

Module: CMP-5015Y Programming 2

Assignment: Summative Coursework 2 - Offline Movie Database

Set by: Dr Gavin Cawley (g.cawley@uea.ac.uk)

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Value: 20%

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Submission: evision

Learning outcomes

The aim of this assignment is for the student to gain experience in the design and implementation of a relatively simple application in the C++ programming language. On successful completion of this exercise, the student will have reinforced a basic understanding of the concepts of classes and objects and will be familiar with the basic syntax of C++ programming constructs used to implement classes (including operator overloading) and have experience with streambased I/O. The student will also have opportunities to explore more advanced elements of the C++ programming language, such as templates and lambdas.

Specification

Overview

You are required to implement and test a C++ program to load the details of a collection of films (or "movies", both terms may be used interchangeably) from a file, films.txt (available from BlackBoard), and provide answers to a small set of simple database queries. All questions regarding the specifications **must** be asked via the appropriate discussion board on the module volume on BlackBoard.

Description

The file films.txt, available on BlackBoard, contains information describing a number of movies, including the title, the year in which it was released, the certificate, (e.g. "R" or "PG-13", indicative of the audience for which the film is considered suitable), the *genres* describing the film, its duration (in minutes) and the average ratings supplied by users. The program must load the information in this file into an appropriate collection of objects, so that database queries could be answered without re-reading the file. The program must consist of at least the following three modules:

• Movie.h and Movie.cpp - A Movie object describes the information stored about a particular film, such that there will be a separate Movie object for each film held in the database. The class should have a suitable collection of constructors, accessor methods etc. and the stream I/O and relational operators should be implemented.

- MovieDatabase.h and MovieDatabase.cpp A collection of Movie objects, one for each film described in the data file. The class should provide overloaded I/O operators for reading the data from file and displaying the database on the terminal and for answering the database queries. Rather than writing a program that only implements the current specifications, we should write maintainable programs that are easily extended to answer a variety of database queries, without writing a lot of extra code (i.e. methods that answer generic queries are better than methods that answer very specific queries).
- main.cpp This module contains the main function and uses the services provided by Movie and MovieDatabase to answer the required database queries. This should provide an easily understood top-level view of what the program actually does, without going into unnecessary detail of how it is done (which is abstracted away by the use of classes, as explained in the lectures on CMP-4008Y and CMP-5015Y).

The main function must perform the following tasks:

- 1. Read in the database from the file films.txt, using the relative path "films.txt", provided via BlackBoard (when using CLion, the program will expect to find the file in the cmake-build-debug directory). This is necessary to ensure that the program runs correctly using PASS.
- 2. Display the entire collection of movies, arranged in chronological order. The movies must be displayed in the same format in which they appear in films.txt.
- 3. Display the third longest Film-Noir.
- 4. Display the eighth most recent UNRATED film.
- 5. Display the film with the longest title.

Deciding the appropriate set of methods and functions for each module is an important element of the assignment, and sufficient thought to these design issues should be made *before* commencing implementation.

Hints

- Tackle the problem one module at a time (I would start with Movie.h and Movie.cpp and have it more or less finished and tested before moving on to MovieDatabase.h and MovieDatabase.cpp and then construct main.cpp from the components already constructed). Note this is an example of "top-down design, bottom-up implementation", as discussed in the lectures on CMP-4008Y.
- For each module, it is a good idea to work out which interface methods and functions the module should implement in order to provide the services required by main.cpp before starting to code. If implementing the module proves unduly difficult, that is often because the design is incorrect.
- Classes should be used to provide *abstraction* and *encapsulation* (i.e. data should be made available on a "need to know" basis).
- Make sure you have a good idea of what you have to do *before* you start to write the code, and separate the task of working out what you want the computer to do from the task of how to tell the computer to do it.

- It is important to test each module of the program in isolation. Don't write all three modules and expect them all to work together first time. Bugs are often more easily detected and removed at module level, rather than systems level. Each module should have a test-harness.
- Implementation of MovieDatabase requires the use of a vector (or similar data structure), however Movie can be implemented and tested using material already covered on this module.

Relationship to formative assessment

This assignment is essentially a re-implementation of the off-line movie database in Java coursework from CMP-4008Y and in C as a formative coursework on this module. This gives an opportunity to explore the differences and similarities between Java, C and C++ on the same task. This will reveal some of the advantages and disadvantages of each language and the progression of ideas in the development of this family of programming languages.

Deliverables

Your solution must be formatted using the PASS program, available on all laboratory machines, to produce a PDF file containing the source code of the program, the compiler messages (if any) and the output of the program. You are required to check the .pdf file before you submit it to ensure that it has formatted your code correctly and that your program gives the correct output when executed by PASS. The PDF must then be submitted via evision. Your solution will only be marked if it has been submitted via evision. Make sure you both upload and submit your solution on evision (and check that it has been submitted successfully).

We strongly recommend that the student also uploads this .pdf file (or alternatively a .zip file containing the source code for your program) to BlackBoard. There may be some issues that are not easily resolved using only the printed code listing, and the markers may wish to compile and run the program for themselves. This may affect the mark awarded either positively (by reassuring the marker that the code executes correctly and efficiently) or negatively (for instance because the code does not execute correctly or is inefficient). The code uploaded to BlackBoard does not constitute submission of the coursework, which will not be marked unless it has been officially submitted via evision.

The PASS program is not able to provide input to your program via the keyboard, so programs with a menu system, or which expect user input of some kind are not compatible with PASS. Design your program to operate correctly without user input from the keyboard.

If you develop your solution on a computer other than the laboratory machines, make sure that you leave time to test it properly with PASS, in case of any unforseen portability issues. If your program works correctly under CLion on the lab machines, but does not operate correctly using PASS, then it is likely that the data file (films.txt) you are using has become corrupted in some way. PASS downloads a fresh version of the file to test your submission, so this is perhaps the most likely explanation.

Resources

- https://stackoverflow.com/ An excellent site for finding information about specific issues relating to various programming languages, including C++. It is important however not to become too reliant on sites such as StackOverflow, which are great for details, but don't give the "big picture", so it is difficult to get a good understanding of programming in this way. Note that if you re-use or modify code found on-line, then you must provide a comment giving the URL and a brief explanation of what modifications have been made. Re-using code found on-line without proper attribution would constitute plagiarism.
- https://en.cppreference.com/w/ a website providing reference material on C++ and its libraries.
- http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/ another website providing reference material on C++ and its libraries.

If you become stuck, please do feel free to discuss problems with the teaching assistants during scheduled laboratory hours, or contact me via email (g.cawley@uea.ac.uk) for assistance outside lab hours. However, questions relating to the specifications will *only* be answered if asked via the discussion forum on BlackBoard.

Plagiarism and Collusion

StackOverflow and other similar forums (such as the module discussion board) are valuable resources for learning and completing formative work. However, for assessed work such as this assignment, you may not post questions relating to coursework solutions in such forums. Using code from other sources/written by others without acknowledgement is plagiarism, which is not allowed (General Regulation 18).

Marking Scheme

Marks will be awarded according to the proportion of the specifications successfully implemented, programming style (indentation, good choice of identifiers, commenting etc.), and appropriate use of programming constructs. It is not sufficient that the program merely generates the correct output. Professional programmers are required to produce maintainable code that is easy for *others* to understand, easy to debug when (rather than "if") bug reports are received and easy to extend. Relatively few marks are therefore assigned to correct operation in the marking scheme. The code needs to be modular, where each module has a well-defined interface to the rest of the program. The function of the modules should be made as generic as possible, so that it not only solves the problem specified today, but can easily me modified or extended to cater for future developments in the specification without undue cost. The code should be reasonably efficient. Marks may also be awarded for correct use of more advanced programming constructs or techniques not covered in the lectures. Students are expected to investigate the facilities provided by the C++ standard libraries.

- Movie.h and Movie.cpp demonstrating basic grasp of implementing simple classes in C++ and stream-based I/O using operator overloading. Potential for use of enumerations. [40 marks]
- MovieDatabase.h and MovieDatabase.cpp demonstrating use of generic containers/algorithms from the STL, potential for use of lambda's etc. [30 marks]

- main.cpp
 - Quality of implementation. [10 marks]
 - Task #1 Sort the movies in ascending order of release date and display on console.
 [5 marks]
 - Task #2 Display the third longest Film-Noir. [5 marks]
 - Task #3 Display the tenth shortest Sci-Fi movie. [5 marks]
 - Task #4 Display the movie with the longest title. [5 marks]

Note that this assignment is intended to assess C++ programming skills; while most C programs are also valid C++ programs, solutions using a C programming style will attract low marks (as they would not demonstrate skills not already covered by the formative course work).