# Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

# David Liddle

### **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

#### **Directions**

- 1. Rename this file <FirstLast>\_A04\_DataWrangling.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 5. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 6. Ensure that code in code chunks does not extend off the page in the PDF.

The completed exercise is due on Thursday, Sept 28th @ 5:00pm.

## Set up your session

- 1a. Load the tidyverse, lubridate, and here packages into your session.
- 1b. Check your working directory.
- 1c. Read in all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset, being sure to set string columns to be read in a factors. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
  - 2. Apply the glimpse() function to reveal the dimensions, column names, and structure of each dataset.

```
#1a Load tidyverse, lubridate, and here packages
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
#install.packages("here"and "dplyr")
library(here)
#install.packages(dplyr)
library(dplyr)
#1b Check working directory
getwd()
```

## [1] "/Users/davidliddle/Documents/EDA-Spring2023"

```
#1c Loading raw data files
EPAAir_2018 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactor = TRUE)
EPAAir_2019 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactor = TRUE)
EPAAir_PM25_2018 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactor = TRUE)
EPAAir PM25 2019 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair PM25 NC2019 raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
#2 Apply glimpse function to all datasets
glimpse(EPAAir_2018)
## Rows: 9,737
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                                          <fct> 03/01/2018, 03/02/2018, 03/03/201~
## $ Source
                                          <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS~
## $ Site.ID
                                          <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                          <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.043, 0.046, 0.047, 0.049, 0.047~
## $ UNITS
                                          <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          <int> 40, 43, 44, 45, 44, 28, 33, 41, 4~
## $ Site.Name
                                          <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                          <int> 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 1~
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                          <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
                                          <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_CODE
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                          <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE CODE
                                          <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                          <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                          <fct> Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                          <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                          <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
glimpse(EPAAir_2019)
## Rows: 10,592
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                                          <fct> 01/01/2019, 01/02/2019, 01/03/201~
                                          <fct> AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, A~
## $ Source
## $ Site.ID
                                          <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                          <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.029, 0.018, 0.016, 0.022, 0.037~
## $ UNITS
                                          <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
                                          <int> 27, 17, 15, 20, 34, 34, 27, 35, 3~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Site.Name
                                          <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                          <int> 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 2~
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                          <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ CBSA CODE
                                          <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                          <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE CODE
                                          <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
```

<fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~

<int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~

<fct> Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, ~

## \$ STATE

## \$ COUNTY

## \$ COUNTY CODE

#### glimpse(EPAAir\_PM25\_2018)

```
## Rows: 8,983
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                           <fct> 01/02/2018, 01/05/2018, 01/08/2018, 01/~
## $ Source
                           <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, ~
## $ Site.ID
                           <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                           ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 2.9, 3.7, 5.3, 0.8, 2.5, 4.5, 1.8, 2.5,~
## $ UNITS
                           <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                           <int> 12, 15, 22, 3, 10, 19, 8, 10, 18, 7, 24~
## $ Site.Name
                           <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                           ## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                           ## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
                           <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
                           <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                           ## $ CBSA CODE
                           ## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                           ## $ STATE
                           <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                           ## $ COUNTY
                           <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                           <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                           <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

#### glimpse(EPAAir\_PM25\_2019)

```
## Rows: 8,581
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                           <fct> 01/03/2019, 01/06/2019, 01/09/2019, 01/~
## $ Source
                           ## $ Site.ID
                           <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                           ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 1.6, 1.0, 1.3, 6.3, 2.6, 1.2, 1.5, 1.5,~
## $ UNITS
                           <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                           <int> 7, 4, 5, 26, 11, 5, 6, 6, 15, 7, 14, 20~
## $ Site.Name
                           <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
                           <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                           ## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                           <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                           <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA_CODE
                           ## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                           ## $ STATE
                           <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                           ## $ COUNTY
                           <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                          <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                           <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

# Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change the Date columns to be date objects.
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY\_AQI\_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3 Change the Date column to date objects
EPAAir_2018$Date <- as.Date(EPAAir_2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
EPAAir_2019$Date <- as.Date(EPAAir_2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
EPAAir_PM25_2018^{\circ}Date <- as.Date(EPAAir_PM25_2018^{\circ}Date, format = "\%m/\%d/\%Y")
EPAAir_PM25_2019$Date <- as.Date(EPAAir_PM25_2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
#4 Select columns of interest
EPAAir_2018_Select <- select(</pre>
  EPAAir_2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY,
                             SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE )
EPAAir 2019 Select <- select(
  EPAAir_2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY,
                             SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE )
EPAAir_PM25_2018_Select <- select(</pre>
  EPAAir_PM25_2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
                                   COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE )
EPAAir PM25 2019 Select <- select(
  EPAAir_PM25_2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
                                   COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE )
#5 Fill all cells with "PM2.5" in the PM2.5 dataset
EPAAir_PM25_2018_Select$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- "PM2.5"
EPAAir_PM25_2019_Select$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- "PM2.5"
#6 Save all four processed datasets in the processed folder
write.csv(
  EPAAir_2018_Select, row.names = FALSE, file =
    "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv")
  EPAAir_2019_Select, row.names = FALSE, file =
    "./Data/Processed/EPAair 03 NC2019 processed")
write.csv(
  EPAAir PM25 2018 Select, row.names = FALSE, file =
    "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(
  EPAAir_PM25_2019_Select, row.names = FALSE, file =
    "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv")
```

## Combine datasets

7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.

- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include only sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels but it will include sites with missing site information, which you don't want...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site name, AQS parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be  $14,752 \times 9$ .
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair\_O3\_PM25\_NC1819\_Processed.csv"

```
#7 Combine all 4 datasets
EPAcombined <- rbind(EPAAir_2018_Select, EPAAir_2019_Select,</pre>
                     EPAAir PM25 2018 Select, EPAAir PM25 2019 Select)
#8 Wrangle new data
EPA wrangled <-
  EPAcombined %>% #Filter out the sites the data frames have in common
  filter(Site.Name %in% c("Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue",
                          "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain",
                          "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne",
                          "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School")) %>%
  # Group by date, site name, AQS parameter, and county.
  group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY) %>%
  summarize(AQI_mean = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE),
            LAT_mean = mean(SITE_LATITUDE),
            LON_mean = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE)) %>% #Parse the date column
   Month = month(Date), Year = year(Date))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS_PARAMETER_DESC'.
## You can override using the '.groups' argument.
#9 Spread your data sets so AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns
EPA_wrangled2 <- pivot_wider(EPA_wrangled, names_from =</pre>
                               AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, values_from = AQI_mean)
#10 Call out dimensions
dim(EPA_wrangled2)
```

## [1] 8976 9

# Generate summary tables

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where mean **ozone** values are not available (use the function drop\_na in your pipe). It's ok to have missing mean PM2.5 values in this result.
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

```
#12 Generating a summary data frame
EPA_summary <- EPA_wrangled2 %>%
    group_by(Site.Name, Month, Year) %>%
    #Generate mean AQI values for PM2.5 and Ozone
    summarize(
    mean_ozone = mean(Ozone), mean_PM25 = mean(PM2.5)) %>%
        drop_na(mean_ozone)
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override
## using the '.groups' argument.
```

```
#13 Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset
dim(EPA_summary)
```

```
## [1] 182 5
```

14. Why did we use the function drop\_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: The function 'na.omit' removes any data inputs with an N/A value. The 'drop\_na' function allows us to specify which column we would like to remove N/A values from. If we used the 'na.omit' function, we would have removed any mean PM2.5 values with N/A values, which would have resulted in lost ozone measurements as well.