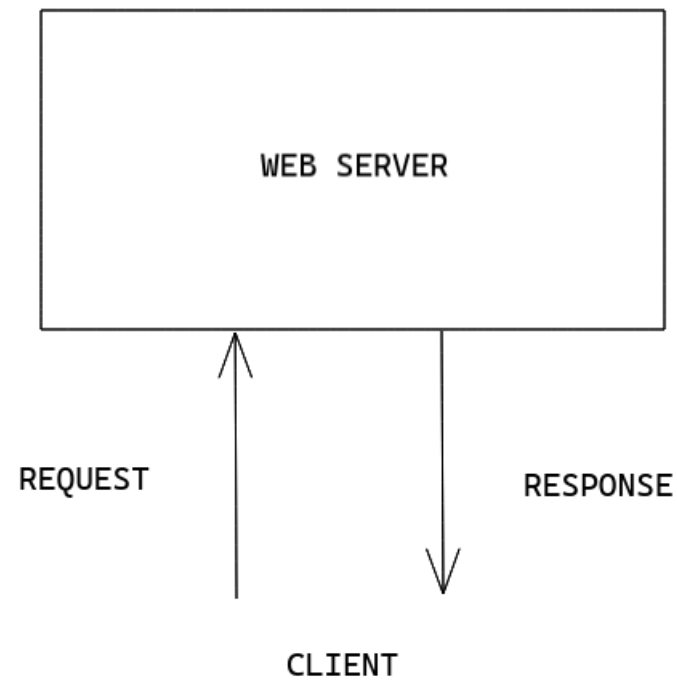
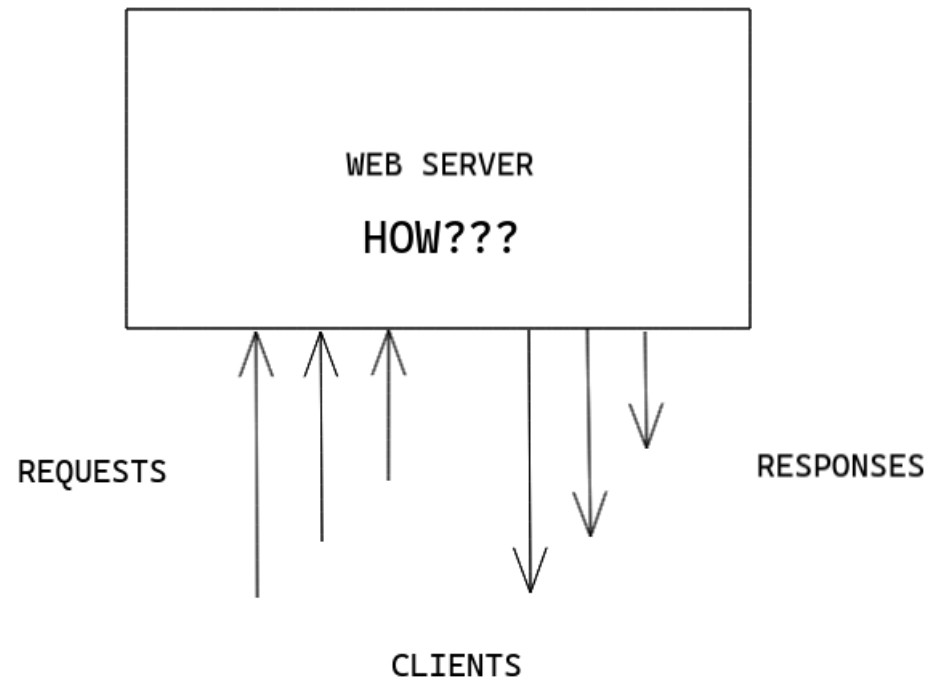


Concurrent programming in Ruby

How a web server is working?



How a web server is REALLY working?

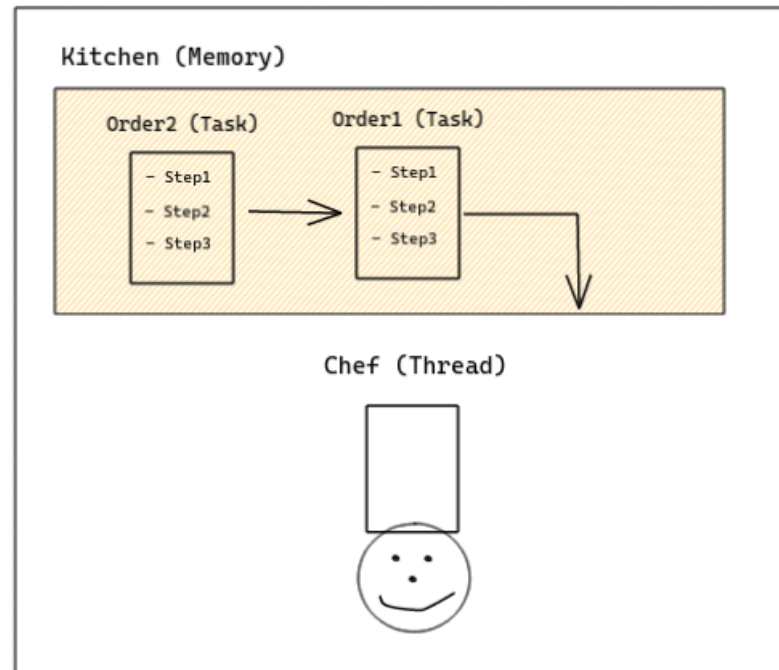


What is concurrency?

Let's take a metaphor...

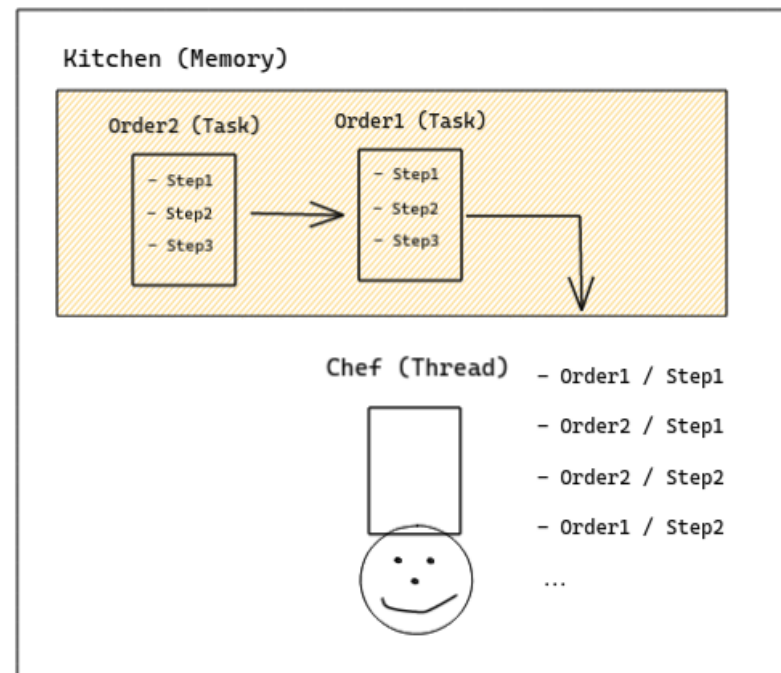
... a Restaurant 🍳

Restaurant (Process)



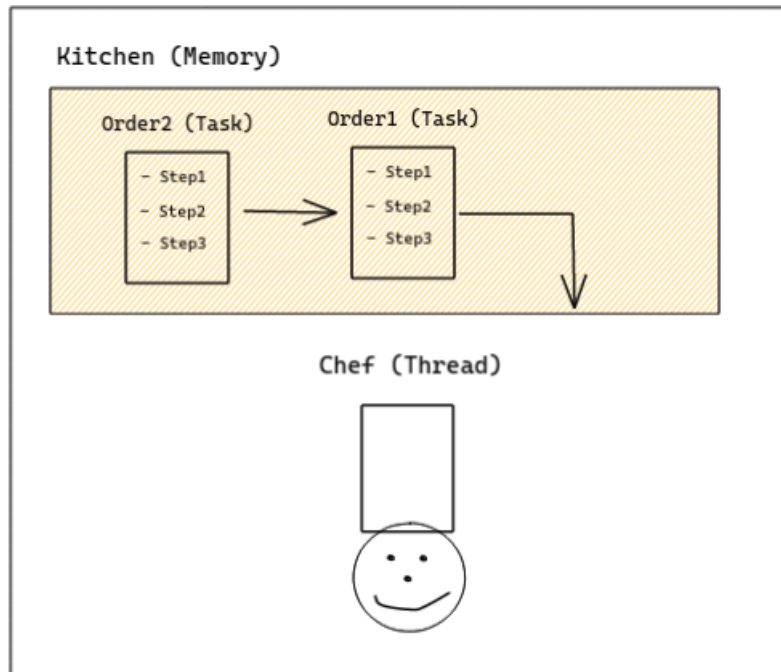
Asynchronicity

Restaurant (Process)

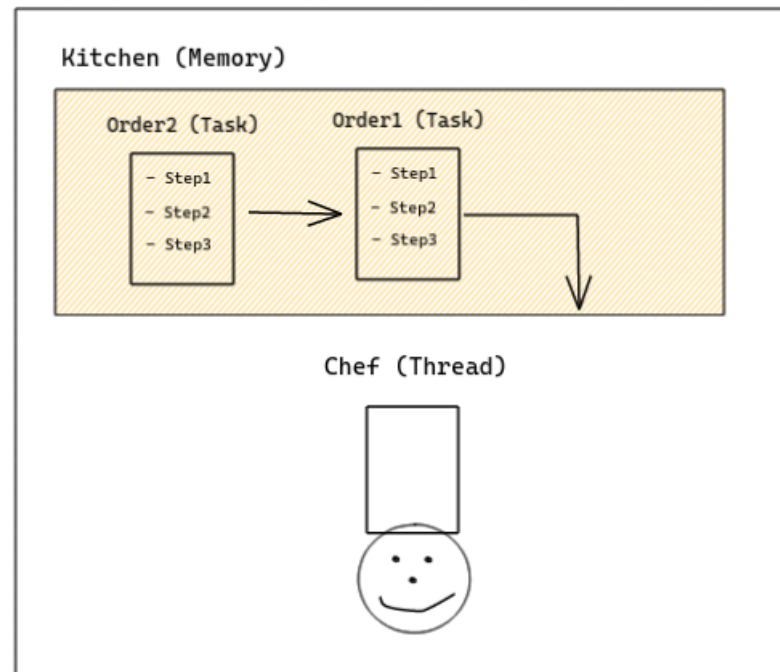


Multi-processing

Restaurant (Process)

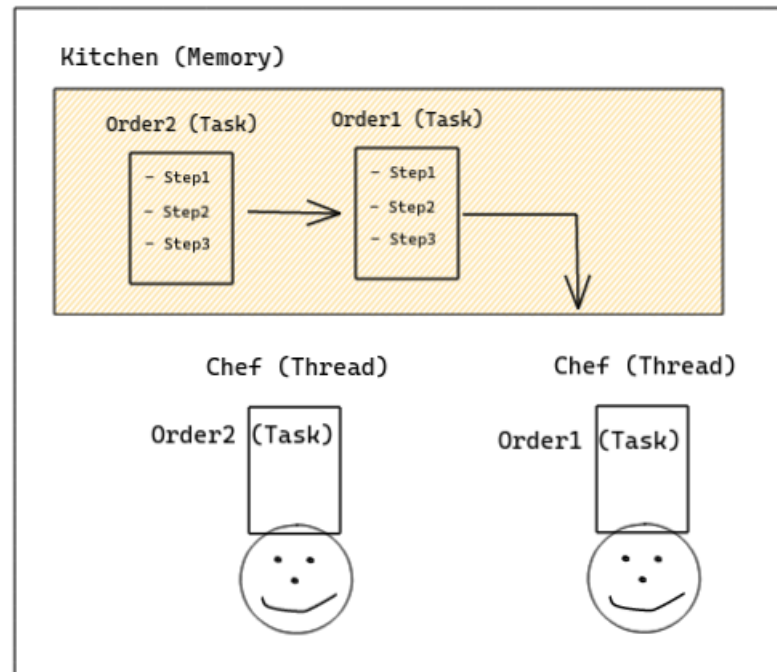


Restaurant (Process)



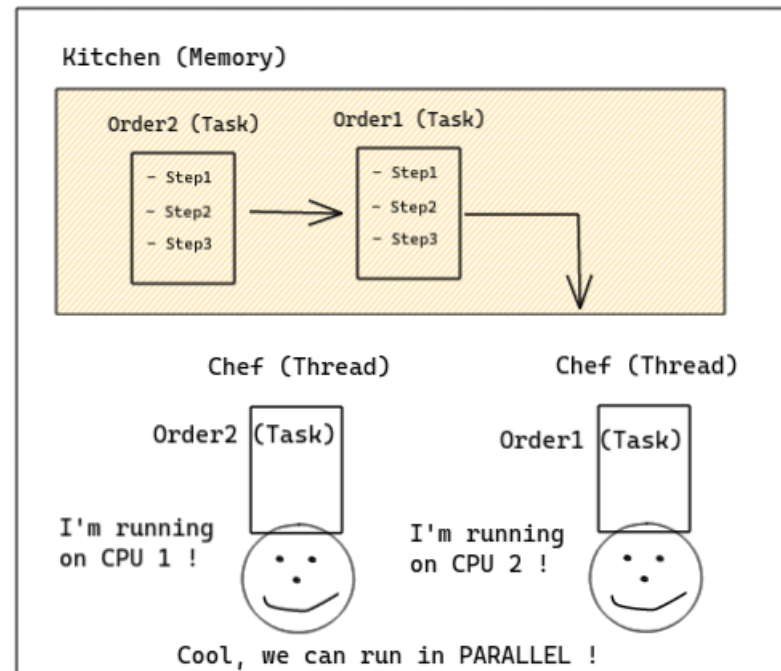
Multi-threading

Restaurant (Process)



Parallelism

Restaurant (Process)



Takeaways about concurrency

- A program is concurrent when various code sequences run simultaneously
- Concurrency != parallelism
 - A program is parallel when you have multiple CPUs
 - Concurrency is about **dealing with** lots of things at once
 - Parallelism is about **doing** lots of things at once
- There are various implementations of concurrency: multi-threading is one of them

Takeaways about multi-threading

- A process is a running instance of a program
- A thread is a sequence of instructions inside a process
- All threads inside a process share resources such as some memory
- Sharing resources makes it lighter than multi-processing
- But it can leads to thread nightmares 🤪👤

Multi-threading in Ruby

Our first multi-threaded program: count from 1 to n

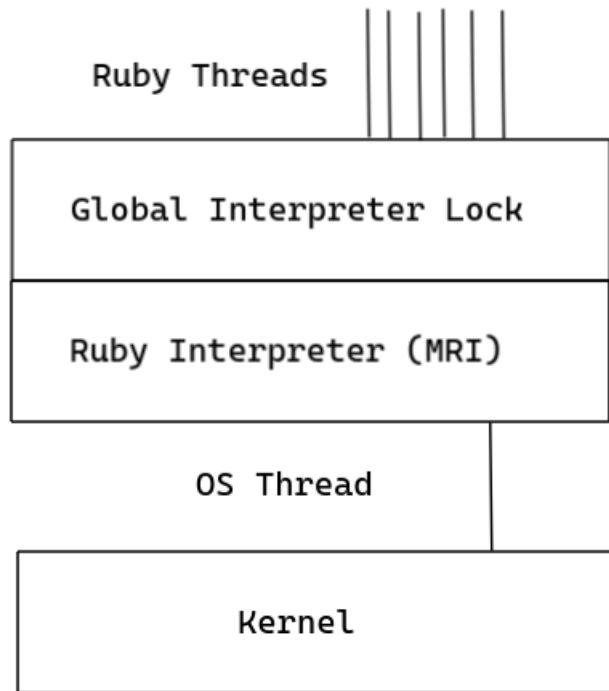
Takeaways

- All threads terminate when the `main` thread terminates
- More threads **doesn't always** lead to more speed
- More threads **can** lead to more speed, especially if they have to wait (I/O)
- When there is I/O you can enter in the rabbit hole of:
 - Race conditions
 - Deadlocks
 - Starvations
 - ...

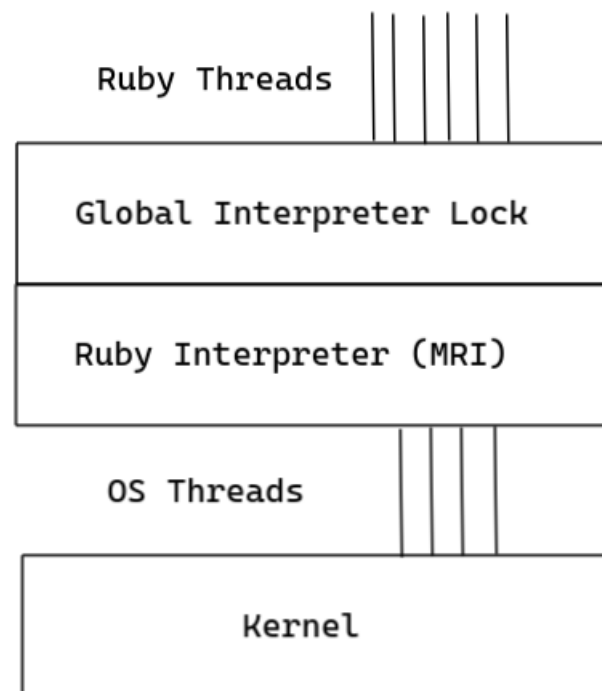
I have multiple CPUs

Is Ruby concurrent or parallel? 🤔

Ruby Global Interpreter Lock



$\text{MRI} \leq 1.8.7$



$\text{MRI} \geq 1.9$



The GIL is our friend...

- It increases speed of single-threaded programs
- It prevents thread nightmares by executing only one Ruby thread at a time
- It protects Ruby MRI which relies on C libraries which are not always thread-safe

... but recently, it became a bulky friend

- It prevents us to run our programs in parallel and use our full CPU capacity
- It slows down multi-thread programs with few I/O
- It's only present in MRI implementation (cRuby) and not in jRuby for example

Ruby 3: to parallelism and beyond!



Actor design pattern

- An actor is like a thread which doesn't share memory with the other threads
- Actors don't communicate by sharing state
- They share states by communicating to each other

Ractor: Ruby implementation of the Actor design pattern

- Multiple running Ractors in an interpreter process
- Limited object sharing
- Two-types communication between Ractors
- Copy & Move semantics to send message

Our first multi-actored program: Fibonacci sequence

What is the link with RoR web development?

We already use concurrent programming everyday: `puma`

We already use concurrent programming everyday: `sidekiq`

Conclusion

- Concurrent programming is something we all use, without thinking about it mostly
- Ruby is already tooled for multi-threaded concurrent programming
- But not (yet) for parallel programming
- The implementation of Ractor in Ruby 3 is a hot topic
- Its future use in puma or sidekiq could be a big lever to improve scalability of Ruby on Rails web applications

References

- [Multithreading Code - Computerphile](#)
- [Restaurant, Kitchen, and Cook Analogy](#)
- [Nickel City Ruby 2014- Concurrency for !Dummies \(Who Don't Get It \(...Yet\)\)](#)
- [Ractor report / Koichi Sasada](#)
- [Ractor: a proposal for new concurrent abstraction without thread-safety issues](#)

Thank you!