

PA0: Environment Setup, AddressSanitizer and GDB

CSCE 313 - 512

Due Date: August 28, 2020

## **Debugging with DGB:**

After setting up the system and compiling the buggy code, I fixed the errors by adding the following code into the blanks:

## Blank A:

#include <vector>

using namespace std;

## Blank B:

public:

After filling in the blankes in the code, I corrected the statements in likes 15, 16, 21, 28, and 29 to make a member variable of an object accessed through a pointer (ex. ret += ptr->val).

After this, I went on to fix the runtime errors. I ran my program as usual and launched it under gdb. The printed variable names or line numbers to locate the errors were in some internal address format, so I compiled my code with the -g option. The following error was caught on line 17:

After using "backtrace", I found where the segmentation fault was occuring.

After setting the breakpoint and running the program from the beginning, I printed the contents of mylist.

```
(gdb) print*(mylist._M_impl._M_start)@mylist.size()
$1 = {0x0, 0x0, 0x0}
```

To fix the segmentation error, I filled in Blank C.

# Blank C:

```
mylist[i] = new node;
```

After this, I got another segmentation fault in the sum\_LL function. This was due to going "out of range" in mylist on the last itteration. I fixed this fault by itterating the loop till the condition i < node\_num -1 and got the following output:

```
(gdb) run

Starting program: /home/osboxes/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0/buggy
The sum of nodes in LL is 3

[Inferior 1 (process 21098) exited normally]
```

Next, I filled in Blank D to free the dynamically allocated memory from the heap for elements of mylist to avoid memory leaks.

## Blank D:

```
for (int i=o, I < NODE_NUM; i++){
     delete mylist[i];
     mylist[i] = nullptr;
}</pre>
```

# **Debugging with AddressSanitizes:**

After setting up the system and compiling the buggy code, I fixed the errors by adding the following code into the blanks:

#### Blank A:

```
#include <vector> using namespace std;
```

## Blank B:

public:

After filling in the blankes in the code, I corrected the statements in likes 15, 16, 21, 28, and 29 to make a member variable of an object accessed through a pointer (ex. ret += ptr->val).

After running the program, I obtained the following fault:

Thus, I filled in Blank C:

## Blank C:

```
mylist[i] = new node;
```

I received the following output before I fixed the "out of range" error in mylist on the last itteration. I fixed this fault by itterating the loop till the condition i < node num - 1.

```
Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
 Addressable:
                   00
 Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
 Heap left redzone:
                    fa
 Freed heap region:
Stack left redzone:
Stack mid redzone:
                    fd
                    f1
                    f2
f3
 Stack right redzone:
                    f5
 Stack after return:
 Stack use after scope:
                    f8
 Global redzone:
Global init order:
                    f9
                    f6
 Poisoned by user:
 Container overflow:
 Array cookie:
Intra object redzone:
                    ac
 ASan internal:
                    fe
 Left alloca redzone:
 Right alloca redzone:
 Shadow gap:
 21211==ABORTING
osboxes@osboxes:
             /Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA09
```

After fixing that error, I ran my code again and recived an erorr that detected memory leaks.

```
Direct leak of 16 byte(s) in 1 object(s) allocated from:
    #0 0x7fb28fb68947 in operator new(unsigned long) (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.5+0
x10f947)
    #1 0x556d96344559 in create_LL(std::vector<node*, std::allocator<node*> >&, int) /home
/osboxes/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0/buggy_san.cpp:15
    #2 0x556d963448ea in main /home/osboxes/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0/buggy_san.cpp:39
    #3 0x7fb28f6920b2 in _libc_start_main (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x270b2)

Indirect leak of 32 byte(s) in 2 object(s) allocated from:
    #0 0x7fb28fb68947 in operator new(unsigned long) (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.5+0
x10f947)
    #1 0x556d96344559 in create_LL(std::vector<node*, std::allocator<node*> >&, int) /home
/osboxes/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0/buggy_san.cpp:15
    #2 0x556d963448ea in main /home/osboxes/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0/buggy_san.cpp:39
    #3 0x7fb28f6920b2 in _libc_start_main (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x270b2)

SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: 48 byte(s) leaked_in 3 allocation(s).
```

Thus, I addressed the deletion of dynamically allocated memory by filling in Blank D:

# Blank D:

```
for (int i=o, I < NODE_NUM; i++){
    delete mylist[i];
    mylist[i] = nullptr;}</pre>
```

The output of the code after fixing all of the errors is as follows:

```
osboxes@osboxes:~/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0$ g++ buggy_san.cpp -g -fsanitize=address -o bug
gy_san
osboxes@osboxes:~/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0$ ./buggy_san
The sum of nodes in LL is 3
osboxes@osboxes:~/Documents/CSCE313/PA/PA0$
```

#### IDE:

The following image shows the 10<sup>th</sup> step of the PA of repeating the process in the steps above.

