# 1.Import necessary packages

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

#### 2.Load the file

```
In [4]: income_df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\NAVEEN\OneDrive\Desktop\fds&ai\Sept clss\10th, 11th- Intro to Stats, Descriptive Statincome_df
```

Highest_Qualified_Member	Annual_HH_Income	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	No_of_Fly_Members	Mthly_HH_Expense	Mthly_HH_Income	ut[4]:
Under-Graduate	64200	2000	3	8000	5000	0
Illiterate	79920	3000	2	7000	6000	1
Under-Graduate	112800	0	2	4500	10000	2
Illiterate	97200	0	1	2000	10000	3
Graduate	147000	3000	2	12000	12500	4
Graduate	196560	0	2	8000	14000	5
Post-Graduate	167400	35000	3	16000	15000	6
Graduate	216000	8000	5	20000	18000	7
Under-Graduate	218880	0	2	9000	19000	8
Under-Graduate	220800	0	4	9000	20000	9
Under-Graduate	278400	8000	4	18000	20000	10
Illiterate	279840	12000	6	25000	22000	11
Illiterate	292032	0	3	5000	23400	12
Graduate	316800	0	6	10500	24000	13
Graduate	244800	0	4	10000	24000	14
Graduate	246000	0	3	12300	25000	15
Graduate	261000	3500	3	20000	25000	16
Under-Graduate	258000	0	6	10000	25000	17
Graduate	348000	2000	2	6600	29000	18
Graduate	385200	0	4	13000	30000	19
Under-Graduate	351360	5000	5	25000	30500	20

Professiona

	Mthly_HH_Income	Mthly_HH_Expense	No_of_Fly_Members	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	Annual_HH_Income	Highest_Qualified_Member
22	34000	19000	6	0	330480	Professiona
23	34000	25000	3	4000	469200	Professiona
24	35000	12000	3	0	466200	Graduate
25	35000	25000	4	0	449400	Professiona
26	39000	8000	4	0	556920	Under-Graduate
27	40000	10000	4	0	412800	Under-Graduate
28	42000	15000	4	0	488880	Graduate
29	43000	12000	4	0	619200	Graduate
30	45000	25000	6	0	523800	Graduate
31	45000	40000	6	3500	507600	Professiona
32	45000	10000	2	1000	437400	Post-Graduate
33	45000	22000	4	2500	610200	Post-Graduate
34	46000	25000	5	3500	596160	Graduate
35	47000	15000	7	0	456840	Professiona
36	50000	20000	4	0	570000	Professiona
37	50500	20000	3	0	581760	Professiona
38	55000	45000	6	12000	600600	Graduate
39	60000	10000	3	0	590400	Post-Graduate
40	60000	50000	6	10000	590400	Graduate
41	65000	20000	4	5000	647400	Illiterate
42	70000	9000	2	0	756000	Graduate
43	80000	20000	4	0	1075200	Graduate

	Mthly_HH_Income	Mthly_HH_Expense	No_of_Fly_Members	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	Annual_HH_Income	Highest_Qualified_Member
44	85000	25000	5	0	1142400	Under-Graduate
45	90000	48000	7	0	885600	Post-Graduate
46	98000	25000	5	0	1152480	Professiona
47	100000	30000	6	0	1404000	Graduate
48	100000	50000	4	20000	1032000	Professiona
49	100000	40000	6	10000	1320000	Post-Graduate

]: in	come_df.head()					
	Mthly_HH_Income	Mthly_HH_Expense	No_of_Fly_Members	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	Annual_HH_Income	Highest_Qualified_Member
0	5000	8000	3	2000	64200	Under-Graduate
1	6000	7000	2	3000	79920	Illiterate
2	10000	4500	2	0	112800	Under-Graduate
3	10000	2000	1	0	97200	Illiterate
4	12500	12000	2	3000	147000	Graduate
4						<b>•</b>

# 3. Analyze the data

In [7]: income\_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 50 entries, 0 to 49
Data columns (total 7 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Mthly_HH_Income	50 non-null	int64
1	Mthly_HH_Expense	50 non-null	int64
2	No_of_Fly_Members	50 non-null	int64
3	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	50 non-null	int64
4	Annual_HH_Income	50 non-null	int64
5	<pre>Highest_Qualified_Member</pre>	50 non-null	object
6	No_of_Earning_Members	50 non-null	int64

dtypes: int64(6), object(1)
memory usage: 2.9+ KB

In [8]: income\_df.shape

Out[8]: (50, 7)

In [9]: income\_df.describe().T

Out[9]:

		count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
	Mthly_HH_Income	50.0	41558.00	26097.908979	5000.0	23550.0	35000.0	50375.0	100000.0
١	Mthly_HH_Expense	50.0	18818.00	12090.216824	2000.0	10000.0	15500.0	25000.0	50000.0
N	lo_of_Fly_Members	50.0	4.06	1.517382	1.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	7.0
	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	50.0	3060.00	6241.434948	0.0	0.0	0.0	3500.0	35000.0
	Annual_HH_Income	50.0	490019.04	320135.792123	64200.0	258750.0	447420.0	594720.0	1404000.0
No_of	_Earning_Members	50.0	1.46	0.734291	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	4.0

In [10]: income\_df.isna().any()

```
Out[10]: Mthly_HH_Income False
Mthly_HH_Expense False
No_of_Fly_Members False
Emi_or_Rent_Amt False
Annual_HH_Income False
Highest_Qualified_Member False
No_of_Earning_Members False
dtype: bool
```

No null values in the dataset

#### 4. What is the Mean Expense of a Household?

```
In [13]: income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].mean()
Out[13]: 18818.0
```

## 5. What is the Median Household Expense?

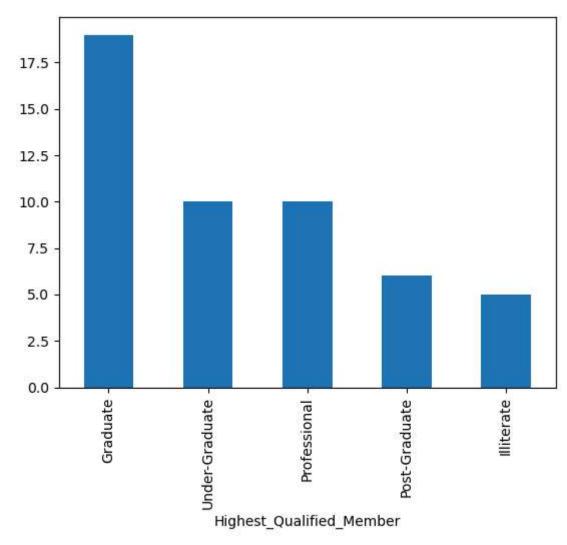
```
In [15]: income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].median()
Out[15]: 15500.0
```

### 6. What is the Monthly Expense for most of the Households?

# 7.Plot the Histogram to count the Highest qualified member

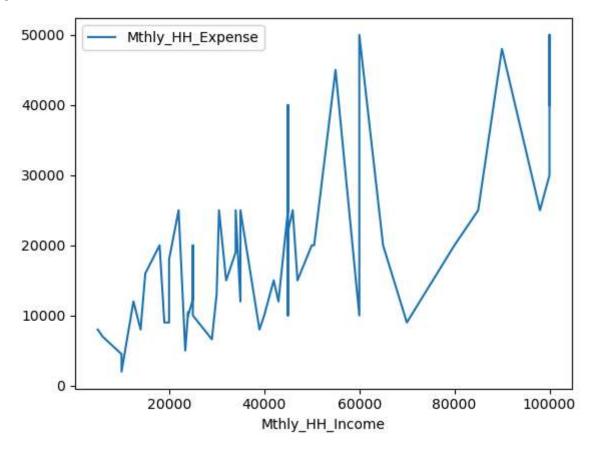
```
In [19]: income_df["Highest_Qualified_Member"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar")
```

Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='Highest\_Qualified\_Member'>



#### 8. Calculate IQR (difference between 75% and 25% quartile)

Out[21]: **15000.0** 



#### 9. Calculate Standard Deviation for first 4 columns.

Out[23]:		Mthly_HH_Income	Mthly_HH_Expense	No_of_Fly_Members	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	Annual_HH_Income
	0	26097.908979	12090.216824	1.517382	6241.434948	320135.792123

#### 10. Calculate Variance for first 3 columns.

In [25]:	<pre>pd.DataFrame(income_df.iloc[:,0:4].var().to_frame()).T</pre>					
Out[25]:		Mthly_HH_Income	Mthly_HH_Expense	No_of_Fly_Members	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	
	0	6.811009e+08	1.461733e+08	2.302449	3.895551e+07	

### 11. Calculate the count of Highest qualified member.

In [30]:	income_df["Highest_Qualified_Member"].value_counts().to_frame().T					
Out[30]:	Highest_Qualified_Member	Graduate	Under-Graduate	Professional	Post-Graduate	Illiterate
	count	19	10	10	6	5

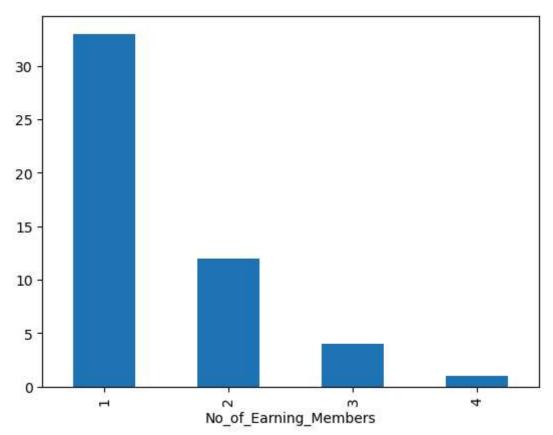
### 11. Calculate the count of Highest qualified member.

```
In [39]: income_df["Highest_Qualified_Member"].value_counts().to_frame().T
Out[39]: Highest_Qualified_Member Graduate Under-Graduate Professional Post-Graduate Illiterate

count 19 10 10 6 5
```

# 12.Plot the Histogram to count the No\_of\_Earning\_Members

Out[42]: <Axes: xlabel='No\_of\_Earning\_Members'>



13. Suppose you have option to invest in Stock A or Stock B. The stocks • have different expected returns and standard deviations. The expected return of Stock A is 15% and Stock B is 10%. Standard Deviation of the returns of these stocks is 10% and 5% respectively.

```
In [48]: #Here we need to calculate the coeff of variation
         Coeff_of_var_StockA=10/15
         print(Coeff_of_var_StockA)
         Coeff_of_var_StockB=5/10
         print(Coeff_of_var_StockB)
       0.5
In [ ]:
```