

[9]

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -8} \frac{\sqrt{1-x} - 3}{2 + \sqrt[3]{x}} = (1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -8} \sqrt{1-x} - 3 = (\sqrt{1-x} - 3)_{x=-8} =$$

$$= \sqrt{1-(-8)} - 3 = \sqrt{1+8} - 3 = \sqrt{9} - 3 = 3 - 3 = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -8} (2 + \sqrt[3]{x}) = (2 + \sqrt[3]{x})_{x=-8} =$$

$$= 2 + \sqrt[3]{-8} = 2 + \sqrt[3]{(-2)^3} = 2 + (-2) = 2 - 2 = 0$$

$$(1) = \left(\frac{0}{0}\right)$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a-b)(a+b)$$

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-x} - 3}{2 + \sqrt[3]{x}} = \frac{(\sqrt{1-x} - 3)(\sqrt{1-x} + 3)}{(2 + \sqrt[3]{x})(2^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2)} \cdot \frac{(2^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2)}{\sqrt{1-x} + 3} = (2)$$

$$(\sqrt{1-x} - 3)(\sqrt{1-x} + 3) = (\sqrt{1-x})^2 - 3^2 = 1 - x - 9 = -x - 8 = -(x+8)$$

$$(2 + \sqrt[3]{x})(2^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2) = 2^3 + (\sqrt[3]{x})^3 = 8 + x = x + 8$$

$$(2) = \frac{-(x+8)}{x+8} \cdot \frac{4 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{\sqrt{1-x} + 3} = \{x+8 \neq 0; x \neq -8\} =$$

$$= - \frac{4 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{\sqrt{1-x} + 3}$$

$$(1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -8} - \frac{4 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{\sqrt{1-x} + 3} =$$

$$= \left( - \frac{4 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + (\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{\sqrt{1-x} + 3} \right)_{x=-8} =$$

$$= - \frac{4 - 2\sqrt[3]{-8} + (\sqrt[3]{-8})^2}{\sqrt{1-(-8)} + 3} = - \frac{4 - 2\sqrt[3]{(-2)^3} + (\sqrt[3]{(-2)^3})^2}{\sqrt{3^2} + 3} =$$

$$= - \frac{4 - 2(-2) + (-2)^2}{3+3} = - \frac{4+4+4}{3+3} = - \frac{12}{6} = -2$$

$$\boxed{\lim_{x \rightarrow -8} \frac{\sqrt{1-x} - 3}{2 + \sqrt[3]{x}} = -2}$$