

Topic Models

June 26, 2022

1 Final Project - Movie Reviews Analysis

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2 Packages

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from tqdm.auto import tqdm
import pyLDAvis
import pyLDAvis.sklearn
import pyLDAvis.gensim_models
import spacy
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer, CountVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import NMF, TruncatedSVD, LatentDirichletAllocation
from spacy.lang.en.stop_words import STOP_WORDS as stopwords
from collections import Counter, defaultdict
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import LatentDirichletAllocation
from wordcloud import WordCloud
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=DeprecationWarning)

# Define function to display topics for the topic models (directly from BTAP_
↳repo)
def display_topics(model, features, no_top_words=5):
    for topic, words in enumerate(model.components_):
        total = words.sum()
        largest = words.argsort()[::-1] # invert sort order
        print("\nTopic %02d" % topic)
        for i in range(0, no_top_words):
            print("  %s (%2.2f)" % (features[largest[i]],
↳abs(words[largest[i]]*100.0/total)))
```

```

/home/jimmynguyen/anaconda3/envs/ads509/lib/python3.9/site-
packages/tqdm/auto.py:22: TqdmWarning: IProgress not found. Please update
jupyter and ipywidgets. See
https://ipywidgets.readthedocs.io/en/stable/user_install.html
    from .autonotebook import tqdm as notebook_tqdm

```

3 Prepare Data

```

[2]: # Read in the cleaned plot data
plot_data = pd.read_csv('Cleaned Plot Data.csv')
# View dataframe
plot_data.sample(5)

```

```

[2]:
          title  first_genre \
394      The Perfect One      drama
115  Father There Is Only One    comedy
1656 One Wish for Iran, Love Israel documentary
1817      One Hundred Steps documentary
913      The Lucky One    comedy

          cleaned_plot  imdb_rating
394  ['new', 'mother', 'dealing', 'postpartum', 'de...    5.6
115  ['family', 'father', 'discovers', 'hard', 'car...    6.0
1656 ['one', 'wish', 'iran', 'love', 'israel', 'hig...    NaN
1817 ['forty', 'years', 'frank', 'garfunkel', 'taug...    NaN
913  ['countryman', 'arrives', 'athens', 'make', 'b...    5.0

```

```

[3]: # Untokenize plot descriptions
plot_data['cleaned_plot'] = plot_data['cleaned_plot'].str.replace(r'[\w\s]', ' ',
    regex=True).str.strip()
plot_data['cleaned_plot'].sample(5)

```

```

[3]: 1806    sensitive portrait psychotic glamorous drugadd...
496    gold lion shiki offered alliance gol roger lat...
1734    modern day parable setting mail package proces...
903    early 1980s beginning would become 12yearlong ...
1620    wal junior meg get selected go france study la...
Name: cleaned_plot, dtype: object

```

```

[4]: # TF-IDF text vectorization
tfidf_text_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words=stopwords, min_df=3)
plot_data_tfidf = tfidf_text_vectorizer.fit_transform(plot_data["cleaned_plot"])
plot_data_tfidf.shape

```

```

[4]: (1828, 2414)

```

4 Topic Modeling

4.0.1 Non-Negative Matrix Factorization

```
[5]: # Non-Negative Matrix Factorization Model
plot_nmf_model = NMF(n_components=5, random_state=42)
W_text_matrix = plot_nmf_model.fit_transform(plot_data_tfidf)
H_text_matrix = plot_nmf_model.components_

# Show results of the topic model
display_topics(plot_nmf_model, tfidf_text_vectorizer.get_feature_names())
```

Topic 00

young (2.01)
man (1.94)
woman (1.49)
love (1.49)
girl (0.91)

Topic 01

documentary (3.88)
film (3.86)
short (1.53)
new (1.04)
making (0.77)

Topic 02

story (7.19)
tells (1.62)
based (1.29)
journey (1.11)
true (0.98)

Topic 03

life (7.42)
years (1.29)
art (0.85)
musician (0.70)
jokes (0.70)

Topic 04

day (8.09)
lives (1.51)
night (1.07)
peace (0.96)
city (0.86)

```
[6]: # Create document-topic dataframe and add genre column
def genre_by_topic(df):
    document_topic = pd.DataFrame(df)
    topic_genre = pd.concat([document_topic.idxmax(axis=1),
    plot_data['first_genre']], axis=1)
    topic_genre.columns = ['topic', 'genre']
    return topic_genre.groupby(['topic', 'genre']).size()
genre_by_topic(W_text_matrix)
```

```
[6]: topic  genre
0      action      68
      animation    52
      comedy     210
      documentary   92
      drama      210
1      action      20
      animation     28
      comedy      59
      documentary  313
      drama       31
2      action      28
      animation     31
      comedy      34
      documentary  124
      drama       68
3      action      11
      animation     16
      comedy      45
      documentary  120
      drama       71
4      action       5
      animation     18
      comedy      32
      documentary   94
      drama       48
dtype: int64
```

The NMF topic model appears to spread each genre around within each topic. Topic 0 has a higher concentration of drama and comedy. Topic 1 does appear to group documentary primarily, but the last 3 topics appear to just spread the top 3 genres around. It is difficult to determine which topic would match with which genre.

```
[7]: # display word cloud function
def wordcloud_topics(model, features, no_top_words=40):
    for topic, words in enumerate(model.components_):
        size = {}
        largest = words.argsort()[::-1] # invert sort order
```

#NMF Word Cloud for Review

[illegible]

new comedy film making classic
shorts season following musical rare takes stories
featuring interviews explores
american crew filmed
documentary
feature history people special
city short footage cast look
scenes world chronicle voice music live
york band director

approach wars little true star
old told come battle trying friends
war tells world baltic worlds
year joseph years team discover american different
eyes group game teenager jokes based set
youth journey drama screen 100 short
united

experience unique movies work career
jokes children decides mother times real old tv today 20 direction
joke musician portrait change
musical music dream america stage
art past north years
famous people world
legendary journey birthday college
live special follows
jos

de unanimous 1999 old years filmmaker
night lives
place school sweet
adoption launched
stories
community wake
project single new
peace british un date
documented inspired
year member international
states people
jeremy created
la race modern
silley mother
project

4.0.2 Latent Dirichlet Allocation

```
[8]: # Create Topics For LDA
count_para_vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop_words=stopwords, min_df=3)
count_para_vectors = count_para_vectorizer.
    ↪fit_transform(plot_data['cleaned_plot'])
lda_para_model = LatentDirichletAllocation(n_components=5, random_state=42)
W_lda_para_matrix = lda_para_model.fit_transform(count_para_vectors)
H_lda_para_matrix = lda_para_model.components_

display_topics(lda_para_model, count_para_vectorizer.get_feature_names())
```

Topic 00

film (1.26)
world (1.23)
documentary (1.02)
love (0.92)
girl (0.66)

Topic 01

life (2.30)
film (1.18)
new (1.14)
world (0.98)
story (0.88)

Topic 02

young (1.25)
man (1.21)
night (0.94)
story (0.68)
lives (0.63)

Topic 03

story (1.48)
man (0.92)
film (0.92)
life (0.85)
years (0.84)

Topic 04

young (1.19)
woman (1.03)
man (0.93)
love (0.78)
life (0.74)


```
[9]: # Compare LDA topic modeling to original genres
genre_by_topic(W_lda_para_matrix)
```

```
[9]: topic  genre
0      action      18
      animation    33
      comedy       53
      documentary  179
      drama        56
1      action      31
      animation    21
      comedy       61
      documentary  221
      drama        83
2      action      28
      animation    49
      comedy      100
      documentary   85
      drama       104
3      action      19
      animation    16
      comedy       78
      documentary  171
      drama        91
4      action      36
      animation    26
      comedy       88
      documentary   87
      drama        94
dtype: int64
```

Once again, it appears the genres are spread across topics. Each genre has one topic where there is a slightly higher concentration, but overall there is a fairly even distribution across groups.

```
[10]: lda_display = pyLDAvis.sklearn.prepare(lda_para_model, count_para_vectors,
count_para_vectorizer, sort_topics=False)
pyLDAvis.display(lda_display)
```

```
/home/jimmynguyen/anaconda3/envs/ads509/lib/python3.9/site-
packages/past/builtins/misc.py:45: DeprecationWarning: the imp module is
deprecated in favour of importlib; see the module's documentation for
alternative uses
```

```
from imp import reload
```

```
/home/jimmynguyen/anaconda3/envs/ads509/lib/python3.9/site-
packages/past/builtins/misc.py:45: DeprecationWarning: the imp module is
deprecated in favour of importlib; see the module's documentation for
alternative uses
```

```
from imp import reload
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```

from imp import reload
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packages/past/builtins/misc.py:45: DeprecationWarning: the imp module is
deprecated in favour of importlib; see the module's documentation for
alternative uses
    from imp import reload

```

```
[11]: #LDA Word Cloud for Review
wordcloud_topics(lda_para_model, count_para_vectorizer.get_feature_names())
```



life
documentary
film
story
new
work
year
help
team
old
explores
center
school
lost
war
north
change
group
love
time
people
months
art
social
dream
day
town
city
woman
america
past
lives
years

young
man
night
story
love
friends
life
father
star
time
documentary
live
crew
day
town
small
characters
find
takes
people
special
girls
car
trying
girl
help
stories
way
world
married
lives
woman
pirates
marriage
hes



3. Train the models on shorter descriptions (Currently accuracy with less words is down)
4. Create a model that can work for longer plot descriptions that way if a movie writer was unsure of the genre of their future film they can put the entire plot into the application and then it will give them an accurate genre

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