 11
              C55 C57
## 12
              E39 E41
## 13
                F G63
## 14
                F E57
## 15
                F E46
## 16
                F G73
## 17
                F E69
```