Oct 11, 13 23:51 Proj1h:Spental Learning and Clustering XUE YANG Page 1/6 2. SOURCE CODES <File project.py> import lib import reader import dist import tablestr def project(table): d = lib.anyi(len(table.data[0])) east, eid = dist.furthest(d, table) west, wid = dist.furthest(eid, table) x = []y = [] x,y = project0(east, west, table, x, y)15 return widen(table, x, y) def project0(east, west, table, x, y): some = 0.000001 # handles a tedious div/zero error 20 # compute the dist between the independent variables c = dist.dist(east, west, table.indep, table, False) for s in range(len(table.data[0])): row = [table.data[k][s] for k in range(len(table.data))] a = dist.dist(east, row, table.indep, table, False) b = dist.dist(west, row, table.indep, table, False) if a > c: x = []; y = []; return project0(east, row, table, x, y) if b > c: x = []; y = []; return project0(row, west, table, x, y) else: temp = (a**2 + c**2 - b**2) / (2*c + some)30 x += [str('%.3f'%temp)]y += [str('%.3f'%((a**2 -temp**2)**0.5))]return x, y 35 def widen(table, x, y): adds = table.name[:] adds += ['\$ XX'] adds += ['\$_YY' adds += ['\$ Hell'] adds += ['_ZZ'] ntable = tablestr.Table() reader.makeTable(adds, ntable) for s in range(len(table.data[0])): row = [table.data[k][s] for k in range(len(table.data))] tmp = row[:] 45 row += [x[s]] row += [y[s]]row += [str('%.3f'%tablestr.fromHell(tmp, table))] row += [str(0)]reader.addRow(row, ntable) 50 return ntable import lib import reader import dist 55 import tablestr def project(table): d = lib.anyi(len(table.data[0])) east, eid = dist.furthest(d, table) west, wid = dist.furthest(eid, table) x = []y = [] x,y = project0(east, west, table, x, y) return widen(table, x, y) 65 def project0(east, west, table, x, y): some = 0.000001 # handles a tedious div/zero error # compute the dist between the independent variables c = dist.dist(east, west, table.indep, table, False) 70 for s in range(len(table.data[0])): row = [table.data[k][s] for k in range(len(table.data))] a = dist.dist(east, row, table.indep, table, False)

Oct 11, 13 23:51 Proj1h:Spental Learning and Clustering_XUE YANG Page 2/6 b = dist.dist(west, row, table.indep, table, False) if a > c: x = []; y = []; return project0(east, row, table, x, y) if b > c: x = []; y = []; return project0(row, west, table, x, y) temp = (a**2 + c**2 - b**2) / (2*c + some)x += [str('%.3f'%temp)]y += [str('%.3f'%((a**2 -temp**2)**0.5))]80 return x, y def widen(table, x, y): adds = table.name[:] adds += ['\$_XX'] adds += ['\$_YY'] adds += ['\$_Hell'] adds += ['ZZ']ntable = tablestr.Table() reader.makeTable(adds, ntable) for s in range(len(table.data[0])): row = [table.data[k][s] for k in range(len(table.data))] tmp = row[:] row += [x[s]]row += [y[s]]95 row += [str('%.3f'%tablestr.fromHell(tmp, table))] row += [str(0)]reader.addRow(row, ntable) return ntable <File tiles.py> import project import math import tablestr 105 import reader import copy import lib class Tile: def __init__(i): i.tiny = 4i.big = 0i.pre = '' i.xs = []i.ys = []115 i.header = [] i.watch = 1i.centers = '' def tiles(table): ntable = project.project(table) tile = Tile() tile.tiny = 4 # the minimum instance num to assign a leaf tile.pre = '' tile.m = len(table.data[0]) # num of instances have tile.big = 2 * math.sqrt(tile.m) 125 c1 = 1tile.watch = 1 tile.centers = 'centroids' centable = {} # dictinary to store all the splitted tables including the ce nter table centable0 = tablestr.Table() reader.makeTable(ntable.name, centable0) centable[0] = centable0 tiles0(ntable, tile) pre = tile.pre tiles4(1, tile.m, 1, tile.m, ntable, tile, centable, c1, pre) centable['project'] = ntable 135 return centable def tiles0(ntable, tile): x = ntable.name.index('\$_XX') v = ntable.name.index('\$ YY') #z = ntable.name.index('_ZZ') at = [] for d in range(len(ntable.data[0])): $tmp = \{\}$

Oct 11, 13 23:51 Proj1h:Spental Learning and Clustering XUE YANG Page 3/6 tmp['x'] = float(ntable.data[x][d]) tmp['y'] = float(ntable.data[y][d]) at += [tmp] asort(at, 'x', tile) 150 asort(at, 'y', tile) def asort(at, label, tile): # func to sort the list based on the label att = copy.copy(at) while len(att): minv = lib.inf; ind = 0 $tmp = \{\}$ for i in range(len(att)): 160 if att[i][label] < minv:</pre> minv = att[i][label]; ind = i tmp = att[ind] if label == 'x': tile.xs += [tmp] else: tile.ys += [tmp] att.pop(ind) 165 def tiles4(x0, x2, y0, y2, ntable, tile, centable, c1, pre): x = x0 + int((x2 - x0)/2)y = y0 + int((y2 - y0)/2)c1 = tile1(x0, x, y0, y, ntable, tile, centable, c1, pre) c1 = tile1(x0, x, y+1, y2, ntable, tile, centable, c1, pre) c1 = tile1(x+1, x2, y0, y, ntable, tile, centable, c1, pre) c1 = tile1(x+1, x2, y+1, y2, ntable, tile, centable, c1, pre) 175 def tile1(x0, x2, y0, y2, table, tile, centable, c1, pre): has = [] for x in range(x0, x2+1): for y in range(y0, y2+1): if tile.xs[x-1]['d'] == tile.ys[y-1]['d']: 180 has += [tile.xs[x-1]['d']] # debug info if tile.watch: print '%3s: '%c1, pre, x0, x2, y0, y2, '#', len(has) # recurse: when there is enough data if len(has) >= tile.big: pre = pre + '|... return tiles4(x0, x2, y0, y2, table, tile, centable,c1, pre) # otherwise, new cluster: make a new leaf, only when there is enough data if len(has) > tile.tiny: # make a new cluster 190 makeNewTable(has, c1, table, tile, centable) c1 += 1#keep track of the num of leaf clusters return cl def makeNewTable(has, c1, table, tile, centable): c1 = c1 * 100z = table.name.index('_ZZ') newtable = tablestr.Table() reader.makeTable(table.name, newtable) 200 for one in range(len(has)): d = has[one] row1 = [table.data[s][d] for s in range(len(table.data))] row1[z] = str(c1)reader.addRow(row1, newtable) 205 centers = tablestr.centroid(newtable) #centers[0] is mu or mode centers[0][z] = str(c1)reader.addRow(centers[0], centable[0]) centable[c1/100] = newtable 210 ***************************** <File lib.py> import math import random inf = 10**17215 NINF = -1 * infPINCH = 1 / infPI = 3.1415926535EE = 2.7182818284

Oct 11, 13 23:51 Proj1h:Spental Learning and Clustering_XUE YANG Page 4/6 220 def indexes(data): rows = [] #get the indexes for the data for i in range(len(data)): rows.append(i) return rows def rowprint(a, num=6): max = len(a)line = '' for j in range(max): line += (a[j] + ',') return line def maybeInt(x): return int(x) if x % 1 == 0.0 else float(x) def norm(x, m, s): s += PINCH return 1/math.sqrt(2*PI*s**2.0)*EE**(-1*(x-m)**2.0/(2*s**2.0)) 240 def pairs(str): tmp = str.split(',') lst = {} for i in range(len(tmp)/2): $lst[tmp[\bar{2}^*i]] = tmp[2^*i+1]$ return 1st def anyi(n): # return a random num within n return int(random.random()*n) ************************************ <File tablestr.py> import lib import math class Table: def init (self): self.data = [] #data[[col1,...],[col2,...]] self.name = [] #name of i-th column self.order = [] #order of the col self.nump = [] #is i-th column numeric? self.wordp = [] #is i-th column non-numeric? self.indep = [] #list of indep columns self.dep = [] #list of dep columns self.less = [] #numeric goal to be minimized self.more = [] #numeric goal to be maximized 265 self.klass = [] #non-numeric goal self.term = [] #non-numeric non-goal self.num = [] #numeric non-goal # for all cols self.n = [] #count of things in this col # for wordp columns: 270 #count of each word self.count = [] self.mode = [] #most common word #count of most common word self.most = [] # for nump columns: self.hi = [] #upper bound 275 self.lo = [] #lower bound self.mu = [] #mean self.m2 = []#sum of all nums #standard deviation# -*- coding: utf-8 -*self.sd = [] # table printing format self.CONVFMT = '%4.2f' def centroid(table): "update the mode and most values for wordp type cols or update the mean and sd values for nump cols" rows = [[],[]] for c in range(len(table.name)): s = table.mode[table.wordp.index(c)] if c in table.wordp else table.CONV FMT%table.mu[table.nump.index(c)] rows[0].append(str(s)) if table.n[c] == '0':

Oct 11, 13 23:51 Proj1h:Spental Learning and Clustering XUE YANG Page 5/6 else: s = float(table.most[table.wordp.index(c)])/table.n[c] if c in table .wordp else table.sd[table.nump.index(c)] rows[1].append(str(table.CONVFMT%s)) return rows 295 def tableprint(table, stats=''): "print table on the console" print. ' ' if stats != '': table.CONVFMT = stats print(' ' + lib.rowprint(table.name)+ ' # notes'.ljust(6)) 300 print('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[0]) + ' # expected'.ljust(6)) print('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[1]) + ' # certainty'.ljust(6)) for j in range(len(table.data[0])): line = []for i in range(len(table.data)): 305 line.append(table.data[i][j]) print(' ' + lib.rowprint(line)+ ' #'.ljust(5)) def tableprint_txt(table, f, stats=''): "print table on the indicated txt file with table name" f.write('\n') #f.write('\n' +tablename + '\n'*2) if stats != '': table.CONVFMT = stats f.write(' ' + lib.rowprint(table.name)+ ' # notes'.ljust(10) + '\n') f.write('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[0]) + ' # expected'.ljust(10) + '\n') f.write('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[1]) + ' # certainty'.ljust(10) + '\n') for j in range(len(table.data[0])): line = [] for i in range(len(table.data)): line.append(table.data[i][j]) 320 f.write(' ' + lib.rowprint(line) + ' #'.ljust(10) + ' n')def fromHell(row, table): m = 0out = 0for c in table.more: if row[c] != '?': m += 1k = table.nump.index(c) out += ((float(row[c]) - float(table.hi[k]))/(float(table.hi[k]) - f loat(table.lo[k]) + lib.PINCH))**2 for c in table.less: if row[c] != '?': m += 1k = table.nump.index(c) out += ((float(row[c]) - float(table.hi[k]))/(float(table.hi[k]) - f loat(table.lo[k]) + lib.PINCH))**2 return math.sqrt(out)/math.sqrt(m) if m else 1 ***************** <File dist.py> import lib 340 def dist(this, that, lst, table, normF = True): sum = 0.0for k in 1st: v1 = this[k] v2 = that[k]345 if v1 == '?' and v2 == '?': sum += 1 elif k in table.nump: i = table.nump.index(k) mid = (float(table.hi[i]) - float(table.lo[i]))/2 350 aLittle = 10**-7if v1 == '?': if normF: v1 = 1.0 if v2 < mid else 0.0 else: v1 = table.hi[i] if v2 < mid else table.lo[i] v1 = (float(v1) - float(table.lo[i]))/(float(table.hi[i]) - floa t(table.lo[i]) + aLittle)

Oct 11, 13 23:51 Proj1h:Spental Learning and Clustering_XUE YANG Page 6/6 if normF: v2 = 1.0 if v1 < mid else 0.0else: v2 = table.hi[i] if v1 < mid else table.lo[i] v2 = (float(v2) - float(table.lo[i]))/(float(table.hi[i]) - float(table.hi[i]))t(table.lo[i]) + aLittle) sum += (float(v2) - float(v1))**2if v1 == '?': sum += 1.0 elif v2 == '?': sum += 1.0elif v1 != v2: sum +=1.0 else: sum += 0.0return sum**0.5/len(lst)**0.5 def closest(i, table): minval = lib.INF this = [table.data[s][i] for s in range(len(table.data))] for j in range(len(table.data[0])): if i == j: continue that = [table.data[s][j] for s in range(len(table.data))] d = dist(this, that, table.indep, table) if d < minval: minval = d; out = j row = []row = [table.data[s][out] for s in range(len(table.data))] return row, out def furthest(i, table): maxval = lib.NINF this = [table.data[s][i] for s in range(len(table.data))] for j in range(len(table.data[0])): if i == j: continue 385 that = [table.data[s][j] for s in range(len(table.data))] d = dist(this, that, table.indep, table) if d > maxval: maxval = d; out = j row = []row = [table.data[s][out] for s in range(len(table.data))] return row, out <File main.py> import reader 395 import tablestr import tiles import math if __name__ == "__main__": filename = 'data/nasa93dem.csv' table = tablestr.Table() reader.readcsv(filename, table) tables = tiles.tiles(table) ntable = tables['project'] print '# \$_XX'.ljust(8), '\$_YY'.ljust(8), 'log(-effort)'.ljust(8) for i in range(len(ntable.data[0])): print ntable.data[27][i].ljust(8), ntable.data[28][i].ljust(8), str(math. log(float(ntable.data[24][i]))).ljust(8) print '# \$_XX'.ljust(8), '\$_YY'.ljust(8), 'log(\$_ZZ)'.ljust(8) for i in range(len(tables[0].data[0])): print tables[0].data[27][i].ljust(8), tables[0].data[28][i].ljust(8), st r(math.log(float(tables[0].data[30][i]))).ljust(8) for k, v in tables.items(): print '*'*20 print 'CLASS LABEL: ', k tablestr.tableprint(v)