# ACMICPC Standard Code Library

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#### 1 Math

#### 1.1 fft

```
// Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 2
 3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using std::swap;
 5
 6
 7
    const double PI = acos(-1);
    {\tt struct Complex }\ \{
 8
      double x, y;
Complex() {
 9
10
11
        x = 0;
        y = 0;
12
13
14
      Complex (double _x, double _y) {
15
        x\,=\,\underline{\phantom{x}}\,x\,;
16
        y = \underline{y};
17
      Complex operator - (const Complex &b) const {
18
        return Complex (x - b.x, y - b.y);
19
20
21
      Complex operator+(const Complex &b) const {
22
        return Complex(x + b.x, y + b.y);
23
24
      Complex operator*(const Complex &b) const {
25
        return Complex(x * b.x - y * b.y, x * b.y + y * b.x);
26
27
    };
28
    void change(Complex y[], int len) {
29
      for (int i = 1, j = len / 2; i < len - 1; i++) {
30
        if (i < j) {
31
          swap(y[i], y[j]);
32
33
34
        int k = len / 2;
35
        while (j >= k) {
36
37
           k /= 2;
38
39
40
        if (j < k) 
41
42
          j += k;
43
44
45
    }
46
    void fft (Complex y[], int len, int on) {
47
      change(y, len);
48
      for (int h = 2; h \le len; h \le 1) {
49
        Complex wn(cos(-on * 2 * PI / h), sin(-on * 2 * PI / h));
50
51
        for (int j = 0; j < len; j += h) {
52
53
           Complex w(1, 0);
54
           for (int k = j; k < j + h / 2; k++) {
55
56
             Complex u = y[k];
             Complex t = w * y[k + h / 2];
57
             y[k] = u + t;
58
             y[k + h / 2] = u - t;
59
60
             \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{w} * \mathbf{w}\mathbf{n};
61
62
        }
63
64
65
      if (on = -1) {
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
66
67
          y[i].x /= len;
68
69
70
71
72
   int main() { return 0; }
        String
    2.1
         \mathbf{sa}
   // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 5
   using std::swap;
 6
 7
8
    const int \max = 0;
 9
    int r[maxn], wa[maxn], wb[maxn], wv[maxn], _ws[maxn], sa[maxn];
10
    int _rank[maxn], height[maxn];
11
    inline bool cmp(int *r, int a, int b, int l) {
12
      return r[a] = r[b] \&\& r[a+1] = r[b+1];
13
14
15
    void da(int n, int m) {
16
      int \ i \ , \ j \ , \ p \ , \ *x \ = \ wa \ , \ *y \ = \ wb \ ;
17
18
      for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
19
20
        _{\text{ws}}[i] = 0;
21
22
23
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
24
        _{ws}[x[i] = r[i]]++;
25
26
27
      for (i = 1; i < m; i++) {
28
        _{\text{ws}}[i] += _{\text{ws}}[i - 1];
29
30
31
      for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
32
        \operatorname{sa}[--\operatorname{ws}[x[i]]] = i;
33
34
      for (j = 1, p = 1; p < n; j <<= 1, m = p) {
35
36
        for (p = 0, i = n - j; i < n; i++) {
37
          y[p++] = i;
38
39
40
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
41
           if (sa[i] >= j) {
             y[p++] = sa[i] - j;
42
43
44
         for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
45
46
          wv[i] = x[y[i]];
47
48
49
         for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
        ws[i] = 0;
50
51
52
53
         for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        _ws[wv[i]]++;
54
55
56
         for (i = 1; i < m; i++) {
57
```

```
_{ws[i]} += _{ws[i - 1];}
58
59
60
61
        for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--)
          \operatorname{sa}[--\operatorname{ws}[\operatorname{wv}[i]]] = \operatorname{y}[i];
62
63
64
65
        swap(x, y);
66
67
        for (p = 1, x[sa[0]] = 0, i = 1; i < n; i++) {
68
          x[sa[i]] = cmp(y, sa[i-1], sa[i], j) ? p - 1 : p++;
69
70
71
72
      return;
73
74
75
   void calheitght(int n) {
76
      int i, j, k = 0;
77
78
      for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
        _{\mathrm{rank}}[\,\mathrm{sa}\,[\,\mathrm{i}\,]\,] = \mathrm{i}\,;
79
80
81
82
      // print(_rank, n);
      for (i = 0; i < n; height [\_rank[i++]] = k)
83
        for (k ? k - : 0, j = sa[-rank[i] - 1]; r[i + k] = r[j + k]; k++) {
84
85
86
87
      return;
88
89
   int main() { return 0; }
90
   2.2 sam
   // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
4
5
   const int MAXN = 0;
6
   7
8
9
        pre [MAXN];
10
    void copy(int x, int y) {
11
12
      pre[x] = pre[y];
      len[x] = len[y];
13
14
      memcpy(son[x], son[y], sizeof son[0]);
15
16
17
    void insert(int c, int l) {
      int p = tail, np = ++tot;
len[np] = l;
18
19
20
      tail = np;
21
22
      while (p \&\& son[p][c] == 0) {
23
        son[p][c] = np, p = pre[p];
24
      }
25
26
      if (p = 0) {
27
        pre[np] = root;
28
       else {
29
        int q = son[p][c];
30
        if (len[p] + 1 = len[q]) {
31
32
          pre[np] = q;
33
          else {
34
          int nq = ++tot;
```

```
35
            copy(nq, q);
36
            len[nq] = len[p] + 1;
37
           pre[np] = pre[q] = nq;
38
            while (p \&\& son[p][c] = q)  {
39
              son[p][c] = nq, p = pre[p];
40
41
42
43
      }
44
45
    void build(int n) {
46
47
      for (int i = 1; i \le tot; i++) {
48
         cnt [len[i]]++;
49
50
       for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
51
         \operatorname{cnt}[i] += \operatorname{cnt}[i-1];
52
53
54
55
       for (int i = 1; i \le tot; i++) {
56
         b[-cnt[len[i]]] = i;
57
58
59
       for (int i = tot - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
         \begin{array}{lll} & \text{int } p = b \, [\, i \, ] \, , & k = 0 \, ; \\ & g \, [\, p \, ] \, = \, 1 \, ; & \end{array}
60
61
62
63
         for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++)
            if (son[p][j]) {
64
              int v = son[p][j];
65
              g[p] += g[v];
66
              \operatorname{son}[p][k] = v;
67
              gao[v] = j + 'a';
68
69
              k++;
70
71
72
         son[p][k] = 0;
73
74
    }
75
    int main() { return 0; }
    2.3 kmp
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 2
 3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 4
 5
    char *s, *f;
    void getFail() {
 7
      int m = strlen(s);
      f[0] = f[1] = 0;
 8
 9
10
       for (int i = 1; i < m; i++) {
11
         int j = f[i];
12
         while (j \&\& s[i] != s[j]) {
13
           j = f[j];
15
16
         f[i + 1] = s[i] == s[j] ? j + 1 : 0;
17
18
19
20
    int main() { return 0; }
    2.4
          ac
```

```
// Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using std::queue;
5
6
   using std::vector;
   struct CH {
8
      int fail, isend;
9
10
      vector<int> next;
11
      void init() {}
12
13
   vector < CH> ch;
14
15
   int sz = 0;
16
   queue<int> q;
17
18
   void init() {
19
      sz = 1;
20
      ch [0]. init();
21
22
   void build() {
23
24
      queue<int> q;
25
      ch[0]. fail = 0;
26
27
      for (int c = 0; c < 4; c++) {
28
        int u = ch[0].next[c];
29

if (u) {
 ch[u]. fail = 0;}

30
31
32
          q. push(u);
33
      }
34
35
36
      while (!q.empty()) {
37
        int r = q.front();
38
        q.pop();
39
        for (int c = 0; c < 4; c++) {
40
          int u = ch[r].next[c];
41
42
43
          if (!u) {
44
            ch[r].next[c] = ch[ch[r].fail].next[c];
45
             continue;
46
          }
47
          q. push(u);
48
          int v = ch[r].fail;
49
50
51
          while (v \&\& ! ch[v] . next[c]) {
52
            v = ch[v]. fail;
53
54
          ch[u]. fail = ch[v]. next[c];
55
          ch[u]. isend = ch[ch[u]. fail]. isend;
56
57
58
59
   int main() { return 0; }
   3
        Geometry
   3.1
        c2c
   // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using std::max;
 6
 7
    struct Point {
       double x, y;
Point() {}
 8
 9
10
       Point (double _x, double _y) {
11
         x = \underline{x};
12
         y = \underline{y};
13
       }
14
       double len() const { return sqrt(x * x + y * y); }
15
       Point operator+(const Point &b) const { return Point (0, 0); }
16
       Point operator -(\text{const Point \&b}) const \{\text{ return Point }(0, 0); \}
17
       Point operator*(const double &b) const { return Point(0, 0); }
18
19
    };
20
21
    struct Circle {
22
       Point o;
23
       double r;
    };
25
26
    Point rotate (const Point &p, double cost, double sint) {
27
       double x = p.x, y = p.y;
       return Point(x * cost - y * sint, x * sint + y * cost);
28
29
30
    void circle_cross_circle(Circle a, Circle b, Point cro[]) {
32
       double d = (a.o - b.o).len();
33
       double cost = (a.r * a.r + d * d - b.r * b.r) / (a.r * d * 2);
34
       double sint = sqrt(max(1.0 - cost * cost, 0.0));
35
       Point v = (b.o - a.o) * (a.r / d);
36
       \operatorname{cro}[0] = \operatorname{a.o} + \operatorname{rotate}(v, \operatorname{cost}, -\operatorname{sint});
37
       \operatorname{cro}[1] = a.o + \operatorname{rotate}(v, \operatorname{cost}, \operatorname{sint});
38
39
   int main() { return 0; }
40
    3.2 c2l
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 4
 5
    using std::min;
 6
    using std::max;
 7
    using std::vector;
 8
    const double PI = 3.14;
 9
10
11
    struct Point {
12
       double x, y;
13
       Point () {}
       Point(double _x, double _y) {
14
         x = \underline{x};

y = \underline{y};
15
16
17
18
19
       double len() const { return sqrt(x * x + y * y); }
       Point operator -(const\ Point\ \&b)\ const\ \{\ return\ Point(0,\ 0);\ \}
20
       Point operator*(const double &b) const { return Point(0, 0); } Point operator/(const double &b) const { return Point(0, 0); } double operator*(const Point &b) const { return 0; }
21
22
23
24
25
    int dlcmp(double x) { return 0; }
27
28
    Point crosspt (const Point &a, const Point &b, const Point &p, const Point &q) {
29
       double a1 = (b - a) * (p - a);
30
       double a2 = (b - a) * (q - a);
31
       return (p * a2 - q * a1) / (a2 - a1);
```

```
}
32
33
34
    double r = 0:
35
    double sector_area(const Point &a, const Point &b) {
      double theta = atan2(a.y, a.x) - atan2(b.y, b.x);
36
37
38
      while (theta \leq 0) {
         theta += 2 * PI;
39
40
41
      while (theta > 2 * PI) {
42
43
         theta = 2 * PI;
44
45
46
      theta = min(theta, 2 * PI - theta);
47
      return r * r * theta / 2;
48
49
50
    double sqr(double x) \{ return x * x; \}
    void circle_cross_line(Point a, Point b, Point o, double r, Point ret[],
51
52
                              int num) {
53
      double x0 = o.x, y0 = o.y;
54
      double x1 = a.x, y1 = a.y;
      double x2 = b.x, y2 = b.y;
double dx = x2 - x1, dy = y2 - y1;
55
56
      double A = dx * dx + dy * dy;
57
58
      double B = 2 * dx * (x1 - x0) + 2 * dy * (y1 - y0);
      double C = sqr(x1 - x0) + sqr(y1 - y0) - sqr(r);
59
      double delta = B * B - 4 * A * C;
60
61
      num = 0;
62
      if (dlcmp(delta) >= 0) {
63
64
         double t1 = (-B - sqrt(max(delta, 0.0))) / (2 * A);
         double t2 = (-B + \operatorname{sqrt}(\max(\operatorname{delta}, 0.0))) / (2 * A);
65
66
         if (dlcmp(t1 - 1) \le 0 \&\& dlcmp(t1) >= 0) {
67
68
           ret[num++] = Point(x1 + t1 * dx, y1 + t1 * dy);
69
70
         if (dlcmp(t2 - 1) \le 0 \&\& dlcmp(t2) >= 0) {
71
72
           ret[num++] = Point(x1 + t2 * dx, y1 + t2 * dy);
73
74
      }
75
76
77
    double calc (const Point &a, const Point &b) {
      Point p[2];
78
79
      int num = 0;
80
      int ina = dlcmp(a.len() - r) < 0;
      int inb = dlcmp(b.len() - r) < 0;
81
82
83
      if (ina)
84
         if (inb)
85
           return fabs (a * b) / 2;
86
         } else {
           circle_cross_line(a, b, Point(0, 0), r, p, num);
87
88
           return sector_area(b, p[0]) + fabs(a * p[0]) / 2;
89
90
      } else {
         if (inb) {
91
           circle_cross_line(a, b, Point(0, 0), r, p, num);
92
           return sector\_area(p[0], a) + fabs(p[0] * b) / 2;
93
94
         } else {
95
           circle_cross_line(a, b, Point(0, 0), r, p, num);
96
97
           if (false) {
             return sector\_area(a, p[0]) + sector\_area(p[1], b) +
98
99
                     fabs(p[0] * p[1]) / 2;
100
           } else {
```

```
101
               return sector_area(a, b);
102
103
          }
104
       }
105
106
107
     vector < Point > res;
108
    int n;
109
     double area() {
110
       double ret = 0;
111
112
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          int sgn = dlcmp(res[i] * res[i + 1]);
113
114
115
          if (sgn != 0) {
116
            ret += sgn * calc(res[i], res[i+1]);
117
118
119
120
       return ret;
121
     }
122
123
    int main() { return 0; }
     3.3 halfplaneintersection
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
  4
 5
     using std::cin;
  6
     using std::deque;
  7
     using std::swap;
     using std::vector;
 10
    const double eps = 1e-8;
 11
    int sgn(double n) { return 0; }
12
13
14
     struct Point {
       double x, y; Point() {}
15
16
17
       Point (double _x, double _y) {
 18
         x \, = \, \underline{\hspace{1em}} x \, ;
19
         У
           = _y;
20
21
22
       void input() { cin >> x >> y; }
 23
       double z() const { return 0; }
Point rev() const { return Point(0, 0); }
double len() const { return sqrt(x * x + y * y); }
double arg() const { return 0; }
24
25
26
27
       Point operator+(const Point &b) const { return Point(0, 0); }
28
       Point operator – (const Point &b) const { return Point (0, 0); }
       double operator*(const Point &b) const { return 0; }
Point operator*(const double &b) const { return Point(0, 0);
32
       Point operator/(const double &b) const { return Point(0, 0);
33
     };
34
35
     struct Halfplane {
36
       Point a, b;
       Halfplane() {}
37
       Halfplane (Point a, Point b) : a(a), b(b) {}
38
39
       bool satisfy (const Point &rhs) const { return sgn((rhs - a) * (b - a)) \le 0; }
40
41
       bool operator < (const Halfplane & rhs) const {
42
          int res = sgn((b - a).arg() - (rhs.b - rhs.a).arg());
43
          return res = 0? rhs.satisfy(a): res < 0;
44
```

```
45
    };
46
47
    Point crosspoint (const Halfplane &a, const Halfplane &b) {
48
       double k = (b.a - b.b) * (a.a - b.b);
49
       k = k / (k - ((b.a - b.b) * (a.b - b.b)));
       return a.a + (a.b - a.a) * k;
50
51
52
    vector < Point > halfplaneIntersection (vector < Halfplane > v) {
53
54
       sort (v. begin (), v. end ());
       deque<Halfplane> q;
55
56
       deque<Point> ans;
57
       q.push_back(v[0]);
58
       for (int i = 1; i < v.size(); i++) {
59
60
         if (sgn((v[i-1].b-v[i-1].a) * (v[i].b-v[i].a)) == 0) {
61
           continue;
62
63
         while (ans.size() > 0 \&\& !v[i].satisfy(ans.back())) {
64
65
           ans.pop_back();
66
           q.pop_back();
67
68
         while (ans.size() > 0 \&\& !v[i].satisfy(ans.front())) {
69
70
           ans.pop_front();
71
           q.pop_front();
72
73
         ans.push_back(crosspoint(q.back(), v[i]));
74
75
         q.push_back(v[i]);
76
77
78
       while (ans.size() > 0 && !q.front().satisfy(ans.back())) {
79
         ans.pop_back();
80
         q.pop_back();
81
82
83
       while (ans.size() > 0 \&\& !q.back().satisfy(ans.front())) {
84
         ans.pop_front();
85
         q.pop_front();
86
87
       ans.push_back(crosspoint(q.back(), q.front()));
88
89
       return vector < Point > (ans.begin(), ans.end());
90
91
92
    double area (const vector < Point > &p, int ansi) {
93
       double res = 0;
94
       for (int i = ansi; i + 1 < p.size(); i++) {
95
96
         res += p[i] * p[i + 1];
97
98
99
       res += p.back() * p[ansi];
100
       return fabs (res) / 2;
101
102
    double ptol(Point a, Point b, Point c) {
103
104
       double are = fabs((b - a) * (c - a));
105
       return are / (b - c).len();
106
107
108
    vector < Point > p;
    int main() {
109
       int T_T, n, nc = 0; cin >> T_T;
110
111
       Point \ \__0(0\,,\ 0)\,,\ \__1(1\,,\ 0)\,,\ \__2(1\,,\ 1)\,,\ \__3(0\,,\ 1);
112
113
```

```
while (T_T--) {
114
         printf("Case #%d:\n", ++nc);
115
         scanf("%d", &n);
116
117
118
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
119
           p[i].input();
120
121
122
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
123
            vector < Halfplane > v;
124
            v.push_back(Halfplane(__0, __1));
           v.push_back(Halfplane(_1, _2));
v.push_back(Halfplane(_2, _3));
125
126
            v.push_back(Halfplane(__3, __0));
127
128
129
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
130
              if (i != j) {
131
                Point a = (p[i] + p[j]) / 2;
132
                Point b = a + (p[i] - p[j]).rev();
133
                if (!Halfplane(a, b).satisfy(p[i])) {
134
135
                  swap(a, b);
136
137
138
                v.push_back(Halfplane(a, b));
139
140
            vector < Point > ans = halfplaneIntersection(v);
141
142
            double ret = 0, low = 1e100;
143
            int ansi = 0;
144
145
            \label{eq:formula} \mbox{for (int $j=0$; $j<{\rm ans.size}()$; $j++)}
146
              i\,f\ (\,ans\,[\,j\,\,]\,.\,z\,(\,)\,\,<\,\,low\,)\ \{\,
147
                low = ans[j].z(), ansi = j;
148
149
150
            for (int j = 0; j < ansi; j++) {
151
152
              ans.push_back(ans[j]);
153
154
            ret = area(ans, ansi) * low;
155
156
            for (int j = ansi + 1; j + 1 < ans.size(); j++) {
157
              double ll = (ans[j] - ans[j + 1]).len();
158
159
160
              if (11 < eps) {
161
                continue;
162
163
              double s = (ans[j].z() + ans[j + 1].z() - low * 2) * ll / 2;
164
              double h = ptol(ans[ansi], ans[j], ans[j + 1]);
165
166
              ret += s * h / 3;
167
168
169
            printf("\%.6f\n", ret);
170
       }
171
172
173
       return 0;
174
        DataStruct
    4
    4.1 lct
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using std::max;
     using std::swap;
 6
 7
     using std::vector;
     const int MAXN = 0;
 9
10
     const int INF = 0;
11
     \operatorname{int} \operatorname{ch}[\operatorname{MAXN}][2], \operatorname{pre}[\operatorname{MAXN}], \operatorname{key}[\operatorname{MAXN}];
12
     \label{eq:maxn} \mbox{int add}\left[\mbox{MAXN}\right], \ \mbox{Max}\left[\mbox{MAXN}\right], \ \mbox{rev}\left[\mbox{MAXN}\right], \ \mbox{n}\,;
13
14
     bool rt [MAXN];
     void update_add(int r, int d) {
15
16
        if (!r) {
17
           return;
18
19
        \mathrm{key}\left[\,\mathrm{r}\,\right] \; +\!\!\!= \; \mathrm{d}\,;
20
        add[r] += d;
21
        \operatorname{Max}[r] += d;
22
23
24
     void update_rev(int r) {
25
        if (!r) {
26
           return;
27
28
29
        swap(ch[r][0], ch[r][1]);
30
        rev[r] = 1;
31
     void push_down(int r) {
32
33
        if (add[r])
34
           update_add(ch[r][0], add[r]);
35
           update_add(ch[r][1], add[r]);
36
           add[r] = 0;
37
38
39
        if (rev[r]) {
           update_rev(ch[r][0]);
update_rev(ch[r][1]);
40
41
42
           rev[r] = 0;
43
44
     void display()
45
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    printf("%d %d %d %d <%d> ", i, ch[i][0], ch[i][1], pre[i], rt[i]);
    printf("%d %d %d\n", add[i], key[i], Max[i]);
46
47
48
49
50
     }
     void push\_up(int r) \{ Max[r] = max(max(Max[ch[r][0]], Max[ch[r][1]]), key[r]); \} 
51
     void rotate(int x) {
        int y = \operatorname{pre}[x], kind = \operatorname{ch}[y][1] == x;
54
        \operatorname{ch}[y][\operatorname{kind}] = \operatorname{ch}[x][!\operatorname{kind}];
55
        pre[ch[y][kind]] = y;
56
        pre[x] = pre[y];
57
        pre[y] = x;
        ch[x][!kind] = y;
58
59
        if (rt[y]) {
60
           rt[y] = 0, rt[x] = 1;
61
        } else {
62
           ch[pre[x]][ch[pre[x]][1] == y] = x;
63
64
65
66
        push\_up(y);
67
68
     void P(int r)
        if (!rt[r]) {
69
70
           P(pre[r]);
71
72
```

```
73
        push_down(r);
 74
 75
     void splay(int r) {
 76
        P(r);
 77
        while (! rt[r]) \{ int f = pre[r], ff = pre[f];
 78
 79
 80
 81
           if (rt[f]) {
 82
             rotate(r);
           \{ else \ if \ ((ch[ff][1] = f) = (ch[f][1] = r) \} 
 83
 84
             rotate(f), rotate(r);
 85
            else {
 86
             rotate(r), rotate(r);
 87
 88
        }
 89
 90
        push_up(r);
 91
 92
     int access(int x) {
 93
        int y = 0;
 94
 95
        for (; x; x = pre[y = x]) {
          splay(x);
rt[ch[x][1]] = 1, rt[ch[x][1] = y] = 0;
 96
 97
 98
          push\_up(x);
 99
100
101
        return y;
102
103
     bool judge(int u, int v) {
104
        while (pre[u]) {
105
          u = pre[u];
106
107
108
        while (pre[v]) {
109
          v = pre[v];
110
111
112
        return u == v;
113
     void mroot(int r) {
114
115
        access(r);
116
        splay(r);
117
        update_rev(r);
118
     void lca(int u, int v) {
119
120
        access(v), v = 0;
121
122
        while (u) {
123
           splay(u);
124
           if (!pre[u]) {
125
126
             return;
127
128
           \begin{array}{l} {\rm rt}\, [\, {\rm ch}\, [\, u\, ]\, [\, 1\, ]\, ] \; =\; 1\, ; \\ {\rm rt}\, [\, {\rm ch}\, [\, u\, ]\, [\, 1\, ] \; =\; v\, ] \; =\; 0\, ; \end{array}
129
130
131
           push_up(u);
132
          u = pre[v = u];
133
134
135
     void link(int u, int v) {
136
        if (judge(u, v)) {
           puts("-1");
137
138
           return;
        }
139
140
```

```
141
       mroot(u);
142
       pre[u] = v;
143
    }
144
     void cut(int u, int v) {
145
       if (\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{v} \mid | \ ! \mathbf{judge}(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}))  {
          puts("-1");
146
147
          return;
148
149
150
       mroot(u);
151
       splay(v);
       \operatorname{pre}[\operatorname{ch}[v][0]] = \operatorname{pre}[v];
152
153
       pre[v] = 0;
       rt[ch[v][0]] = 1;
154
155
       ch[v][0] = 0;
156
       push_up(v);
157
158
     void ADD(int u, int v, int w) {
159
       if (!judge(u, v)) {
160
          puts("-1");
161
          return;
162
163
164
       lca(u, v);
165
       update_add(ch[u][1], w);
166
       update_add(v, w);
167
       \text{key}[\mathbf{u}] += \mathbf{w};
168
       push_up(u);
169
170
     void query(int u, int v) {
171
       if (!judge(u, v)) {
          puts ("-1");
172
173
          return;
       }
174
175
176
       lca(u, v);
177
       printf("%d\n", max(max(Max[v], Max[ch[u][1]]), key[u]));
178
179
     vector < int > G[MAXN];
180
     int que [MAXN];
     void bfs() {
181
182
       int front = 0, rear = 0;
       que[rear++] = 1;
183
       pre[1] = 0;
184
185
186
       while (front < rear) {
187
          int u = que[front++];
188
189
          for (int i = 0; i < G[u]. size(); i++) {
            int v = G[u][i];
190
191
192
            if (v = pre[u]) {
193
               continue;
194
195
196
            pre[v] = u;
197
            que[rear++] = v;
198
199
       }
200
201
     int main() {
202
       int q, u, v;
203
       while (\sim s canf("%d", &n)) {
204
          memset(add, 0, sizeof add);
205
206
          memset (pre, 0, size of pre);
          memset(rev, 0, sizeof rev);
207
          memset(ch, 0, sizeof ch);
208
```

```
209
210
          for (int i = 0; i \le n; i++) {
211
            G[i].clear();
212
            rt[i] = 1;
213
214
215
         Max[0] = -INF;
216
          for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
217
            scanf("%d%d", &u, &v);
218
219
            G[u]. push_back(v);
220
            G[v]. push_back(u);
221
222
223
          for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
            scanf("%d", &key[i]);
224
            Max[i] = key[i];
225
226
227
228
          scanf("%d", &q);
229
          bfs();
230
231
          int op, x, y, w;
232
233
          while (q--) {
    scanf("%d", &op);
234
235
            if (op == 1)
236
               (op = 1) \{ scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
237
            \begin{array}{c} link(x, y); \\ link(x, y) = 2) \end{array}
238
239
               scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
240
            cut(x, y); else if (op == 3) {
241
242
               \operatorname{scanf}(\text{"%d\%d\%d"}, \text{\&w}, \text{\&x}, \text{\&y});
243
244
              ADD(x, y, w);
245
            } else {
               scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
246
247
               query(x, y);
248
249
250
251
          puts("");
252
253
254
       return 0;
255
    }
     4.2 kdt
     // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
  3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
  5
     using std::min;
  6
     using std::min_element;
  7
     using std::max_element;
     using std::nth_element;
  9
     using std::swap;
 10
     using std::vector;
 11
 12
     struct Node {
       int64_t x, y;
 13
 14
     };
 15
 16
     vector < Node > :: iterator p;
     vector < bool > d;
 17
 18
     bool cmpx(const Node &a, const Node &b) { return a.x < b.x; }
 19
     bool cmpy(const Node &a, const Node &b) { return a.y < b.y; }
```

```
21
   int64\_t \ sqr(int64\_t \ a) \{ return \ a * a; \}
22
23
24
    int64_t dis(const Node &a, const Node &b) {
25
      return sqr(a.x - b.x) + sqr(a.y - b.y);
26
27
28
    void build(int l, int r) {
29
      if (1 > r) {
30
        return;
31
32
33
      int64\_t minx = min\_element(p + l, p + r + 1, cmpx) -> x;
      int64\_t maxx = max\_element(p + l, p + r + 1, cmpx)->x;
34
      int64\_t miny = min\_element(p + l, p + r + 1, cmpy) -> y;
35
36
      int64\_t maxy = max\_element(p + l, p + r + 1, cmpy) -> y;
      int mid = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
37
38
      d [mid] = maxx - minx > maxy - miny;
      nth\_element(p + 1, p + mid, p + r + 1, d[mid] ? cmpx : cmpy);
39
40
41
      build (1, \text{ mid} - 1);
42
      build (mid + 1, r);
43
44
    void query(int 1, int r, const Node &a) {
45
      if (1 > r) {
46
47
        return;
48
49
      int \ mid = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
50
      int64\_t dist = dis(a, p[mid]), res;
51
      \inf 64_{t} d1 = d[\min] ? a.x - p[\min].x : a.y - p[\min].y;
52
53
54
      if (dist > 0) {
55
        res = min(res, dist);
56
57
      int 11 = 1, r1 = mid - 1;
58
59
      int 12 = mid + 1, r2 = r;
60
61
      if (d1 > 0) {
62
        swap(11, 12);
        swap(r1, r2);
63
64
65
66
      query(11, r1, a);
67
      if (d1 * d1 < res) {
68
        query(12, r2, a);
69
70
71
72
   int main() { return 0; }
    5
       Graph
   5.1 targan point connecting
 1
   // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   const int MAXN = 0;
 6
    struct EDGE {
 8
     int to, next;
 9
10
   EDGE edge [MAXN];
```

```
int top = 0, Index = 0;
12
   int head [MAXN], Instack [MAXN], Low [MAXN], Stack [MAXN], DFN [MAXN];
13
14
    void Tarjan(int u, int pre) {
15
      Low[u] = DFN[u] = ++Index;
16
      \operatorname{Stack}[\operatorname{top}++] = u;
17
18
      Instack[u] = true;
19
      for (int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
20
21
        int v = edge[i].to;
22
23
        if (v = pre) {
24
           continue;
25
26
27
        if (!DFN[v]) 
28
           Tarjan(v, u);
29
           if (Low[u] > Low[v]) {
30
             Low[u] = Low[v];
31
32
33
34
           if (Low[v] >= DFN[u]) {
35
             block++;
36
             int vn;
37
             cc = 0;
38
             memset(ok, false, sizeof(ok));
39
40
             do {
41
               vn = Stack[--top];
42
               Belong[vn] = block;
               Instack[vn] = false;
43
44
               ok[vn] = true;
45
               tmp[cc++] = vn;
             \} while (vn != v);
46
47
48
             ok[u] = 1;
             memset(color, -1, sizeof(color));
49
50
             if (!dfs(u, 0)) {
51
52
               can[u] = true;
53
54
                while (cc--) {
55
                  can[tmp[cc]] = true;
56
             }
57
           }
58
59
60
          else if (Instack[v] \&\& Low[u] > DFN[v]) {
61
          Low[u] = DFN[v];
62
63
      }
64
65
           targan
      if (Low[u] = DFN[u]) {
66
67
        scc++;
68
69
70
           v = Stack[--top]; m
71
           Instack[v] = false;
72
           Belong[v] = scc;
73
          \operatorname{num}[\operatorname{scc}]++;
74
        \} while (v != u);
75
76
      */
77
    }
   int main() { return 0; }
79
```

### 5.2 cut point bridge

```
// Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   const int MAXN = 10010:
5
6
   const int MAXM = 100010;
7
   struct Edge {
      int to, next;
bool cut;
9
   } edge [MAXM];
10
   int head [MAXN], tot;
11
   int Low[MAXN], DFN[MAXN], Stack[MAXN];
   int Index, top;
   bool Instack [MAXN];
14
15
   bool cut [MAXN];
16
   int add_block [MAXN];
   int bridge;
17
   void addedge(int u, int v) {
18
      edge[tot].to = v;
19
20
      edge [tot]. next = head [u];
      edge [tot].cut = false;
21
22
      head[u] = tot++;
23
   }
24
   void Tarjan(int u, int pre) {
     Low[u] = DFN[u] = ++Index;
25
26
      Stack[top++] = u;
27
      Instack[u] = true;
28
      int son = 0;
\overline{29}
      for (int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
30
31
        int v = edge[i].to;
32
33
        if (v = pre) {
34
          continue;
35
36
37
        if (!DFN[v]) {
38
          son++;
39
          Tarjan(v, u);
40
41
          if (Low[u] > Low[v]) {
42
            Low[u] = Low[v];
43
44
          if (Low[v] > DFN[u]) {
45
46
             bridge++;
             edge[i].cut = true;
edge[i^1].cut = true;
47
48
49
50
          if (u != pre \&\& Low[v] >= DFN[u]) {
51
             cut[u] = true;
52
53
             add_block[u]++;
54
55
        else if (Low[u] > DFN[v]) 
56
          Low[u] = DFN[v];
57
58
59
           else if ( Instack[v] \&\& Low[u] > DFN[v] )
60
         *
                Low[u] = DFN[v];
61
         *
62
         *
63
            if(Low[u] = DFN[u])
64
         *
                block++;
65
                do
         *
66
                     v = Stack[--top];
67
```

```
Instack[v] = false;
68
                     Belong[v] = block;
69
          *
70
          *
                \} while ( v!=u );
71
         *
72
          */
73
74
      if (u = pre \&\& son > 1) {
75
76
         cut[u] = true;
77
78
79
      if (u = pre) {
80
         add\_block[u] = son - 1;
81
82
      Instack[u] = false;
83
84
      top --;
85
86
    void solve(int N) {
87
      memset(DFN, 0, sizeof(DFN));
88
      memset(Instack, false, sizeof(Instack));
89
      memset(add_block, 0, sizeof(add_block));
90
      memset(cut, false, sizeof(cut));
91
      Index = top = 0;
92
      bridge = 0;
93
94
      for (int i = 1; i \ll N; i++)
         if (!DFN[i]) {
95
96
           Tarjan(i, i);
97
98
      printf("%d critical links\n", bridge);
99
100
    void init() {
101
      tot = 0:
102
103
      memset (head, -1, size of (head));
104
105
    int main() { return 0; }
106
    5.3 hungary
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 4
    const int MAXN = 0;
 5
6
7
    int uN;
 8
    int used [MAXN], head [MAXN], linker [MAXN];
 9
10
    struct EDGE {
11
      int next, to;
12
13
    EDGE edge [MAXN];
14
    bool dfs(int u) {
15
      for (int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
16
17
         int v = edge[i].to;
18
19
         if (!used[v]) {
20
           used[v] = true;
21
22
           if (linker[v] = -1 \mid | dfs(linker[v])) {
             linker[v] = u;
23
24
             return true;
25
        }
26
27
      }
```

```
28
29
      return false;
30
31
32
   int res = 0;
33
    int hungary() {
34
      memset(linker, -1, sizeof(linker));
35
36
      for (int u = 0; u < uN; u++) {
37
         memset(used, false, sizeof(used));
38
39
         if (dfs(u)) {
40
           res++;
41
42
43
44
      return res;
45
   }
46
47
   int main() { return 0; }
    5.4 maxflow
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 4
   const int MAXN = 100010;
 5
   const int MAXM = 400010;
 7
    struct Edge {
 9
      int to, next, cap, flow;
    } edge [MAXM];
10
   int tol;
11
   int head [MAXN];
    \operatorname{int} \operatorname{gap}[\operatorname{MAXN}], \operatorname{dep}[\operatorname{MAXN}], \operatorname{cur}[\operatorname{MAXN}];
14
    void init()
      tol = 0;
15
      memset(head, -1, sizeof(head));
16
17
18
    void addedge(int u, int v, int w, int rw = 0) {
      edge[tol].to = v;
edge[tol].cap = w;
edge[tol].flow = 0;
19
20
21
      edge[tol].next = head[u];
22
      head[u] = tol++;
23
      edge[tol].to = u;
24
      edge[tol].cap = rw;
25
      edge[tol].flow = 0;
26
27
      edge[tol].next = head[v];
28
      head[v] = tol++;
29
    }
30
    int Q[MAXN];
31
    void BFS(int ss, int tt) {
32
      memset(dep, -1, sizeof(dep));
33
      memset(gap, 0, sizeof(gap));
34
      gap[0] = 1;
      \quad \text{int front} \, = \, 0 \, , \ \text{rear} \, = \, 0 \, ; \\
35
      dep[tt] = 0;
36
37
      Q[rear++] = tt;
38
      while (front != rear) {
39
40
         int u = Q[front++];
41
42
         for (int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
43
           int v = edge[i].to;
44
           if (dep[v] != -1) {
45
46
              continue;
47
```

```
48
49
            Q[rear++] = v;
50
            dep[v] = dep[u] + 1;
51
            \operatorname{gap}\left[\operatorname{dep}\left[v\right]\right]++;
52
53
54
     int S[MAXN];
55
     int sap(int ss, int tt, int N) {
56
       BFS(ss, tt);
memcpy(cur, head, sizeof(head));
57
58
       int top = 0;
59
60
       int u = ss;
       int ans = 0;
61
62
       while (dep[ss] < N) {
63
64
          if (u = tt) {
65
             int mi = oo;
66
             int inser;
67
             for (int i = 0; i < top; i++)
68
               if (mi > edge[S[i]].cap - edge[S[i]].flow) {
69
70
                 mi = edge[S[i]].cap - edge[S[i]].flow;
71
                  inser = i;
72
73
            for (int i = 0; i < top; i++) {
74
               edge[S[i]].flow += mi;
75
               edge[S[i] \cap 1]. flow = mi;
76
77
78
79
            ans += mi;
80
            top = inser;
81
            u = edge[S[top] ^ 1].to;
82
            continue;
83
84
          bool flag = false;
85
86
          int v;
87
88
          for (int i = cur[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
89
            v = edge[i].to;
90
91
             if (edge[i]. cap - edge[i]. flow && dep[v] + 1 == dep[u]) {
92
               flag = true;
               \operatorname{cur}[u] = i;
93
94
               break;
95
96
          }
97
          if (flag) {
98
            S[top++] = cur[u];
99
100
            u = v;
101
            continue;
102
103
104
          int mi = N;
105
106
          for (int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next)
107
            if (edge[i].cap - edge[i].flow && dep[edge[i].to] < mi) {
108
               mi = dep[edge[i].to];
109
               \operatorname{cur}[\mathbf{u}] = \mathbf{i};
110
111
112
          \operatorname{gap}\left[\operatorname{dep}\left[\mathbf{u}\right]\right]--;
113
          if (!gap[dep[u]]) {
114
115
            return ans;
116
117
```

```
118
          dep[u] = mi + 1;
119
          \operatorname{gap} [\operatorname{dep} [\mathbf{u}]] + +;
120
          if (u != ss) {
121
            u = edge[S[--top] ^ 1].to;
122
123
124
125
126
       return ans;
127
128
129
     int main() { return 0; }
     5.5 costflow
     // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 4
 5
     using std::queue;
 6
 7
     const int MAXN = 10000;
    8
 9
     struct Edge {
 10
       int to, next, cap, flow, cost;
11
     } edge [MAXM];
    int head [MAXN], tol;
     int pre [MAXN], dis [MAXN];
15
     bool vis [MAXN];
     int N;
16
17
     void init(int n) {
18
       N = n;
       tol = 0:
19
20
       memset (head, -1, size of (head));
21
    }
22
     void addedge(int u, int v, int cap, int cost) {
23
        edge[tol].to = v;
24
        edge[tol].cap = cap;
25
        edge[tol].cost = cost;
26
        edge[tol].flow = 0;
27
        edge[tol].next = head[u];
       head[u] = tol++;

edge[tol].to = u;
28
 29
30
       edge[tol].cap = 0;
       edge [tol]. cost = -cost;
edge [tol]. flow = 0;
31
32
        edge tol next = head[v];
33
34
       head[v] = tol++;
35
36
     queue<int> q;
37
38
     bool spfa(int s, int t) {
39
       queue<int> q;
40
41
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
42
          dis[i] = INF;
43
          vis[i] = false;
44
          pre[i] = -1;
45
46
       \begin{array}{ll} \operatorname{dis}\left[\,s\,\right] \;=\; 0\,;\\ \operatorname{vis}\left[\,s\,\right] \;=\; \operatorname{true}\,; \end{array}
47
48
49
       q. push(s);
50
51
        while (!q.empty()) {
52
          int u = q.front();
53
          q.pop();
54
          vis[u] = false;
```

```
55
56
         for (int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
57
           int v = edge[i].to;
58
           if (edge[i].cap > edge[i].flow && dis[v] > dis[u] + edge[i].cost) {
59
60
             dis[v] = dis[u] + edge[i].cost;
             pre[v] = i;
61
62
             if (!vis[v]) {
63
64
               vis[v] = true;
65
               q. push (v);
66
67
           }
68
        }
69
      }
70
71
      if (pre[t] = -1) {
72
         return false;
73
        else {
74
         return true;
75
76
77
78
    int minCostMaxflow(int s, int t, int cost) {
79
      int flow = 0;
80
      cost = 0;
81
82
      while (spfa(s, t)) {
         int Min = INF;
83
84
85
         for (int i = pre[t]; i != -1; i = pre[edge[i ^ 1].to]) {
86
           if (Min > edge[i].cap - edge[i].flow) {
87
             Min = edge[i].cap - edge[i].flow;
88
89
90
         for (int i = pre[t]; i != -1; i = pre[edge[i ^ 1].to]) {
91
92
           edge[i].flow += Min;
           edge [i^{\circ}] 1]. flow -= Min;
93
94
           cost += edge[i].cost * Min;
95
96
97
         flow += Min;
98
99
100
      return flow;
101
102
    int main() { return 0; }
103
    5.6 min tree graph
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 4
 5
    using std::swap;
 6
    const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
 7
    const int MAXN = 1010;
 9
    const int MAXM = 40010;
10
    struct Edge {
11
      int u, v, cost;
12
    Edge edge [MAXM];
13
    int pre [MAXN], id [MAXN], visit [MAXN], in [MAXN];
14
    int \ zhuliu(int \ root \,, \ int \ n, \ int \ m, \ Edge \ edge \, [\,]\,) \ \{
15
16
      int res = 0, u, v;
17
18
      while (1) {
```

```
19
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
20
          in[i] = INF;
21
22
23
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
          if (edge[i].u != edge[i].v && edge[i].cost < in[edge[i].v]) {
   pre[edge[i].v] = edge[i].u;</pre>
24
25
26
             in [edge[i].v] = edge[i].cost;
27
28
29
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
30
          if (i != root && in[i] == INF) {
31
            return -1;
32
33
34
        int tn = 0;
35
        memset(id, -1, sizeof(id));
36
        memset(visit, -1, sizeof(visit));
37
        in[root] = 0;
38
39
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
40
          res += in[i];
41
          v = i;
42
          while (visit [v] != i && id [v] == -1 && v != root) {
43
44
             visit[v] = i;
45
             v = pre[v];
46
47
          if (v != root \&\& id[v] == -1) {
48
             for (int u = pre[v]; u != v; u = pre[u]) {
49
50
              id[u] = tn;
51
52
53
            id[v] = tn++;
54
55
56
        if (tn == 0) {
57
58
          break;
59
60
61
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
62
          if (id[i] = -1) {
            id[i] = tn++;
63
64
65
        for (int i = 0; i < m;) {
66
67
          v = edge[i].v;
68
          edge[i].u = id[edge[i].u];
69
          edge[i].v = id[edge[i].v];
70
          if (edge[i].u!= edge[i].v) {
71
72
             edge[i++].cost = in[v];
            else {
73
74
            swap(edge[i], edge[--m]);
75
        }
76
77
78
        n = tn;
79
        root = id[root];
80
81
82
      return res;
83
   }
84
   int main() { return 0; }
        flowertree
   5.7
```

```
// Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
4
   const int MAXN = 250;
5
6
   int N;
7
   bool Graph [MAXN] [MAXN];
   int Match [MAXN]
8
   bool InQueue [MAXN], InPath [MAXN], InBlossom [MAXN];
10
   int Head, Tail;
   int Queue [MAXN]
11
   int Start, Finish;
12
   int NewBase;
   int Father [MAXN], Base [MAXN];
14
15
   int Count;
16
   void CreateGraph() {
17
      int u, v;
     memset(Graph, false, sizeof(Graph));
18
      scanf("%d", &N);
19
20
21
      while (scanf("%d%d", &u, &v) == 2) {
22
        Graph[u][v] = Graph[v][u] = true;
23
24
   void Push(int u) {
25
26
      Queue [Tail] = u;
27
      Tail++
28
      InQueue[u] = true;
29
   int Pop() {
30
31
      int res = Queue [Head];
32
      Head++;
33
      return res;
34
35
   int FindCommonAncestor(int u, int v)
      memset(InPath, false, sizeof(InPath));
36
37
38
      while (true) {
39
        u = Base[u];
40
        InPath[u] = true;
41
42
        if (u = Start) {
43
          break;
44
45
46
        u = Father[Match[u]];
47
48
      while (true) {
49
50
        v = Base[v];
51
52
        if (InPath[v]) {
53
          break;
54
55
56
        v = Father[Match[v]];
57
58
59
      return v;
60
   }
   void ResetTrace(int u) {
61
62
      while (Base[u] != NewBase) {
        int v = Match[u];
63
        InBlossom [Base [u]] = InBlossom [Base [v]] = true;
64
65
        u = Father[v];
66
67
        if (Base[u] != NewBase) {
68
          Father[u] = v;
69
        }
```

```
70
      }
71
    }
    void BloosomContract(int u, int v) {
72
      NewBase = FindCommonAncestor(u, v);
73
74
       memset(InBlossom, false, sizeof(InBlossom));
75
       ResetTrace(u);
 76
       ResetTrace(v);
 77
78
       if (Base[u] != NewBase) {
         Father [u] = v;
79
80
81
       if (Base[v] != NewBase) {
82
83
         Father [v] = u;
84
85
       for (int tu = 1; tu \ll N; tu++)
86
         if (InBlossom [Base [tu]]) {
87
           Base[tu] = NewBase;
88
89
90
           if (!InQueue[tu]) {
91
             Push(tu);
92
93
         }
94
95
96
    void FindAugmentingPath() {
97
       memset(InQueue, false, sizeof(InQueue));
      memset (Father, 0, size of (Father));
98
99
100
       for (int i = 1; i \le N; i++) {
101
         Base [i] = i;
102
103
       Head = Tail = 1;
104
       Push (Start);
105
106
       Finish = 0;
107
108
       while (Head < Tail) {
109
         int u = Pop();
110
         for (int v = 1; v \le N; v++)
111
           if (Graph[u][v] \&\& (Base[u] != Base[v]) \&\& (Match[u] != v)) {
112
113
              if ((v = Start) \mid | ((Match[v] > 0) \&\& Father[Match[v]] > 0)) {
114
                BloosomContract(u, v);
115
              \} else if (Father [v] = 0) {
                Father [v] = u;
116
117
                if (Match[v] > 0) {
118
119
                  Push (Match [v]);
120
                  else {
121
                  Finish = v;
122
                  return;
123
124
             }
125
           }
126
127
128
    void AugmentPath() {
129
       int u = Finish;
130
131
       while (u > 0) {
132
         int v = Father[u];
133
         int w = Match[v];
134
         Match[v] = u;
135
         Match\left[\,u\,\right] \;=\; v\,;
         u = w;
136
137
```

```
138
    }
139
     void Edmonds() {
140
       memset (Match, 0, size of (Match));
141
142
       for (int u = 1; u \le N; u++)
          if (Match[u] = 0) {
143
144
            Start = u;
145
            FindAugmentingPath();
146
            if (Finish > 0) {
147
              AugmentPath();
148
149
150
         }
151
152
     void PrintMatch() {
153
       Count = 0;
154
155
       for (int u = 1; u \le N; u++)
156
          if (Match[u] > 0) {
157
            Count++;
158
159
160
       printf("%d\n", Count);
161
162
       for (int u = 1; u \le N; u++)
163
          if (u < Match[u]) {
            printf("%d %d\n", u, Match[u]);
164
165
166
167
     int main() {
       CreateGraph();
168
       Edmonds ();
169
170
       PrintMatch();
171
       return 0;
172
    }
    5.8 2-sat
    // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
 3
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
    const int MAXN = 20020;
 5
    const int MAXM = 100010;
 7
     struct Edge {
     int to, next;
} edge[MAXM];
 8
 9
     int head [MAXN], tot;
 10
 11
     void init() {
 12
       tot = 0;
       memset (head, -1, size of (head));
 13
 14
     void addedge(int u, int v) {
 16
       edge[tot].to = v;
       edge[tot].next = head[u];
 17
 18
       head[u] = tot++;
 19
 20
    bool vis [MAXN];
     \quad \text{int } S\left[ \text{MAXN} \right], \ \text{top} \, ;
 21
     bool dfs(int u) {
   if (vis[u 1]) {
 22
 23
 24
         return false;
25
       }
 26
 27
       if (vis[u]) {
 28
         return true;
 29
 30
       vis[u] = true;
 31
```

```
32
     S[top++] = u;
33
     for \ (int \ i = head[u]; \ i != -1; \ i = edge[i].next)
34
35
       if (!dfs(edge[i].to)) {
36
         return false;
37
38
39
     return true;
40
41
   bool Twosat(int n) {
42
     memset(vis, false, sizeof(vis));
43
     44
45
46
         continue;
47
48
49
       top = 0;
50
       if (!dfs(i)) {
51
52
         while (top) {
53
            vis[S[--top]] = false;
54
55
         if (!dfs(i ^ 1)) {
56
           return false;
57
58
59
       }
     }
60
61
62
     return true;
63
64
   int main() {
65
     int n, m;
66
     int u, v;
67
     68
69
       init();
70
71
       while (m--)
         scanf("%d%d", &u, &v);
72
73
         u--;
74
         v--;
75
         addedge(u, v ^ 1);
         addedge(v, u ^ 1);
76
77
78
79
       if (Twosat(2 * n)) {
         for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; i++)
80
81
           if (vis[i]) {
82
             printf("\%d\n", i + 1);
83
84
         else {
         printf("NIE\n");
85
86
     }
87
88
89
     return 0;
90
   5.9 \text{ km}
   // Copyright [2017] <dmnsn7@gmail.com>
2
3
   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   const int MAXN = 0;
   const int INF = 0;
   int ny, nx;
```

```
int g [MAXN] [MAXN], slack [MAXN], linker [MAXN], lx [MAXN], ly [MAXN], visx [MAXN],
10
        visy [MAXN];
11
    bool DFS(int x) {
12
13
      visx[x] = true;
14
      for (int y = 0; y < ny; y++) {
15
        if (visy[y]) {
16
17
          continue;
18
19
20
        int tmp = lx[x] + ly[y] - g[x][y];
21
22
        if (tmp == 0) {
23
          visy[y] = true;
24
          25
26
            linker[y] = x;
27
            return true;
28
29
        else if (slack[y] > tmp) {
          slack[y] = tmp;
30
31
      }
32
33
34
      return false;
35
   int KM()
36
      memset(linker, -1, sizeof(linker));
37
      memset(ly, 0, sizeof(ly));
38
39
40
      for (int i = 0; i < nx; i++) {
41
        lx[i] = -INF;
42
43
        for (int j = 0; j < ny; j++)
44
          if (g[i][j] > lx[i]) {
45
            lx[i] = g[i][j];
46
47
48
49
      for (int x = 0; x < nx; x++) {
50
        for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++) {
51
          slack[i] = INF;
52
53
        while (true) {
54
          memset(visx, false, sizeof(visx));
55
          memset(visy, false, sizeof(visy));
56
57
58
          if (DFS(x))  {
59
            break;
60
61
          int d = INF;
62
63
          \label{eq:formula} \text{for (int $i = 0$; $i < ny$; $i++)}
64
65
            if (!visy[i] && d > slack[i]) {
66
              d = \operatorname{slack}[i];
67
68
          for (int i = 0; i < nx; i++)
69
70
            if (visx[i]) {
71
              lx[i] = d;
72
73
74
          for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++) {
75
            if (visy[i]) {
76
              ly [i] += d;
77
            } else {
```

```
\operatorname{slack} \left[ \; i \; \right] \; -\!\!\!= \; d \, ;
78
79
80
                  }
81
82
83
84
85
              int res = 0;
              \begin{array}{lll} for \ (int \ i = 0; \ i < ny; \ i++) \\ if \ (linker[i] \ != -1) \ \{ \\ res \ += \ g[linker[i]][i]; \end{array}
86
87
88
89
90
91
              {\tt return \ res} \ ;
92
93
        int main() { return 0; }
```