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	1. PROGRAM OU							
5	==== weather2_EWD. b[1]= 0.33 b[2]= 0.67							
	outlook, sunny,	\$temperature, 85,	\$humidity, 85,	windy, FALSE,	=play, no,	#		
	sunny,	80,	90,	TRUE,	no,	#		
10	overcast,	83,	86,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	70,	96,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	68,	80,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	65,	70,	TRUE,	no,	#		
	overcast,	64,	65,	TRUE,	yes,	#		
15	sunny,	72,	95,	FALSE,	no,	#		
	sunny,	69,	70,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	75,	80,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	sunny,	75,	70,	TRUE,	yes,	#		
	overcast,	72,	90,	TRUE,	yes,	#		
20	overcast,	81,	75,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	71,	91,	TRUE,	no,	#		
	outlook, sunny,	temperature,	humidity, 2,	windy, FALSE,	=play, no,	#		
25	sunny,	3,	3,	TRUE,	no,	#		
	overcast,	3,	3,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	1,	3,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	1,	2,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	1,	1,	TRUE,	no,	#		
30	overcast,	1,	1,	TRUE,	yes,	#		
	sunny,	2,	3,	FALSE,	no,	#		
	sunny,	1,	1,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	2,	2,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	sunny,	2,	1,	TRUE,	yes,	#		
35	overcast,	2,	3,	TRUE,	yes,	#		
	overcast,	3,	1,	FALSE,	yes,	#		
	rainy,	2,	3,	TRUE,	no,	#		
40	weather2_Gaus b[1]= -0.43 b[2]= 0.43	sian.out						
	outlook,	\$temperature,	\$humidity,	windy,	=play,	#		
	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>				

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	sunny,	85,	85,	FALSE,	no,	#				
45	sunny,	80,	90,	TRUE,	no,	#				
	overcast,	83,	86,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	70,	96,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	68,	80,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	65,	70,	TRUE,	no,	#				
50	overcast,	64,	65,	TRUE,	yes,	#				
	sunny,	72,	95,	FALSE,	no,	#				
	sunny,	69,	70,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	75,	80,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	sunny,	75,	70,	TRUE,	yes,	#				
55	overcast,	72,	90,	TRUE,	yes,	#				
	overcast,	81,	75,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	71,	91,	TRUE,	no,	#				
60	outlook, sunny,	temperature,	humidity, 2,	windy, FALSE,	=play, no,	#				
	sunny,	3,	3,	TRUE,	no,	#				
	overcast,	3,	2,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	1,	3,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	1,	2,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
65	rainy,	1,	1,	TRUE,	no,	#				
	overcast,	1,	1,	TRUE,	yes,	#				
	sunny,	2,	3,	FALSE,	no,	#				
	sunny,	1,	1,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	2,	2,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
70	sunny,	2,	1,	TRUE,	yes,	#				
	overcast,	2,	3,	TRUE,	yes,	#				
	overcast,	3,	1,	FALSE,	yes,	#				
	rainy,	2,	3,	TRUE,	no,	#				
75	2. SOURCE COD	FC								
80	<pre>< FILE discre import labels import reader import tables</pre>	======== te.py>			======					
85	<pre>def discrete(table, t, bins): tables = {} #breaks = labels.ewdbreaks; label = labels.ewdlablef breaks = labels.gbreaks; label = labels.globalf b = {} breaks(b) newNames = labels.discreteNames(table.name, table.num)</pre>									

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                                                                            Page 3/7
       ntable = tablestr.Table()
       reader.makeTable(newNames, ntable)
90
       discrete1(table, ntable, bins, b[bins], label)
       print 'b[1]=', b[3][0]
print 'b[2]=', b[3][1]
       tables[0] = table
       t1 = 'D_' + str(t)
95
        tables[t1] = ntable
       return tables
   def discrete1(table, ntable, bins, b, label):
       for d in range(len(table.data[0])):
            for k in range(len(table.data)):
                val = table.data[k][d]
                if val != '?':
105
                    if k in table.num:
                        k = table.num.index(k)
                        val = label(k, float(val), bins, b, table)
                a += [str(val)]
            reader.addRow(a, ntable)
110
   < FILE labels.py>
   import re
   def discreteNames(names, num):
       newNames = []
       for k in range(len(names)):
            tmp = names[k]
            if k in num:
                tmp = re.sub(r'\$*\-*\+*','',tmp)
120
            newNames += [tmp]
       return newNames
   ### Ewdbreaks
   def ewdbreaks(a):
     breaks0(a,"
                                                       0.50
     breaks0(a,"
                                                 0.33
                                                            0.67
                                                 "0.25 0.50 0.75
     breaks0(a,
                                            0.20 0.40
     breaks0(a,"
                                                            0 60 0 80
                                            0.17 0.33 0.50 0.67 0.83
     breaks0(a,"
     breaks0(a,"
                                       0.14 0.29 0.43
                                                            0.57 0.71 0.86
     breaks0(a,"
                                       0.12 0.25 0.38 0.50 0.62 0.75 0.88
     breaks0(a,"
                                  0.11 0.22 0.33 0.44
                                                            0.56 0.67 0.78 0.89
                                  0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90
     breaks0(a,"
                             0.09 0.18 0.27 0.36 0.45
                                                            0 55 0 64 0 73 0 82 0 91
     breaks0(a,"
                             0.08 0.17 0.25 0.33 0.42 0.50 0.58 0.67 0.75 0.83 0.92
     breaks0(a,"
     breaks0(a,"
                        0.08 0.15 0.23 0.31 0.38 0.46
                                                            0.54 0.62 0.69 0.77 0.85
   0.92
     breaks0(a,"
                        0.07\ 0.14\ 0.21\ 0.29\ 0.36\ 0.43\ 0.50\ 0.57\ 0.64\ 0.71\ 0.79\ 0.86
                                                            0.53 0.60 0.67 0.73 0.80
     breaks0(a," 0.07 0.13 0.20 0.27 0.33 0.40 0.47
   0.87 0.93")
140 ### Gbreaks
   def gbreaks(a):
     breaks0(a,"
                                   -0.43 0.43
     breaks0(a,"
     breaks0(a,"
                                  -0.67 0 0.67
                             -0.84 -0.25 0.25 0.84
     breaks0(a,"
     breaks0(a,"
                             -0.97 -0.43 0 0.43 0.97
     breaks0(a,"
                       -1.07 -0.57 -0.18 0.18 0.57 1.07
```

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                     -1.15 -0.67 -0.32 0 0.32 0.67 1.15
     breaks0(a,"
     breaks0(a,"-1.22 -0.76 -0.43 -0.14 0.14 0.43 0.76 1.22")
     breaks0(a,"-1.28 -0.84 -0.52 -0.25 0 0.25 0.52 0.84 1.28")
   def breaks0(a, str):
      tmp = str.split()
       n = 1 + len(tmp)
       t = []
       for i in tmp: t += [float(i)]
       a[n] = t
   def globalf(k, val, bins, b, table):
      val = (val - table.mu[k]) / table.sd[k]
       for i in range(bins-1):
           if val <= b[i]: return i+1
       return bins
   def ewdlablef(k, val, bins, b, table):
       val = (val - float(table.lo[k])) / (float(table.hi[k]) - float(table.lo[k])
      for i in range(bins-1):
           if val <= b[i]: return i+1
      return bins
   ______
170 < FILE tablestr.py>
   import lib
   class Table:
      def init (self):
           self.data = []
                             #data[[col1,...],[col2,...]]
           self name = []
                             #name of i-th column
           self.order = []
                             #order of the col
           self.nump = []
                             #is i-th column numeric?
           self.wordp = []
                             #is i-th column non-numeric?
           self.indep = []
                             #list of indep columns
           self.dep = []
                             #list of dep columns
180
           self.less = []
                             #numeric goal to be minimized
           self.more = []
                             #numeric goal to be maximized
           self.klass = []
                             #non-numeric goal
           self.term = []
                             #non-numeric non-goal
           self.num = []
                             #numeric non-goal
185
           # for all cols
           self.n = []
                             #count of things in this col
           # for wordp columns:
           self.count = []
                             #count of each word
           self.mode = []
                             #most common word
           self.most = []
                             #count of most common word
           # for nump columns:
           self.hi = []
                             #upper bound
           self.lo = []
                             #lower bound
           self.mu = []
                             #mean
           self.m2 = []
                             #sum of all nums
           self.sd = []
                             #standard deviation# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
           # table printing format
           self.CONVFMT = '%4.2f'
   def centroid(table):
       "update the mode and most values for wordp type cols or update the mean and
   sd values for nump cols"
       rows = [[],[]]
       for c in range(len(table.name)):
           s = table.mode[table.wordp.index(c)] if c in table.wordp else table.CONV
   FMT%table.mu[table.nump.index(c)]
           rows[0].append(str(s))
           if table.n[c] == '0':
              s = 0.0
           else:
              s = float(table.most[table.wordp.index(c)])/table.n[c] if c in table
   .wordp else table.sd[table.nump.index(c)]
           rows[1].append(str(table.CONVFMT%s))
       return rows
   def tableprint(table, stats=''):
       "print table on the console"
       print ' '
```

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       if stats != '': table.CONVFMT = stats
       print(' ' + lib.rowprint(table.name)+ ' # notes'.ljust(10))
       print('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[0]) + ' # expected'.ljust(10))
       print('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[1]) + ' # certainty'.ljust(10))
220
       for j in range(len(table.data[0])):
           line = []
           for i in range(len(table.data)):
               line.append(table.data[i][j])
           print(' ' + lib.rowprint(line)+ ' #'.ljust(10))
225
   def tableprint_txt(table, f, stats=''):
       "print table on the indicated txt file with table name"
       f.write('\n')
       #f.write('\n' +tablename + '\n'*2)
       if stats != '': table.CONVFMT = stats
       f.write(' ' + lib.rowprint(table.name)+ ' # notes'.ljust(10) + '\n')
       f.write('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[0]) + ' # expected'.ljust(10) +
       f.write('#' + lib.rowprint(centroid(table)[1]) + ' # certainty'.ljust(10) +
    '\n')
       for j in range(len(table.data[0])):
235
           line = []
           for i in range(len(table.data)):
               line.append(table.data[i][j])
           f.write(' ' + lib.rowprint(line)+ ' #'.ljust(10) + '\n')
240
   < FILE reader.pv>
   import re
   import tablestr
   def readcsv(filename, table):
       "read in data from csv and create a table"
       FS = ','
                                   #define field separator
       f = open(filename)
       seen = 0
       while True:
           str = line(f)
250
           if str == -1:
               if seen == 0: print("WARNING: empty or missing file")
               return -1
           a = str.split(FS)
                                   #compute the number of attributes in table
           if len(a) > 1:
255
               if seen: addRow(a, table)
               else: makeTable(a, table)
               seen += 1
260 def line(f):
       "get one line data (without comments and whitespace)"
       str = f.readline()
       if not str: return -1
                                        #readline finds nothing, output error
           str = "".join(str.split())
                                        #kill whitespace
265
           str = re.sub(r'#.*','',str) #kill comments
           if len(str) >= 1 and str[-1] == ',': return str + line(f)
           else: return str
270 def makeTable(a, table):
       "read table titles and set all corresponding parameters"
       for ite in range(len(a)):
           if a[ite][0] == '?': continue #the col with '?' is ignored
           table.order.append(ite)
           x = a[ite]
           table.name.append(x)
           isNum = 1
           if x.find('=') != -1:
280
               table.dep.append(c)
               table.klass.append(c)
               isNum = 0
           elif x.find('+') != -1:
               table.dep.append(c)
               table.more.append(c)
285
           elif x.find('-')!= -1:
```

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                table.dep.append(c)
                table.less.append(c)
            elif x.find('\$')!= -1:
                table.indep.append(c)
290
                table.num.append(c)
                table.indep.append(c)
                table.term.append(c)
                isNum = 0
295
            table.n.append('0')
            if isNum:
                table.nump.append(c)
                table.hi.append(-1.0*10**32)
                table.lo.append(10.0**32)
                table.mu.append(0)
                table.m2.append(0)
                table.sd.append(0)
            else:
                table.wordp.append(c)
                table.most.append(0)
                table.count.append({})
                table.mode.append('')
310
       for i in range(c): table.data.append([])
   def addRow(a, table):
        "add a row of data to the table"
        for c in range(len(table.name)):
            f = table.order[c]
            x = a[f]
            table.data[c].append(x)
            if x.find('?') == -1:
                table.n[c] = int(table.n[c]) + 1
                if c in table.wordp:
320
                    k = table.wordp.index(c)
                    if table.count[k].has_key(x): table.count[k][x] += 1
                    else: table.count[k][x] = 1
                    new = table.count[k][x]
                    if new > table.most[k]:
325
                        table.mode[k] = x
                        table.most[k] = new
                else:
                    k = table.nump.index(c)
                    if float(x) > float(table.hi[k]): table.hi[k] = x
                    if float(x) < float(table.lo[k]): table.lo[k] = x</pre>
                    delta = float(x) - table.mu[k]
                    table.mu[k] += delta/table.n[c]
                    table.m2[k] += delta*(float(x) - table.mu[k])
                    if table.n[c] > 1:
                        table.sd[k] = (table.m2[k]/(table.n[c] - 1))**0.5
   def klasses(table):
        "generate a set of tables based on different classes"
        if len(table.klass) == 0:
           print "No labeled classes in the given data set"
           return -1
        # assume there is only one class feature in the data set
       data = table.data[table.klass[0]]
       classnames = []
       for s in data:
            if s not in classnames:
               classnames.append(s)
        tables = klass1(table, classnames, data)
       tables['0'] = table
        tables['names'] = classnames
       return tables
355 def klass1(table, classnames, data):
        tables = {}
       for s in classnames:
            tables[s] = tablestr.Table()
            makeTable(table.name, tables[s])
```

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           for i in range(len(data)):
              if s == data[i]:
                  a = []
                  for j in range(len(table.order)):
    a.append(table.data[j][i])
                  addRow(a, tables[s])
365
      return tables
   ______
   < FILE main.py>
   import reader
370 import tablestr
   import discrete
   if __name__ == "__main__":
       filename = 'data/weather2.csv'
375
       table = tablestr.Table()
                                         #create raw data structure
      reader.readcsv(filename,table )
                                         #read the .csv data set
                                         #set the formatting for the output
       f = '%4.2f'
       #tables = reader.klasses(table)
       #tablestr.tableprint(tables['0'], f)
      bins = 3
       t = 0
       tables = discrete.discrete(table, t, bins)
       tablestr.tableprint(tables[0], f)
       tablestr.tableprint(tables['D_'+str(t)], f)
```