

Lista 2

$$\textcircled{5} A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad AB = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad BA = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = (1 - \lambda)^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda_A = 1$$

$$\det(AB - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det(AB - \lambda I) = (1 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 2 = 0$$

$$= \lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 1 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 12 \quad \lambda = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{12}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{3}}{1}$$

$$\det(B - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det(B - \lambda I) = (1 - \lambda)^2$$

$$\lambda_B = 1$$

$$\lambda'_{AB} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\lambda''_{AB} = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$\det(BA - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det(BA - \lambda I) = (3 - \lambda)(1 - \lambda) - 2$$

$$= \lambda'_{BA} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\lambda''_{BA} = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

a) Não são iguais, pois  $\lambda_A \neq \lambda_B = 1$  e  $\lambda_{AB} = 2 \pm \sqrt{3}$

b) Sim, tanto  $AB$ , quanto  $BA$  têm autovalores iguais

$$\textcircled{7} A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(A - tI) = -t^3 + 12t^2 - 36t + 32 = 0$$

$$t_1 = 2$$

$$t_2 = 2$$

$$t_3 = 8$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4-t & 2 & 2 & | & 4t & 2 \\ 2 & 4-t & 2 & | & 2 & 4t \\ 2 & 2 & 4-t & | & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = -(\alpha + \beta)$$

$$y = \alpha$$

$$z = \beta$$

$$x(-1, 1, 0) + \beta(-1, 0, 1)$$

$$v_1 = (-1, 1, 0)$$

$$v_2 = (-1, 0, 1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2x - 2z = 0$$

$$x = z$$

$$y - z = 0$$

$$y = z$$

$$v_3 = (1, 1, 1)$$

8) a)  $\det(A - tI) = \det(A^T - tI)$ ?

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & | & a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & | & a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & | & a_{31} & a_{32} \end{pmatrix} \quad a_{11} \cdot a_{22} \cdot a_{33} + a_{12} \cdot a_{23} \cdot a_{31} + a_{13} \cdot a_{21} \cdot a_{32} - (a_{12} \cdot a_{21} \cdot a_{33} + a_{11} \cdot a_{23} \cdot a_{32} + a_{13} \cdot a_{22} \cdot a_{31})$$

$$A^T = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{21} & a_{31} & | & a_{11} & a_{21} \\ a_{12} & a_{22} & a_{32} & | & a_{12} & a_{22} \\ a_{13} & a_{23} & a_{33} & | & a_{13} & a_{23} \end{pmatrix} \quad a_{11} \cdot a_{22} \cdot a_{33} + a_{21} \cdot a_{32} \cdot a_{13} + a_{31} \cdot a_{12} \cdot a_{23} - (a_{21} \cdot a_{12} \cdot a_{33} + a_{11} \cdot a_{32} \cdot a_{23} + a_{31} \cdot a_{22} \cdot a_{13})$$

b) É válido pois a diagonal principal de uma matriz é mantida após transpor-la.

①  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad A \cdot A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$\text{rank}(A) = 1 \quad \text{rank}(A^2) = 0$

$\text{rank}(A) > \text{rank}(A^2)$

$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{rank}(A^T A) = 1$

②  $C(A) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad r(A) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad N(A) = Ax = 0 \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

③  $r = m = n \quad m, n = 2$

$A_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{rank}(A_1) = 2$

$r = m < n \quad m = 3 \text{ e } n = 2$

$A_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{rank}(A_2) = 2$

$r < m, r < n \quad m, n = 2$

$A_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{rank}(A_3) = 1$



$$\textcircled{5} \omega^+ \omega = I \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\omega^{-1} = \omega^+ \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b) \omega = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$