

Informe Paralelos 2

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Resumen En el presente informe se detalla la tarea de implementacion de algoritmos

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Introduccion

Los trabajos realizados en el presente informe se han desarrollado con la libreria MPI, para ello se implemento algoritmos como trapezoide y la funcion sort para poder arreglar la informacion.

1. Trapezoide

En el presente caso se detalla la funcion trapezoide realizada

1.1. Implementacion de Trapezoide

Mostramos a continuacion una pequeña muestra que se hizo.

```
include <stdio.h>include <mpi.h>
double Trap(double leftendpt, doublerightendpt, inttrapcount, doublebaselen)doubleestimate, x; inti;
estimate = (leftendpt + rightendpt)/2,0; for(i = 1; i < trapcount - 1; ++
i)x = leftendpt + i * baselen; estimate += x; estimate = estimate*baselen; returnestimate;
```

```

int main(void) int my_rank, comm_sz, n = 1024, local_n; double a = 0.0, b =
3, 0, h, local_a, local_b; double local_int, total_int; int source;
MPI_Init(NULL, NULL); MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank); MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &comm_sz);
h = (b - a) / n; local_n = n / comm_sz;
local_a = a + my_rank * local_n * h; local_b = local_a + local_n * h; local_int =
Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
if (my_rank != 0) MPI_Send(&local_int, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD); else
total_int = local_int; for (source = 1; source < comm_sz; source++) MPI_Recv(&local_int, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, source, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
if (my_rank == 0) printf("Width n = %d, of the integral from %f to %f = %f\n", n, a, b, total_int / comm_sz); return 0;

```

2. Sort

Se implementa funciones sort las cuales se encuentran en el libro.

2.1. Muestra de la funcion Sort

Mostramos a continuación una pequeña muestra que se hizo.

```

1 void Bubble_sort(int a[], int n) {
2     int list_length, i, temp;
3     for (list_length = n; list_length >= 2; list_length--)
4         for (i = 0; i < list_length - 1; i++)
5             if (a[i] > a[i+1]) {
6                 temp = a[i];
7                 a[i] = a[i+1];
8                 a[i+1] = temp;
9             }
10 }
11
12 void Odd_even_sort(int a[], int n) {
13     int phase, i, temp;
14
15     for (phase = 0; phase < n; phase++)
16         if (phase % 2 == 0) {
17             for (i = 1; i < n; i += 2)
18                 if (a[i] > a[i+1]) {
19                     temp = a[i];
20                     a[i] = a[i+1];
21                     a[i+1] = temp;
22                 }
23         }
24         else {
25             for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i += 2)
26                 if (a[i] > a[i+1]) {
27                     temp = a[i];
28                     a[i] = a[i+1];
29                     a[i+1] = temp;
30                 }
31         }
32 }

```

```

31
32
33
34 }

```

Listing 1.1. Sort

3. Scatter y Gather

Se implementa la funcion Scatter y Gather

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <time.h>
4 #include <mpi.h>
5 #include <assert.h>
6
7 float *create_rand_nums(int num_elements) {
8     float *rand_nums = (float *)malloc(sizeof(float) *
9         num_elements);
10    assert(rand_nums != NULL);
11    int i;
12    for (i = 0; i < num_elements; i++) {
13        rand_nums[i] = (rand() / (float)RAND_MAX);
14    }
15    return rand_nums;
16 }
17
18 float compute_avg(float *array, int num_elements) {
19     float sum = 0.f;
20     int i;
21     for (i = 0; i < num_elements; i++) {
22         sum += array[i];
23     }
24     return sum / num_elements;
25 }
26
27 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
28     if (argc != 2) {
29         fprintf(stderr, "Uso: usando proceso\n");
30         exit(1);
31     }
32
33     int num_elements_per_proc = atoi(argv[1]);
34     srand(time(NULL));
35
36     MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
37
38     int world_rank;
39     MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);

```

```

38  int world_size;
39  MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
40  float *rand_nums = NULL;
41  if (world_rank == 0) {
42      rand_nums = create_rand_nums(num_elements_per_proc *
43                                  world_size);
44  }
45  float *sub_rand_nums = (float *)malloc(sizeof(float) *
46      num_elements_per_proc);
47  assert(sub_rand_nums != NULL);
48  MPI_Scatter(rand_nums, num_elements_per_proc, MPI_FLOAT,
49      sub_rand_nums,
50      num_elements_per_proc, MPI_FLOAT, 0,
51      MPI_COMM_WORLD);
52
53  float sub_avg = compute_avg(sub_rand_nums,
54      num_elements_per_proc);
55
56  float *sub_avgs = NULL;
57  if (world_rank == 0) {
58      sub_avgs = (float *)malloc(sizeof(float) * world_size);
59      assert(sub_avgs != NULL);
60  }
61  MPI_Gather(&sub_avg, 1, MPI_FLOAT, sub_avgs, 1, MPI_FLOAT,
62      0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
63
64  if (world_rank == 0) {
65      float avg = compute_avg(sub_avgs, world_size);
66      printf("Avg of all elements is %f\n", avg);
67
68      float original_data_avg =
69          compute_avg(rand_nums, num_elements_per_proc *
70                      world_size);
71      printf("Avg computed across original data is %f\n",
72          original_data_avg);
73  }
74
75  if (world_rank == 0) {
76      free(rand_nums);
77      free(sub_avgs);
78  }
79  free(sub_rand_nums);
80
81  MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
82  MPI_Finalize();
83 }

```

Listing 1.2. Scatter Gather