

if/let assignment  $\rightarrow$  individual

lambdas in other languages

globals in Python

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(if #t 3 5)  $\Rightarrow$  3

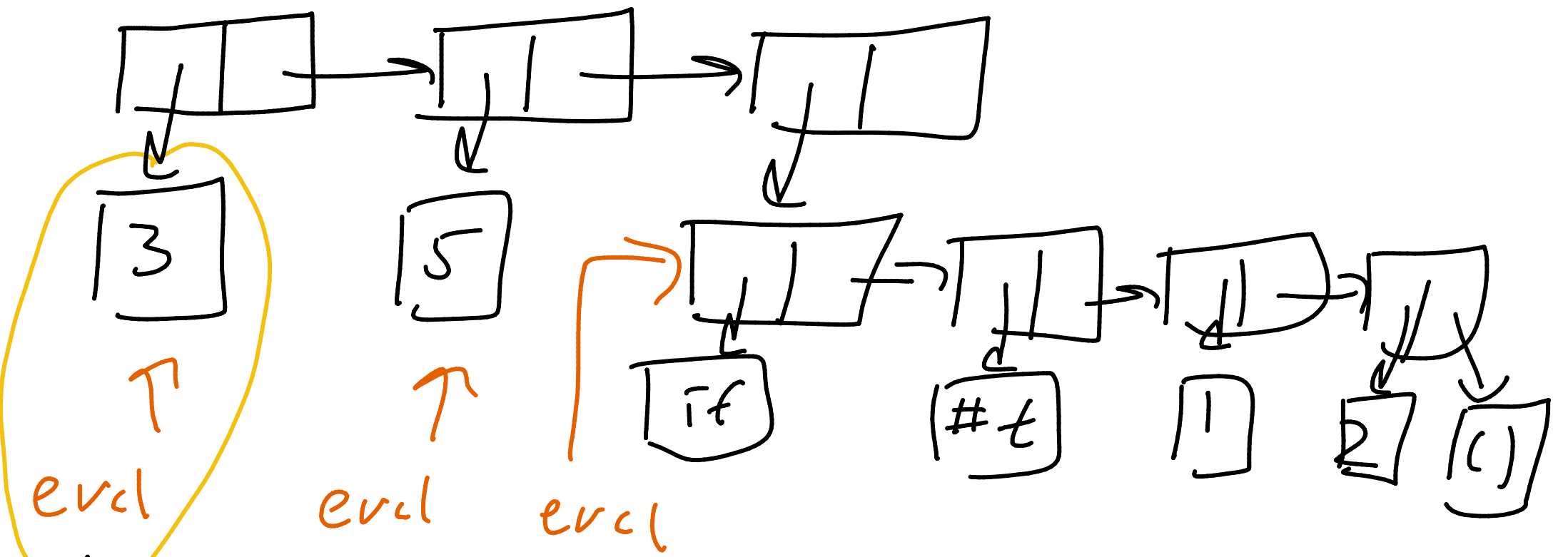
(let ((x 3) (y 5))  
x)

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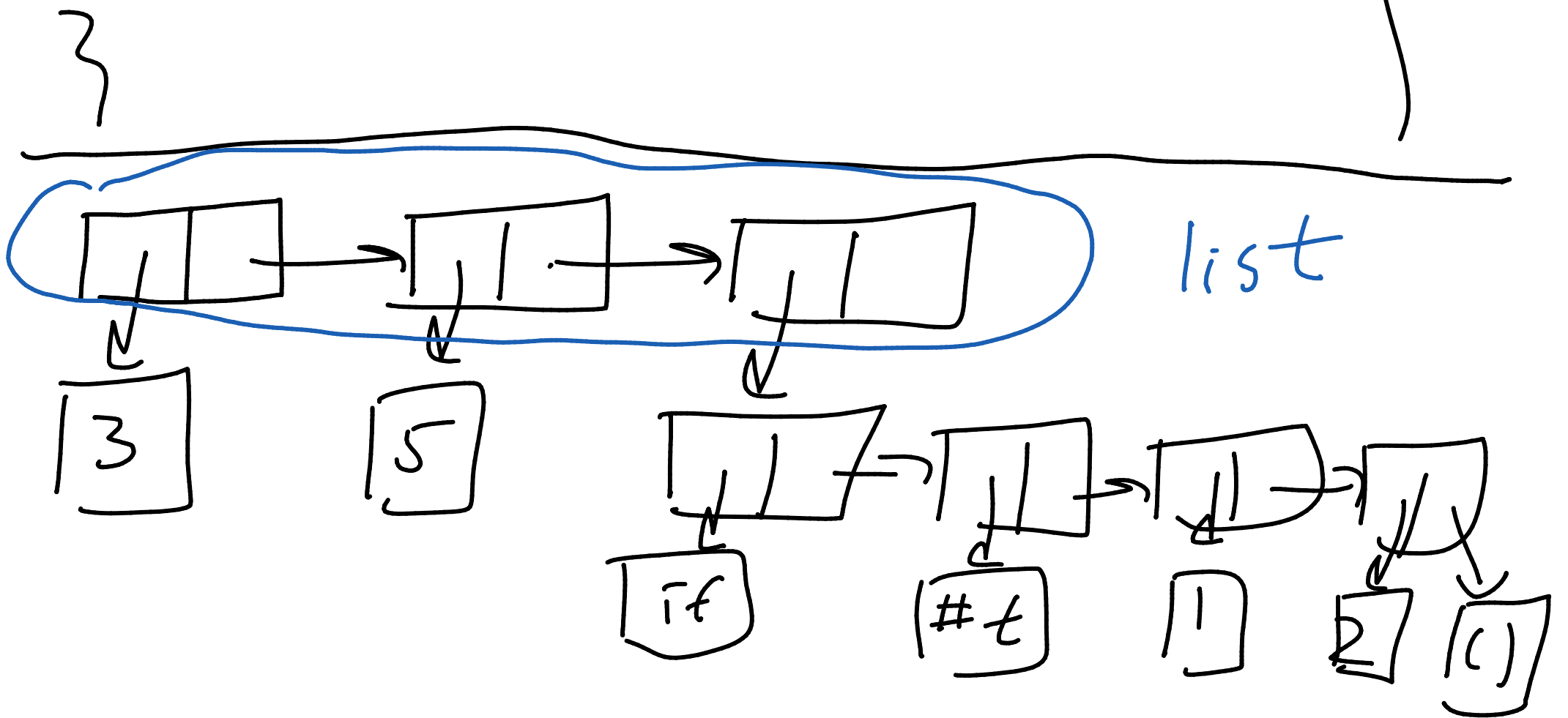
3

5

(if #t 1 2)



loop over top list {  
 eval each expr inside



Counting evals      eval, because  
cond is true

(if #t 3 4) ✓

eval whole expr ✓

eval condition ✓

it does "short-circuit" evaluation  
- doesn't eval both exprs that  
follow

when the cond is #t,  
evaluate the first following

.....

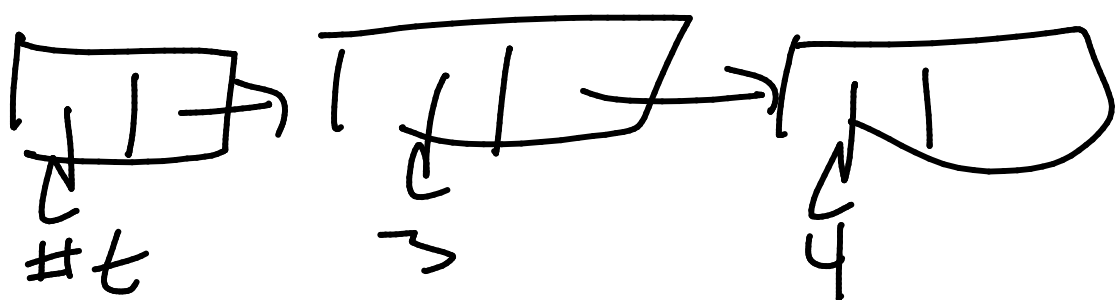
#t

.....

second

⇒ evals

Q: eval If gets a list that looks like



← just a list (instead  
of params

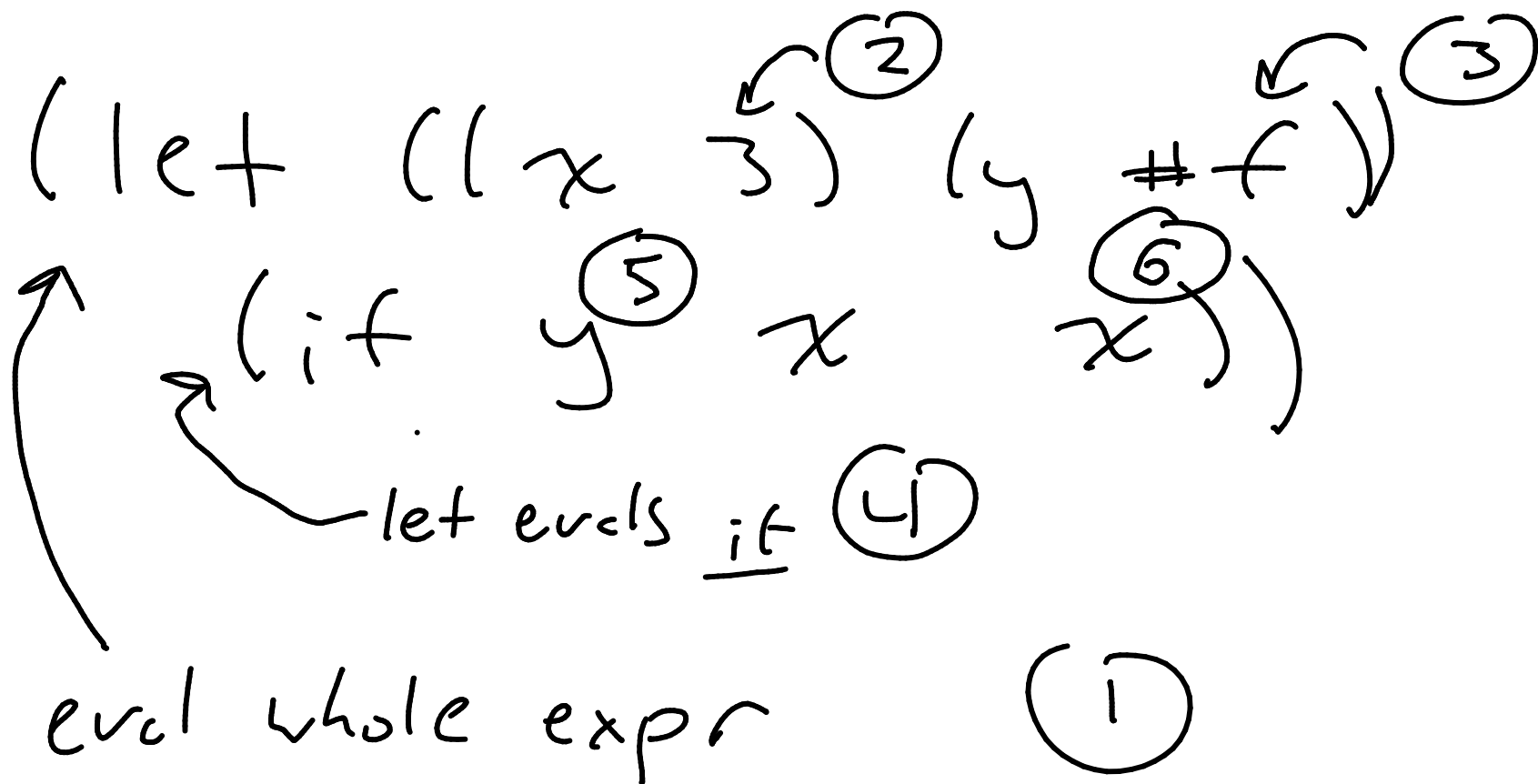
Q: don't I eval the cons type on top?

No, because I am not treating that as a Scheme expr of its own to be evaluated

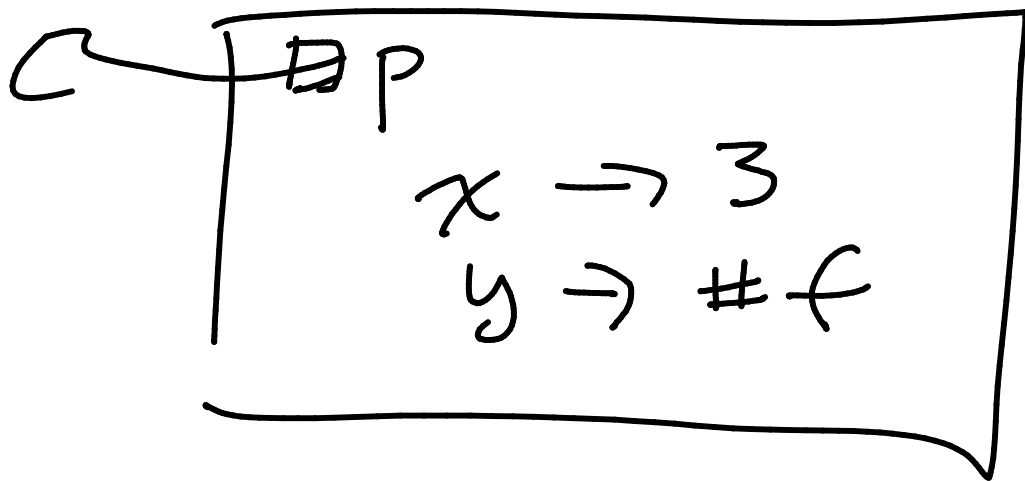
If I did, that's evaluating

(#t 3 4)

→ wrong type to apply  
error

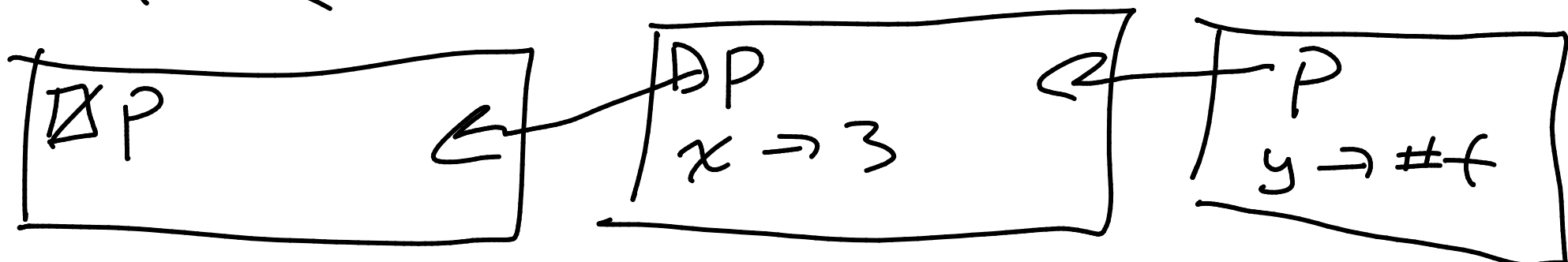


let creates a frame



$(\text{let } (x \ 3))$   
 $(\text{let } (y \ \#f))$   
 $(\text{if } y \ x \ x))$

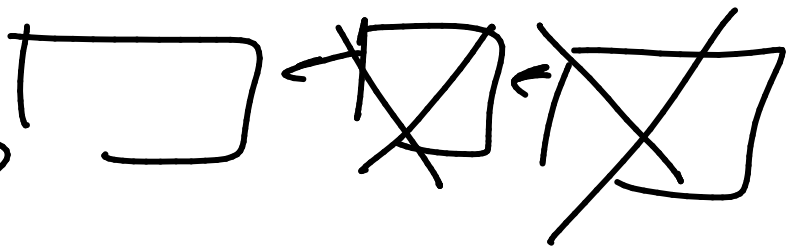
global frame



(let ((x 3))

(let ((y #f))

(if y x x)))



(let ((z 9))

(if #t z 0)))



2 frames active in  
second if

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Q: multiple exprs?

A: yes

(let ((x 3))

(set! x 7)

(+ x 3))