Building a Scalable Data Pipeline for Airbnb Listings Analytics in NYC

[Airbnb Listings Data Pipeline- Business-Focused Data Pipeline for Hospitality Insights]

[Bootcamp - AWS Data Engineering Project - 5]

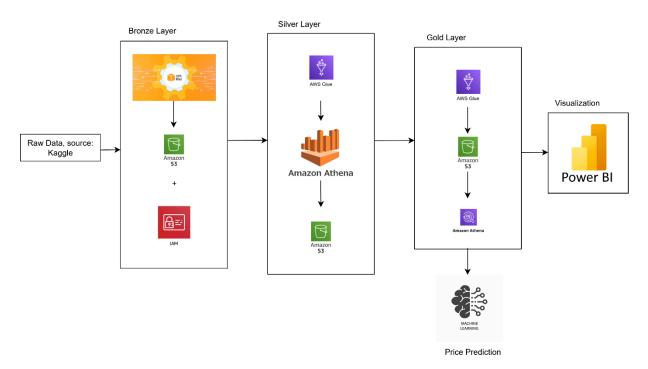
Objective

The objective of this project is to design and implement a scalable data pipeline that transforms raw Airbnb listing data from New York City into actionable business insights. The pipeline aims to:

- Support revenue optimization through price benchmarking and anomaly detection.
- Enhance operational efficiency by automating host performance tracking.
- Enable market analysis by identifying neighborhood-level demand patterns.
- Improve customer experience by monitoring review trends and availability.

The solution leverages AWS services to ensure scalability, cost-efficiency, and business agility while handling geographic and temporal data.

System Architecture



Prerequisites

To implement this pipeline, the following prerequisites are required:

- AWS Account with permissions for S3, Glue, and IAM.
 - ✓ Source Data: Airbnb NYC dataset (airbnb nyc.csv).
- AWS CLI for initial data uploads.
- Python/PySpark for Glue job scripting.
- BI Tool (Power BI) for visualization.

Component Breakdown

Component	Purpose
Amazon S3	Stores raw (Bronze), cleaned (Silver), and business-ready (Gold) data.
AWS Glue	ETL processing, data cataloging, and schema enforcement.
AWS Glue Crawlers	Automatically infers schema from S3 data.
Amazon Athena	Query Silver/Gold layer data using SQL.
Power BI	Visualization for business insights.
AWS IAM	Securely grants permissions to Glue, S3, and other services.

Design Decisions

- 1. Multi-Layered Architecture
 - o Ensures data quality progression (raw -> cleaned -> business-ready).
 - o Enables reprocessing flexibility without losing raw data.
- 2. AWS Glue for ETL
 - o Serverless, scalable, and integrates with Glue Data Catalog for metadata.
- 3. Athena over Redshift
 - o Used for ad-hoc queries to avoid Redshift costs for small-scale analytics.

Data Flow

- 1. Ingestion (Bronze)
 - o Raw data uploaded via CLI (aws s3 cp).
 - O Stored in s3://neha-bc005-airbnb-pipeline/bronze/.
- 2. Processing (Silver)
 - o Glue Crawler infers schema.
 - o Glue Job cleans, enriches, and stores data in s3://neha-bc005-airbnb-pipeline/silver/.
- 3. Business Layer (Gold)

- o Glue Job transforms data into star schema (dim listings, fact reviews).
- O Stored in s3://neha-bc005-airbnb-pipeline/gold/.

4. Analytics

- o Athena queries for insights (e.g., SELECT neighbourhood_group, AVG(price)).
- o Power BI visualizes trends (e.g., price by room type).

Security & Compliance

1. Encryption:

- S3 Server-Side Encryption (SSE-KMS) for data at rest.
- o TLS for data in transit.

2. Access Control:

- o IAM Roles restrict Glue/S3 permissions.
- o Lake Formation enforces neighborhood-based data access.

Monitoring & Quality

1. Pipeline Health:

o CloudWatch monitors Glue job failures.

2. Data Quality:

- o Automated checks on critical fields (price, availability).
- o Glue Data Quality rules (future enhancement).

3. Cost Optimization:

- o S3 Lifecycle Policies to archive old data to Glacier.
- o Glue G.1X workers for cost-efficient processing.