

목차

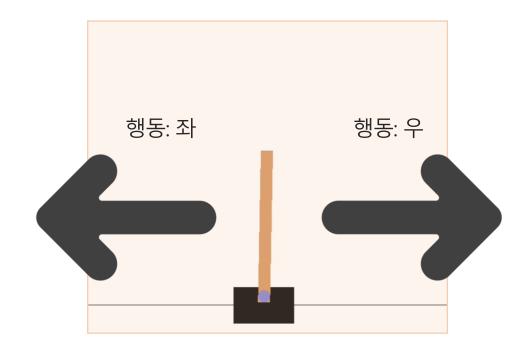
Introduction

❖ REINFORCE

Deep Q-Network

Jupyter Notebook 실습

- Introduction
 - CartPole
 - a. 상태: cart의 위치, 속도 등
 - b. 행동: 좌 & 우



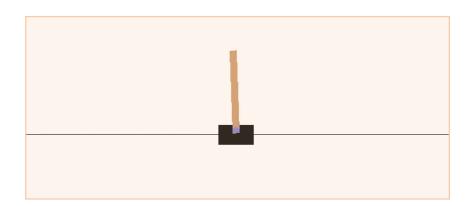
- Mnih, V., Kavukcuoglu, K., Silver, D., Graves, A., Antonoglou, I., Wierstra, D., & Riedmiller, M. (2013). Playing atari with deep reinforcement learning. arXiv preprint arXiv:1312.5602.

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- Introduction
 - CartPole
 - a. CartPole 게임에 대한 상세 설명
 - b. 관측 상태, 행동, 보상 등 상세 설명



게임의 목표



- Mnih, V., Kavukcuoglu, K., Silver, D., Graves, A., Antonoglou, I., Wierstra, D., & Riedmiller, M. (2013). Playing atari with deep reinforcement learning. arXiv preprint arXiv:1312.5602.

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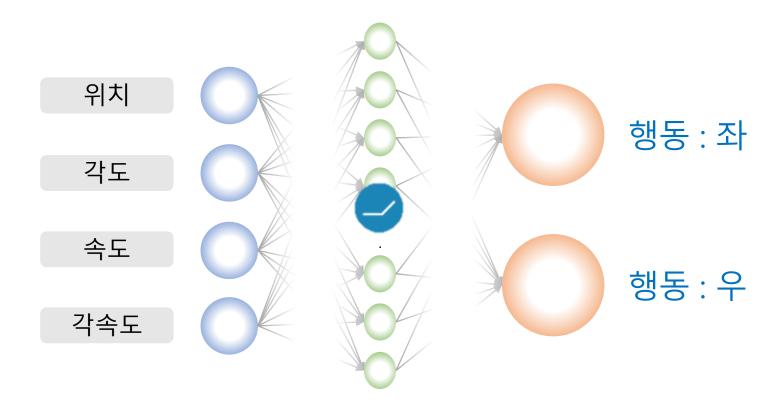
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 - a. CartPole 게임에 대한 상세 설명
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 - Observation : $[x, \theta, dx/dt, d\theta/dt]$
 - x: track 상에서 cart의 위치
 - -θ: pole과 normal line과의 각도
 - dx/dt : cart의 속도 - dθ/dt : θ의 각속도
 - · Ending condition(of episode)
 - 1) θ가 15°이상
 - 2) 원점(O: cetroid of track)으로부터의 거리가 2.4 units이상
 - · Action: cart의 가하는 힘의 방향 (0 or 1)
 - · Reward: episode가 유지되는 시간
 - · Objective: Ending condition을 피하며 reward를 최대로(pole의 균형을 오랫동안 유지)

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Jupyter Notebook 실습

- Introduction
 - REINFORCE & Deep Q-Network 네트워크 구조

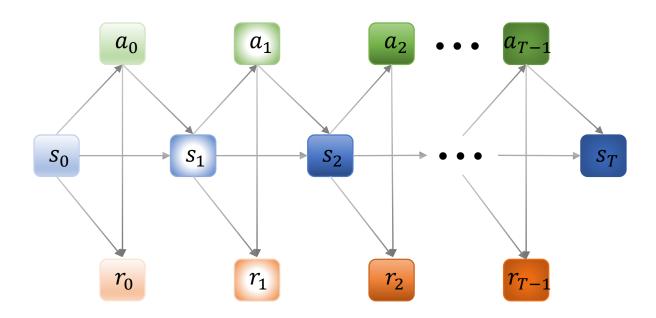


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Jupyter Notebook 실습

REINFORCE

- Weight update
 - a. 에피소드 $(\tau) = s_0, a_0, r_1, s_1, a_1, r_2, s_2, ..., s_T$
 - b. $J(\theta) = E[\sum_{t=0}^{T-1} r_{t+1} | \pi_{\theta}] = E[r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + \dots + r_{\tau} | \pi_{\theta}]$



- Sutton, R. S., McAllester, D. A., Singh, S. P., & Mansour, Y. (2000). Policy gradient methods for reinforcement learning with function approximation. In Advances in neural information processing systems (pp. 1057-1063).

Jupyter Notebook 실습

REINFORCE

Weight update

a.
$$J(\theta) = E[\sum_{t=0}^{T-1} r_{t+1} | \pi_{\theta}] = E[r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + \dots + r_{\tau} | \pi_{\theta}]$$

b.
$$\theta' = \theta + \alpha \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta), \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta) = \text{Policy Gradient}$$

$$\nabla_{\theta} E[\sum_{t=0}^{T-1} r_{t+1} | \pi_{\theta}] = E_{\tau} \nabla_{\theta} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{T-1} log \pi_{\theta}(a_t | s_t) r_{t+1}\right]$$

$$\approx E_{\tau} \left[\nabla_{\theta} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} log \pi_{\theta}(a_t | s_t) G_t\right],$$

where
$$G_t = \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \gamma^t r_{t+1} = r_{t+1} + \gamma r_{t+2} + \gamma^2 r_{t+3} + \dots + \gamma^{T-1} r_T$$

Discounted $G_t \rightarrow 단순 보상의 합 발산 방지$

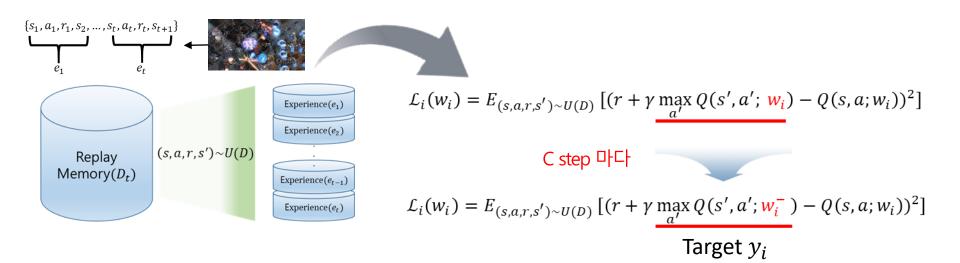
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Jupyter Notebook 실습

- Deep Q-Network
 - Weight update
 - a. Target network의 가중치는 매 C step마다 Train network의 가중치로 대체(C은 사용자 정의)
 - b. C번의 iteration동안 Q-함수 업데이트 시 Target 움직임 방지

Q-함수 업데이트
$$\nabla_{w_i} \mathcal{L}(w_i) = E[(r + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s', a', w_{i-1}) - Q(s, a, w_i)) \nabla_{w_i} Q(s, a, w_i)]$$



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감사합니다