

Why are side effects potentially problematic?

Python

list 1 = [3, 2, 1]

list 2 = list 1

millions of lines of code

list 2.sort()

print(list 1)

→ [1, 2, 3]

Confusion, pain.

[1, 2, 3]

list 1 → ~~[3, 2, 1]~~

list 2 →

$x = 3$

def doit():

$x = 8$

doit()

print(x)

ugly

$x = 3$

(pseudocode)

def doit1():

modify x to 8

def doit2():

modify x to 10

do_in_parallel(doit1, doit2)

print(x)

unpredictable
output!

side effects
are the
problems

C!

Lower level than Scheme

Imperative (mostly), mostly not functional

Not object-oriented

What is an assignment statement?

$x = 7$

Two different models that describe what this means.

Different languages use different models.

Reference model (Python, Scheme,
Java objects)

$x = 7$

Java objects)

" x is a reference, or a label,
or an association with the 7"

$y = x$

$x \rightarrow 7$

" y is associated w/ the same
data that x is"

$y \nearrow$

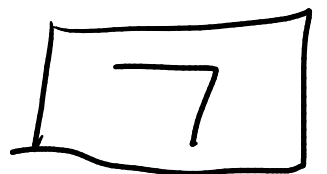
Value model (C, Java primitives)

$x = 7$

" x is the name of a container
that holds a 7"

$y = x$

x

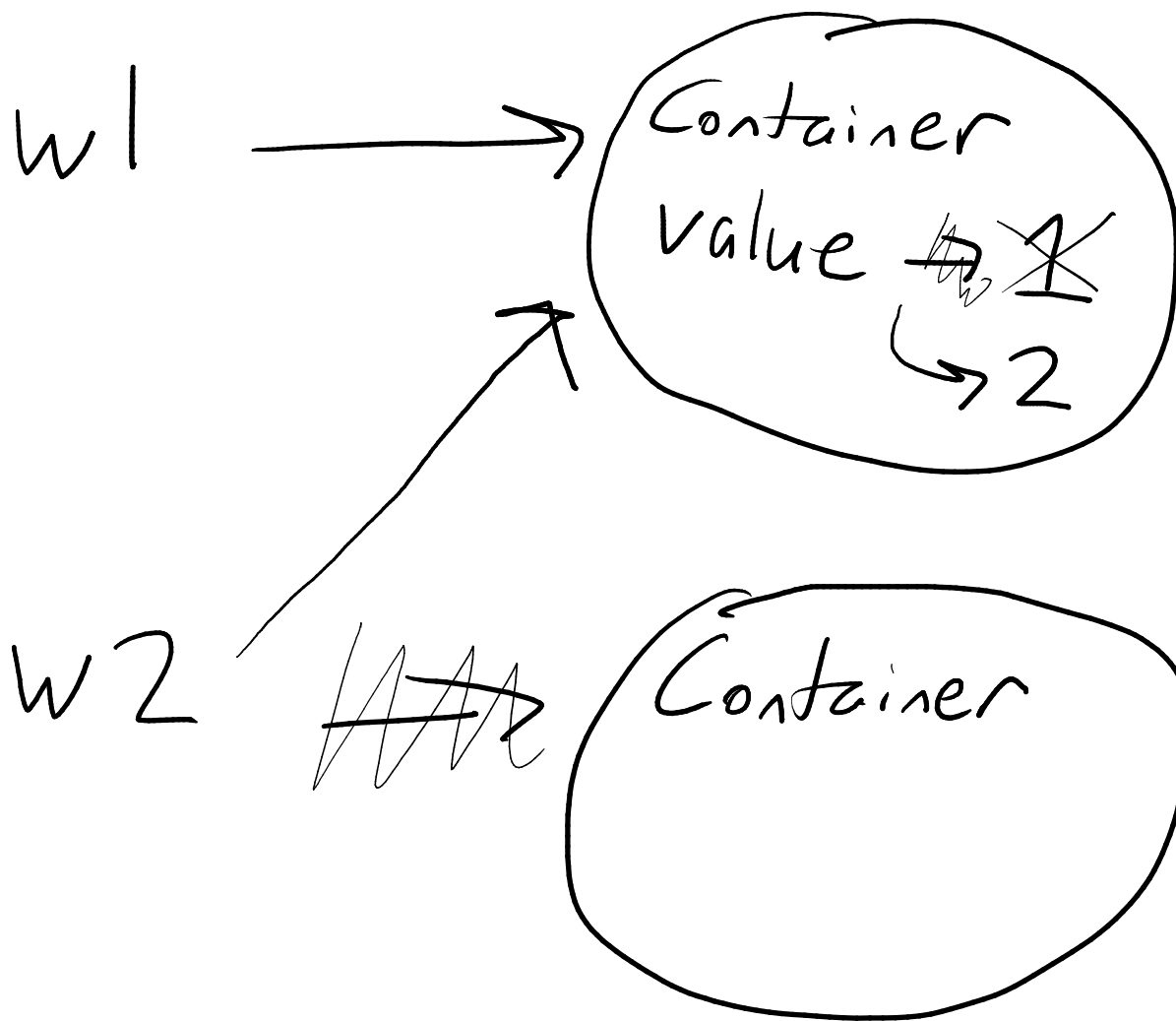


"copies the data in container x
to container y "

y



Python container example



`x` → 1

`y` ~~→ 1~~ → 2

(after class)

`x = 1`

`y = x`

`x = 2`

`print(y)`

`x` → 2
~~→ 1~~
`y` →

