

1.1) Найдите предел последовательности:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(23 - 2n^2)(3n^2 + 17)^2}{4n^6 + n - 1} = (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}(23 - 2n^2)(3n^2 + 17)^2 &= n^2 \left(\frac{23}{n^2} - 2 \right) \left(n^2 \left(3 + \frac{17}{n^2} \right) \right)^2 = \\&= n^2 \left(-2 + \frac{23}{n^2} \right) n^4 \left(3 + \frac{17}{n^2} \right)^2 = n^6 \left(-2 + \frac{23}{n^2} \right) \left(3 + \frac{17}{n^2} \right)^2 \\4n^6 + n - 1 &= n^6 \left(4 + \frac{n}{n^6} - \frac{1}{n^6} \right) = n^6 \left(4 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n^6} \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{(23 - 2n^2)(3n^2 + 17)^2}{4n^6 + n - 1} &= \frac{n^6 \left(-2 + \frac{23}{n^2} \right) \left(3 + \frac{17}{n^2} \right)^2}{n^6 \left(4 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n^6} \right)} = \\&= \frac{\left(-2 + \frac{23}{n^2} \right) \left(3 + \frac{17}{n^2} \right)^2}{4 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n^6}}\end{aligned}$$

$$(1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(-2 + \frac{23}{n^2} \right) \left(3 + \frac{17}{n^2} \right)^2}{4 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n^6}} =$$

$$= \frac{\left(-2 + 23 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \left(3 + 17 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \right)^2}{4 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} - \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^6}} =$$

$$= \frac{(-2 + 23 \cdot 0)(3 + 17 \cdot 0)^2}{4 + 0 - 0} = \frac{(-2)(3)^2}{4} = -\frac{9}{2}$$

$$\text{Ответ: } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(23 - 2n^2)(3n^2 + 17)^2}{4n^6 + n - 1} = -\frac{9}{2}$$

1.2 Найти предел по теореме о неопределенности

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(97 - 2n)^3}{2n(3n^2 + 15) + 8n} = (1)$$

$$(97 - 2n)^3 = n^3 \left(\frac{97}{n} - 2 \right)^3 = n^3 \left(-2 + \frac{97}{n} \right)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2n(3n^2 + 15) + 8n &= 2n n^2 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + 8n = \\ &= 2n^3 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + 8n = n^3 \left(2 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + \frac{8n}{n^3} \right) = \\ &= n^3 \left(2 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + \frac{8}{n^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(97 - 2n)^3}{2n(3n^2 + 15) + 8n} &= \frac{n^3 \left(-2 + \frac{97}{n} \right)^3}{n^3 \left(2 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + \frac{8}{n^2} \right)} = \\ &= \frac{\left(-2 + \frac{97}{n} \right)^3}{2 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + \frac{8}{n^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(-2 + \frac{97}{n} \right)^3}{2 \left(3 + \frac{15}{n^2} \right) + \frac{8}{n^2}} =$$

$$= \frac{\left(-2 + 97 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \right)^3}{2 \left(3 + 15 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \right) + 8 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2}} =$$

$$= \frac{(-2 + 97 \cdot 0)^3}{2(3 + 15 \cdot 0) + 8 \cdot 0} = \frac{(-2 + 0)^3}{2 \cdot (3 + 0) + 0} = \frac{(-2)^3}{2 \cdot 3} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

Ответ: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(97 - 2n)^3}{2n(3n^2 + 15) + 8n} = -\frac{4}{3}$

1.3 Найти предел последовательности:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^3 + 13n(n+18)}{(27-n)(2n+19)^2} = (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2n^3 + 13n(n+18) &= n^3 \left(2 + \frac{13n(n+18)}{n^3} \right) = \\ &= n^3 \left(2 + \frac{13(n+18)}{n^2} \right) = n^3 \left(2 + 13 \left(\frac{n}{n^2} + \frac{18}{n^2} \right) \right) = \\ &= n^3 \left(2 + 13 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{18}{n^2} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (27-n)(2n+19)^2 &= n \left(\frac{27}{n} - 1 \right) n^2 \left(2 + \frac{19}{n} \right)^2 = \\ &= n^3 \left(-1 + \frac{27}{n} \right) \left(2 + \frac{19}{n} \right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2n^3 + 13n(n+18)}{(27-n)(2n+19)^2} &= \frac{n^3 \left(2 + 13 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{18}{n^2} \right) \right)}{n^3 \left(-1 + \frac{27}{n} \right) \left(2 + \frac{19}{n} \right)^2} = \\ &= \frac{2 + 13 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{18}{n^2} \right)}{\left(-1 + \frac{27}{n} \right) \left(2 + \frac{19}{n} \right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 + 13 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{18}{n^2} \right)}{\left(-1 + \frac{27}{n} \right) \left(2 + \frac{19}{n} \right)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{2 + 13 \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} + 18 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \right)}{\left(-1 + 27 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \right) \left(2 + 19 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \right)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{2 + 13(0 + 18 \cdot 0)}{(-1 + 27 \cdot 0)(2 + 19 \cdot 0)^2} = \frac{2+0}{(-1+0)(2+0)^2} = \frac{2}{(-1)2^2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Ответ: } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^3 + 13n(n+18)}{(27-n)(2n+19)^2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

1.4 Найдите предел последовательности

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{n^2+1} - n = (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{n^2+1} - n &= \frac{(\sqrt{n^2+1} - n)(\sqrt{n^2+1} + n)}{\sqrt{n^2+1} + n} = \\ &= \frac{(\sqrt{n^2+1})^2 - n^2}{\sqrt{n^2+1} + n} = \frac{(n^2+1) - n^2}{\sqrt{n^2+1} + n} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1} + n} = \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2(1+\frac{1}{n^2})} + n} = \frac{1}{n\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}} + n} = \frac{1}{n(\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}} + 1)} = \\ &= \frac{1}{n(1 + \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}})} \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n(1 + \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}})} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}}} = (2)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{1 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2}}} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{1+0}} = \frac{1}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(2) = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$\text{Ответ: } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{n^2+1} - n = 0$$

1.5 Найти предел последовательности

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-4)^n + 5 \cdot 7^n}{(-4)^{n-1} + 7^{n+2}} = (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-4)^n + 5 \cdot 7^n &= 7^n \left(\frac{(-4)^n}{7^n} + 5 \right) = 7^n \left(\left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n + 5 \right) = \\ &= 7^n \left(5 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-4)^{n-1} + 7^{n+2} &= (-4)^{n-1} + 7^3 7^{n-1} = 7^{n-1} \left(\frac{(-4)^{n-1}}{7^{n-1}} + 7^3 \right) = \\ &= 7^{n-1} \left(\left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1} + 7^3 \right) = 7^{n-1} \left(7^3 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(-4)^n + 5 \cdot 7^n}{(-4)^{n-1} + 7^{n+2}} = \frac{7^n \left(5 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n \right)}{7^{n-1} \left(7^3 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1} \right)} = \frac{7 \left(5 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n \right)}{7^3 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1}}$$

$$(1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{7 \left(5 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n \right)}{7^3 + \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1}} =$$

$$= \frac{7 \left(5 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n \right)}{7^3 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1}} = (2)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1} = \lim_{(n-1) \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1} = \lim_{n-1 \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^{n-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n$$

$$(2) = \frac{7 \left(5 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n \right)}{7^3 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{4}{7} \right)^n} = \frac{7(5+0)}{7^3+0} = \frac{7 \cdot 5}{7^3} = \frac{5}{7^2} = \frac{5}{49}$$

Ответ: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-4)^n + 5 \cdot 7^n}{(-4)^{n-1} + 7^{n+2}} = \frac{5}{49}$