

für Künstliche Intelligenz







GEFÖRDERT VOM

# Natural Language Processing

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- Introduction to Natural Language Processing
- Everyday NLP applications
- Main NLP tasks
- Main approaches in NLP
- Who is this course for
- The Course structure
- NLP terminology

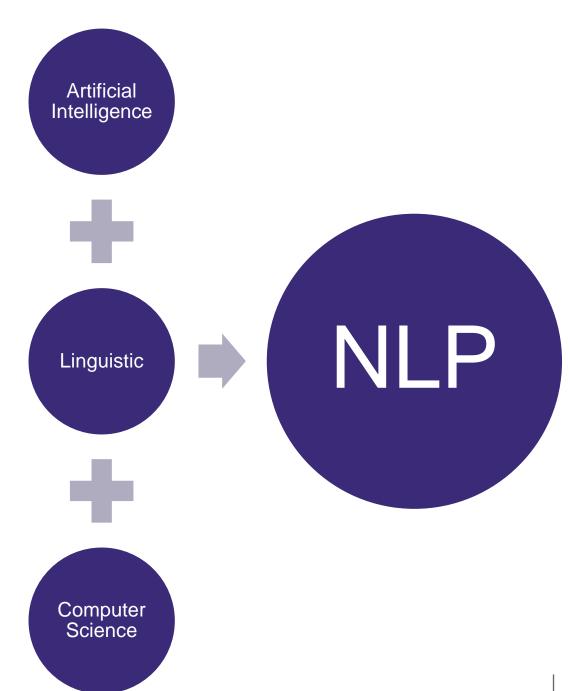


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#### Introduction to Natural Language Processing

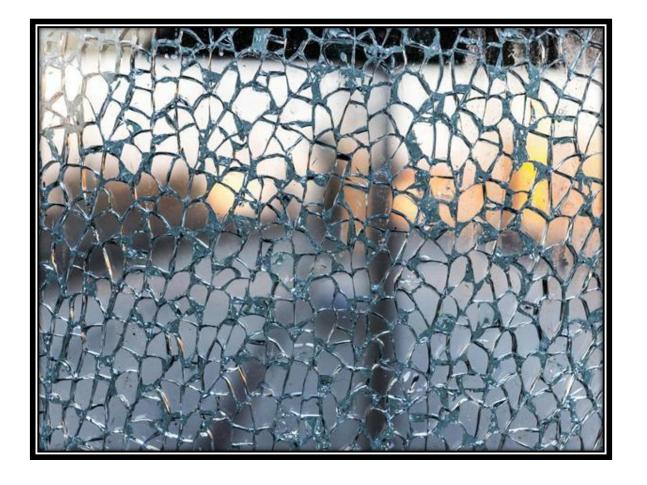
- Natural language processing (NLP) is a branch of artificial intelligence that helps computers to understand, interpret and generate human language
- Natural language processing helps computers communicate with humans in their own language
- Most NLP techniques rely on machine learning to derive *meaning* from *human languages*





The hammer hit the glass and it broke!

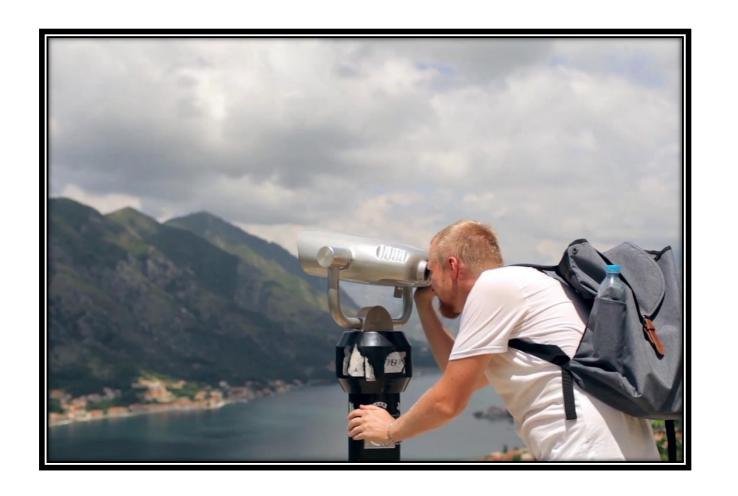






#### I saw someone on the hill with a telescope!







- Ambiguity in language
  - The rules that dictate the passing of information using natural languages are not easy for computers to understand
  - Sarcastic remark

That's just what I needed today!



- Ambiguity in language
  - The rules that dictate the passing of information using natural languages are not easy for computers to understand
  - Sarcastic remark
  - Multi meaning words

She will park the car so we can walk in the park.

The committee **chair** sat in the center **chair**.



- Ambiguity in language
  - The rules that dictate the passing of information using natural languages are not easy for computers to understand
  - Sarcastic remark
  - Multi meaning words
- The lexicon of a language is usually enormous
  - Oxford dictionary has 273,000 headwords; 171,476 of them being in current use
  - An average person has a vocabulary range of about 20,000 to 35,000



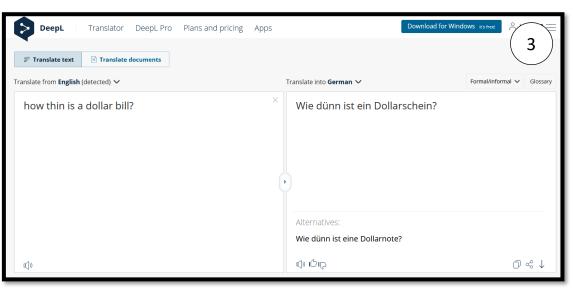
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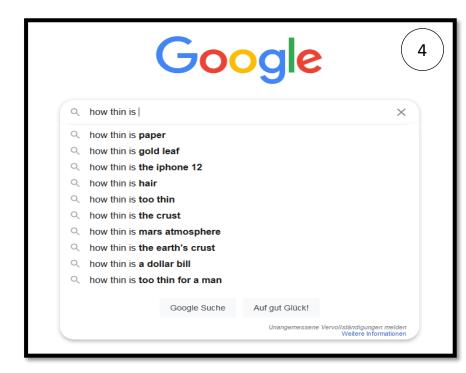


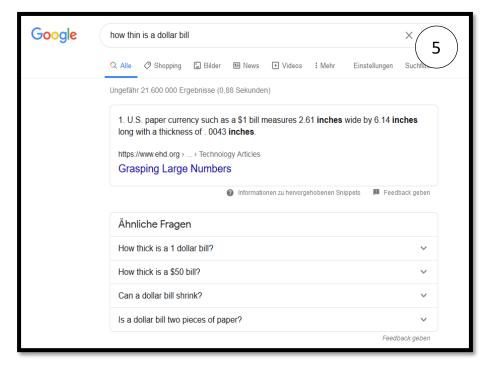
#### **Everyday NLP applications**

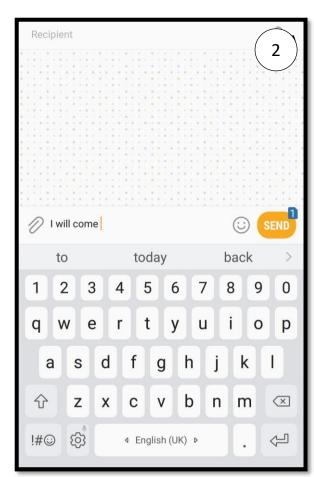
- Email filters (spam detection) (1)
- Faster typing (2)
- Language translation (3)
- Question answering (4)+(5)
- Smart assistant devices (6)















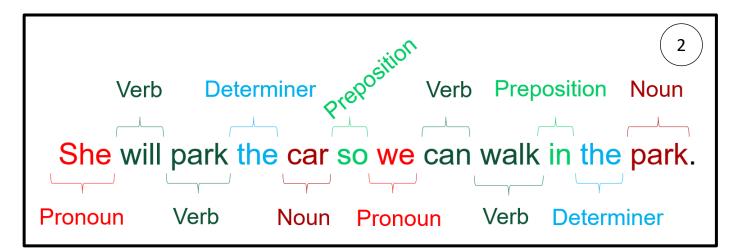
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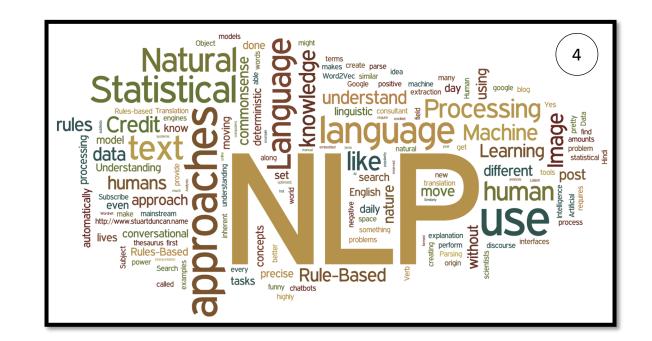
#### The main NLP tasks

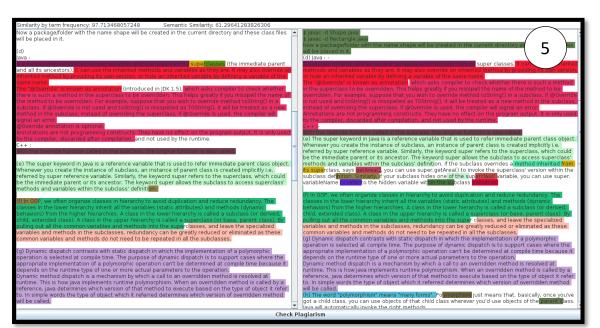
- Text classification (1)
- Parts of speech tagging (2)
- Sentiment analysis (3)
- Keyword extraction (4)
- Text similarity (5)







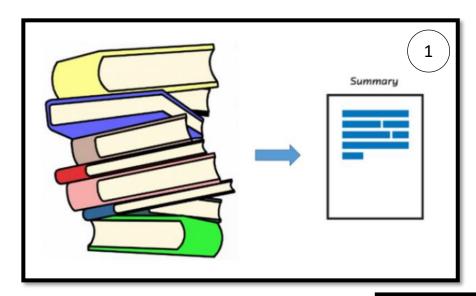




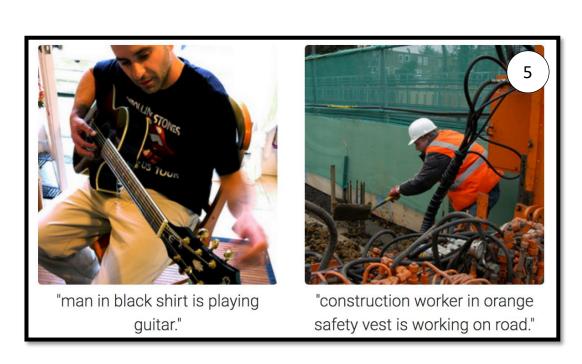


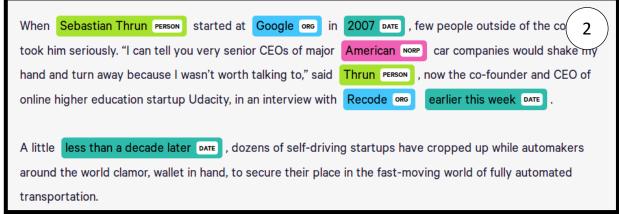
#### The main NLP tasks

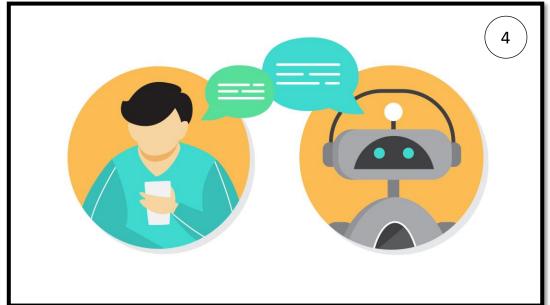
- Text summarization (1)
- Named entity recognition (NER) (2)
- Machine translation (3)
- Question answering (4)
- Image captioning (5)













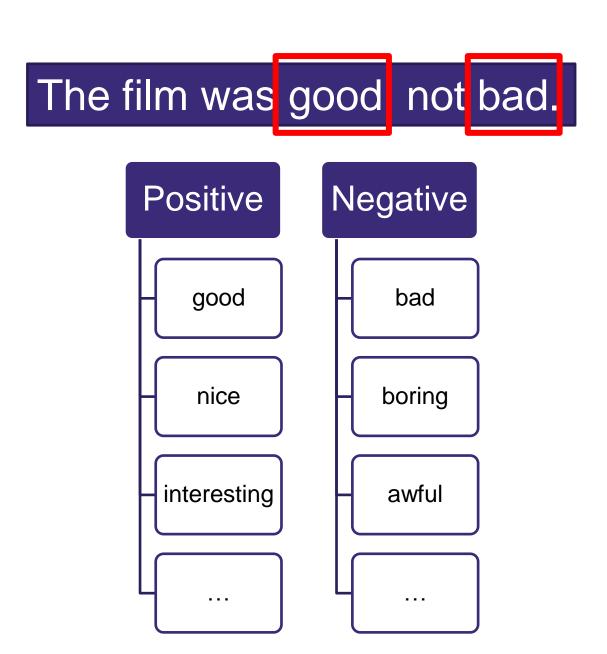
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- Rule based approaches
- Classical machine learning
- Deep learning

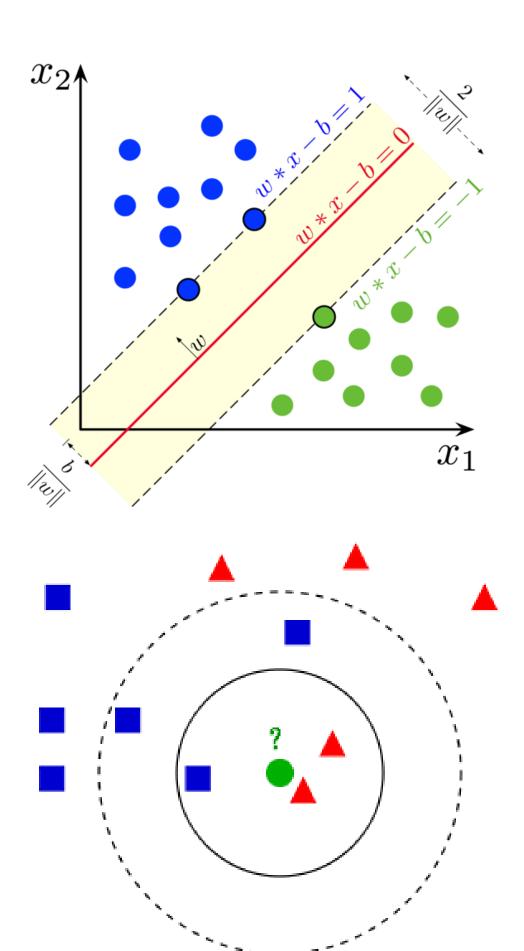


- Rule based approaches
  - Lack of enough accuracy



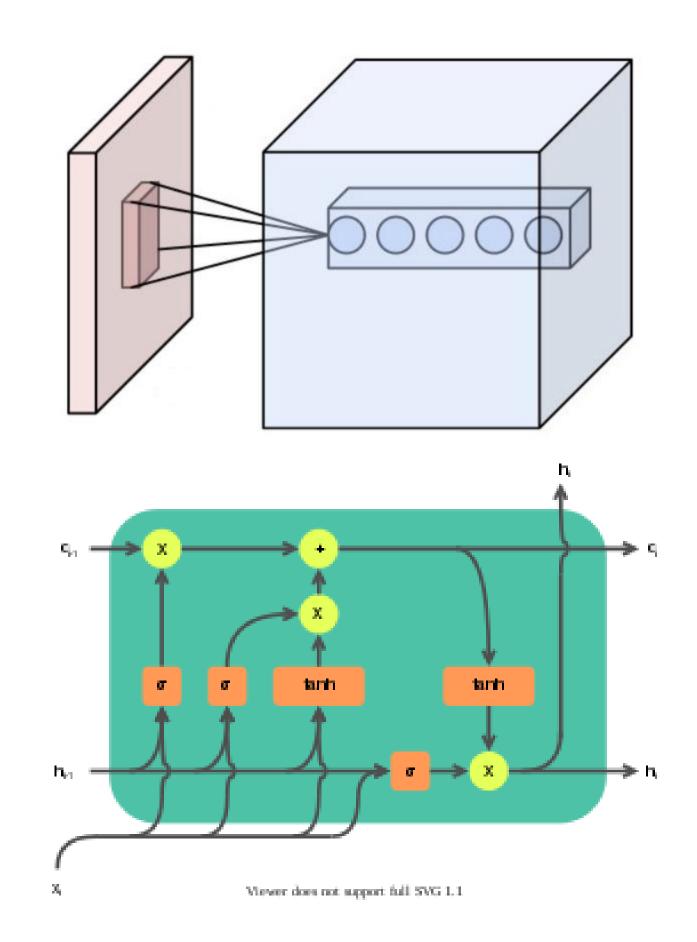


- Rule based approaches
  - Lack of enough accuracy
- Classical machine learning
  - Training data
  - Feature engineering
  - Training a model





- Rule based approaches
  - Lack of enough accuracy
- Classical machine learning
  - Training data
  - Feature engineering
  - Training a model
- Deep learning
  - More training data
  - Feature engineering is skipped
  - Training a model





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#### Who is this course for?

- Those who
  - don't want use NLP models as a black box
    - Review the state-of-the-art approaches
  - want to gain intuition for problem solving
    - you're asked to develop your own translation tool, what is the best approach
  - have a prior background on machine learning and deep learning



Supervised machine learning

Hidden layer

Backpropagation

softmax

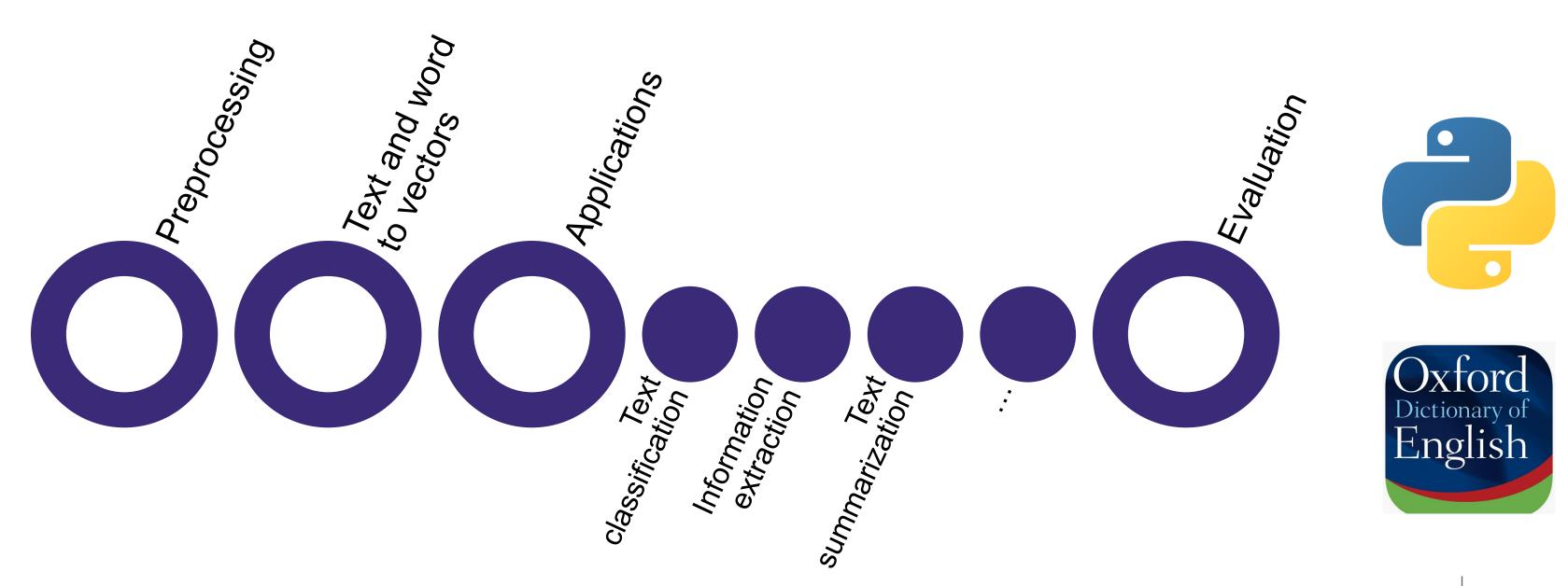
LSTM



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#### **The Course structure**



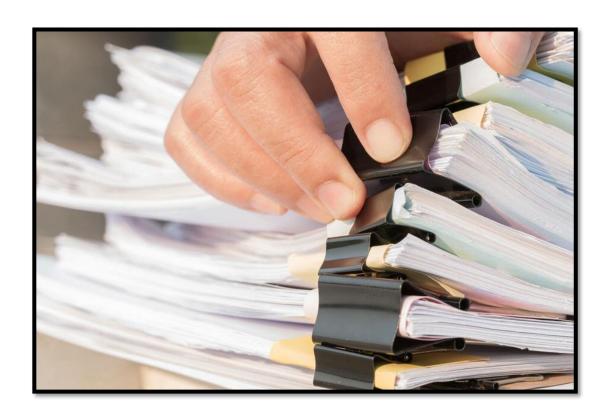


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#### **NLP terminology**

- Corpus (Plural: corpora)
  - A collection of text, usually contains several documents
    - Wikipedia articles
    - Collection of movies reviews
    - Internet comments
    - Collection of tweets
  - Corpora can be in a single language or multiple languages





#### **NLP terminology**

- Document
  - Document refers to a body of text in a corpus
    - A tweet in a twitter corpus
    - An email in a collection of emails
- Stop word
  - usually refers to the most common words in a language
    - Words like "the", "and", "a", "an", "in"



#### **NLP terminology**

- Vocabulary
  - The set of unique words used in the text corpus
    - Set of unique words which are used in all Wikipedia articles

- Out of Vocabulary (OOV)
  - Words that have not seen during the train, but in the test
  - We will encounter out of vocabulary terms when using our model for inference



# Thank you!

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