

SOC L1 Hands-On Lab:

Agent-Based Detection in Elastic-SIEM Using Custom Security Rule

Documented By:

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Introduction to ELK Stack and Objective

The ELK Stack is a combination of three powerful tools — Elasticsearch, Logstash, and Kibana — which are used together for collecting, storing, analyzing, and visualizing log data in a centralized way.

Elasticsearch is the core engine that stores and searches the data.

Logstash helps in processing and sending data from multiple sources to Flasticsearch.

Kibana is the dashboard tool that allows us to visualize data, search logs, and monitor activity.

In cybersecurity, ELK Stack is especially useful for detecting suspicious behavior, tracking system activity, and performing threat hunting.

The main objective of this task was to:

Set up the Elastic Agent on a Linux system,

Connect it with the ELK Stack,

Use Elastic Security to monitor system activity, and

Create **custom detection rules** (like detecting ping commands) to generate alerts for unusual or malicious behavior.

Through this, we will learn on how to build a basic detection system, which is a key skill in SOC (Security Operations Center) environments.

Sign Up on Elastic Cloud

1)- Go to: https://www.elastic.co/cloud

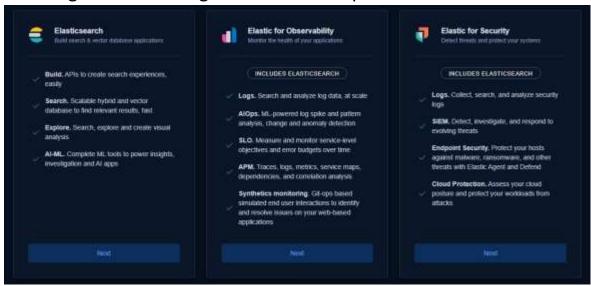
2)- Click on "Start Free Trial"

3)- Create a free Elastic Cloud account using email/password



You will 3 options appear on your interface. But we will choose **Elastic Security** because our main goal was to detect, investigate, and respond to security threats like ping sweeps, network scans, and suspicious system behavior. Besides Elastic Security provides built-in features for:

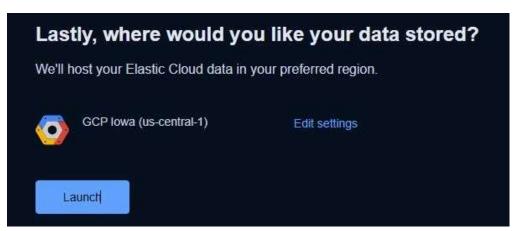
- 1)- Creating and managing detection rules
- 2)- Viewing alerts and timelines
- 3)- Tracking endpoint activity
- 4)- Performing threat hunting and incident response



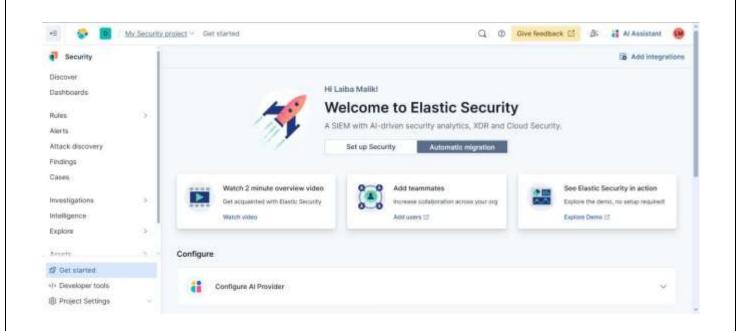
We used **Elastic Cloud Services** because it provides a ready-to-use, fully managed deployment of the ELK Stack without the need to set up or manage servers manually. It saved our time and effort, especially since we didn't have to deal with complex installation, configuration, or maintenance.



We chose **GCP lowa (us-central1)** because it is a default and commonly available region in Elastic Cloud.It provides low-latency and stable performance for global access. Also, it ensured quick deployment without requiring advanced region selection.



The "Welcome to Elastic Security" interface under "My Security Project" is the main dashboard where we manage and monitor security operations. It provides access to features like alerts, rules, timelines, and integrations. From here, we can create detection rules, view threat data, and perform investigations — all in one place.



Virtual Box Installation:

- **1)-** First, download the latest version of Oracle Virtual Box from its official website: https://www.virtualbox.org.
- **2)-** Install it using the on-screen instructions. No need to change default settings during setup.

Downloading the Kali Linux Image File:

- 3)- Pre-configured Kali Linux image in .7z format through Google Drive.
- **4)** File name: <u>kali-linux-2023.2-virtualbox-amd64.7z</u> **5)** Download it from the provided link.

Extracting the Image File:

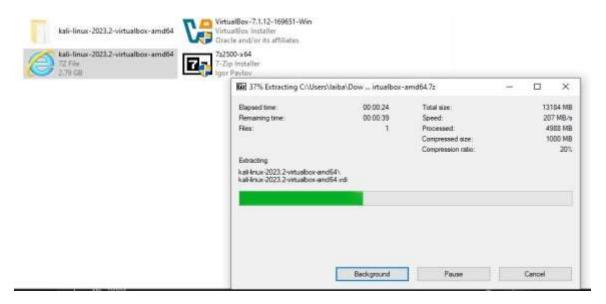
- **6)** After download, use **7-Zip** or **WinRAR** to extract the .7z file.
- 7)- The extracted file will be a .vbox file and a .vdi file.

Importing the Kali Linux VM into Virtual Box:

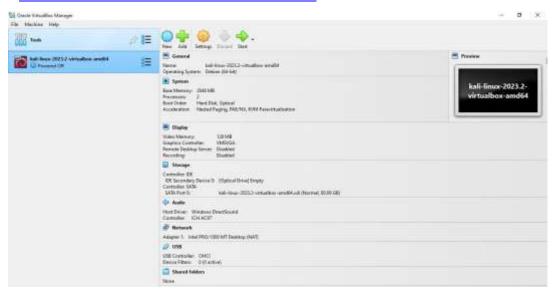
- 8)- Open Virtual Box.
- **9)-** Click on "Machine" > "Add", then navigate to the folder where you extracted the .vbox file.
- 10)- Select the .vbox file and click Open.
- 11)- The Kali Linux VM will be added to Virtual Box.

Starting the Virtual Machine:

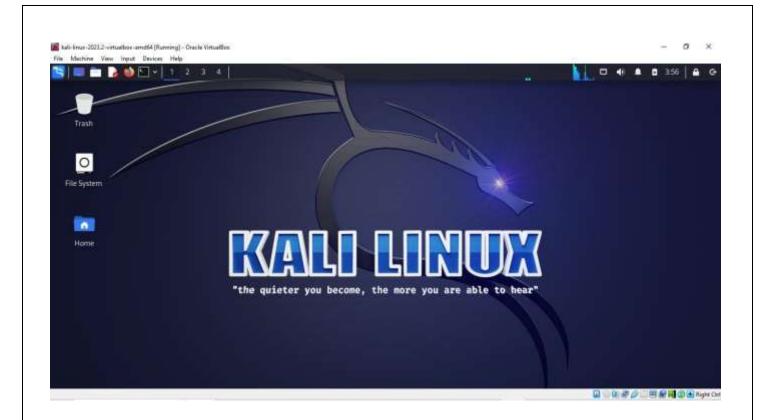
- 12)- Click on the newly added Kali Linux VM.
- 13)- Click Start.
- 14)- Kali Linux will boot up without needing manual installation.



Power On kali-linux-2023.2-virtualbox-amd64

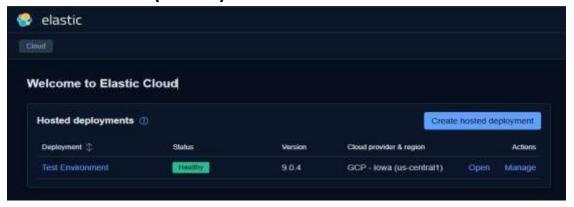


Finally the setup is **completed**.



Go on given link as https://cloud.elastic.co/home as we are going to deploy the Elastic Agent on the Cloud

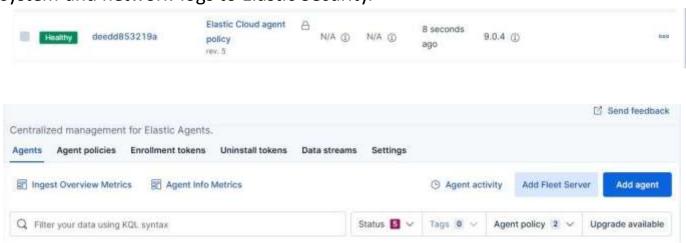
Choose the **Create hosted Deployment** option , from here you will deploy and choose any name of your environment I have selected "**Test Environment**" it will take a few moments (**5 min**).



We scrolled down to find the **Asset option** to view and manage connected hosts, endpoints, and network data. This helped us confirm that our **Linux system and agents** were properly integrated. It ensured that data was being collected and the system was ready for **threat detection**.



We chose the **Fleet** option to manage and monitor all agents from a centralized interface. Here, we saw the default **Elastic Cloud Agent Policy**, which defines what data the agent collects. To deploy our own agent, we clicked on "**Add Agent**" to connect our Linux machine. This step was essential to start sending system and network logs to Elastic Security.



Now Select the Policy, if mentioned, leave it as default (mine: Agent Policy 1) Choose Elastic Fleet Option (Recommended)

Wait to proceed Further

A side command will appear copy it and that you will run on your setup <u>kali-linux-2023.2-virtualbox-amd64</u>

Here below are the shown commands that I Run on Kali:

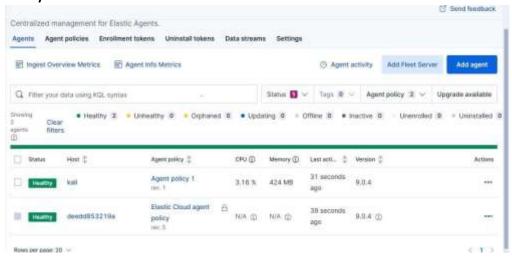
At First it might show you error, Paste the Command as it is by using Ctrl+Shift+C

```
考 curl -L -O https://artifacts.elastic.co/downloads/beats/elastic-agent/ela
stic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64.tar.gz
tar xzvf elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64.tar.gz
cd elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64
sudo ./elastic-agent install --url=https://de39a0da5f114e81bce6c983171f167e.f
leet.us-central1.gcp.cloud.es.io:443 --enrollment-token=VFhVX1ZaZ0J2QjI2T3BJT
0ZFNTI6Wkx5RFhMVVR3QWZyakxCcm5XMHRSZw=
   % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Curre
                                                                       Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
                         0 0 0
0 0 0
0 29172 0
0 4015k 0
1 5996k 0
2 12.3M 0
4 18.3M 0
                                                                                          0 --:--:-- --:--:--
                                                                                       0 --:--:-- --:-- --:--:-- --:--:--
0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:---
0 5:26:41 0:00:01 5:26:40 2264
0 0:03:40 0:00:02 0:03:38 1970
0 0:03:39 0:00:03 0:03:36 1973
0 0:02:18 0:00:04 0:02:14 3122
0 0:01:56 0:00:05 0:01:51 3787
0 0:01:47 0:00:06 0:01:41 5140
0 0:01:43 0:00:07 0:01:36 5119
0 0:01:41 0:00:08 0:01:33 5674
0 0:01:38 0:00:09 0:01:29 5461
0 0:01:35 0:00:10 0:01:25 5353
0 0:01:33 0:00:11 0:01:25 5353
0 0:01:33 0:00:11 0:01:25 5353
0 0:01:31 0:00:12 0:01:19 5496
0 0:01:30 0:00:14 0:01:16 5412
0 0:01:30 0:00:15 0:01:15 5320
0 0:01:29 0:00:16 0:01:15 5320
0 0:01:29 0:00:16 0:01:15 5023
0 0:01:29 0:00:17 0:01:12 5069
0 0:01:29 0:00:18 0:01:10 5014
0 0:01:29 0:00:19 0:01:10 5014
0 0:01:29 0:00:19 0:01:10 5014
0 0:01:29 0:00:19 0:01:10 5014
                                                                0 22650
                                                              0 1970k
0 1973k
0 3121k
0 3731k
         423M
                           5 23.8M
6 28.9M
                                                               0 4049k
0 4207k
          423M
                           7 33.5M
                                                  0
                                                 ø
                           9 38.9M
          423M
                                                                0 4416k
          423M
                         10 44.4M
                                                                0 4539k
  10
                                                  0
                          11 49.9M
          423M
                                                                0 4637k
          423M
                          13 55.7M
                                                                0 4743k
          423M
                          14 60.9M
                                                                0 4789k
          423M
                          15 65.4M
                                                                0 4770k
                          16 70.5M
         423M
                                                              0 4822k
0 4839k
          423M
                          17 75.5M
          423M
                          19 80.5M
                                                             0 4854k
0 4834k
0 4844k
0 4867k
          423M
                          20 85.5M
                         21 89.8M
22 94.8M
          423M
          423M
                          23 100M
```

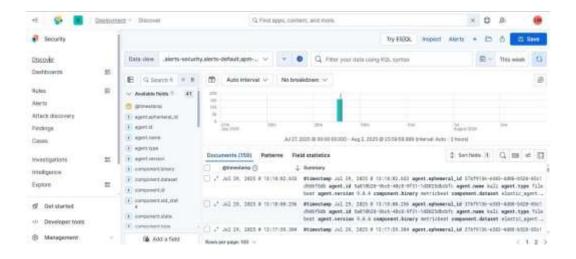
After completing the setup process, we saw a confirmation message that the **Elastic Agent was successfully installed**. This meant that our Linux system was now connected to Elastic Security and ready to send logs. It confirmed that the agent was active and following the assigned integration policy.

```
-agent
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/data/elastic-agent-d49717/components/pf-host
-agent.spec.yml
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/elastic-agent.active.commit
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/data/elastic-agent-d49717/elastic-agent
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/data/elastic-agent-d49717/elastic-agent
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/data/elastic-agent-d49717/otelcol
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/data/elastic-agent-d49717/otelcol
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/build_hash.txt
elastic-agent-9.0.4-linux-x86_64/elastic-agent
Elastic Agent will be installed at /opt/Elastic/Agent and will run as a servi
ce. Do you want to continue? [V/n]:Y
[- ] Service Started [17s] Elastic Agent successfully installed, starting
enrollment.
[- ] Waiting For Enroll... [18s] ("log.level":"info", "&timestamp":"2025-07
-29T04:17:35.983-0400", "log.origin":("function":"github.com/elastic/elastic-a
gent/internal/pkg/agent/cnd.(*enrollCmd).enrollWithBackoff", "file.name':"cmd/
enroll_cmd.go", "file.line":534], "message":"Starting enrollment to URL: https:
//4e39a0da5f114e81bce6c983171f167e.fleet.us-centrall.gcp.cloud.es.io:443/","e
cs.version":"1.6.0"]
[--] Waiting For Enroll... [22s] ("log.level":"info", "&timestamp":"2025-07
-29T04:17:39.549-0400", "log.origin":("function":"github.com/elastic/elastic-a
gent/internal/pkg/agent/cmd.(*enrollCmd).daemonReloadWithBackoff", "file.name"
"cmd/enroll_cmd.go", "file.line":497}, "message":"Restarting agent daemon, att
empt 0", "ecs.version":"1.6.0"]
[--] Waiting For Enroll... [22s] ("log.level":"info", "&timestamp":"2025-07
-29T04:17:39.606-0400", "log.origin":("function":"github.com/elastic/elastic-a
gent/internal/pkg/agent/cmd.(*enrollCmd).sxecute", "file.name":"cmd/enroll_cmd
.go", "file.line":315), "message":"Successfully triggered restart on running El
astic Agent has been successfully installed.
```

Now go back to **Elastic Cloud**, and you will see your deployed agent listed on the screen. If the status shows "**Healthy**", it means the agent is working correctly, sending data, and following the assigned policies without any issues. This confirms that the agent is **active**, connected, and successfully integrated with Elastic Security.



Scroll up and click on the **Discover** option to access raw log data from connected agents. An interface will appear where you can **search**, **filter**, **and analyze logs** in real-time.



Expand the fist one **July 29, 2025 13:18:02.653** and search the Host Name and also the IP.



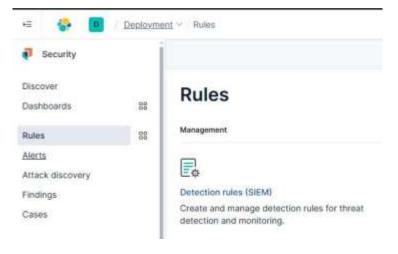
To check the IP address, go to your **Kali Linux terminal** and run the command **ip a.** You will see that the **same IP address** displayed in Elastic is also shown here. This confirms that the agent is correctly installed on your Kali system.



IP is **10.0.2.15** (highlighted).

We went to the Rules tab to view and manage detection rules that help identify.

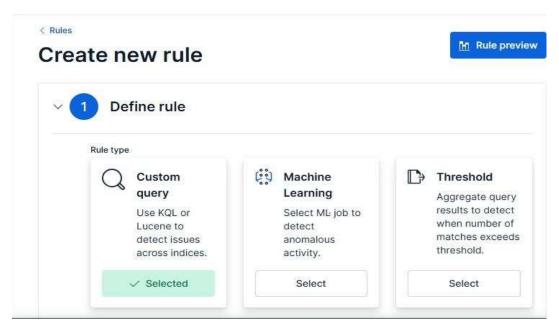
These rules automatically generate **alerts** when certain conditions are met in the logs. A **custom rule** is a rule that we create manually based on our own specific use case. We created a custom rule to **detect ping (ICMP) activity** from our Linux system for security monitoring.

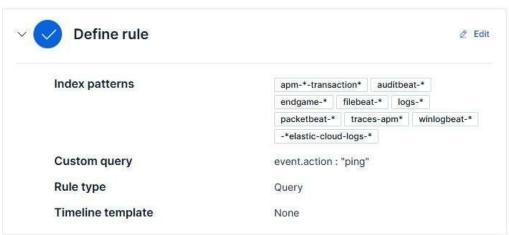


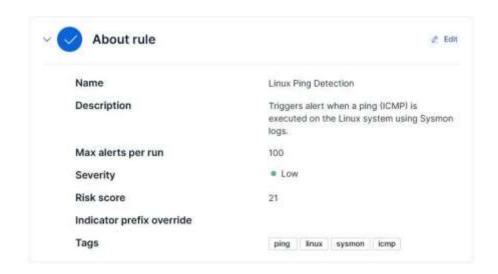
Create New Rule.

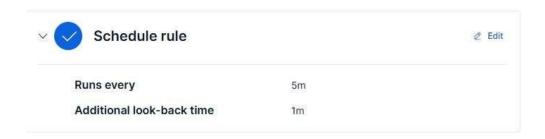


Select Custom Query option to define our own specific detection condition. This allowed us to **target ICMP (ping) traffic** that default rules might not cover.

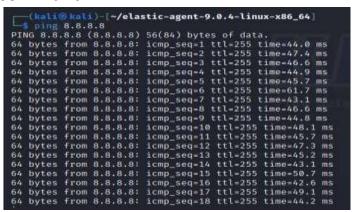








For further Proceed of result, Click **Create and Enable Rule**. Go on Linux Machine and then run this command

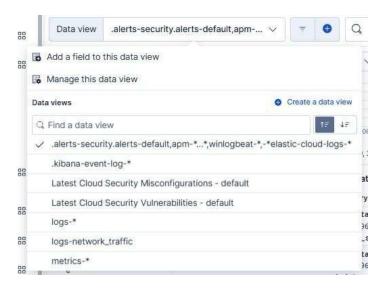


At first, you won't see any alerts in the **Discover tab** because no data is being collected yet. To fix this, you need to **add integrations** to the policy linked with your installed agent. These integrations tell the agent what kind of data to collect, like network traffic or system logs. The added integrations are:

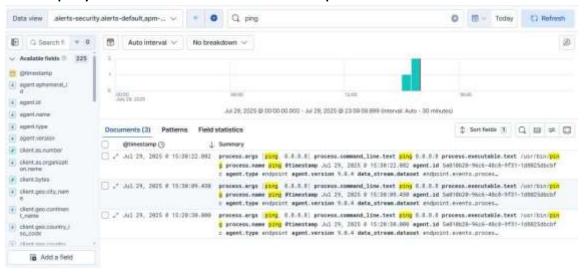


In-order to Add Integrations go on the tab **Assets > Fleet > Add Integration.**Go back to the Linux and run the command **ping 8.8.8.8**.

Now move to the Discover Tab and choose the Data Review as marked shown below:



The alerts are displayed below shown in the Snap-Shot.



By expanding any log entry, we can view its detailed information.

We can also add relevant fields to the view based on what we need.

For example: user.name, process.command line, host.os.type, process.name.



To set up email notifications for a detection rule in Elastic, go to the **Actions** tab while creating or editing the rule. Click "**Add action**" and choose **Elastic- CloudSMTP** as the notification method. Select "**Summary of alerts per rule run**" as the action type. In the message field, you can write something like:

"The detection rule '!!sentoyt rule name)! has triggered

"The detection rule '{{context.rule.name}}' has triggered {{state.signals_count}} alerts."





Email Received



Conclusion: Through this task, we learned how to set up and use the Elastic Security platform for threat detection. We understood how to install and connect an agent to start collecting logs from a Linux system. We explored the Discover tab to view real-time data and verify system activity. We also created a custom detection rule to monitor **ping (ICMP) traffic.** Overall, this activity helped us gain hands-on experience in log analysis and security monitoring.