Hello webpack!

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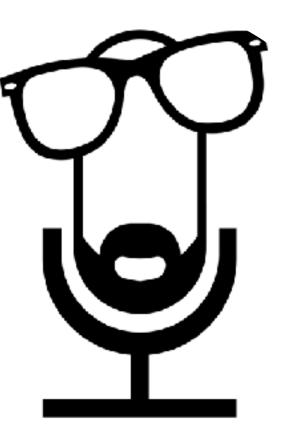
About me

- Daniel Mies
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Podcast: Herr Mies will's wissen

- Tech Interviews
- alle 2 Wochen
- 30 45 Minuten
- mies.me



Agenda

- What is webpack
- Getting started
- Modules
 - Using more than one language
 - Working with assets
- Plugins
 - better CSS handling
 - generating HTML templates
- Useful tools

Who are you?

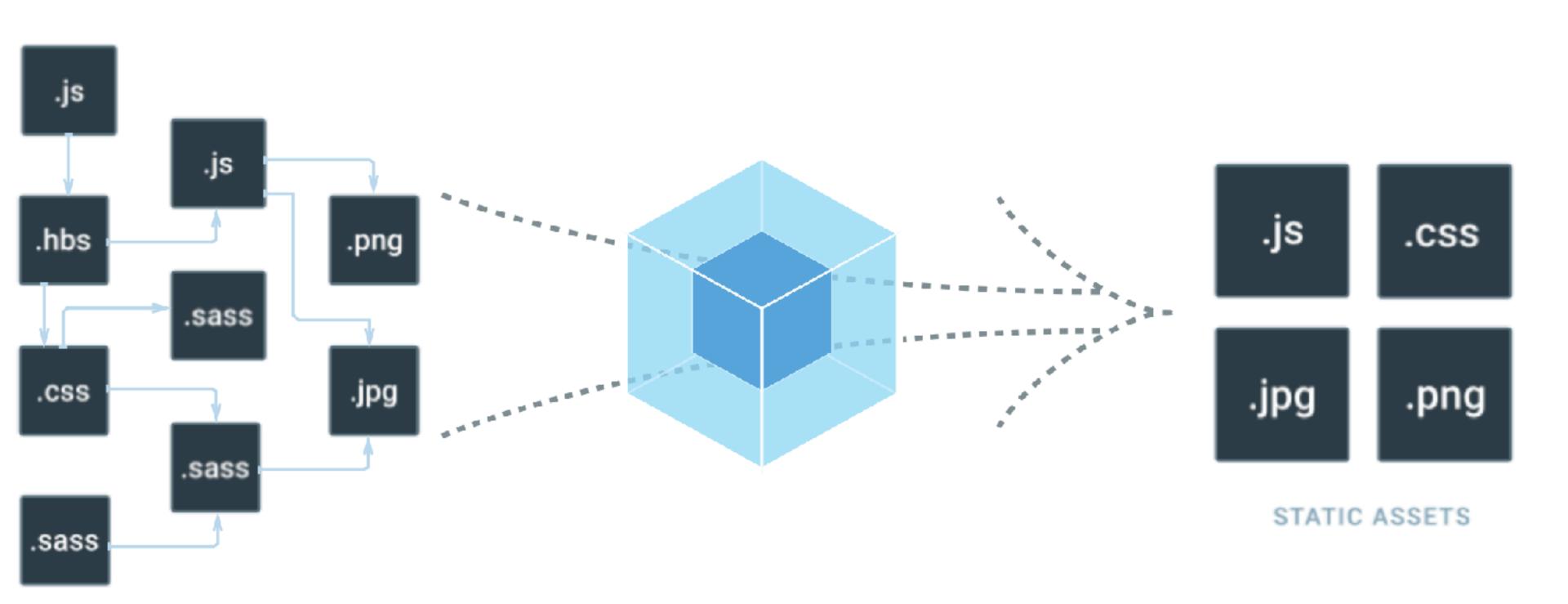
What is webpack?

What is webpack?

webpack is a **module bundler**. Its main purpose is to bundle JavaScript files for usage in a browser, yet it is also capable of transforming, bundling, or packaging just about any resource or asset.

https://github.com/webpack/webpack





MODULES WITH DEPENDENCIES

https://webpack.js.org

About webpack

- current version: 3.6
- official website: https://webpack.js.org
- github: https://github.com/webpack/webpack
- installation:

npm install --save-dev webpack

Getting started

Project setup

• setup a npm project:

• install webpack:

npm install --save-dev webpack

• install http-server to show something:

npm install --save-dev http-server

• for this sample only:

npm install --save-dev left-pad

Project setup

• setup a npm project:

npm init -y

• install webpack:

npm install --save-dev webpack

• install http-server to show something:

npm install --save-dev http-server

• for this sample only:

npm install --save-dev left-pad

webpack will bundle all your code so this library is **only needed during development** and not during runtime.

Many examples do this wrong.



package.json

```
"name": "01_getting-started",
"version": "1.0.0",
"scripts": {
  "build": "webpack",
  "start": "http-server"
},
"devDependencies": {
  "http-server": "^0.10.0",
  "left-pad": "^1.1.3",
  "webpack": "^3.6.0"
```

Basic HTML

```
<!-- ./index.html -->
<html>
<head>
  <title>Hello Webworker</title>
</head>
<body>
  <script src="./dist/bundle.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

Our JavaScript application

```
// ./src/app.js
var leftPad = require("left-pad");
function component() {
 var title = leftPad("Hello Webworker!", 20, "+");
  var element = document.createElement("h1");
  element.innerHTML = title;
  return element;
document.body.appendChild(component());
```

Our JavaScript a demonstrate how node

We bundle left-pad here to modules can be used

```
// ./src/app.js
var leftPad = require("left-pad");
function component() {
 var title = leftPad("Hello Webworker!", 20, "+");
  var element = document.createElement("h1");
 element.innerHTML = title;
  return element;
document.body.appendChild(component());
```

Our JavaScript a

We bundle left-pad here to demonstrate how node modules can be used

```
// ./src/app.js
var leftPad = require("left-pad");
function component() {
  var title = leftPad("Hello Webworker!", 20, "+");
  var element = document.createElement("h1");
  element.innerHTML = title;
                                    component() creates
                                    a h1 with some text and
  return element;
                                    returns it
```

document.body.appendChild(component());

webpack.config.js

```
module.exports = {
  entry: "./src/app.js",
  output: {
    filename: "./dist/bundle.js"
  }
};
```

webpack.config.js

```
A simple way to define an entry
module.exports = {
                                 point. You can use multiple
  entry: "./src/app.js",
                                 endpoints and there are more
                                 options to define them.
  output: {
     filename: "./dist/bundle.js"
```

webpack.config.js

```
module.exports = {
    entry: "./src/app.js", endpoint.
    output: {
        filename: "./dist/bundle.js"
```

A simple way to define an entry point. You can use multiple endpoints and there are more options to define them.

There are more ways to define the output, too. For every entry an output is generated. Start simple with one entry/outpoint.

Demo



• webpack needs a file to start with

- webpack needs a file to start with
- define one or more files, that are needed to build your application



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- define one or more files, that are needed to build your application

```
module.exports = {
  entry: "./src/app.js",
  // ...
};
```

- webpack needs a file to start with
- define one or more files, that are needed to build your application

```
module.exports = {
    entry: "./src/app.js",
    // ...
};

module.exports = {
    entry: ["./src/app.js"],
    // ...
};
```

- webpack needs a file to start with
- define one or more files, that are needed to build your application

```
module.exports = {
    entry: "./src/app.js",
    // ...
};

module.exports = {
    entry: ["./src/app.js"],
    // ...
};
```

```
module.exports = {
  entry: {
    app: "./src/app.js"
  },
  // ...
};
```



your bundled modules



- your bundled modules
- webpack generates a bundle for every entry point

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- there will be more generated files later (output.path is needed for them)

- your bundled modules
- webpack generates a bundle for every entry point
- there will be more generated files later (output.path is needed for them)

```
const path = require("path");

module.exports = {
    // ...
    output: {
       path: path.resolve(__dirname, "dist"),
       filename: "bundle.js"
    },
    // ...
```



More languages

Adding ES6 and more



Adding ES6 and more

• webpack can be extended by loaders for ES6, TypeScript and more



Adding ES6 and more

- webpack can be extended by loaders for ES6, TypeScript and more
- projects can have loaders for multiple languages

Adding ES6 and more

- webpack can be extended by loaders for ES6, TypeScript and more
- projects can have loaders for multiple languages
- every loader must be configured

Project setup

add babel and the babel-loader

package.json

```
"name": "02_es6",
"version": "1.0.0",
"scripts": {
  "build": "webpack",
  "start": "http-server"
},
"devDependencies": {
  "babel-core": "^6.26.0",
  "babel-loader": "^7.1.2",
  "babel-preset-env": "^1.6.0",
  "http-server": "^0.10.0",
  "webpack": "^3.6.0"
```



Our JavaScript application

```
// component.js
export const component = (type, text) => {
  var element = document.createElement(type);
  element.innerHTML = text;
  return element;
};
// app.js
import { component } from "./component";
document.body.appendChild(component("h1", "Hello Webworker"));
```

```
module.exports = {
  // ... (like before)
  module: {
    rules: [
        test: /\.js$/,
        exclude: /(node_modules)/,
        use: {
          loader: "babel-loader",
          options: { presets: ["env"]}
};
```



Demo

More languages

if we want more languages, e.g. TypeScript, we can add them via npm:

npm install --save-dev typescript ts-loader

add a **tsconfig.json** to your project to make TypeScript work (**tsc --init**)

Our JavaScript application

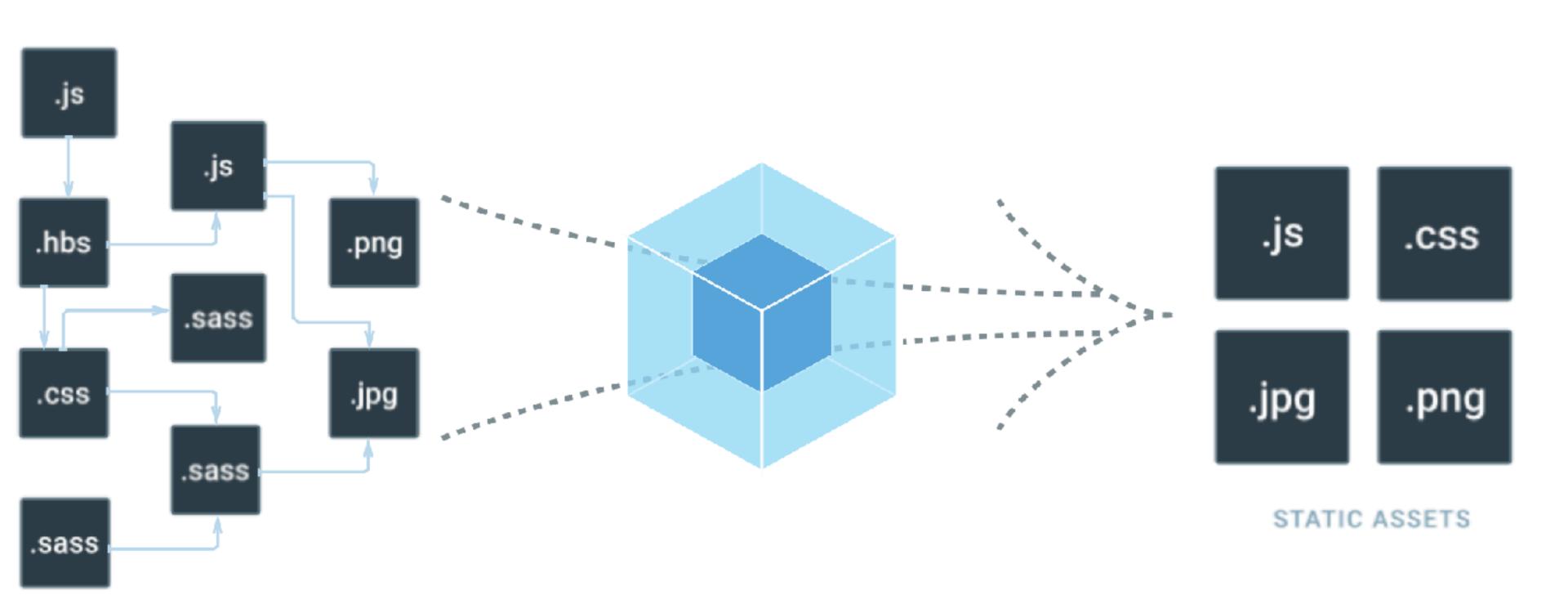
```
// component.ts
export const component = <\underline{K} extends keyof \underline{HTMLElementTagNameMap}>(
  type: K,
  text: string
) => {
  var element = document.createElement(type);
  element.innerHTML = text;
  return element;
};
// app.js
import { component } from "./component.ts";
document.body.appendChild(component("h1", "Hello Webworker"));
```

```
module.exports = {
  // ... (like before)
  module: {
    rules: [
      // ...
        test: /\.ts$/,
        exclude: /(node_modules)/,
        use: {
          loader: "ts-loader",
};
```



Demo

Static Assets



MODULES WITH DEPENDENCIES

https://webpack.js.org



• you are not limited to use JavaScript in your application



- · you are not limited to use JavaScript in your application
- webpack allows to load all kinds of assets, like CSS, SASS or images, too

- · you are not limited to use JavaScript in your application
- · webpack allows to load all kinds of assets, like CSS, SASS or images, too
- all you need is a loader that supports your type of asset



Project setup

add some more loaders:

npm install --save-dev css-loader style-loader

Some CSS

```
// ./src/style.css
.hello {
  color: red;
}
```

HTML

```
<!-- ./index.html -->
<html>
<head>
  <title>Hello Webworker</title>
  <!-- no CSS here! -->
</head>
<body>
  <script src="./dist/bundle.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

Our JavaScript application

```
// ./src/component.js
import "./style.css";
export const component = (type, text) => {
  var element = document.createElement(type);
  element.innerHTML = text;
  element.className = "hello";
  return element;
};
```

```
module.exports = {
 // ... (like before)
  module: {
    rules: [
        test: /\.css$/,
        use: ["style-loader", "css-loader"]
```

```
module.exports = {
 // ... (like before)
  module: {
    rules: [
        test: /\.css$/,
        use: ["style-loader", "css-loader"]
```

```
module.exports = {
 // ... (like before)
  module: {
    rules: [
        test: /\.css$/,
        use: ["style-loader", "css-loader"]
```



Demo

CSS and JS loader

```
// ./src/component.js
import "./style.css";
export const component = (type, text) => {
  var element = document.createElement(type);
  element.innerHTML = text;
  element.className = "hello";
  return element;
};
```

CSS and JS loader

```
// ./src/component.js
import "./style.css";
             the CSS loader will load this file and
export cons
             transform it into a JS module
  var eleme
                                             type);
  element.innerHTML = text;
  element.className = "hello";
  return element;
};
```

CSS and JS loader

```
// ./src/component.js
import "./style.css";
export cons the CSS loader will load this file and
              transform it into a JS module
                                                type);
  var eleme
  element.innerHTML = te
                              the style loader will add a script to the
  element.className =
                              generated output which loads this css into
                              the webpage
  return element;
};
```

And more



And more

• there is support for other languages like SASS and LESS

And more

- there is support for other languages like SASS and LESS
- you can even load other files and use them within your bundle

Plugins

Plugins

allow to add more functionality to your build

Project setup

- start with the last sample
- add the extract-text-webpack-plugin:
 npm install --save-dev extract-text-webpack-plugin
- add the clean-webpack-plugin
 npm install --save-dev clean-webpack-plugin

HTML

```
<!-- ./index.html -->
<html>
<head>
  <title>Hello Webworker</title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="./dist/styles.css" />
</head>
<body>
  <script src="./dist/bundle.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
module.exports = {
  // ... (like before)
  module: {
    rules: [
      // ...
        test: /\.css$/,
        use: ExtractTextPlugin.extract({
          fallback: "style-loader",
          use: "css-loader"
        })
  },
  plugins: [
    new CleanWebpackPlugin(["./dist"])],
    new ExtractTextPlugin("./styles.css")
};
```



Demo

Project setup

add the extract-text-webpack-plugin:
 npm install --save-dev html-webpack-plugin

HTML Template

```
<!-- ./templates/index.ejs -->
<html>
<head>
    <title>Hello Webworker</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

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```
module.exports = {
  // ... (like before)
    module: {
    rules: [/* ... */]
  },
  plugins: [
   // ...
    new HtmlWebpackPlugin({
      filename: "./index.html",
      template: "./templates/index.ejs"
};
```

Demo

Useful tools

source maps

- webpack can generate source maps for your application
- just configure them as devTool

```
module.exports = {
  entry: // ...
  output: // ...
  devTool: "inline-source-map",
  // ...
```



webpack-dev-server

- you can use webpack with a --watch flag
- or you can use webpack-dev-server which gives you a simple server with live reloading

npm install --save-dev webpack-dev-server

```
module.exports = {
  entry: // ...
  output: // ...
  devServer: {
    contentBase: "./dist"
  },
  // ...
```



```
module.exports = {
  entry: {
    app: "./src/app.js"
  },
  output: {
    path: path.resolve(__dirname, "dist"),
    filename: "[name].bundle.js?[hash]"
  },
  devServer: {
    contentBase: "./dist"
  },
```

```
module.exports = {
  entry: {
    app: "./src/
                  [name] is replaced by the key in
  },
                  entry. Here [name] will be
                  replaced by app.
  output: {
    path: path.re ver__urname, urst
    filename: "[name].bundle.js?[hash]"
  },
  devServer: {
    contentBase: "./dist"
  },
```

```
module.exports = {
  entry: {
    app: "./src/
                   [name] is replaced by the key in
  },
                   entry. Here [name] will be
                   replaced by app.
  output: {
    path: path.re _ve(__utrname, utst),
    filename: "[name].bundle.js?[hash]"
  },
  devServer: {
                                       [hash] is generated by webpack.
                                       This helps a lot to avoid caching
    contentBase: "./dist"
                                       problems.
  },
```

package.json

```
"name": "07_devserver",
"scripts": {
  "build": "webpack",
  "start": "webpack-dev-server --open"
},
"devDependencies": {
 //...
  "webpack": "^3.6.0",
  "webpack-dev-server": "^2.8.2"
}
```

Demo

And more



• webpack-dev-middleware: if you want to use webpack within your node server



- webpack-dev-middleware: if you want to use webpack within your node server
- a production build (without source-maps)

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- chunks / code splitting: move libraries into single file so they get cached

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- more **loaders**, e.g. for images and fonts

- webpack-dev-middleware: if you want to use webpack within your node server
- a production build (without source-maps)
- chunks / code splitting: move libraries into single file so they get cached
- more **loaders**, e.g. for images and fonts

this sample build is more than enough to get started

Questions?

Thanks!

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