Bios 301: Assignment 2

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1 Question 1

20 points

A problem with the Newton-Raphson algorithm is that it needs the derivative f. If the derivative is hard to compute or does not exist, then we can use the *secant method*, which only requires that the function f is continuous.

Like the Newton-Raphson method, the **secant method** is based on a linear approximation to the function f. Suppose that f has a root at a. For this method we assume that we have two current guesses, x_0 and x_1 , for the value of a. We will think of x_0 as an older guess and we want to replace the pair x_0 , x_1 by the pair x_1 , x_2 , where x_2 is a new guess.

To find a good new guess x2 we first draw the straight line from $(x_0, f(x_0))$ to $(x_1, f(x_1))$, which is called a secant of the curve y = f(x). Like the tangent, the secant is a linear approximation of the behavior of y = f(x), in the region of the points x_0 and x_1 . As the new guess we will use the x-coordinate x_2 of the point at which the secant crosses the x-axis.

The general form of the recurrence equation for the secant method is:

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - f(x_i) \frac{x_i - x_{i-1}}{f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1})}$$

Notice that we no longer need to know f but in return we have to provide two initial points, x_0 and x_1 .

Write a function that implements the secant algorithm. Validate your program by finding the root of the function $f(x) = \cos(x)x$. Compare its performance with that of the either the Newton-Raphson or the Fixed-point method – which is faster, and by how much?

Secant Algorithm:

```
Secant <- function(fn, tol, max_iter = 100, x1, x2) {
  iter <- 0
  while ((abs(x2 - x1) > tol) && (max_iter > iter)) {
      x3 <- x2 - fn(x2) * (x2 - x1)/(fn(x2) - fn(x1))
      x1 <- x2
      x2 <- x3</pre>
```

```
iter <- iter + 1
}
if (abs(x2 - x1) > tol || iter >= max_iter) {
    print("Error: Unable to find root")
} else {
    v <- c(x3, iter)
    return(v)
}

## testing function:
test_fn <- function(x) {
    return(cos(x) - x)
}
Secant(test_fn, tol = 1e-09, x1 = 1, x2 = 3)
## [1] 0.7391 5.0000</pre>
```

Newton-Raphson Method:

```
newtonraphson <- function(fun, der, x = 1, tol = 1e-09, max_iter = 100) {</pre>
    x_{old} <- x + 1e + 06
    # Keep track of number of interations
    iter <- 0
    # Loop
    while ((abs(x - x_old) > tol) && (iter < max_iter)) 
        newx <- x
        x_old \leftarrow x
        x <- x_old - (fun(x_old)/der(x_old))
        iter <- iter + 1
    # Check convergence
    if (abs(x - x_old) > tol) {
        cat("Algorithm failed to converge\n")
        return(NULL)
    } else {
        cat("Algorithm converged\n")
        v \leftarrow c(x, iter)
        return(v)
newtonraphson(test_func, function(x) -sin(x) - 1)
## Error: object 'test_func' not found
```

The secant method has fewer constraints than Newton-Raphson Method , but mathematically requires more computation and therefore is less efficient.

2 Question 2

15 points

Import the HAART dataset (haart.csv) from the GitHub repository into R, and perform the following manipulations:

```
# Note: In HW repo- with homework 1 & homework 2 files grab data in homework
# via '../data/foo.csv'
```

1. Convert date columns into a usable (for analysis) format.

```
# from qit use: data <- read.table('../data/haart.csv', sep=',', head=T)
data <- read.table("~/Bios301/datasets/haart.csv", sep = ",", head = T)
# Converting init.date to date format & assigning it to a new variable,
# new_init.date
new_init.date <- as.Date(data$init.date, format = "%m/%d/%y")</pre>
# Verifying class of new variable
class(new_init.date)
## [1] "Date"
# Similar operations for last.visit and date.death:
new_last.visit <- as.Date(data$last.visit, format = "%m/%d/%y")</pre>
class(new_last.visit)
## [1] "Date"
new_date.death <- as.Date(data$date.death, format = "%m/%d/%y")</pre>
class(new_date.death)
## [1] "Date"
# Adding new variables to dataset
data$new_init.date <- new_init.date</pre>
data$new_last.visit <- new_last.visit</pre>
data$new_date.death <- new_date.death
```

2. Create an indicator variable (one which takes the values 0 or 1 only) to represent death within 1 year of the initial visit.

```
# Creates an empty vector
data$death.indicator <- NULL
for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
   if (data$death[i] == 1 & (data$new_date.death[i] - data$new_init.date[i]) <=</pre>
```

```
365) {
        data$death.indicator[i] <- 1</pre>
    } else data$death.indicator[i] <- 0</pre>
head(data)
##
     male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                                init.reg init.date
##
           25
                                             NA
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
        1
                  0
                              NA
                                     NA
                                                                             7/1/03
                                         58.06
## 2
        1
           49
                                                         11 3TC, AZT, EFV
                  0
                             143
                                     NA
                                                                           11/23/04
## 3
        1
           42
                  1
                             102
                                     NA
                                         48.08
                                                          1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                                                                            4/30/03
           33
## 4
        0
                             107
                                         46.00
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                  0
                                     NA
                                                                            3/25/06
## 5
        1
            27
                  0
                              52
                                      4
                                             NA
                                                         NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
                                                                             9/1/04
## 6
        0
           34
                  0
                             157
                                         54.89
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                                     NA
                                                                            12/2/03
##
     last.visit death date.death new_init.date new_last.visit new_date.death
                                                        2007-02-26
## 1
        2/26/07
                      0
                              <NA>
                                       2003-07-01
                                                                               <NA>
## 2
        2/22/08
                      0
                              <NA>
                                       2004-11-23
                                                        2008-02-22
                                                                               <NA>
## 3
       11/21/05
                      1
                           1/11/06
                                       2003-04-30
                                                        2005-11-21
                                                                         2006-01-11
## 4
         5/5/06
                            5/7/06
                                                                         2006-05-07
                                       2006-03-25
                                                        2006-05-05
                      1
## 5
       11/13/07
                      0
                              <NA>
                                       2004-09-01
                                                        2007-11-13
                                                                               <NA>
## 6
        2/28/08
                      0
                              <NA>
                                       2003-12-02
                                                        2008-02-28
                                                                               <NA>
##
     death.indicator
## 1
                     \cap
## 2
                     0
## 3
                     0
## 4
                     1
## 5
                     0
## 6
                     0
```

3. Use the init.date, last visit and death.date to calculate a followup time, which is the difference between the first and either the last visit or a death event (whichever comes first). If these times are longer than 1 year, censor them.

```
data$followup <- NULL
for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
    if (is.na(data$new_last.visit[i])) {
        data$followup[i] <- (data$new_date.death[i] - data$new_init.date[i])
    } else if (data$new_last.visit[i] < data$new_date.death[i] || is.na(data$new_date.death[i] || is.na(data$new_date.death[i])
        data$followup[i] <- (data$new_last.visit[i] - data$new_init.date[i])
    }
}
for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
    if (data$followup[i] > 365) {
        data$followup[i] = NA
    }
}
```

```
}
```

4. Create another indicator variable representing loss to followup; that is, if their status 1 year after the first visit was unknown.

```
data$loss.followup <- 0
for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
    if (!is.na(data$followup[i])) {
        data$loss.followup[i] = 1
    }
}</pre>
```

5. Recall our work in class, which separated the init.reg field into a set of indicator variables, one for each unique drug. Create these fields and append them to the database as new columns.

```
init.reg <- as.character(data$init.reg)</pre>
data$init.reg_list <- strsplit(init.reg, ",")</pre>
all_drugs <- unique(unlist(data$init.reg_list))</pre>
reg_drugs <- c()</pre>
for (drug in all_drugs) {
    reg_drugs <- cbind(reg_drugs, sapply(data$init.reg_list, function(x) drug %in%
        x))
head(reg_drugs)
                                    [,6]
##
        [,1]
              [,2]
                   [,3] [,4] [,5]
                                           [,7] [,8]
                                                     [,9] [,10] [,11]
## [1,] TRUE
             TRUE
                   TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                   TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] TRUE
             TRUE
## [3,] TRUE
             TRUE
                   TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [4,] TRUE
             TRUE FALSE
                        TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [5,] TRUE FALSE
                   TRUE FALSE
                              TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [6,] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
        [,12] [,13] [,14] [,15] [,16] [,17] [,18]
## [1,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [3,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [4,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [5,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [6,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
reg_drugs <- data.frame(reg_drugs)</pre>
names(reg_drugs) <- all_drugs</pre>
data_merged <- cbind(data, reg_drugs)</pre>
head(data_merged)
```

```
male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                             init.reg init.date
##
        1
           25
                                           NA
                                                      NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
                                                                          7/1/03
                 0
                             NA
                                   NA
##
           49
                            143
                                                      11 3TC, AZT, EFV
                 0
                                   NA
                                        58.06
                                                                       11/23/04
##
  3
           42
                            102
                                        48.08
        1
                                   NA
                                                       1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                                                                        4/30/03
                 1
##
        0
           33
                 0
                            107
                                   NA
                                        46.00
                                                      NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                                                                        3/25/06
## 5
        1
           27
                             52
                                    4
                                                      NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
                 0
                                           NA
                                                                          9/1/04
##
  6
        0
           34
                 0
                            157
                                       54.89
                                                      NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                                                                        12/2/03
                                   NA
##
     last.visit death date.death new_init.date new_last.visit new_date.death
##
        2/26/07
                                      2003-07-01
                                                     2007-02-26
  1
                     0
                             <NA>
                                                                            <NA>
##
  2
        2/22/08
                     0
                             <NA>
                                      2004-11-23
                                                     2008-02-22
                                                                            <NA>
##
  3
       11/21/05
                     1
                          1/11/06
                                      2003-04-30
                                                     2005-11-21
                                                                     2006-01-11
##
  4
         5/5/06
                     1
                           5/7/06
                                      2006-03-25
                                                     2006-05-05
                                                                     2006-05-07
## 5
       11/13/07
                             <NA>
                                      2004-09-01
                                                     2007-11-13
                     0
                                                                            <NA>
##
        2/28/08
                     0
                             <NA>
                                      2003-12-02
                                                     2008-02-28
                                                                            <NA>
##
     death.indicator followup loss.followup init.reg_list
                                                                           EFV
                                                              3TC
                                                                    AZT
##
  1
                    0
                            NA
                                            O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE
                                                                   TRUE
                                                                          TRUE
## 2
                    0
                                            O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE
                            NA
                                                                   TRUE
                                                                          TRUE
##
                    0
                                            O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE
  3
                            NA
                                                                   TRUE
                                                                          TRUE
##
                    1
  4
                            41
                                            1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE
                                                                   TRUE FALSE
## 5
                                            O 3TC, D4T, EFV TRUE FALSE
                            NA
                                                                          TRUE
## 6
                    0
                            NA
                                            O 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE
                                                                   TRUE FALSE
                                                   SQV
       NVP
             D4T
                    ABC
                          DDI
                                IDV
                                      LPV
                                             RTV
                                                         FTC
                                                                TDF
                                                                      DDC
                                                                             NFV
  1 FALSE FALSE
  2 FALSE FALSE
  3 FALSE FALSE
      TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
           TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
     TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
       T20
             ATV
##
                    FPV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE
  4 FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5 FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 6 FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

6. The dataset haart2.csv contains a few additional observations for the same study. Import these and append them to your master dataset (if you were smart about how you coded the previous steps, cleaning the additional observations should be easy!).

```
# from git use: data <- read.table('../data/haart2.csv', sep=',', head=T)
data2 <- read.table("~/Bios301/datasets/haart2.csv", sep = ",", head = T)
# Converting init.date to date format & assigning it to a new variable,
# new_init.date</pre>
```

```
new_init.date <- as.Date(data2$init.date, format = "%m/%d/%y")</pre>
# Verifying class of new variable
class(new_init.date)
## [1] "Date"
# Similar operations for last.visit and date.death:
new_last.visit <- as.Date(data2$last.visit, format = "%m/%d/%y")</pre>
class(new_last.visit)
## [1] "Date"
new_date.death <- as.Date(data2$date.death, format = "%m/%d/%y")</pre>
class(new_date.death)
## [1] "Date"
# Adding new variables to dataset2
data2$new_init.date <- new_init.date</pre>
data2$new_last.visit <- new_last.visit</pre>
data2$new_date.death <- new_date.death</pre>
# Creating death.indicator variable for data2
data2$death.indicator <- NULL</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(data2)) {
    if (data2$death[i] == 1 & (data2$new_date.death[i] - data2$new_init.date[i]) <=</pre>
        365) {
        data2$death.indicator[i] <- 1</pre>
    } else data2$death.indicator[i] <- 0</pre>
head(data2)
## male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                            init.reg
                                                    NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 1 0 27.00
                0
                             232
                                  NA
                                          NA
## 2
       1 38.72
                  0
                             170
                                   NA 84.00
                                                     NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 3
                             154 3.996 65.50
     1 23.00
                NA
                                                    14 3TC,DDI,EFV
        0 31.00
                0
                             236 NA 45.81
                                                    NA 3TC, D4T, NVP
## init.date last.visit death date.death new_init.date new_last.visit
## 1 12/1/03
                 1/5/04 O NA
                                              2003-12-01
                                                            2004-01-05
                            0
## 2 9/26/02
                3/29/04
                                       NA
                                              2002-09-26
                                                             2004-03-29
## 3 1/31/07
                4/16/07
                            0
                                              2007-01-31
                                      NA
                                                             2007-04-16
                           0
## 4
     12/3/03
               10/11/07
                                       NA
                                              2003-12-03
                                                             2007-10-11
## new_date.death death.indicator
## 1
              <NA>
                                 0
## 2
               <NA>
                                  0
## 3
               <NA>
                                  0
## 4
               <NA>
```

```
# Creating followup variable for data2
data2$followup <- NULL
for (i in 1:nrow(data2)) {
    if (is.na(data2$new_last.visit[i])) {
        data2$followup[i] <- (data2$new_date.death[i] - data2$new_init.date[i])</pre>
    } else if (data2$new_last.visit[i] < data2$new_date.death[i] || is.na(data2$new_dat
        data2$followup[i] <- (data2$new_last.visit[i] - data2$new_init.date[i])</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(data2)) {
    if (data2$followup[i] > 365) {
        data2$followup[i] = NA
# Creating loss.followup variable for data2
data2$loss.followup <- 0</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(data2)) {
    if (!is.na(data2$followup[i])) {
        data2$loss.followup[i] = 1
init.reg <- as.character(data2$init.reg)</pre>
data2$init.reg_list <- strsplit(init.reg, ",")</pre>
all_drugs <- unique(unlist(data2$init.reg_list))</pre>
reg_drugs <- c()</pre>
for (drug in all_drugs) {
    reg_drugs <- cbind(reg_drugs, sapply(data2$init.reg_list, function(x) drug %in%
        x))
head(reg_drugs)
        [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
## [1,] TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE
## [3,] TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE FALSE
## [4,] TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE
reg_drugs <- data2.frame(reg_drugs)</pre>
## Error: could not find function "data2.frame"
names(reg_drugs) <- all_drugs</pre>
data2_merged <- cbind(data2, reg_drugs)</pre>
head(data2_merged)
```

```
age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
     male
                                                                init.reg
## 1
        0 27.00
                    0
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                               232
                                      NA
                                             NA
##
        1 38.72
                    0
                                          84.00
                               170
                                      NA
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 3
        1 23.00
                               154 3.996
                                          65.50
                   NA
                                                         14 3TC, DDI, EFV
## 4
        0 31.00
                    0
                               236
                                      NA 45.81
                                                         NA 3TC, D4T, NVP
##
     init.date last.visit death date.death new_init.date new_last.visit
##
       12/1/03
                    1/5/04
                               0
                                          NA
                                                 2003-12-01
                                                                 2004-01-05
  1
## 2
       9/26/02
                   3/29/04
                                0
                                          NA
                                                 2002-09-26
                                                                 2004-03-29
## 3
       1/31/07
                   4/16/07
                                0
                                          NA
                                                 2007-01-31
                                                                 2007-04-16
##
       12/3/03
                  10/11/07
                                0
                                          NA
                                                 2003-12-03
                                                                 2007-10-11
##
     new_date.death death.indicator followup loss.followup init.reg_list
## 1
                <NA>
                                    0
                                            35
                                                             1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE
                                                             O 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE
## 2
                                    0
                <NA>
                                            NA
## 3
                <NA>
                                    0
                                            75
                                                             1 3TC, DDI, EFV TRUE
## 4
                <NA>
                                                             O 3TC, D4T, NVP TRUE
                                    \cap
                                            NA
         2
                3
## 1
      TRUE
            TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
      TRUE
            TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE
                  TRUE
                        TRUE FALSE
## 4 FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE
```

3 Question 3

15 points

The game of craps is played as follows. First, you roll two six-sided dice; let x be the sum of the dice on the first roll. If x is 7 or 11 you win, otherwise you keep rolling until either you get x again, in which case you also win, or until you get a 7 or 11, in which case you lose.

Write a program to simulate a game of craps. You can use the following snippet of code to simulate the roll of two (fair) dice:

x <- sum(ceiling(6*runif(2)))</pre>

The instructor should be able to easily import and run your program (function), and obtain output that clearly shows how the game progressed.

```
# rolling one die, selecting number 1-6, n times, with replacement
# sum of two die
roll <- function() {
    x1 <- sum(ceiling(6 * runif(2)))
    if (x1 == 7 || x1 == 11) {
        cat("Your first roll was a", x1, "\n")
        print("YOU WIN!")
        return()</pre>
```

```
} else {
        i = 0
        while (i < 15) {
            x2 <- sum(ceiling(6 * runif(2)))</pre>
            if (x2 == x1) {
                cat("Your second roll was a", x2, "\n")
                cat("It took", i, "rolls to match your second roll", "\n")
                print("YOU WIN!")
                return()
            \} else if (x2 == 7 || x2 == 11) {
                print("YOU LOSE!")
                return()
            } else i <- i + 1
   }
roll()
## [1] "YOU LOSE!"
## NULL
# Remember to use test.rnw to find error
```